



UNIVERSITY OF
CAMBRIDGE

CLASSICAL TRIPOS Part II
Group A Literature

Thursday 31 May 2007 13.30–16.30

Paper A3

HORACE, *EPODES* and *ODES*, I–III

Answer three questions: at least one from Section A and at least one from Section B.

Candidates who do not write legibly may find themselves at a grave disadvantage.

Irrelevance will be penalised.

STATIONERY REQUIREMENTS
20 Page Booklet x 1
Rough Work Pad x 1

SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS
None

You may not start to read the questions printed on the subsequent pages of this question paper until instructed that you may do so by the Invigilator

SECTION A

- 1 Beatus ille qui procul negotiis,
ut prisca gens mortalium,
paterna rura bobus exercet suis
solutus omni faenore
neque excitatur classico miles truci
neque horret iratum mare
forumque uitat et superba ciuium
potentiorum limina.
ergo aut adulta uitium propagine
altas maritat populos
aut in reducta ualle mugientium
prospectat errantis greges
inutilisque falce ramos amputans
feliciores inserit
aut pressa puris mella condit amphoris
aut tondet infirmas ouis.
uel cum decorum mitibus pomis caput
Autumnus agris extulit,
ut gaudet insitua decerpens pira
certantem et uuam purpurae,
qua muneretur te, Priape, et te, pater
Siluane, tutor finium.

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HORACE *Epodes* 2.1–22

'There is nothing here to suggest the ironies to come'. Do you agree?

2 Mala soluta nauis exit alite
 ferens olen tem Mevium.
 ut horridis utrumque uerberes latus,
 Auster, memento fluctibus;
 niger rudentis Eurus inuerso mari
 fractosque remos differat;
 insurgat Aquilo, quantus altis montibus
 frangit trementis ilices;
 nec sidus atra nocte amicum adpareat,
 qua tristis Orion cadit; 10
 quietiore nec feratur aequore
 quam Graia uictorum manus,
 cum Pallas usto uertit iram ab Ilio
 in inpiam Aiakis ratem.
 o quantus instat nauitis sudor tuis
 tibique pallor luteus
 et illa non uirilis heiulatio
 preces et auersum ad Iouem,
 Ionius udo cum remugiens sinus
 Noto carinam ruperit. 20
 opima quodsi praeda curuo litore
 porrecta mergos iuuuerit,
 libidinosus immolabitur caper
 et agna Tempestatibus.

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HORACE *Epodes* 10

'Another literary exercise in generic play'. Is there anything more to say about this poem?

[TURN OVER]

3 Laudabunt alii claram Rhodon aut Mytilenen
 aut Epheson bimarisue Corinthi
 moenia uel Baccho Thebas uel Apolline Delphos
 insignis aut Thessala Tempe;

sunt quibus unum opus est intactae Palladis urbem 5
 carmine perpetuo celebrare et
 undique decerp tam fronti praeponere oliuam;
 plurimus in Iunonis honorem

aptum dicet equis Argos ditisque Mycenas:
 me nec tam patiens Lacedaemon 10
 nec tam Larisae percussit campus opimae
 quam domus Albuneae resonantis

et praeceps Anio ac Tiburni lucus et uda
 mobilibus pomaria riuis.
 albus ut obscuro deterget nubila caelo 15
 saepe Notus neque parturit imbris

perpetuos, sic tu sapiens finire memento
 tristitiam uitaeque labores
 molli, Plance, mero, seu te fulgentia signis
 castra tenent seu densa tenebit 20

Tiburis umbra tui. Teucer Salamina patremque
 cum fugeret, tamen uda Lyaeo
 tempora populea fertur uinxisse corona
 sic tristis adfatus amicos:

'quo nos cumque feret melior fortuna parente,
 ibimus, o socii comitesque.
 nil desperandum Teucro duce et auspice Teucro.
 certus enim promisit Apollo 25

ambiguam tellure nova Salamina futuram.
 o fortis peioraque passi
 mecum saepe uiri, nunc uino pellite curas:
 cras ingens iterabimus aequor.' 30

HORACE *Odes* 1.7

What is the tone of this poem?

4 Eheu fugaces, Postume, Postume,
 labuntur anni nec pietas moram
 rugis et instanti senectae
 adferet indomita que morti,

non si trecenis quotquot eunt dies, 5
 amice, places inlacrimabilem
 Plutona tauris, qui ter amplum
 Geryonen Tityonque tristi

conpescit unda, scilicet omnibus, 10
 quicumque terrae munere uescimur,
 enauiganda, siue reges
 siue inopes erimus coloni.

frustra cruento Marte carebimus 15
 fractisque rauci fluctibus Hadriae,
 frustra per autumnos nocentem
 corporibus metuemus Austrum:

uisendus ater flumine languido 20
 Cocyts errans et Danai genus
 infame damnatusque longi
 Sisyphus Aeolides laboris,

linquenda tellus et domus et placens 25
 uxor, neque harum quas colis arborum
 te praeter inuisas cupressos
 ulla breuem dominum sequetur.

absumet heres Caecuba dignior 25
 seruata centum clauibus et mero
 tinguet paumentum superbo,
 pontificum potiore cenis.

HORACE *Odes* 2.14

'Beautifully expressed commonplaces'. Is that a fair view of this poem?

[TURN OVER]

5	<p>Quid fles, Asterie, quem tibi candidi primo restituent uere Fauonii Thyna merce beatum, constantis iuuenem fide</p>
	<p>Gygen? ille Notis actus ad Oricum post insana Caprae sidera frigidas noctis non sine multis insomnis lacrimis agit.</p>
	<p>atqui sollicitae nuntius hospitae, suspirare Chloen et miseram tuis dicens ignibus uri, temptat mille uafer modis.</p>
	<p>ut Proetum mulier perfida credulum falsis inpulerit criminibus nimis casto Bellerophontae maturare necem refert,</p>
	<p>narrat paene datum Pelea Tartaro, Magnessam Hippolyten dum fugit abstinens, et peccare docentis fallax historias mouet,</p>
	<p>frustra: nam scopolis surdior Icari uoces audit adhuc integer, at tibi ne uicinus Enipeus plus iusto placeat caue,</p>
	<p>quamuis non aliis flectere equum sciens aeque conspicitur gramine Martio nec quisquam citus aeque Tusco denatat alueo.</p>
	<p>prima nocte domum clade neque in uias sub cantu querulae despice tibiae et te saepe uocanti duram difficilis mane.</p>

HORACE *Odes 3.7*

Why is the poet telling Asterie this?

6	Herculis ritu modo dictus, o plebs, morte uenalem petiisse laurum Caesar Hispana repetit penatis victor ab ora.
	unico gaudens mulier marito prodeat iustis operata sacris et soror clari ducis et decorae supplice uitta
	uirginum matres iuuenumque nuper sospitum; uos, o pueri et puellae iam uirum expertae, male nominatis parcite uerbis.
	hic dies uere mihi festus atras exiget curas: ego nec tumultum nec mori per uim metuam tenente Caesare terras.
	i pete unguentum, puer, et coronas et cadum Marsi memorem duelli, Spartacum siqua potuit uagantem fallere testa.
	dic et argutae properet Neaerae murreum nodo cohibere crinem: si per inuisum mora ianitorem fiet — abito.
	lenit albescens animos capillus litium et rixae cupidos proteruae: non ego hoc ferrem calidus iuuenta consule Plano.

HORACE *Odes* 3.14

'For the lyric poet, politics always happen somewhere else and to other people'. Discuss with particular reference to this poem.

SECTION B

- 7 'The *Epodes* are so self-conscious that it is hard to take them seriously'. Discuss.
- 8 'Horatian poetry-books stress variety over meaningful juxtaposition'. Discuss with reference to either the *Epodes* or *Odes 1* or *Odes 2* or *Odes 3*.
- 9 What do 'the Roman odes' have in common with the rest of *Odes 1-3*?
- 10 Is the world of the sympotic odes simply 'a literary fantasy, filled with impossibly beautiful boys and girls, all with Greek names'?
- 11 Does the stanzaic pattern of the *Odes* have poetic, as well as metrical, meaning?
- 12 *Exegi monumentum aere perennius*. Is there a tension in the *Odes* between poetry as brief reflections on passing moments and as a 'possession for all time'?

END OF PAPER