MATH037001

This question paper consists of 2 printed pages, each of which is identified by the reference MATH037001. Only approved basic scientific calculators may be used

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Examination for the Module MATH0370 (June 2005)

Introduction to Applied Mathematics 2

Time allowed: 2 hours

Attempt all questions. Marks for each question are given in the right hand margin.

Take $g = 10 \text{ms}^{-2}$ unless stated otherwise.

- 1. The position, at time t, of a toy car is given by $\mathbf{r}(t) = \frac{1}{2}\cos 2t\mathbf{i} \frac{1}{2}\sin 2t\mathbf{j} + te^{-t}\mathbf{k}$ m. Find
 - (a) the velocity and acceleration (in vector form) of the car at time t and
 - (b) the speed of the car at time $t = \frac{\pi}{2} s$.

Show that, at large t, the magnitude of the acceleration tends towards a constant value.

(6)

- 2. A particle of mass 3kg is acted on by a variable force given by $\mathbf{F}(t) = 36\mathbf{i} + 12(t+1)^{-2}\mathbf{j} 18t\mathbf{k}$. If at time t = 0 the velocity of the particle is $\mathbf{v} = -4\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$ find the velocity and momentum at time t. Further, if the particle is at $\mathbf{r} = 0$ initially then find the position of the particle at time t = 2. (9)
- 3. A swimmer who can swim at a speed of 5ms⁻¹ in the still water of a swimming pool needs to cross a river whose width is 20m. The river flows at 3ms⁻¹ and she sets off directly across the river.
 - (a) Find the time it takes her to cross the river and the distance she drifts down the river while crossing.
 - (b) What direction would she need to set off in if she was to cross the river directly?
 - (c) Why is it not possible for her to cross the river directly if it flows at a speed greater than 5ms⁻¹?

? (6)

- 4. A ship is towed at a constant speed by the cables from two tug boats. If the tension in the cables are both 8×10^6 N and the water supplies a resistance force of magnitude 11×10^6 N find the directions that the towing cables make with the direction of motion. (4)
- 5. A 120 tonne railway engine pulls two coaches, each of mass 40 tonnes, along a horizontal track with an acceleration of 0.5ms⁻². Assuming that the engine and each coach experience a resistive force equal to 0.2 times its mass
 - (a) draw a diagram showing all the forces acting on the engine and coaches,
 - (b) find the force transmitted through each coupling, and
 - (c) find the driving force of the engine.

(5)

- 6. (a) A block of mass 4kg is on the point of slipping down a rough plane inclined at an angle of 30° to the horizontal. Find the coefficient of friction between the block and the plane.
 - (b) A horizontal force of 8gN is able to push the block up the plane. Find the acceleration of the block. (10)

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7.	A block of mass $2m$ kg rests on a rough table and is connected to a freely hanging block of mass $5m$ kg by a light, inextensible string that passes over a smooth pulley on the edge of the table. If the freely hanging mass accelerates downwards at $\frac{3}{5}g\text{ms}^{-2}$ find the coefficient of friction between the $2m$ mass and the table and the force on the pulley.	(9)
8.	A stone is dropped from the top of a vertical cliff. I second later another stone is thrown down from the same height with a speed of 16ms ⁻¹ . If the two stones land at the same time find the height of the cliff.	(7)
9.	When projected at an angle $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)$, a projectile falls 40m short of a target in a horizontal plane through the point of projection. When the angle of elevation is 45° , the projectile overshoots the target by 50m. Show that the target is at a horizontal distance of 2200m from the point of projection.	(8)
10.	A ball of mass $4m$ kg is moving with speed $2u$ ms ⁻¹ and collides with a second ball of mass $5m$ kg which is moving with speed u ms ⁻¹ in the opposite direction. If the coefficient of restitution is $\frac{1}{2}$, find the velocities of the balls immediately after the impact and the loss in energy due to the collision.	(6)
11.	A food parcel of mass 10kg is dropped from a helicopter from a height of 200m. Calculate the loss in energy if the resistance is such that it restricts the speed of the food parcel to 20ms ⁻¹ at the ground.	(2)
12.	On a snowy day the coefficient of friction between the road and the tyres of a car is 0.15. At what speed is it safe to round a corner of radius 100m if the road is horizontal?	(4)

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END