

UMNYANGO WEMFUNDU WASEGAUTENG UKUHLOLWA KWEBANGA LESHUMI NAMBILI

ISIZULU ULIMI LWESIBILI IZINGA ELIPHANSI (Iphepha Lokuqala)

POSSIBLE ANSWERS / MOONTLIKE ANTWOORDE SUPP 2007

ISIGABA A

UMBUZO 1

- 1.1.1 Ukungadli kahle osekudale izifo ebantwini banamuhla / umbhali uzama ukuqaphelisa abantu nqokudla. (2)

- ### 1.1.2 Umfundi angasekela ngeyodwa yalezi.

Yebo - Bayeqisa ekudleni okuyizinika mzimba, okuguqula umzimba ubemafutha.

- Badla ukudla okunoshukela omningi- nakho kuyakhuluphalisa kubolise namazinyo.
- Okunamafutha amaninqi okudala isifo senhlizivo.

Chab - Abantu abanangi sebanakekela kakhulu ukudla abakudlalo behlisa
izinga lamafutha kanye noshukela; ngenxa yezifo. (2)

- ### 1.1.3 Thatha okuthathu.

Yidla:

Amaphrotheni ? a phesha izingxeny e zomzimba ezikhath ele nezilimele.
Ama- Carbohydrates ? anika umzimba amandla.

Ukudla okunika amandla ? njengobisi, ubhotela, ushizi, kodwa ungeqisi.

Izithelo nemifino ? kunika ama-minerali.

Vithamini ? asiza ukuvikela umzimba ezifweni.

Fayibha ? isiza i sisu sakho ukuba sisebenze kahle.

$$1 \times 3 = (3)$$

- 1.1.4 (a) Cha.
(b) Yebo.
(c) Yebo.
(d) Yebo.

$$1 \times 4 = (4)$$

- 1.1.5 (a) Ifayibha ? iyasuthisa kodwa ibe ingakhuluphalisi
futhi isiza isisu ukuba sisebenze kahle.
(b) Amaphrotheni ? a phesha izingxene zomzimba ezikhathelle.
(c) Amavitthamini ? asiza ukuvikela umzimba ezifweni.

$$1 \times 3 = (3)$$

- ### 1.1.6 Ngukudla okumnandi, akusibo bonke oncamnce abalungile.

(2)

- ### 1.1.7 1(D) ama – carbohydrates.

2(C) amafutha.

3(A) isikhumba esihle nezinwele ezinempilo.

4(B) isibindi, amaganda, izithelo, nemifino.

(B) Leibniz, antiquaria, 1710-13, Nomina et

$$1 \times 4 = (4)$$

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- 1.2
 1.2.1 Ukukhetha isoka ozothandana nalo. (1)
 1.2.2 Kwesimanje – kuqonyelwa ezinye izizathu.
 Kwakudala – uqoma ngoba uthanda umuntu ufunu ukwakha umuzi. (2)
 1.2.3 Abafana – babefunda ekwaluseni.
 Amantombazana – uma eyotheza. (2)
 1.2.4 Umzali wakho ngoba yena uzokutshela iqiniso lonke ngoba uyakukhathalela. (3)
 1.2.5 Sizitholela. (1)
 1.2.6 Ukuthandana kwezingane ezincane.
 Ukusetshenziswa kwezidakamizwa. (1)
 1.2.7 Ukukhathalela. (1)
 1.2.8 Ukuya ocansini ngaphandle kokusebenzisa ikhondomu. (1)
 1.2.9 Ukuqomisa. (2)

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ISIGABA B**UMBUZO 2
UKUFINGQA**

- 2.1 ULindiwe wazivulela ibhizinisi lezinwele.
 2.2 Wayenekhono lokusebenza ngezinwele.
 2.3 Useke wenza nothisha abaningi amakhanda.
 2.4 Lalingadingi imali eningi kuphela izandla zakhe.
 2.5 Wayesebeke uR400 ayemphiwa umakhelwane ngokusala nengane.
 2.6 Bavumelana ngekamelo elingasebenzi nonina.
 2.7 KwakunguNovemba njengoba esha amashushu.
 2.8 Wachoma ibhodi elithi “Kuyaqhinya lapha”.
 2.9 Abantu babehlulwa amanani.
 2.10 Wayehlulwa intombazana enamanani aphansi.

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**ISIGABA C
UHLELO LOLIMI****UMBUZO 3**

- 3.1.1 Izinsizi zimqondile uNomathemba.
 3.1.2 Angithandi ukufuqa inqola yegiloza.
 3.1.3 Ikhompyutha ikungenisa kwamanye amazwe. 2x3=(6)
- 3.2.1 wakhe
 3.2.2 kwakho
 3.2.3 yami
 3.2.4 yethu 1x4=(4)
- 3.3.1 Inqodlana
 3.3.2 Igilosana 1x2=(2)

3.4.1	<u>eziningi</u>			
3.4.2	<u>encane</u>			
3.4.3	<u>kumnandi</u>			
3.4.4	<u>abaningi</u>			
3.4.5	<u>ubuhle</u>			1x5=(5)
3.5	Uma <u>nikuzonda</u>	<u>khululekani</u>	<u>zenu</u>	<u>thengani</u>
				1x4=(4)
4.1.1	Bathandazela			
4.1.2	Zibhalwa			
4.1.3	Idleka			
4.1.4	Ngizobuzisia			1x4=(4)
4.2.1	Umama ukutshelile Dudu ukuthi isalakutshelwa sibona ngomopho, uhambe ngoba uyihlong andlebe.			(2)
4.3.1	Libuza ukuthi ungubo ngaki.			
4.3.2	Likhipha umkhovu etsheni.			
4.3.3	Liyayidliva.			
4.3.4	Ashubisa umnkantsa.			
4.3.5	Akukho nefu elilodwa.			1x5=(5)
4.4.1	Iuchithekile.			
4.4.2	iphelile.			
4.4.3	udlile.			1x3=(3)

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