

SECONDARY SCHOOL ANNUAL EXAMINATIONS 2010

Directorate for Quality and Standards in Education
Educational Assessment Unit

FORM 4

GEOGRAPHY (GENERAL)

TIME: 1h 30min

Name: _____

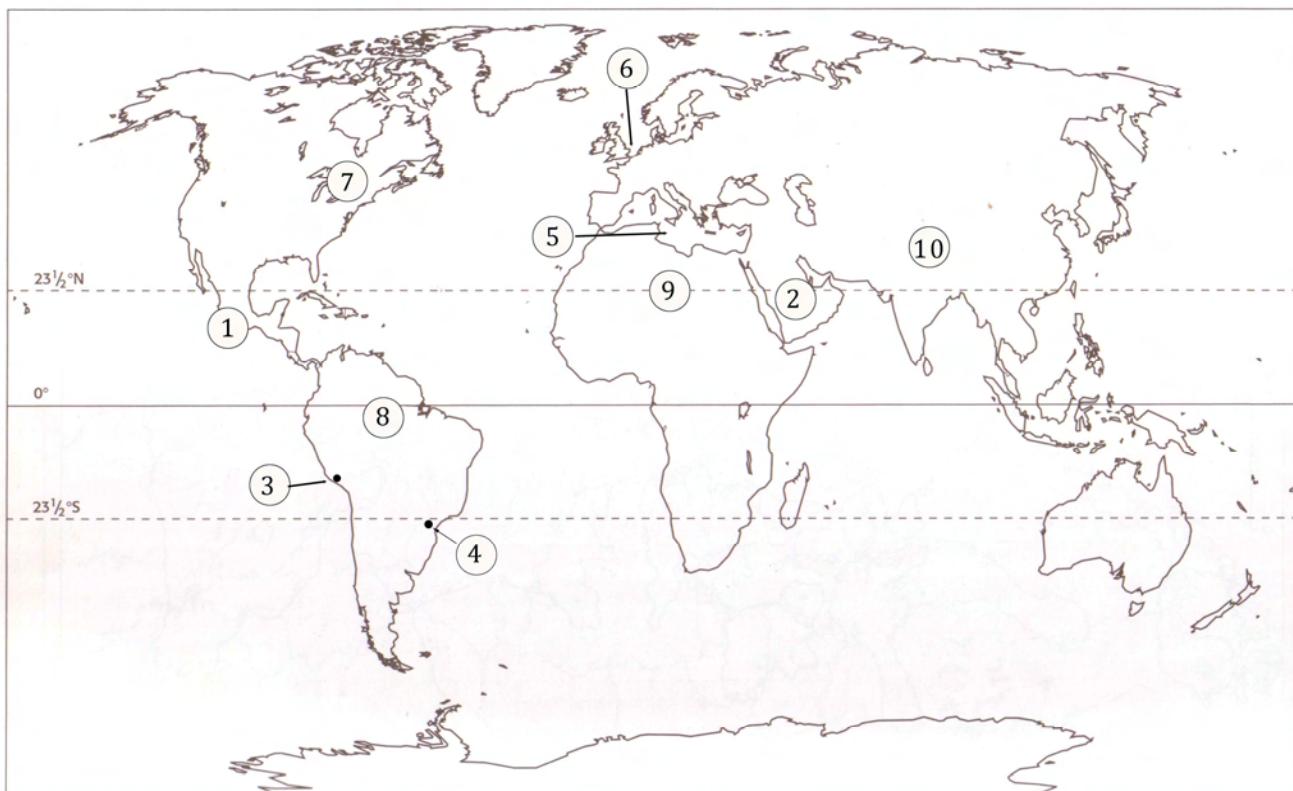
Class: _____

Answer all questions. Both this examination paper and other foolscaps used must be returned.

1. (a) Study the world map below. Match the numbers on the map with the places named in brackets. Underline the correct answer.

Country 1	(Mexico, Libya, China)
Country 2	(Saudi Arabia, USA, Kenya)
City 3	(Lima, Paris, Shanghai)
City 4	(Valletta, Sao Paulo, Tripoli)
Sea 5	(Atlantic, Red, Mediterranean)
Sea 6	(North, Indian, English)
Waterfall 7	(Niagara, Angel, High Force)
Forest 8	(Indonesian, Amazon, African)
Desert 9	(Gobi, Arabian, Sahara)
Mountains 10	(Himalayan, Alps, Pyrenees)

(10)



(b) Tick (✓) the correct boxes.

Two countries which have coastlines with sea **6** are

Egypt		Russia	
England		Germany	
Italy		China	

(4)

(c) Sea **6** is one of the most polluted seas in the world. List 3 things that are polluting this sea.

.....

(6)

(d) Every year many people leave country **1** and migrate to the USA. What is the meaning of the word **migration**?

.....

.....

(4)

(e) Continue the following sentences.

(i) Many workers from country **1** like to work in the USA because

.....

(ii) The Americans like to employ people from country **1** because

.....

(iii) Migrants from country **1** are usually employed as

.....

(6)

2. Look at the following 3 photos. They show natural resources used to generate electricity.

(a) Now under each photo write the words **Non-renewable** resource or **renewable** resource.



.....

(3)

- (b) Briefly explain the meaning of the terms **non-renewable** and **renewable resource**.

.....
.....
.....

(6)

- (c) Fill in the table below with 2 examples of non-renewable and 2 examples of renewable energy resources used in Malta.

Non-Renewable Resource		Renewable Resource	
1		1	
2		2	

(4)

- (d) Now fill in the blank spaces using the following list of terms.

<i>transport</i>	<i>hydro-electric</i>	<i>sun</i>	<i>tankers</i>	<i>pollution</i>
<i>wood</i>	<i>fossil</i>	<i>uranium</i>	<i>heat</i>	<i>refinery</i>

Coal, oil and natural gas are called fuels. Oil is used to produce electricity and also for Oil can be transported from one place to another by the use of pipelines and Before it can be used, oil must first be taken to a

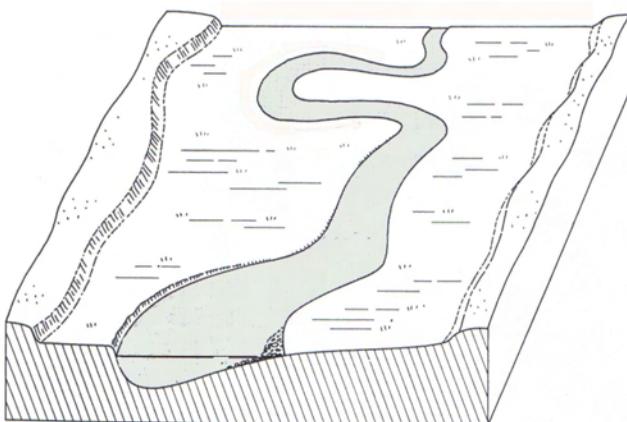
..... is often the only source of energy in countries which do not have a lot of money.

..... is used to produce electricity in nuclear power station.

By the use of solar panels we can produce energy from the This type of energy will never run out and will produce no Other countries have constructed huge dams across rivers to generate power. Other countries use Geothermal energy by using from inside the earth.

(10)

3. Look at the diagram of a river in its lower stage.



- 4.** Study carefully the photo shown below.



- 5.** Rain, sun, wind and frost constantly break down the rocks by the process of weathering and erosion

- a. Explain how rocks are broken down by the process of:

- (i) Onion-skin weathering
 - (ii) Biological weathering

- b.** Name the process or type of weathering described below;

- (i) Water in cracks freezes and expands to split or shatter rocks
 - (ii) The break down of rocks by the action of acid in rainwater

6. a. Give the meaning of the words **endangered species** and **extinct species**.

- b. Give a reason to explain why whales have become endangered.

- c. Name one environmental group in the Maltese Islands whose main aim is to protect the natural environment.

EŽAMIJIET ANNWALI TAL-ISKOLA SEKONDARJA 2018

Direttorat għal Kwalità u Standards fl-Edukazzjoni

Taqsim tal-Assessjar Edukattiv

IR-RABA' SENA

GEOGRAFIJA (GENERALI)

HIN: Siegħa u no

Isem: _____

Klassi: _____

Wieġeb il-mistoqsjiet kollha. Din il-karta tal-eżami, flimkien ma' karti oħra li ntużaw, għandhom jiġu miġbura lura.

1. (a) Hares sewwa lejn il-mappa t'hawn taħt. Qabbel in-numru ta' fuq il-mappa mal-isem tal-post muri fil-lista ta' hawn taħt.

Pajjiż 1 (Il-Messiku, il-Libja, iċ-Ċina)

Pajjiż 2 (Is-Sawdi Arabja, l-Istati Uniti, il-Kenja)

Belt 3 (Lima, Pariġi, Shanghai)

Belt 4 (il-Belt Valletta, Sao Paulo, Tripli)

Bahar 5 (l-Atlantiku, l-Aħmar, il-Mediterran)

Bahar 6 (Tramuntana, Indjan, Ingliż)

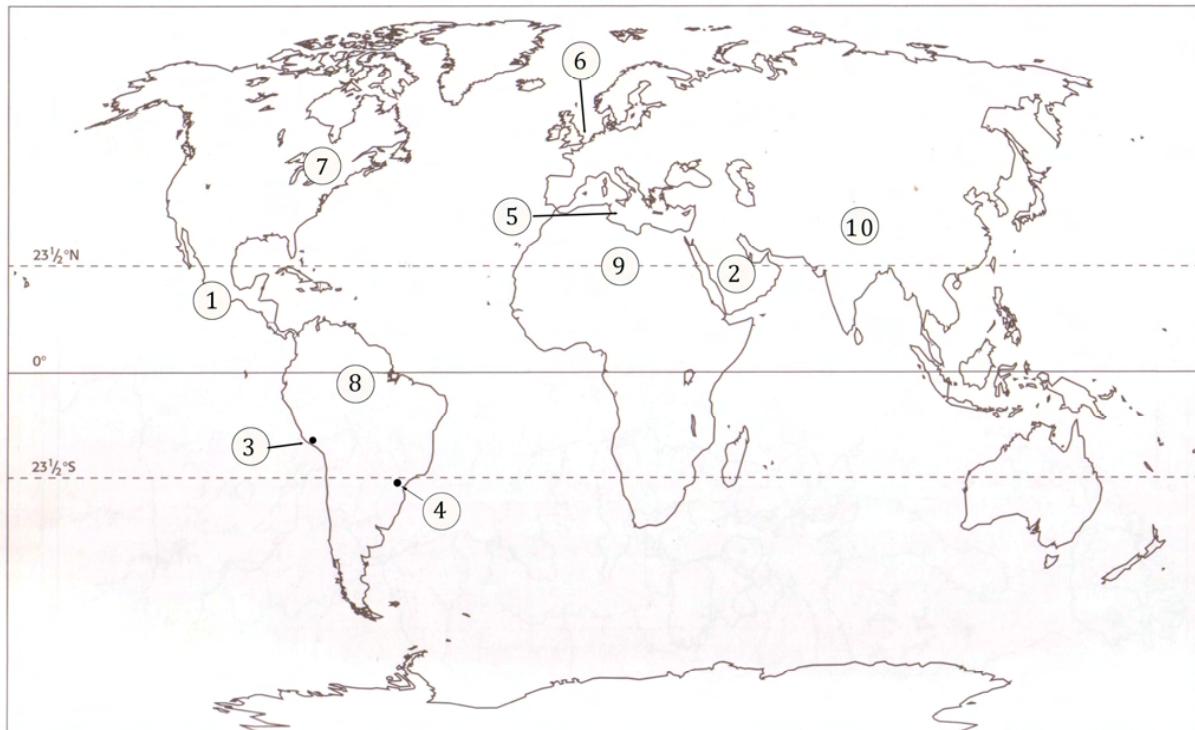
Kaskata 7 (Niagara, Angel, High Force)

Foresta 8 (Indonesjana, tal-Amażonja, Afrikana)

Deżert 9 (Gobi, tal-Arabja, Sahara)

Muntanji 10 (Himalaja, Alpi, Pirinej)

(10)



(b) Immarka(✓) il-kaxxa t-tajba.

Żewġ pajjiżi li għandhom il-kosta tmiss mal-baħar **6** huma

L-Eġġittu		Ir-Russja	
L-Ingilterra		Il-Ġermanja	
L-Italja		Iċ-Ċina	

(4)

- (c) Wieħed mill-aktar ibħra mniġgsa li hawn fid-dinja huwa baħar **6**. Semmi 3 affarijiet li qed inniġgsu dan il-baħar.
-
-
-

(6)

- (d) Ta' kull sena ħafna nies iħallu pajjiż **1** u jemigraw lejn l-Istati Uniti. X'nifhmu bil-kelma migrazzjoni?
-
-

(4)

- (e) Kompli dawn is-sentenzi.

(i) Hafna ħaddiema minn pajjiż **1** jippreferu jaħdmu fl-Istati Uniti peress

.....

(ii) L-Amerikani jippreferu jhaddmu ħaddiema minn pajjiż **1** peress

.....

(iii) Meta jaslu fl-Istati Uniti ħafna ħaddiema minn pajjiż **1** jaħdmu bħala

.....

(6)

2. Hares sewwa lejn dawn it-tliet stampi. Juru riżorsi naturali użati biex niġġeneraw l-elettriku.

- (a) Taħt kull stampa ikteb il-kliem **riżors mhux rinnovabbli** jew **riżors rinnovabbli**.



.....

.....

.....

(3)

- (b) Fi ftit kliem ikteb xi jfissru il-kliem riżorsi **mhux rinnovabbli** u riżorsi **rinnovabbli**.

.....
.....
.....

(6)

- (c) Imla t-tabella t'hawn taħt b'żewġ eżempji ta' sorsi ta' enerġija mhux rinnovabbli u tnejn rinnovabbli li jintużaw hawn Malta.

Mhux Rinnovabbli		Rinnovabbli	
1		1	
2		2	

(4)

- (d) Imla l-vojt bil-kliem t'hawn taħt.

<i>għat-trasport</i>	<i>idroelettrika</i>	<i>mix-xemx</i>	<i>tankers</i>	<i>tniġġis</i>
<i>l-injam</i>	<i>fossili</i>	<i>l-uranju</i>	<i>tas-shana</i>	<i>r-raffineriji</i>

Il-faħam, iż-żejt u l-gass jissejħu fjuwils Iż-żejt jintuża biex nipproduċu l-elettriku kif ukoll Nistgħu ngorru u mmexxu ż-żejt bl-użu ta' pajpijet kbar kif ukoll bl-użu ta' Qabel ma jsir tajjeb għall-użu ż-żejt irid jittieħed ġewwa

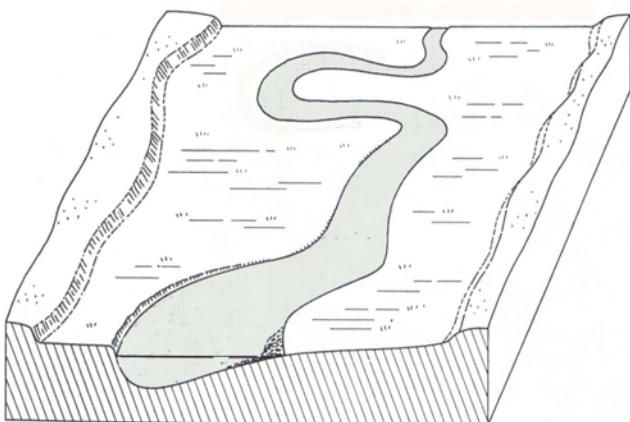
..... huwa x'aktarx l-uniku sors ta' enerġija f'pajjiżi fqar ħafna.

..... jintuża biex nipproduċu enerġija nukleari.

Bl-użu ta' pannelli solari nistgħu nipproduċu energija Din it-tip ta' enerġija mhi se tispicċa qatt u fuq kollox ma tipprodu l-ebda Pajjiżi oħra bnew digi kbar fuq ix-xmajar biex jipproduċu energija Pajjiżi oħra jużaw energija ġeotermika bl-użu minn taħt l-art.

(10)

3. Harws sewwa lejn it-tpingħija tax-xmara.



- (a) Fuq it-tpingħija tax-xmara mmarka, **Kanal tax-xmara, Meandra, Pjanu u Ghargħar**

- (b) X'tissejjah il-ħamrija li tibqa' fuq il-pjanura minn-x-xmara tfur?

.....(3)

- (c) Għal xhiex jistgħu jintużaw dawn il-pjanuri?

.....

.....

.....(5)

4. Studja sewwa r-ritratt li qegħdin naraw hawn taħt.



- (a) X'jissejjah il-fattur fiżiku li qed naraw fir-ritratt. Kif iżforma?

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....(6)

- (b) Semmi post fil-Gżejjer Maltin fejn insibu struttura bħal din.

.....(2)

5. Ix-xita, ir-riħ u l-ġlata jkissru u jgħawwru l-blat bi proċessi ta' tmermir u ta' erożjoni.

- (a) Spjega kif il-blat jitkisser permezz tal-

(i) proċess ta' sfoljazzjonji jew taqxir folja folja

(ii) proċess bijologiku.

(12)

- (b) X'jissejjah il-proċess ta' tmermir tal-blat spjegat hawn taħt;

(i) L-ilma jiffriżza fix-xquq u permezz t'hekk il-blat jaqsam, jinkiser u jitfarrak.

(ii) It-tkissir tal-blat permezz ta' aċċidi fl-ilma tax-xita.

(4)

6. (a) Spjega xi jfissru l-kliem **ħlejjaq fil-periklu li jiġu estinti u ħlejjaq estinti**. (6)

- (b) Għal liema raġuni l-baleni jinsabu fil-periklu li jiġu estinti? (4)

- (c) Semmi grupp ambjentali f'pajjiżna li jaħdem favur l-ambjent naturali. (2)