

FOR OFFICIAL USE

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3700/27/01

NATIONAL
QUALIFICATIONS
2013

WEDNESDAY, 1 MAY
9.00 AM – 10.00 AM

SCIENCE
STANDARD GRADE
Foundation Level

Fill in these boxes and read what is printed below.

Full name of centre

Town

Forename(s)

Surname

Date of birth

Day Month Year

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Scottish candidate number

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Number of seat

- 1 Answer as many questions as you can.
- 2 Read the whole of each question carefully before you answer it.
- 3 Write your answers in the spaces provided. Showing working may help in some questions.
- 4 Before leaving the examination room you must give this book to the Invigilator. If you do not, you may lose all the marks for this paper.



[illegible]

- | | | | |
|--------------------|----|------------------|----|
| Acid rain | 41 | Floor insulation | 33 |
| Aero generator | 12 | Gas | 26 |
| Alaskan pipeline | 17 | Heating costs | 31 |
| Alternative energy | 38 | Hydrogen | 39 |
| Batteries | 27 | Kilowatt hour | 30 |
| Biogas | 39 | Nuclear energy | 29 |
| Cavity insulation | 34 | Oil – production | 16 |
| Coal – mine | 25 | – transportation | 18 |
| – production | 22 | Peat | 45 |
| Dams | 39 | Pollution | 40 |
| Double glazing | 32 | Radioactivity | 28 |

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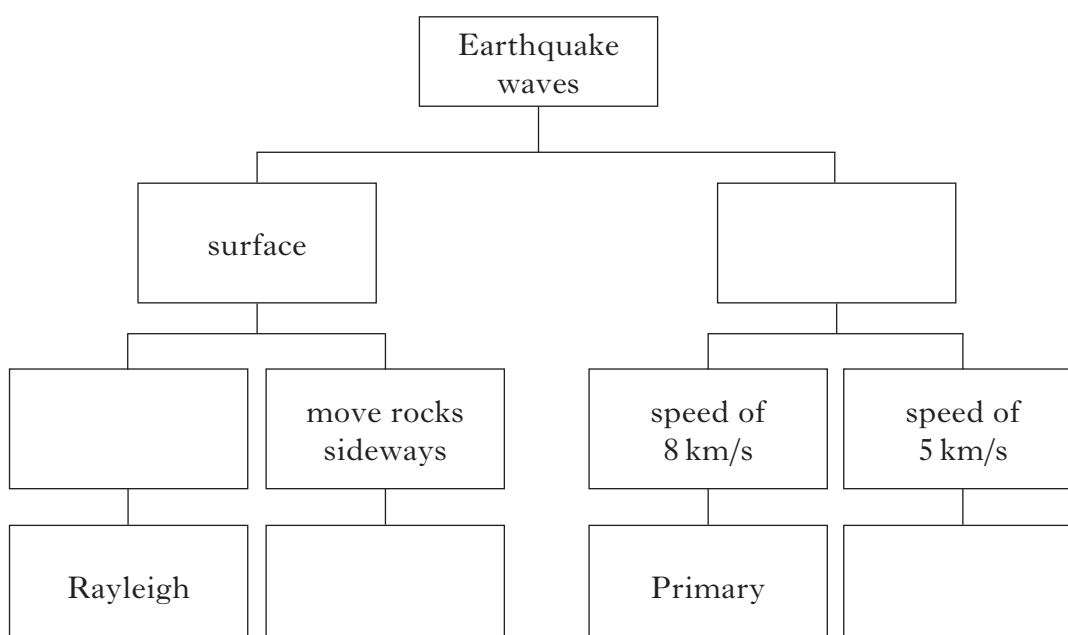
1

(b) Where does the energy for all living things come from?

Earthquakes cause different types of waves in rocks. These are either surface waves or body waves.

Body waves can be Primary or Secondary. Primary waves travel at a speed of 8 km/s but Secondary waves travel at a speed of 5 km/s.

2.



5. **Strength** is one aspect of fitness.

Marks

(a) Give **one other** aspect of fitness.

.....

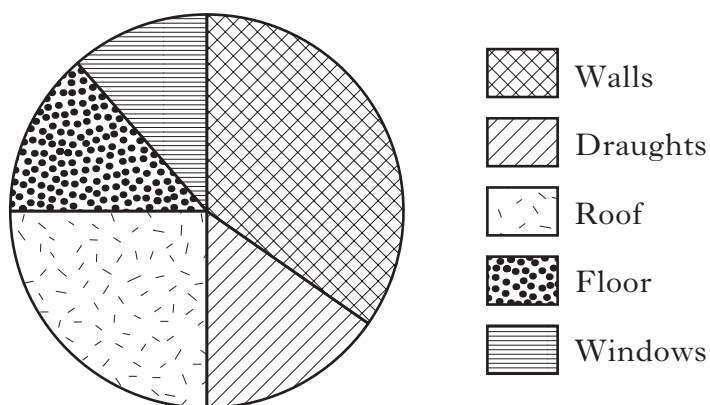
1

(b) How could a person improve their level of fitness?

.....

1

6. The pie chart shows heat loss from a house.



(a) Which part of the house loses most heat?

.....

1

(b) Which **two** parts of the house **together** make up 25% of the total heat loss?

..... and

1

(c) The total heat loss from the house is 240 kWh.

Calculate the amount of heat energy lost through the **roof**.

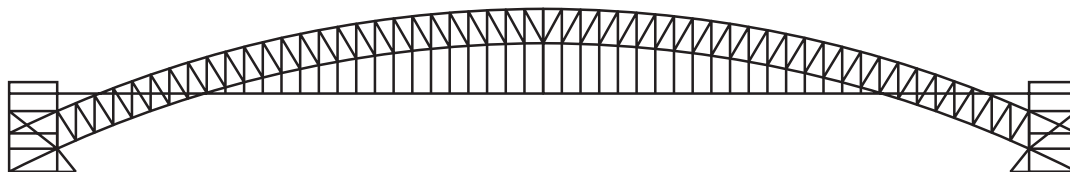
Space for working

AnswerkWh

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- The strongest model bridge is shown below.



2

- 
- A black and white photograph of a burlap sack lying on its side, spilling out several large, dark, irregular chunks of coal onto a light-colored surface. Some smaller coal dust or fine particles are scattered around the base of the sack.

1

1

[Turn over

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- One has been done for you.

Property

good electrical conductivity

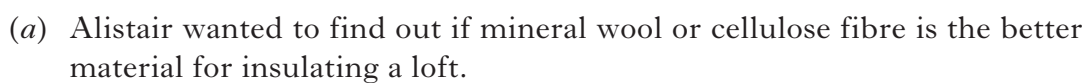
good thermal conductivity

good strength

good resistance to corrosion

2

- For each experiment, he used a light bulb as a heat source and a thermometer to measure the temperature in the loft.



Box numbers and

1

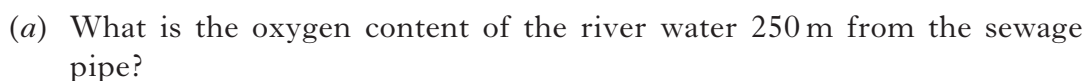
- What was he trying to find out?

1

[Turn over

[illegible]

- The results are shown in the graph.



1

- 1**

- Predict the distance from the sewage pipe where the oxygen content of the river water will return to 150 units.

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- A recycling
B energy saving
C conservation
D pollution

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- Circle the correct answers.

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|-----------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| arthritis | common cold | lung cancer | heart disease |
| measles | bronchitis | obesity | chicken pox |

2

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- ```
graph BT; GP[green plant] --> S[slug]; GP --> C[caterpillar]; GP --> V[vole]; S --> T[toad]; S --> H[hedgehog]; C --> H; V --> W[weasel]; H --> F[fox]; H --> W; T --> F
```

(a) Name **two** predators of the hedgehog.

..... and .....

1

- (b) Name an animal that is both predator and prey.

.....

1

- (c) **From the food web**, complete this food chain.

→ → → fox

1

Marks

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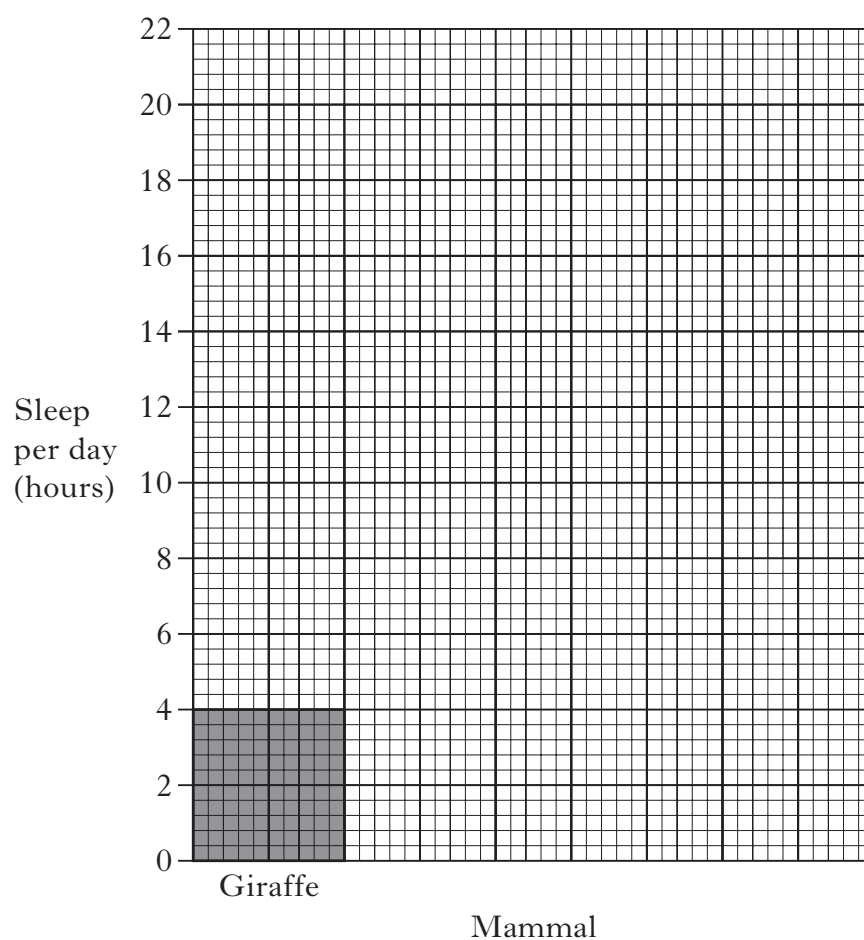
15. Different **mammals** need different amounts of **sleep per day**. A giraffe sleeps for only 4 hours per day. A sloth, however, spends 20 hours per day sleeping. Sleeping 14 hours per day, a hamster gets twice as much sleep as a guinea pig, which sleeps for 7 hours per day.

(a) Use this information to complete the table below.

| <i>Mammal</i> | <i>Sleep per day (hours)</i> |
|---------------|------------------------------|
|               |                              |
|               |                              |
|               |                              |
|               |                              |

2

- (b) Use this information to complete the bar graph.  
(Another copy of this graph, if required, can be found on *Page nineteen*)



2

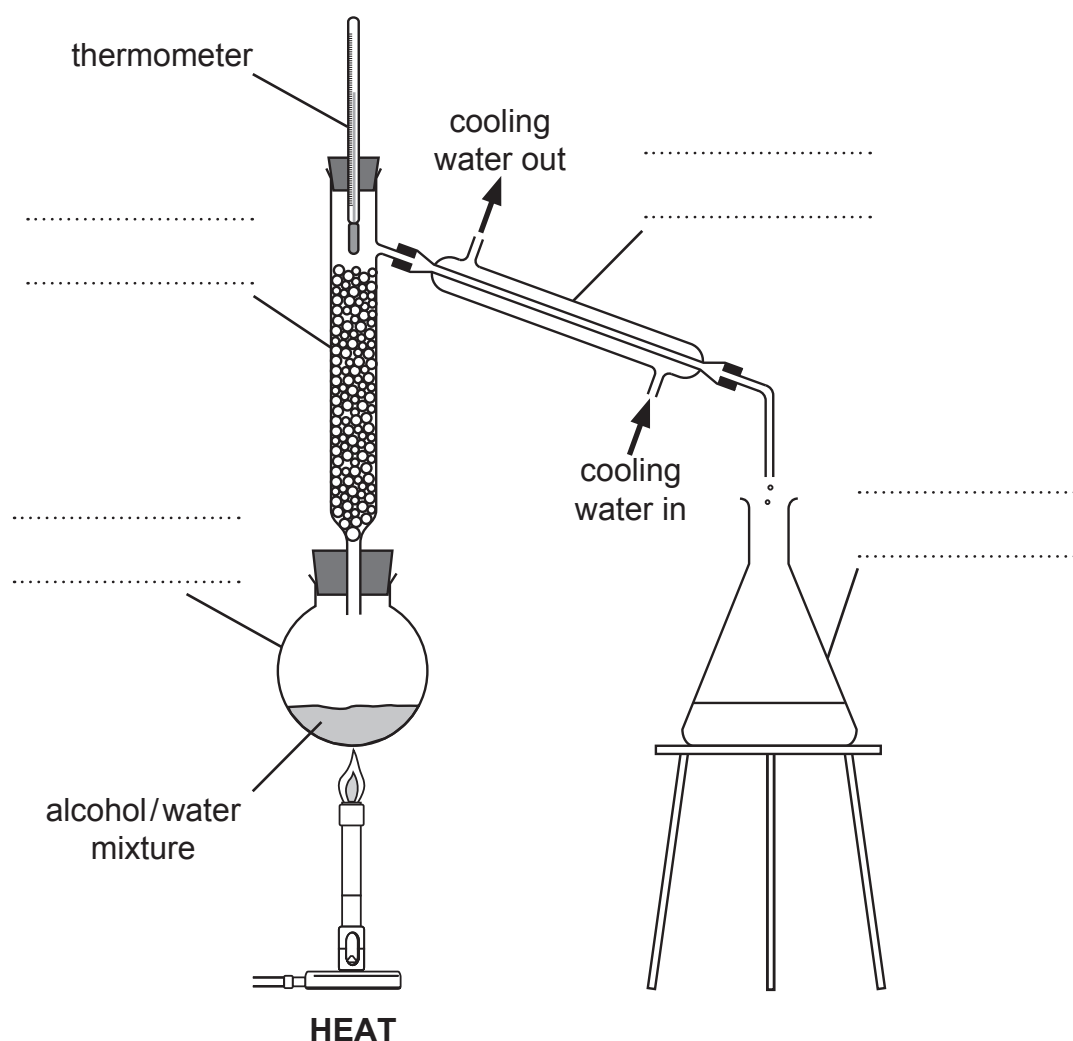
[Turn over

[illegible]

(a) Which gas in the air is used up when fossil fuels burn?

Distillation can be used to separate alcohol from a mixture of alcohol and water.

The mixture is heated in a **distillation flask**. Alcohol vapour passes through a column filled with **glass beads**. A **Leibig condenser** uses cooling water to change the alcohol vapour into a liquid. The liquid drips into a **conical flask**.



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(a) Which box shows three substances which can pollute the land?

**1**

1

**[Turn over**

- When a volcano erupts, the material that rises to the surface is called magma.



There are two main types of magma—basic magma and silicic magma. Basic magma contains less than 55% silica and is very hot, reaching a temperature of about 1200 °C. Basic magma is fast flowing. Silicic magma contains between 55% and 70% silica. Silicic magma is slow moving and only reaches temperatures of about 700 °C.

(a) What temperature is reached by fast flowing basic magma?

- (b) Which type of magma contains the higher percentage of silica?

- (c) Where would you find volcanoes that form pillow lava?

- (d) A magma has a silica content of 60%.

List **two** other pieces of information about this magma.

1 .....

2 ..... 1

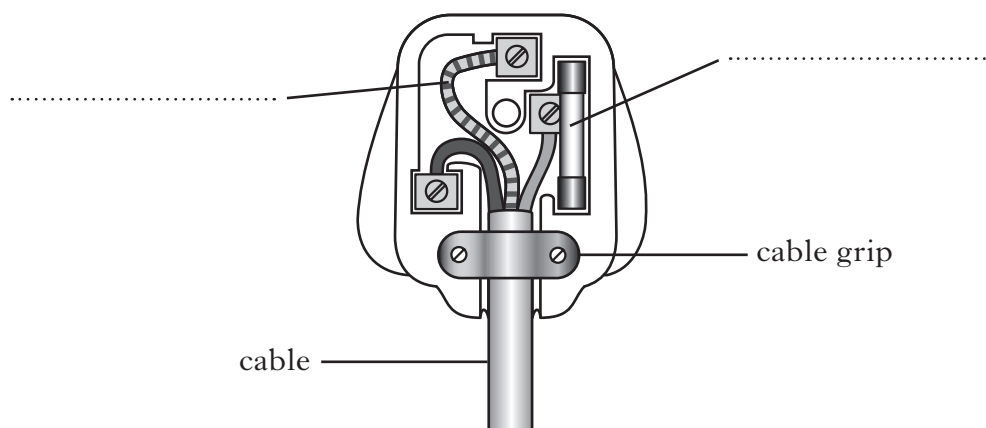


.....

1

1

Label the diagram to show two other safety features in the plug.



2

**[Turn over**

[illegible]

| <i>Power rating</i> (kW) | <i>Volume of water</i> (l) | <i>Time to boil</i> (s) |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1                        | 0.5                        | 225                     |
| 1                        | 1.0                        | 460                     |
| 1                        | 1.5                        | 580                     |
| 2                        | 0.5                        | 110                     |
| 2                        | 1.0                        | 225                     |
| 2                        | 1.5                        | 285                     |

- (a) (i) Complete the sentence by circling the correct word in the box.
- As the power rating increases, the time to boil the same volume of water

decreases  
stays the same  
increases

- (ii) Draw **one** other conclusion from the information.

- (b) Predict the time to boil 0.75 litres of water using a kettle with a 1 kW power rating.

.....  $S$

23. The box shows the names of some substances.

|        |      |       |
|--------|------|-------|
| cement | zinc | wood  |
| iron   | sand | glass |

- (a) Which substance is mixed with copper to make the alloy called brass?

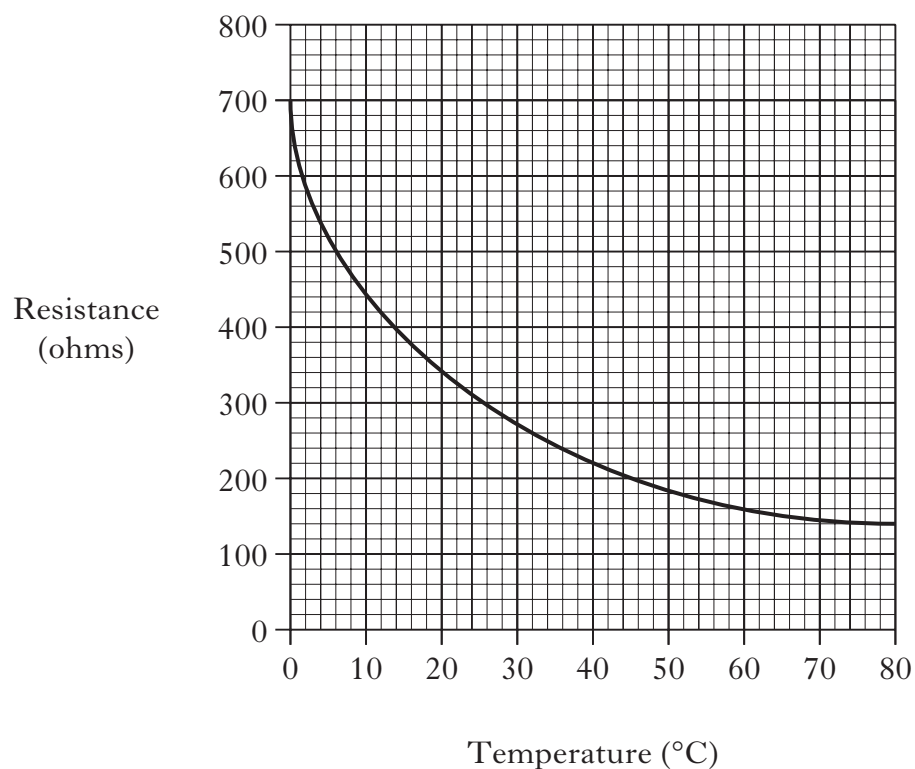
- (b) Which **two** substances are mixed with aggregate to make concrete?

..... and .....



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- [illegible]



(a) Draw **one** conclusion from the information in the graph.

(b) What is the resistance of the thermistor when the temperature is  $40^{\circ}\text{C}$ ?

.....ohms

**1**

1

**[Turn over**

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- 
- A black and white photograph showcasing a variety of cheeses. In the foreground, there's a wedge of Swiss cheese with visible holes, a block of cheese, and a small bowl filled with cubed cheese. Behind them, more cheese shapes are visible, including a round cheese tied with a string and a large wheel of cheese. The cheeses are arranged on a dark, textured surface, possibly a wooden table.

(a) Calculate the energy content of a 50 g portion of Brie.

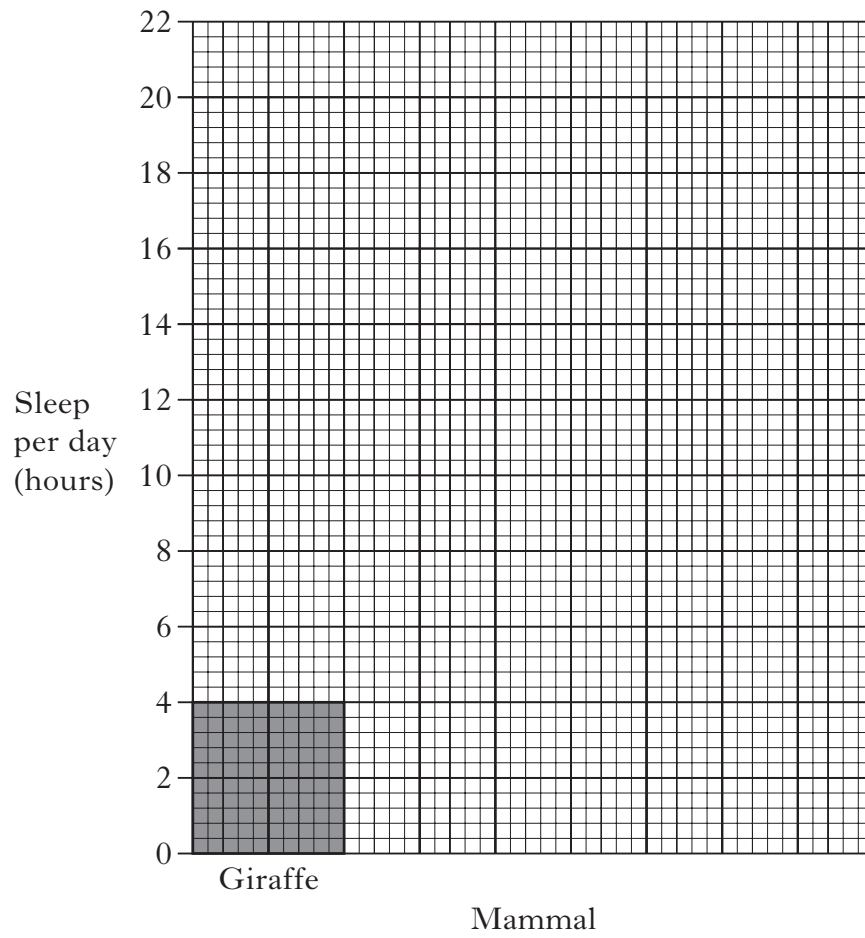
Answer .....kJ

**1**

Answer .....kJ

2

ADDITIONAL COPY OF GRAPH FOR QUESTION 15(b)



**[BLANK PAGE]**