

## Excellence

Question 1a – The cartoon has been interpreted accurately. There is an understanding that the South must pay to trade but the north does not have to.

Question 1b – All three countries are referred to in their relative positions in terms of levels of development. There is an in-depth understanding of how employment in each of the economic sectors is a reflection of each country's level of development. Accurate and specific use of information from the graph.

Question 2 – The candidate has compared the differences in gender between Italy and Nigeria. The answer is stronger with reference to Nigeria. A link between literacy and GDP has not been well developed. Specific information from Nigeria has been used.

Question 3 – Although the candidate has not solely discussed what was stated for Factor 1 (Religion), the answer has been viewed holistically. The candidate has clearly shown an in-depth understanding of disparities within Nigeria. Detailed information has been used.

Location is the stated factor for Factor 2. Rainfall has been linked to location to explain disparities between north and south Nigeria. Detailed information regarding rainfall is used but rainfall figures for the South are on the high side, however.



NEW ZEALAND QUALIFICATIONS AUTHORITY  
MANA TOHU MĀTAURANGA O AOTEAROA



National Certificate of Educational Achievement  
TAUMATA MĀTAURANGA Ā-MOTU KUA TAEA

## Level 2 Geography, 2006

### 90333 Explain disparities in development within or between countries

Credits: Three

2.00 pm Thursday 23 November 2006

Check that the National Student Number (NSN) on your admission slip is the same as the number at the top of this page.

You should answer ALL the questions in this booklet.

If you need more space for any answer, use the page(s) provided at the back of this booklet and clearly number the question.

Check that this booklet has pages 2–11 in the correct order and that none of these pages is blank.

**YOU MUST HAND THIS BOOKLET TO THE SUPERVISOR AT THE END OF THE EXAMINATION.**

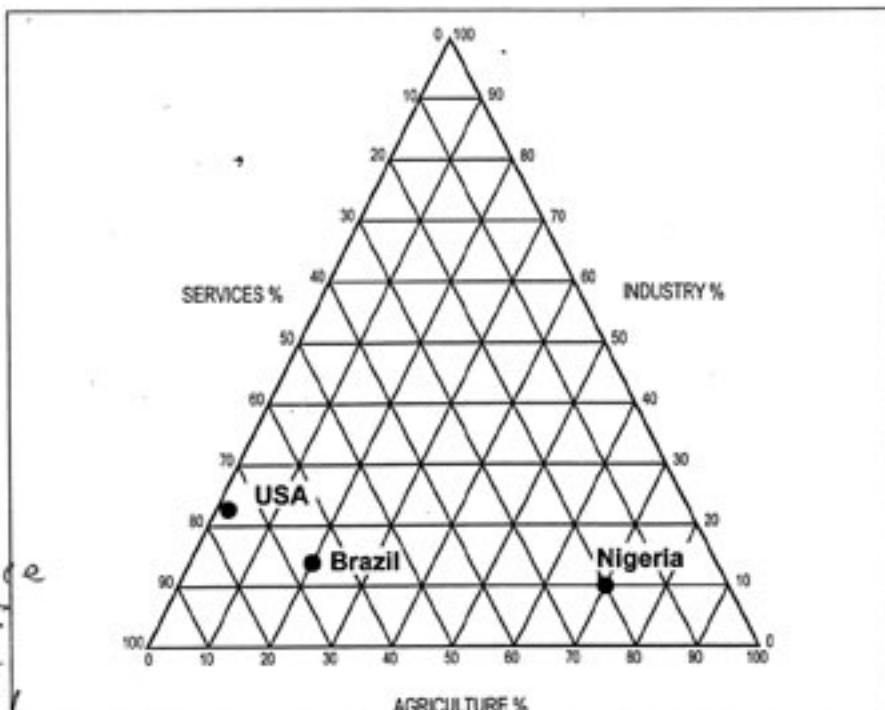
For Assessor's  
use only

#### Achievement Criteria

Achievement	Achievement with Merit	Achievement with Excellence
Explain disparities in development within or between countries.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Explain, in detail, disparities in development within and between countries.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Comprehensively explain disparities in development within and between countries.
<b>Overall Level of Performance</b>		
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- (b) Refer to the triple axis graph below to answer the question that follows.

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Source: www.cia.gov

Explain what you can tell about the **level of development** of the three countries from the percentages employed in each of the three main economic sectors.

Use specific information from the graph to support your answer.

The level of development in Nigeria is very low, as it relies heavily on agriculture for its economy 70% of Nigeria's workforce is in agriculture with only 20% in industry and 10% in services. Nigeria is the least developed country of the three. ||

~~Comparing~~ Brazil is a developing country even though it has only 20% agriculture. It relies heavily on services with 60% of the workforce. this country is far more developed than Nigeria. ||

The most developed country is the U.S.A. it has very high secondary and tertiary percentages of the workforce. Very little is found in agriculture showing that it is industrialised and developed. ||

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## QUESTION TWO

In the box below, name TWO countries that you have used to study disparities (differences) in development.

Country 1: Nigeria

Country 2: Italy

Within any country there are disparities in levels of development between groups of people or parts of the country.

Below is a list of areas where disparities may exist:

- genders (sex)
- ethnic groups (race)
- religions
- regions
- urban/rural.

Choose ONE of these areas and compare how the TWO countries you have named in the box above are different from and similar to each other in the disparities that exist.

Use specific information from your two countries to support your answer.

The disparities between Nigeria and Italy in gender is vast. In the treatment of the different sexes and importance causes these disparities to be very different between the two countries. ||

Comparison

In Nigeria women are seen as second class citizens to men. Playing no significant role to the men except for birth and marriage. This leads to the low literacy rates of women in Nigeria with only 56% able to read and write. While 72% of men are literate. The literacy of women in the North, which is predominantly Muslim is far lower than that of the Christian dominated South, as it is more traditional. ||

Within the Nigerian government only 3% of the seats are held by women, showing the male dominated way of society in Nigeria. ||

In Italy women are treated as equals and have a higher literacy rate than that of the women in Nigeria. This causes the national literacy rate to be 99%. Girls in Italy are allowed to go to school and can participate in any activities that boys do. Because of this Italy has a higher GDP than Nigeria at \$25000 whereas Nigeria is only \$850 //

The difference in treatment of women in the Nigeria and Italy can be related back to religion and the development of the country. Because Italy is a modern country with westernized views women are given the same rights as men, but in Nigeria however, even if it is more traditional, women are second class citizens //

Differences only!

∴ Cannot be E

⇒ Check stats for accuracy ??

Clear comparison ↳ Italy + Nigeria.

Stats for both countries

## SECTION B: DISPARITIES IN DEVELOPMENT WITHIN COUNTRIES

### QUESTION THREE

Choose ONE of the countries you have used to study disparities (differences) in development to answer this question. Name this country in the box below.

Country: Nigeria

Natural and cultural factors can contribute to disparities within a country. Select from the following lists any TWO factors and explain how they have contributed to disparities that exist **within** your chosen country.

Use specific information from your chosen country to support your answer.

**Natural factors** (environmental conditions):

- soil type
- landform
- rainfall
- minerals
- location.

**Cultural factors:**

- health
- educational opportunities
- government systems
- political stability
- language
- multinationals
- religious groups
- gender groups.

Disparity is clear  
North v South.

Factor 1: Religious Groups

There are over 250 different religious groups in Nigeria. However the country can be split into two main groups the North which is predominantly Muslim and the South which is predominantly Christian and the commercial centre of the country.

In the Christian south, ideological views are more modern,

(\*) have got off track with oil/mineral (not religious) but are meeting standard as they show a detailed understanding of disparities.

Assessor's  
use only

and therefore women are treated as more equal than in the North. The south is not wealthier than the North as it has large pockets of oil throughout the region, particularly in the delta Niger. Because of these oil deposits, multinational oil companies such as Shell pay huge sums of money to the government for the extraction of the mineral. Money is then filtered into the urban centers in the South, increasing healthcare shown by 80% of hospital beds being in the South. Little money is seen from the oil companies in the North and so development differs between the two groups. //

The North being more traditional, disallows women to go to school, leaving them under-educated. In the year 2000 a radical religious group out of the Muslim faith called the 'Shari'ah' imposed a law in 12 northern states that no one was allowed to seek information on street contraception and pregnancy. //

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These views for the North and the South are very different and caused disputes between the Muslims and Christians. //

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#### Factor 2: Location.

The location of the South is near the ITCZ (Intertropical convergence zone) and coastline. Because of this rainfall is heavy (4000mm per year). This allows suitable drinking water to be pumped to urban centers. These urban centers in the South receive suitable drinking water to about 76%, but only 42% in rural centers. Due to high rainfall the South has fertile land which can be used for farming and planting of crops. However due to oil spills and contamination the once very fertile

land of Niger Delta is spared ||

In the North, the land only receives 500mm of rain per year. Located next to deserts and the interior of Africa, it is threatened by desertification, which threatens to displace people from their homes. Rural settlements are threatened by the low amount of rainfall and due to poor farming practices increase the chances of this land turning to desert. ||

The location of the North and South plays an important part in the development of the region. Because of rainfall differences in rainfall, disparities occur in development as well as the availability of water which is needed for agricultural uses. ||

Again disparity clear - north v South  
full explanation of climatic / soil factors  
with stats.

Stats??

$$M + \cancel{A} + E = E$$

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