

NAN HUA PRIMARY SCHOOL SEMESTRAL ASSESSMENT 2 - 2007 PRIMARY 2

ENGLISH LANGUAGE PAPER 2

.Name: ()		
Class: Pr. 2		
Date: 24 October 2007	TOTAL	/ 50
	Parent's Sign	ature & Date
Total Time: 1 hour 30 minutes		
INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES		

Do not turn over the page until you are told to do so.

Follow all instructions carefully.

Answer all questions carefully.

1.

2.

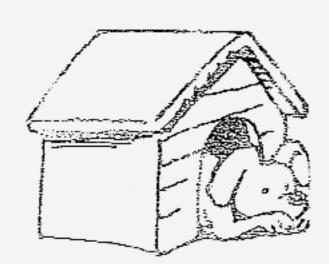
3.

SECTION A: Vocabulary (5 x 1) marks

Study the pictures and read each sentence carefully. Choose the most suitable answer and write 1, 2, 3 or 4 in the brackets provided.

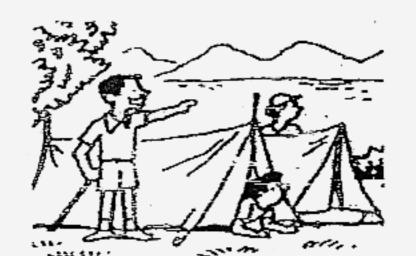
	, **			
My mother bought a pair of		when she went sh	opping yeste	rday
	(1)	boots		
	(2)	shoes		. •
	(3)	sandals		
	(4)	slippers	()
	٠.			
		-		
- -		- ·-		
We could hear the monkeys _	-	on the trees whe	en we went to	the
Bukit Timah Nature Reserve.				
	:			
	(1)	chatting		
	(2)	chattering		
MONQ)	(3)	squeaking		
	(4)	squawking	()
		· ·		

3. The dog is resting in the _____

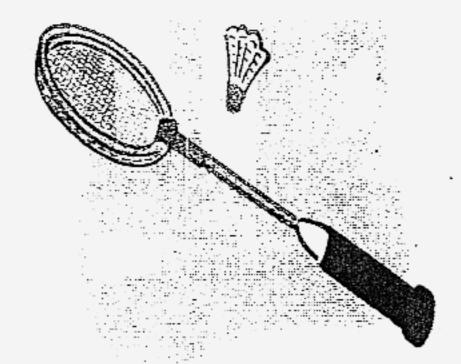


- (1) hutch
- (2) stable
- (3) house
- (4) kennel

1	The scouts are	at the beach.
4.	THE SCOULS are	at the beach.



- (1) hiking
- (2) sailing
- (3) camping
- (4) swimming
- 5. Weiming plays badminton with a _____ and a shuttlecock.



- (1) bat
- (2) club
- (3) stick
- (4) racket

SECTION B: Vocabulary (5 x 1) marks

Study the pictures. Choose the most suitable word from the box and fill in each of the blanks.

exhausted	jacket	sweater	rake	groceries
tailor	spade	furious	ingredients	barber

6.



Jane puts on her ______ because she feels cold.

7.



My brother goes to the ______ once a month.

8.



After a long day at work, Mr Wu was very so he rested on the arm chair.

9.



The worker is digging the ground with a

10.



Mother has bought the _____that she needs for baking a cake.

SECTION C: Grammar (10 x 1) marks

Read each sentence carefully. Choose the correct answer and write 1, 2, 3 or 4 in the brackets provided.

11.	"Do y	ou know that elephant is the	animal on land?" asked	animal on land?" asked the teacher			
	(1) (2) (3) (4)	large larger largest most large		()		
12.	The t	hief left the house	an open window.				
	(1) (2) (3) (4)	at in over through		()		
13.	The c	coffee is very sweet because my	sister has added too	_ suga	r in it.		
	(1) (2) (3) (4)	more most much many		()		
14.	My ba	aby brother cries loudly	he is hungry.				
	(1) (2) (3) (4)	so but and when		()		
15.	Mr Ta	an and his wife spent	Christmas in America last year				
	(1) (2) (3) (4)	his her their your		()		

16.	The birds		away when they saw the cat.		
	(2)	fly flies flew was flying		(
	(4)	was nying			
17.	Sally	olucked	orchid from her garden and gave it to me	•	
	(1)	а			
	(2)	an			
	(3)	some		(.)
	(4)	many			
			Thou might hito	vou" Mr	c
18.	"Don	t go near	fierce dogs over there. They might bite	you, wii	3
	Lim v	varned Paul.	•		
	(1)	this			
	(2)	that			
	(3)	these those		()
	(4)	(HO3C			
19.	u	is	the next bus coming?" Jenny asked her mother.		
	(1)	What			
	(2)	When			
	(3)	Where		1)
	(4)	Whose		(,
			this	morning	1.
20	. My	brother and n	is friend made the lantern all bythis	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,
	(1)	myself			
	(2)	himself			
	(3)	ourselves themselve	ie –	-{)
	(4)	memserve	70	,	,

SECTION D: Editing for Punctuation (5 x 1) marks

Read the passage carefully. There are missing <u>punctuation marks</u> in the passage. Write the correct punctuation in each of the boxes. <u>For the missing apostrophe, rewrite the word with the apostrophe in the box provided.</u>

The beaver is a wild animal. Do you know how the beaver protects itself from
21)
its enemies tl lives in ponds, lakes and streams. Diving in water keeps it safe as
it can swim away quickly when an enemy approaches. The beaver is a powerful swimmer
and it can stay underwater for a few minutes.
Besides water, the beaver also depends on trees for survival () It feeds on the
24)
bark of some trees. It uses its long) sharp teeth to cut down the trees to build a nest
25)
which is known as a lodge. The beaver takes about a week to build a lodge. The beaver s
lodge is so strong that sometimes it can last for more than twenty years.

SECTION E: Vocabulary Cloze (5 x 1) marks Fill in each blank with the correct word from the box.

Use each word only ONCE.

ashamed	interesting	excited	-	borrow	
shocked	 suddenly	immediately		lend	

	On Monday afternoon, Daniel went to the library a	after school.	He wanted to
26) _	a few books on adventure.		
	Daniel looked at the books on the shelves and too	ok down two t	hat he felt might be
27)	He saw an empty seat	beside a yo	ung boy ahd walked
towar	rds it. When Daniel was about to sit down, he wa	as 28)	to
see tl	he boy tearing a page from a magazine. Dahiel 29))	stopped
him a	and told him it was wrong to do that.	•	·
	The young boy was 30)	_ of himself.	Then he quickly put
the m	nagazine on the shelf and ran out of the library.	Daniel took	the magazine to the
count	ter and told the librarian what had happened		

SECTION F: Comprehension - MCQ (5 x 2) marks

Read the passage carefully and answer the questions that follow.

When you look at a garden, a field, or the sky, you will see many interesting colours. The colours you see will change as the light changes. On a bright and sunny day, the surrounding colours look more brilliant. On a dark and rainy day, everything seems more grey. In some countries, the colours of plants and trees change with the seasons. In autumn, the leaves of some trees will turn yellow, red or orange.

Human beings, birds, insects and fish can see many different colours but animals like dogs, cats and cows can only see the world in black, grey and white.

Colour has many uses. Some animals such as zebras and giraffes have colours that help them to blend in with their surroundings. This makes it difficult for their enemies to detect them. Sometimes, colours are used to attract attention. Bees and butterflies are attracted to brightly-coloured flowers. We use colours too. For example, red is used as a warning colour and it is used in traffic lights to stop cars.

Colours make the world an interesting place to live in.

Choose the correct answer and write its number in the brackets.

31.	The o	colours around us look	•	
	(1)	the same every day		
	(2)	brighter on a sunny day		
	(3)	more grey on a sunny day		
	(4)	more brilliant on a rainy day	(,

32.		can see many differen	ent colours.			
	(1)	Cats				
	(2)	Birds				
	(3)	Dogs				
	(4)	Cows			()
		•				
33.	Most	flowers are brightly-coloured to				
	(1)	help them camouflage				
	(2)	warn the bees and butterflies				
	(3)	attract the bees and butterflies				
	(4)	make them look more beautiful			()
		•				
34.	The	stripes on zebras.				
	(1)	change with the seasons				
	(2)	become darker on a sunny day				
	(3)	attract the attention of their enem	ies			
	(4)	make it difficult for their enemies	to see them		()
			-			
35.	Bas	ed on the information in the text, wh	ich of the following s	statements	is <u>corr</u>	ect?
	(1)	Colours can protect animals only	f_			
	(2)	Colours are useful to flowers only	у.			
	(3)	Colours look more brilliant in aut	umn.			
	(4)	Colours make the world more at	tractive.		()

SECTION G: Comprehension - OE (5 x 2) marks

Read the passage carefully and answer the questions that follow.

At seven o'clock on Sunday morning, Mrs Lim gave a loud scream that woke up the whole family. She had discovered that her diamond ring was missing. Mr Lim, Meili and Weiming searched the whole house for the ring, but their efforts were in vain.

Mrs Lim was upset and ate very little for her breakfast. Weiming decided to give the leftovers to his pet hamster. When Mrs Lim saw what Weiming was doing, she said, "Your hamster must have swallowed my ring."

Weiming insisted that his pet hamster could not have done that. Mrs Lim refused to listen. She demanded that Weiming put his hamster in a cage and accompany her to a veterinary clinic. At the clinic, the vet took an X-ray of the hamster's stomach.

Five minutes later, the vet went to the waiting-room and showed the X-ray to Mrs Lim and Weiming. There was no ring in the hamster's stomach. Mrs Lim was disappointed. As she took out a handkerchief to wipe her tears, the ring rolled out of it.

Answer the following questions in complete sentences.

36.	What woke the Lim family up on Sunday morning?
37.	How did Mrs Lim's family know that she was upset?
•	

9.	Which word in paragraph 3 has the same meaning as 'go with'?
u-n-	
10.	What did Mrs Lim see when she took out her handkerchief to wipe her tears?

-END OF THE PAPER-PLEASE CHECK YOUR WORK CAREFULLY-

NANHUA PRIMARY SCHOOL - PRIMARY 2 ENGLISH 2007 SEMESTRAL ASSESSMENT (2)

	4 - 7 -
1.3	31)2
2.2	32)2
3.4	33)3
4.3	34)4
5.4	35)4
6. sweater	36)Mrs Lim's loud scream woke the
7. barker	Lim family up on Sunday morning
8. exhausted	ramitry apoint sunday morning
9. spade	37) They knew that Mrs Lim was
10. ingredients	upset because she ate very little
11. 3	for her breakfast.
12. 4	TOT NOT OF CONTROL
13. 3	38) The vet took an x-ray of the
14. 4	hamster's stomach because the
15. 3	vet wanted to see there was any
16.3	ring in the hamster's stomach.
17. 2	J Jid Hambeel 3 Scomach.
18. 4	39) The word is "accompany."
19. 2	accompany.
20. 4	40) She saw her ring when she took
21. ?	out her handkerchief.
22. 1	TOTAL TRAINING TOTAL TOT
23	
24.	
25. beaver's	
26. borrow	
27. interesting	
28. shocked	
29. immediately	
30. ashamed	