

Question 6

Let ∇ be a connection on a differentiable manifold \mathcal{M} .

- (i) Explain what it means to say that ∇ is symmetric. Define the connection coefficients of ∇ with respect to a coordinate system on \mathcal{M} , and give the necessary and sufficient conditions, in terms of the connection coefficients, for ∇ to be symmetric.
- (ii) Define the curvature R of the connection. Show that, for any smooth function f and vector fields U, V and W on \mathcal{M} ,

$$R(U, V)fW = fR(U, V)W.$$

What other properties of R is it necessary to check to confirm that it is a tensor field? (You are *not* asked to check these further properties.)

- (iii) Write down an expression for the components of R , with respect to a coordinate system, in terms of the connection coefficients. (You may assume that R is a tensor field.)
- (iv) State and prove the first Bianchi identity for the curvature under the assumption that the connection is symmetric.

Question 7

- (i) Let $\{\theta^a\}$ be a local basis of 1-forms on a manifold \mathcal{M} of dimension m . Suppose that there are m^2 1-forms α_b^a such that

$$\alpha_b^a \wedge \theta^b = 0.$$

Set $\alpha_b^a = \alpha_{bc}^a \theta^c$. Show that

$$\alpha_{cb}^a = \alpha_{bc}^a.$$

Suppose further that

$$\alpha_a^d \delta db + \alpha_b^d \delta ad = 0.$$

By considering the equation $\alpha_{ac}^d \delta db + \alpha_{bc}^d \delta ad = 0$ and the two further equations obtained by cyclically permuting the suffices a, b and c , show that when both conditions on the α_b^a hold

$$\alpha_b^a = 0.$$

- (ii) Let $\{U_a\}$ be a local orthonormal basis of vector fields on a Riemannian manifold \mathcal{M} , with dual basis of 1-forms $\{\theta^a\}$. The connection 1-forms ω_b^a , associated with these bases, for the Levi-Civita connection on \mathcal{M} satisfy the first structure equations

$$d\theta^a + \omega_b^a \wedge \theta^b = 0$$

and the skew-symmetry condition

$$\omega_a^d \delta db + \omega_b^d \delta ad = 0.$$

Deduce from the result of part (i) that the ω_b^a are uniquely determined by these conditions.

- (iii) Suppose that X is a Killing field on \mathcal{M} . Define functions ξ_a^c by

$$\mathcal{L}_X \theta^a = \xi_b^a \theta^b.$$

Show that

$$[X, U_a] = -\xi_a^b U_b$$

and deduce that the ξ_a^c satisfy

$$\xi_a^d \delta db + \xi_b^d \delta ad = 0.$$

- (iv) By taking the Lie derivative of the first structure equations with respect to X and using the result of part (i) show that

$$\mathcal{L}_X \omega_b^a + d\xi_b^a + \omega_c^a \xi_b^c - \xi_c^a \omega_b^c = 0.$$