

Question 12

What are the mean and variance of the discrete probability distribution given below?

$x$	-1	0	1
$p(x)$	1/3	1/6	1/2

$$E(X) = \sum p(x) x = 0.083333 \times 1/6 \quad [3]$$

$$E(X^2) = \frac{1}{3} \times 1 + 0 \times \frac{1}{6} + 1 \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$V(X) = 0.083333 \times 0.083333 = 0.132$$

$$\left(\frac{5}{6}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{1}{6}\right)^2 = \frac{29}{36}$$

$$E(X) = -1 \times \frac{1}{3} + 0 \times \frac{1}{6} + 1 \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$E(X^2) = \frac{1}{3} \times 1 + 0 \times \frac{1}{6} + 1 \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$V(X) = E(X^2) - (E(X))^2 = \frac{5}{6} - \frac{1}{36} = \frac{29}{36}$$

Question 13

The proportion of defective products in a factory producing ball bearings is 0.06. All bearings are checked automatically. Let the random variable  $X$  denote the number of bearings that are checked up to and including the first defective bearing one morning. What are  $E(X)$  and  $V(X)$ ? (You may assume that the defectiveness or otherwise of ball bearings forms a sequence of independent Bernoulli trials.)

[2]

$$P(X=n) = q^{n-1} p$$

$$E(X) = \frac{1}{p} = \frac{1}{0.06} = 16.67$$

$$V(X) = \frac{q}{p^2} = \frac{0.94}{0.0036}$$

$$E(X) = \frac{1}{p} = \frac{1}{0.06} = 16.67 \sim 17$$

$$V(X) = \frac{q}{p^2} = \frac{1-0.06}{0.06^2} = \frac{0.94}{0.0036} = 261.1$$