

Answer ALL SIX questions from Section A and THREE questions from Section B.
The numbers in square brackets on the right-hand side indicate the provisional allocations of maximum marks per sub-section of a question.

electron charge, $e = 1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$
permittivity of free space, $\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ Fm}^{-1}$
permeability of free space, $\mu_0 = 1.26 \times 10^{-6} \text{ Hm}^{-1}$

SECTION A

[Part marks]

1. (a) Define the electric field \mathbf{E} . [2]
- (b) State Gauss' law for electrostatics in integral form. [2]
- (c) By using this law, determine the electric field \mathbf{E} inside an insulating sphere, at a distance r from the centre, assuming a uniform charge density ρ . [4]

2. (a) What is the electric field inside a conductor at electrostatic equilibrium? Briefly explain your answer. [2]
- (b) If an isolated conductor carries a net charge, where is the charge distributed? [1]
- (c) Two parallel metal plates of cross-sectional area A and separation d are charged to $+Q$ and $-Q$ in a vacuum. Determine the capacitance of the system. [4]

3. The potential of an electric dipole is approximated by

$$\phi = \frac{qd \cos \theta}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r^2}$$

- (a) Define the symbols q , d , r and θ used in this expression. [2]
- (b) For what values of r is this approximation justified? [1]
- (c) Derive an expression for the radial component of the electric field for a given direction from the axis of the dipole. [2]
- (d) Sketch the electric field lines in the vicinity of the dipole. [2]

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