

# 2013 Latin Intermediate 1 Interpretation Finalised Marking Instructions

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### Part One: General Marking Principles for Latin Intermediate 1 Interpretation

This information is provided to help you understand the general principles you must apply when marking candidate responses to questions in this Paper. These principles must be read in conjunction with the specific Marking Instructions for each question.

- (a) Marks for each candidate response must <u>always</u> be assigned in line with these general marking principles and the specific Marking Instructions for the relevant question. If a specific candidate response does not seem to be covered by either the principles or detailed Marking Instructions, and you are uncertain how to assess it, you must seek guidance from your Team Leader/Principal Assessor.
- (b) Marking should always be positive ie, marks should be awarded for what is correct and not deducted for errors or omissions.

## **GENERAL MARKING ADVICE: Latin Intermediate 1 Interpretation**

The marking schemes are written to assist in determining the "minimal acceptable answer" rather than listing every possible correct and incorrect answer. The following notes are offered to support Markers in making judgements on candidates' evidence, and apply to marking both end of unit assessments and course assessments.

# Part Two: Marking Instructions for each Question

Question		ion	Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
1			Turn to PAGE THREE of the Prescribed Text.  Cicero  Refer to line 9-16 of Passage 1 (from <i>clamor</i> to <i>venisse</i> ).		
	а		What did the temple guards do when the attack took place?  Raised the alarm Tried to defend it	2	
	b		Why do you think the citizens of Agrigentum were so upset that the temple was being attacked? Give three reasons.  Gods were being desecrated Violence to guards It was people from the governor's staff/house Slaves carrying out the attack Damage to temple Other valid comment  Any 3	3	
2	а		Turn to PAGE FOUR of the Prescribed Text  Cicero  Refer to lines 16-22 of Passage 2 (from "But in the right hand" to "my body trembling?").  What crime has Verres committed?  • Theft • Stole/ripped away the statue of Victory	1	
	b		Describe Cicero's own reactions to this crime.     Comment on mental/emotional reaction eg anger     Comment on physical reaction eg trembling	2	

Question		on Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
3		Turn to PAGE FIVE of the Prescribed Text  Cicero  Refer to lines 1-10 of Passage 3 (from audistis to imperavit).		
	а	Cicero mentions a statue of a god. Name the god.  • Mercury	1	
	b	Why was this statue so important to the people of Tyndaris? Give two reasons.  It was worshipped on special occasions It was held in highest honour It was linked with Scipio Africanus	2	Any other valid point
		Any 2		
4	а	Turn to PAGE SEVEN of the Prescribed Text.  Catullus  Refer to Poem 5.  What does Catullus suggest to Lesbia in lines 1-3 of the poem? Write down any two things.  • That they should live • That they should love • That they should ignore gossips  Any 2	2	
	b	Consider the whole of Poem 5. Describe the attitude to life shown by Catullus.  Make the most of life Ignore old people/gossips Enjoy themselves by sharing kisses Not allow anyone to curse/spoil things Any other valid answer	3	Any other valid point

Question		ion	Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
5	а	1	Turn to PAGE EIGHT of the Prescribed Text.  Catullus  Refer to Poem 7.	1	
	a	•	<ul> <li>What does the woman say to Catullus?</li> <li>She only wants him/would only marry him/would rather marry nobody else, not even if Jupiter asked her.</li> </ul>	'	
	b	•	<ul> <li>Do you think Catullus believes what this person says? Explain your answer.</li> <li>No</li> <li>Reference to support explanation eg dicit in line 3 could infer he doesn't believe it cupido amanti – he recognises that he is willing to believe anything she tells him in vento et rapida scribere oportet aqua recognises that her words are useless/not to be trusted</li> </ul>	2	
6	а		Turn to PAGE TEN of the Prescribed Text.  Ovid  Refer to lines 18-29 of Passage 11 (from instruit to nido).  Write down any three instructions which Daedalus gives to Icarus.  Follow a middle course  Don't fly too low  Don't fly too high  Fly between the sky and sea  Don't look at the constellations (if named max 1, ie not separate marks for each)  Follow my lead  Any 3	3	

Question		Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
6	b	What might Daedalus' feelings be at this point in the story? Why might he feel like this?  • Nervous/worried/upset • Concerned for his son's safety • Trying something new/untested  Max 2	3	Any other valid point
	С	Ovid compares Daedalus and Icarus to a bird with its chick. Do you think this helps to describe what is happening? Give reasons for your answer.  Yes/No + 2 reasons  Possible yes answers  Both describe a parent and child/a parent teaching a child something new  Both describe teaching a child to fly  Both have feathers and wings  Possible no answers  Birds are meant to fly, humans aren't  Any other valid reason  Any 2	2	
7	а	Turn to PAGE ELEVEN of the Prescribed Text.  Ovid  Refer to lines 46-50 of Passage 11 (from at pater to sepulti).  Why is Daedalus now described as nec iam pater ("no longer a father")?  • Icarus is dead	1	

Question		ion	Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
7	b		Do you feel sorry for Daedalus? Explain your answer.	2	
			Yes/No + 2 point explanation		A mixture of "yes" and "no" responses is acceptable
			Possible yes answers		
			Only son is dead; he may feel that he is responsible for his death; he was only trying to do what he thought would help		
			Possible no answers		
			<ul> <li>He was responsible for his son's death; he should have looked after him more carefully; he shouldn't have tried to mimic nature</li> <li>Any other valid answer</li> </ul>		

(30)

[END OF MARKING INSTRUCTIONS]