

X025/201

NATIONAL
QUALIFICATIONS
2008

WEDNESDAY, 11 JUNE
1.00 PM – 3.30 PM

ELECTRONIC AND
ELECTRICAL
FUNDAMENTALS
INTERMEDIATE 2

100 marks are allocated to this paper.

Answer **all** questions in Section A (50 marks).

Answer **two** questions from Section B (25 marks each).

A Datasheet is provided for questions 5 and 10.

In all your answers to questions requiring calculations, all working **must** be shown.



Section A

Attempt all the questions in this section (50 marks)**1.** Add the following binary numbers.

(a) $1101 + 1010$

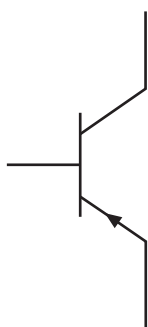
2

(b) $101101 + 110011$

2

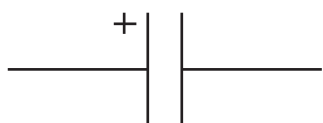
(4)**2.** Identify each of the following symbols.

(a)



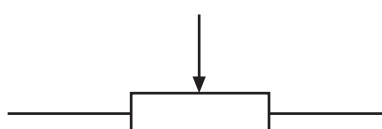
2

(b)



1

(c)



2

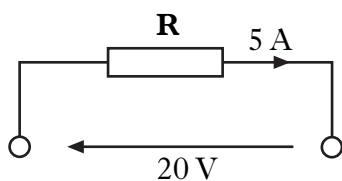
(5)

3. (a) State, in words, Ohms Law.

2

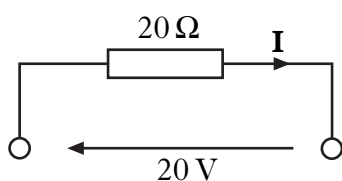
(b) Determine the unknown quantity in each of the following examples.

(i)



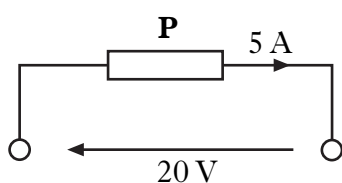
2

(ii)



2

(iii)

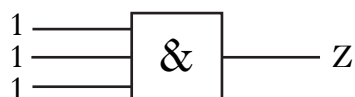


2

(8)

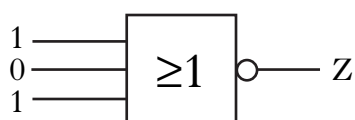
4. For each of the logic diagrams below, determine the output state.

(a)



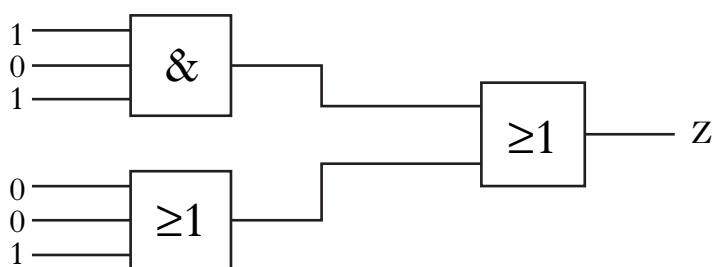
1

(b)



1

(c)



2

(4)

5. With reference to Figure Q5 and the datasheet provided,

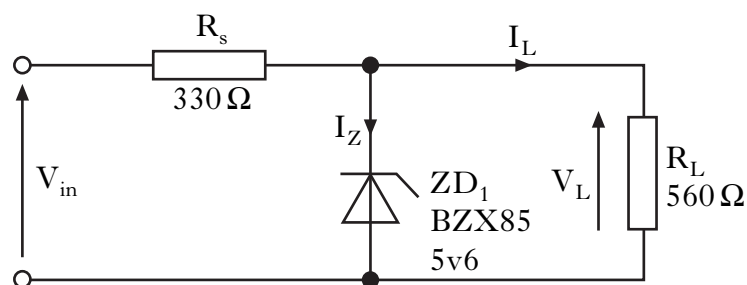


Figure Q5

- (a) Determine:
- (i) the maximum power the diode, ZD_1 can handle; 1
 - (ii) the load current I_L when $V_L = 5.6$ V. 1
- (b) Calculate the value of supply voltage when $I_Z = 12$ mA and $V_L = 5.6$ V. 2
- (4)**
6. Draw, using BS symbols, the logic diagrams for the following Boolean expressions.
- (a) $Z = A.B + \bar{A}.C$ 2
 - (b) $Z = \overline{A.C} + B.C$ 2
 - (c) $Z = (A+B).(B+C)$ 1
- (5)**

7.

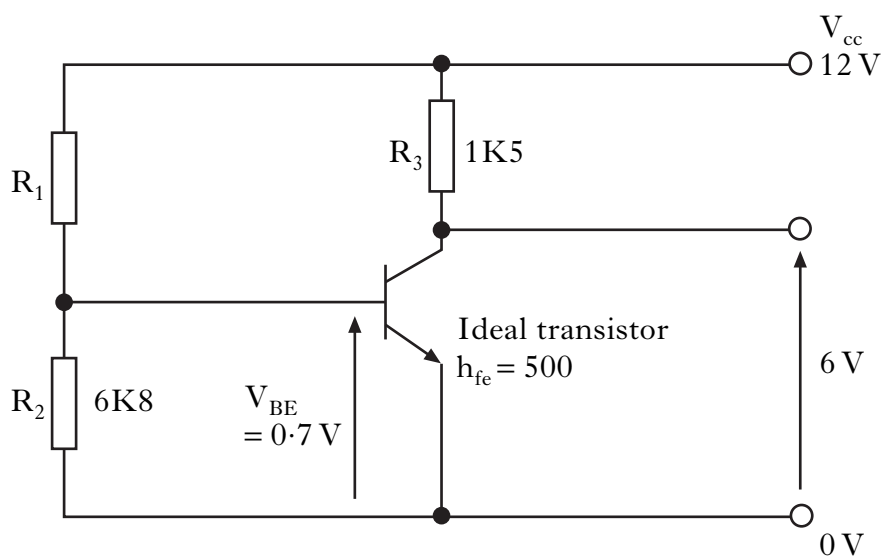


Figure Q7

For the transistor circuit shown in Figure Q7, calculate:

- | | |
|--|------------|
| (a) the voltage across R_3 ; | 1 |
| (b) the base current of the transistor; | 3 |
| (c) the value of resistor R_1 required for the bias circuit. | 4 |
| | (8) |

8. A voltage waveform is described by the formula

$$v = 50 \sin \phi \text{ volts.}$$

Determine:

- | | |
|--|------------|
| (a) the rms voltage; | 2 |
| (b) the peak-peak voltage; | 2 |
| (c) the voltage when angle $\phi = 35^\circ$. | 2 |
| | (6) |

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9.

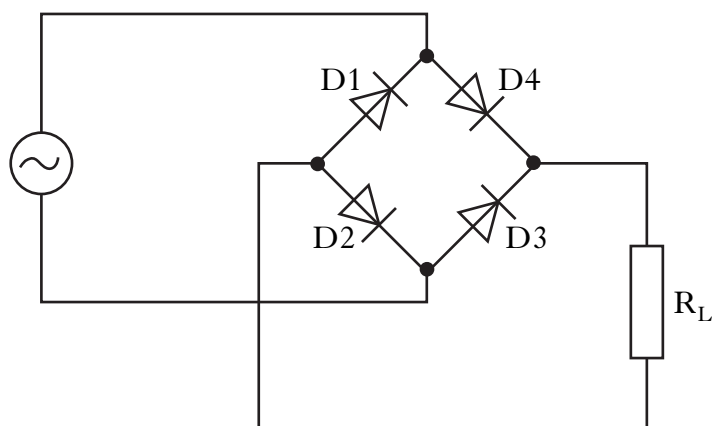
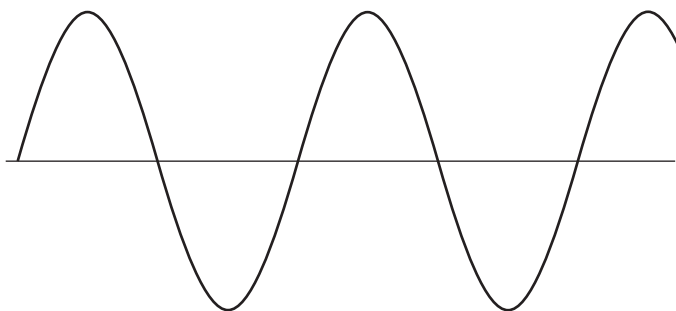


Figure Q9

- (a) For the circuit shown in Figure Q9, state the name of the circuit. 1
- (b) The input waveform is a sine wave.



Sketch the output waveform that will appear across the output resistor R_L . 2

- (c) If a capacitor is connected across the resistor as shown in Figure Q9(c), explain the effect that it will have on the output waveform.

Include a waveform diagram as part of your answer.

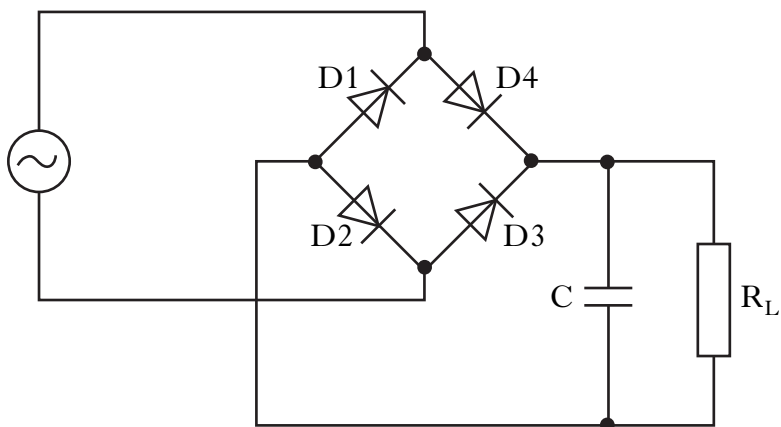


Figure Q9(c)

3
(6)

[Turn over for Section B on *Page eight*

Section B

Attempt any TWO questions in this section (50 marks)

Each question is worth 25 marks

10. (a) Convert the following binary numbers:
- (i) $1101\ 1010_2$ to decimal; 2
 - (ii) $1001\ 1011_2$ to hexadecimal. 2
- (b) Using the datasheet provided, for the circuit shown in Figure Q10(b) below,
- (i) Draw the logic circuit diagram and label all gate inputs and outputs with the appropriate pin connection. 6
 - (ii) Construct the truth table for the circuit. 6
 - (iii) During testing it was found that for input condition $A = 1$, $B = 1$ and $C = 0$, the corresponding output (Z) = 0. All other outputs were correct. Identify which gate (input or output) was at fault and state the nature of the fault. 4

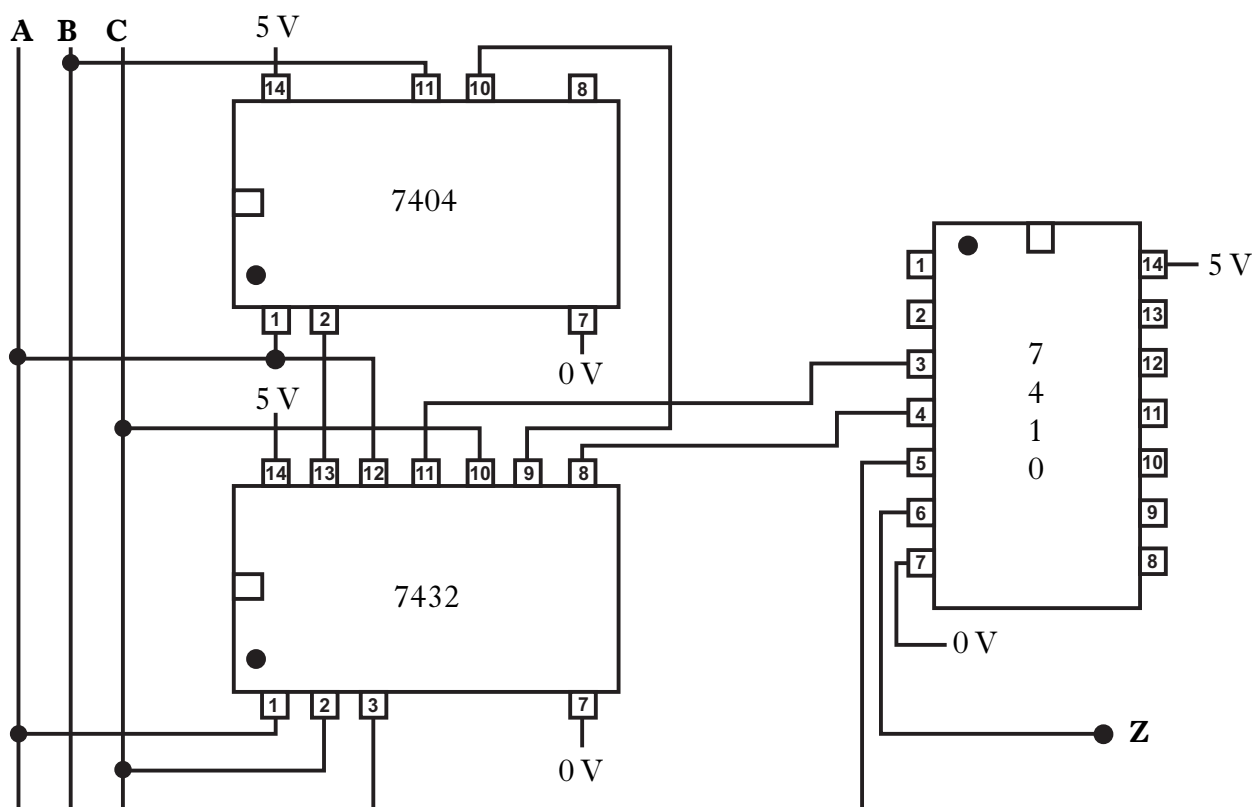


Figure Q10(b)

10. (continued)

- (c) A combinational logic circuit has to be designed that will activate a flashing LED on a printer, when any of the following conditions occur.

Printer is out of paper (P) denoted by a logic 1

There is a paper jam (J) denoted by a logic 1

Printer is out of ink (I) denoted by a logic 0

Draw the logic circuit to meet the design specification and state the Boolean expression.

5

(25)

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11. (a) For the circuit shown in Figure Q11(a) below, assuming switch S is closed, determine:

- | | |
|--|---|
| (i) the current through the $12\ \Omega$ resistor; | 2 |
| (ii) the value of resistor R_2 ; | 2 |
| (iii) the supply current; | 2 |
| (iv) the value of resistor R_1 ; | 2 |
| (v) the voltage across the $8\ \Omega$ resistor; | 2 |
| (vi) the total circuit resistance; | 2 |
| (vii) the value of resistor R_3 if the supply current is 0.8 A when switch S is opened. | 3 |

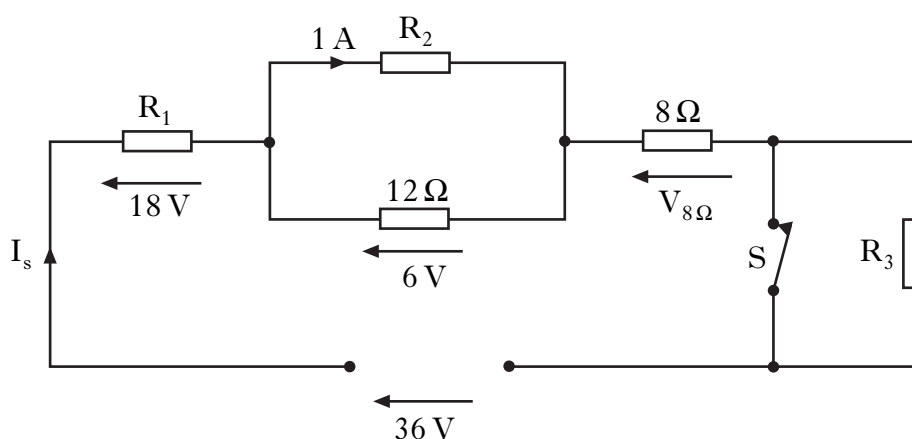


Figure Q11(a)

- (b) The coil A shown in Figure Q11(b) moves at a constant speed of 6 ms^{-1} through a magnetic field with a flux density of 0.5 T . The coil has an effective length of 0.8 m .

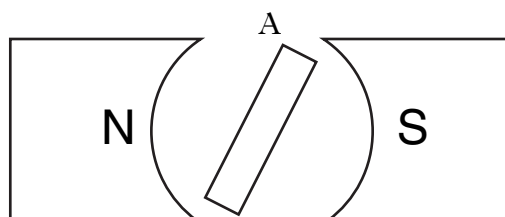


Figure Q11(b)

- | | |
|--|---|
| (i) Calculate the maximum value of the induced voltage. | 2 |
| (ii) Calculate the rms value of the induced voltage. | 1 |
| (iii) Calculate the induced voltage when the coil cuts the field at an angle of 75° relative to the vertical. | 2 |
| (iv) State the angles relative to the vertical at which the maximum voltage will occur. | 2 |

11. (continued)

- (c) Figure Q11(c)(i) shows a current carrying conductor placed within a magnetic field.



Figure Q11(c)(i)

- (i) If the current in the conductor halves, by what factor does the force on the conductor change? **1**
- (ii) State the effect, compared to Figure Q11(c)(i), to the size and direction of the force acting upon the conductor as a result of the change shown in Figure Q11(c)(ii) below. **2**



Figure Q11(c)(ii)

(25)**[Turn over**

12. (a)

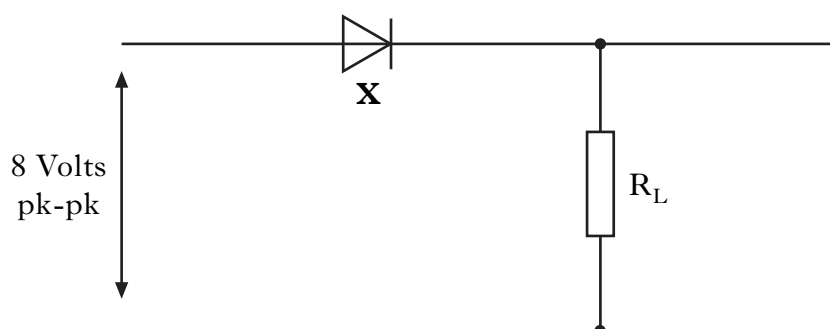


Figure Q12(a)

With reference to the circuit shown in Figure Q12(a):

- | | |
|---|---|
| (i) identify component X ; | 1 |
| (ii) assuming component X is made from silicon, state the typical forward conducting voltage drop; | 1 |
| (iii) state the function this circuit performs; | 2 |
| (iv) determine the maximum voltage across R_L ; | 2 |
| (v) state the minimum voltage across R_L . | 2 |

(b)

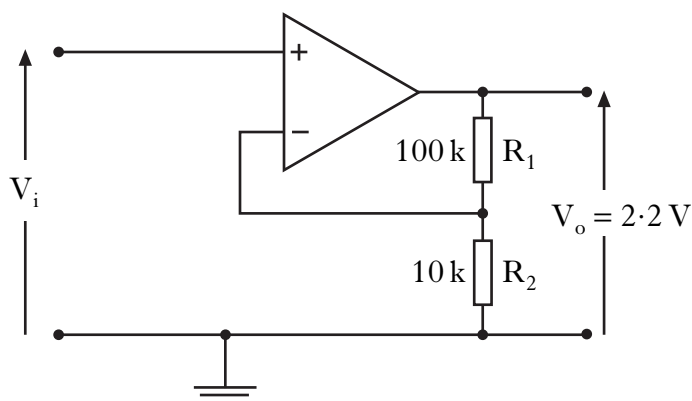


Figure Q12(b)

With reference to the circuit shown in Figure Q12(b):

- | | |
|---|---|
| (i) identify the circuit configuration; | 2 |
| (ii) determine the circuit gain; | 2 |
| (iii) determine the input voltage V_i ; | 3 |
| (iv) if a variable resistor is placed in parallel with R_1 , determine the range of output voltage if the resistor can be varied between $25\text{ k}\Omega$ and $100\text{ k}\Omega$. | 6 |

12. (continued)

- (c) A circuit used to control the power supplied to a lamp is shown in Figure Q12(c).

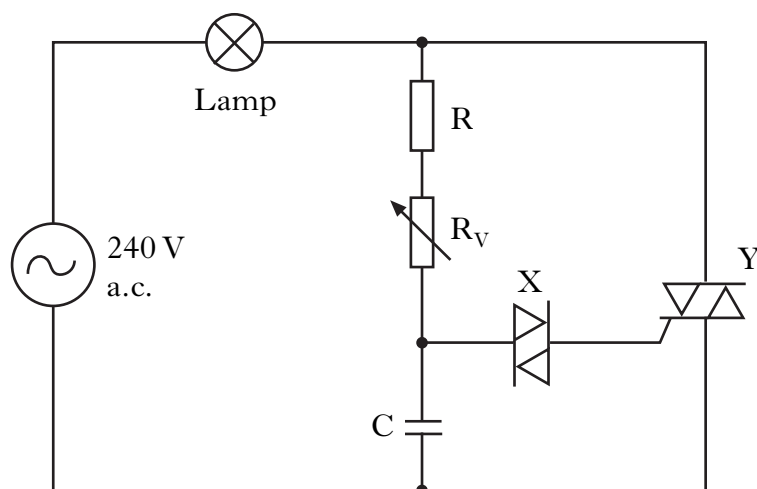


Figure Q12(c)

- | | |
|---|-------------|
| (i) Identify the components labelled X and Y. | 2 |
| (ii) Explain the purpose of R_V . | 2 |
| | (25) |

[END OF QUESTION PAPER]

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