

**A word of warning**

These answers are transcripts of suggested answers and are not endorsed/verified by OU; there may be typo's. These answers are also heavily abbreviated from the level of detail and presentation that would likely be required in an exam answer.

**1998**

- Q2. mean 5 , variance 11.2  
Q3. (2.6,6.175,8.5,11.375,19.2), iqr = 5.2  
Q6. 4/9  
Q7. mean 1, variance 1  
Q9.  $X \sim \text{Geometric}(0.0186)$ , mean 53.8, variance 2836.7  
Q10. 0.693  
Q12. (a)  $X \sim \text{Poisson}(90)$ , (b)  $Y \sim M(2)$   
Q13. mean 2, variance 10  
Q15. 0.3768  
Q16. (b) 0.0326  
Q17.  $q^{10} p^3$   
Q20. (3.794,3.946)  
Q21. (3.796,3.944)  
Q24. sum of sample sizes = 26  
Q32. A & D true  
Q33.  $\hat{M} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.7241 & 0.2759 \\ 0.4211 & 0.5789 \end{bmatrix}$

**1999**

- Q2. 1.555, 1.345  
Q8.  $p(\text{hat})=5/40=0.125$   
Q10. mean 1, variance 1  
Q11.  $X \sim \text{Geometric}(0.01)$ , mean = 100, sd = 99.5  
Q12.  $X \sim U(0,10)$ , mean = 5, variance = 8.33,  $3/10=0.3$   
Q13. 5.30  
Q15. 0.0902  
Q18. 0.0821, variance = 120  
Q19. 0.8413, 16.41  
Q20. Poisson(54), 0.0765  
Q21.  $\Phi(-5) \approx 0$   
Q23.  $p=0.5288$  (0.498,0.559)  
Q30.  $W \approx N(264,2860) \rightarrow \Phi(-2.11) \rightarrow SP(\text{total}) = 0.0348$   
Q31. intercept = -763.86  
Q33.  $12063/23756 = 0.5078$ ,  
 $(5687+696)/23756 = 0.2687$ ,  
 $9640/12063 = 0.7991$ ,  
 $696 \times 658 / 23756 = 19.28$   
Q34. df=4,  $SP << 0.005$   
Q36.  $\hat{M} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.71875 & 0.28125 \\ 0.52941 & 0.47059 \end{bmatrix}$   
No. of runs = 19  
 $SP(\text{total})=0.155$

**2000**

- Q2. 45,62  
Q6. mean = 1, median = 0  
Q8.  $X \sim \text{Geometric}(0.002)$ , mean 500, sd 499.5  
Q9. (a) 0.2401 (b) 0.4116 (c) 0.3483  
Q10. 316.23  
Q11. receiving drug,  $X \sim \text{Binomial}(110, 42/110=0.382)$   
receiving placebo,  $Y \sim \text{Binomial}(102, 12/102=0.118)$   
Q12. X is discrete uniform  
Mean 10.5, variance 33.25  
 $4/20 = 0.2$  (!!!)  
Q13. (a) mean 6, variance 20 (b) mean -2, variance 20  
Q15. 0.801  
Q16. (a) 0.6915, (b) 0.0622  
Q17. (a)  $T \approx \text{N}(9900, 2500)$  (b) mean 9.9kg, sd 0.05kg (c) 0.0228  
Q18. (a)  $T \sim \text{Poisson}(25)$  (b)  $T \approx \text{N}(25, 25) \rightarrow 1 - \Phi((30.5 - 25)/25) = 0.1357$   
Q19. 0.0183

The parameter for the Poisson distribution is mu, the average number of failures per year. 1 failure every three months equals 4 failures per year so mu=4. Hence  $X \sim \text{Poisson}(4)$  and we need  $P(X=0) = e^{-4} = 0.0183$ .

- Q20.  $\hat{p} = 0.0221$   
Q23. (1.667, 2.317)  
Q30. (b) 21.65 more TV's per 1000 population (c) (13.47, 29.83)  
Q34. (a)  $29 \times 22 / 55 = 11.6$  (b) df=2  
Q35. Poisson(6)  
Q36. (a)  $\hat{M} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.357 & 0.643 \\ 0.362 & 0.638 \end{bmatrix}$   
(b) SP(total) = 0.844