2320/29/01

NATIONAL 2012

FRIDAY, 27 APRIL QUALIFICATIONS 10.00 AM - 10.45 AM LATIN STANDARD GRADE General Level Interpretation

Answer all the questions in the answer book provided.

Read every question carefully before you answer.





	ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS	Marks
	Turn to PAGES ONE and TWO of the Prescribed Text.	
1.	Gellius	
	Refer to lines 27–34 of Passage 1 (from <i>cum provinciam</i> to <i>recondo</i>).	
	(a) What job did Androclus' master do in Africa?	1
	(b) Androclus did not like working for him. What evidence is there for this?	2
	(c) Why did Androclus go into the desert?	1
	(d) What were two of the risks of going into the desert?	2
	(e) Are you surprised that he was even prepared to die in the desert? Give a reason for your answer.	1
	Turn to PAGE SEVEN of the Prescribed Text.	
2.	Catullus	
	Refer to Poem 4 ("Let's live and ").	
	Catullus wants to enjoy life with Lesbia. Write down two things that he mentions in the poem that could interfere with their happiness.	2
	Turn to PAGE EIGHT of the Prescribed Text.	
3.	Martial	
	Refer to Poem 7 . This poem is about relationships.	
		1
	(a) What has happened to Lycoris?	1
	(b) Glycera is Martial's present girlfriend. What do you think is likely to happen to her?	1
	(c) What does he mean by the phrase tempora quid faciunt?	1
	(d) After reading this poem, what kind of person do you think Martial is? Give a reason for your answer.	2

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Turn to PAGES ELEVEN and TWELVE of the Prescribed Text. 4. Catullus and Martial Refer to Poem 11. (a) Look at lines 7–8 (from nam to aranearum). Why does Fabullus have to bring the dinner? 1 (b) Look at lines 11–14 (from nam to nasum). What is so special about the unguentum ("perfume") that Catullus will provide? 1 Refer also to Poem 12. (c) Would you rather be Fabullus and be invited to Catullus' dinner, or Martial and be invited to Ponticus' dinner? Explain your answer with reference to both poems. 3

5. Ovid

Refer to lines 41–52 of **Passage 14** (from rustica to bracchia nati).

Turn to PAGE SIXTEEN of the Prescribed Text.

- (a) Latona makes a speech and tries to persuade the peasants to let her drink. What are **three** of the arguments she uses?
- (b) Look at lines 51–52 (from hi to nati). In what way do her babies help her at this point?
- (c) Do you think there is a lesson to be learnt from this story about the way we treat strangers? Explain your answer with reference to your knowledge of the whole story.

(25)

2

3

1

[END OF QUESTION PAPER]



2320/29/02

NATIONAL 2012

FRIDAY, 27 APRIL QUALIFICATIONS 2.00 PM - 2.45 PM

LATIN STANDARD GRADE General Level Translation

Candidates should ensure that they have been provided with the word-list for this paper.





Translate into English:

Atalanta and Hippomenes

Atalanta promised to marry the man who could run faster than she could. However, if she won the race, the losers would be put to death.

puella quaedam pulchra, Atalanta nomine, celerius quam omnes viri currere poterat. quamquam certamen contra Atalantam periculosum erat, multi viri puellam uxorem ducere volebant. itaque complures viri temerarii fortunam temptabant: omnes superati et necati erant.

Hippomenes, a spectator at this race, was keen to take up the challenge too. He prayed to Venus, the goddess of love, to help him.

5 sed inter spectatores erat adulescens quidam, nomine Hippomenes. ubi Atalantam vidit, statim amavit. Hippomenes igitur auxilium rogavit et Venus ei tria mala aurea dedit.

The race between Atalanta and Hippomenes began.

adulescens et puella summa celeritate currebant. quod puella celerius currebat, Hippomenes iecit unum deinde alterum e malis aureis ante puellam currentem.

When Atalanta stopped to pick up the apples, Hippomenes ran past her.

sed Atalanta, ubi clamores spectatorum audivit, multo celerius cucurrit. illa Hippomenem iterum praeteriit atque metae iam appropinquabat. Hippomenes tum tertium malum iecit. dum puella hoc malum petit, Hippomenes ad finem cursus prior pervenit. puella superata erat. victor felix ab arena puellam duxit.

[END OF QUESTION PAPER]

[2320/29/02]

2320/29/12

NATIONAL QUALIFICATIONS 2.00 PM - 2.45 PM 2012

FRIDAY, 27 APRIL

LATIN STANDARD GRADE General Level Word-list to accompany Translation





ab (+ ablative) from **ad** (+ accusative) to adulescens, -entis (m.) young man alter, -a, -um another amo, -are, amavi (to) fall in love **ante** (+ accusative) in front of **appropinguo, -are** (+ *dative*) (to) approach **arena, -ae** (f.) race track Atalanta, -ae (f.) Atalanta atque and audio, -ire, -ivi (to) hear aureus, -a, -um golden **auxilium, -i** (n.) help **celeritas**, **-tatis** (f.) speed celerius faster **certamen, -inis** (n.) racing **clamor, -oris** (*m*.) shouting **complures** several **contra** (+ accusative) against currens running curro, -ere, cucurri (to) run **cursus, -us** (m.) race deinde then do, dare, dedi (to) give duco, -ere, duxi (to) take dum while **e** (+ ablative) of ei to him et and felix, -icis happy **finis, -is** (m.) end **fortuna, -ae** (f.) luck hic, haec, hoc this **Hippomenes, -ae** (m.) Hippomenes iam now iecit (he) threw igitur therefore ille, illa, illud he, she, it inter (+ accusative) among itaque and so, therefore iterum again **malum, -i** (n.) apple **meta, -ae** (f) finishing line

multo much necatus, -a, -um killed **nomine** called omnis, -is, -e all periculosus, -a, -um dangerous pervenio, -ire, -i (to) come peto, -ere, petivi (to) pick up possum, posse, potui (to) be able praetereo, -ire, -ii (to) go past **prior** first puella, -ae (f.) girl pulcher, -chra, -chrum beautiful quam than quamquam although quidam, quaedam, quoddam a certain **quod** because rogo, -are, -avi (to) ask for **sed** but **spectator, -oris** (m.) spectator **statim** immediately **sum, esse** (to) be summus, -a, -um top superatus, -a, -um defeated temerarius, -a, -um brave tempto, -are (to) try tertius, -a, -um third tres, tria three tum then ubi when unus, -a, -um one **uxorem ducere** (to) marry **Venus, -eris** (f.) Venus **victor, -oris** (m.) winner video, -ere, vidi (to) see **vir, -i** (*m*.) man volo, velle (to) want

[END OF WORD-LIST]

multi, -ae, -a many