



UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE

CLASSICAL TRIPOS Part II Group E Language

Monday 5 June 2006 1.30 to 4.30

Paper E3

THE LATIN LANGUAGE: THE ORIGINS AND EARLY HISTORY OF LATIN

Answer three questions, including Question 1.

Candidates who do not write legibly may find themselves at a grave disadvantage.

Irrelevance will be penalised.

STATIONERY REQUIREMENTS
20 Page Booklet x 1
Rough Work Pad x 1

SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS
None

You may not start to read the questions printed on the subsequent pages of this question paper until instructed that you may do so by the Invigilator

1 Write a linguistic commentary on **three** of the following:

- (a) **ma kuprí koram opsút an{nf}is rakinelís pomp[úne]í**
and ... Jt. nounis / l.alfis. c / herec(leis). fesn(am) / upsaseter / coisatens
and eco quoto ne uo<l>tenosio titias duenom duenas salue[to]d uoltene
- (b) hoi med mitat kauios [...]monios qetios d[o]nom pro fileod
and]iei steterai popliosio ualesiosio suodales mamartei
and esom kom meois sociois trifos audeom duo[m] / nei p[ari med
- (c) Orceuia. Numeri / nationu. cratia / Fortuna. Diouo. filea / Primo.œnia /
and donom dedi
and Menerua. sacru / [L]a. Cotena. La. f. pretod. de / zenatuo. sententiad.
and uootum / dedet cuando. datu. rected / cuncaptum
and Iunone. Reg(ina) / matrona / Pisaurese / dono. dedrot
- (d) [L.] Cornelio. L. f. Scipio
 aidiles. cosol. cesor
 honc. oino. ploirume.cosentiont. R[omane]
 duonoro. optumo. fuise. uiro
 Luciom. Scipione. filios. Barbat
 consul. censor. aidilis. hic. fuet. a[pud. uos]
 hec. cepit. Corsica. Aleriaque. urbe
 dedet. tempestatebus. aide. meretod
- (e) Mars pater, te precor quaesoque
 uti sies uolens propitius
 mihi domo familiaeque nostrae;
 quoius rei ergo
 agrum, terram fundumque meum
 suouitaurilia circumagi iussi;
 uti tu morbos uisos inuisosque
 uiduertatem uastitudinemque,
 calamitates intemperiasque
 prohibessis, defendas auerruncesque;
 utique tu fruges, frumenta, uineta uirgultaque
 grandire beneque euenire siris,
 pastores pecuaque salua seruassis
 quisque bonam salutem ualetudinemque
 mihi, domo familiaeque nostrae.

- (f) amborum uxores
noctu Troiad exibant capitibus opertis.
fientes ambae, abeuntes lacrimis cum multis
and eorum sectam sequuntur multi mortales...
multi alii e Troia strenui uiri...
ubi foras cum auro illi[nc] exibant
and senex fretus pietati deum adlocutus
summi deum regis fratrem Neptunum
regnatorem marum

2 Either (a) Discuss **four** of the following forms, highlighting their importance for the comparison of Latin and Sabellian:

(a)	fufans	(d)	kuraia
(b)	pús	(e)	herete
(c)	kúmbened	(f)	eitipes

Or (b) How can we best account for the apparent phonological, structural and lexical similarities between Latin and the Sabellian languages?

3 Discuss **four** of the following, explaining their relevance to our understanding of the evolution of the phonology **and/or** morphology of early Latin:

(a)	iovesat /iovestod	(d)	opidque/couentionid
(b)	vhe:vhaked/vhe[ced]	(e)	qoi/ques/quei
(c)	coiraueront/foideratei	(f)	arfuisse/aruorsum

4 To what extent is the regional variation seen in early Latin likely to be determined by language contact **and/or** bilingualism?

[TURN OVER

5 Either (a) To what extent does the emergence of distinctively literary varieties of Latin depend on the imitation of Greek literary models?

Or (b) 'From the earliest records onwards it is clear that the conventions for writing official Latin owe nothing to Greek practice in this domain.' Discuss, using the following extract as a basis for your answer.

de bacanalibus, quei foideratei esent, ita exdeicendum censuere:
 nequis eorum bacanal habuise uelet; sei ques esent, quei sibei deicerent necesus ese
 bacanal habere, eeis utei ad praitorem urbanum Romam uenirent, deque eeis rebus, ubei
 eorum uerba audita esent, utei senatus noster decerneret, dum ne minus senatoribus C
 adesent, quom ea res cosoleretur.
 bacas uir nequis adiese uelet ceius Romanus neue nominus Latini neue socium
 quisquam, nisei praitorem urbanum adiesent isque de senatuos sententiad, dum ne minus
 senatoribus C adesent, quom ea res cosoleretur, iousident. censuere.

6 To what extent would it be fair to characterise the style **and/or** syntax of the following passage as 'unclassical'?

scio solere plerisque hominibus rebus secundis atque prolixis atque prosperis animum
 excellere atque superbiam atque ferociam augescere atque crescere. quod mihi nunc
 magnae curae est, quom haec res tam secunde processit, nequid in consulendo aduorsi
 eueniat quod nostras secundas res confutet, neque haec laetitia nimis luxuriose eueniat.
 aduorsae res edomant et docent quid opus siet facto, secundae res laetitia transuorsum
 trudere solent a recte consulendo atque intellegendo. quo maiore opere dico suadeoque
 uti haec res aliquot dies proferatur, dum ex tanto gaudio in potestatem nostram redeamus.

7 How 'natural' is the language of Roman comedy? You may base your answer on the following extract if you wish:

EP. sed quis haec est muliercula et ille grauastellus qui uenit?
 STR. hic est danista, haec illa est autem, quam [ego] emi de praeda. EP. haec inest?
 STR. haec est. estne ita ut tibi dixi? aspecta et contempla, Epidice:
 usque ab unguiculo ad capillum summum st festiuissuma.
 estne consimilis quasi quom signum pictum pulchre aspexeris?
 EP. e tuis uerbis meum futurum corium pulchrum praedicas,
 quem Apelles ac Zeuxis duo pingent pigmentis ulmeis.
 STR. di immortales! sicin iussi ad me ires? pedibus plumbeis
 qui perhibetur priu' uenisset quam tu aduenisti mihi.

END OF PAPER