

**UMNYANGO WEMFUNDU WASEGAUTENG  
UKUHLOLWA KWEBANGA LESHUMI NAMBILI**

**OCTOBER / NOVEMBER 2005  
OKTOBER / NOVEMBER 2005**

**ISIZULU ULIMI LWESIBILI  
IZINGA ELIPHEZULU  
(Iphepha Lokuqala)**

**ISIKHATHI: 2 Amahora**

**IMIKLOMELO: 80**

**IMIYALO**

- Leli phepha linezigaba ezintathu A,B,C.
- Phendula yonke imibuzo.
- Imibuzo mayiphendulwe ngesiZulu.
- Ohlolwayo makabhale ngobunono.

**ISIGABA A**

**UMBUZO 1**

1.1 Funda le ndaba bese uphendula yonke imibuzo.

**Impumelelo yomlimi**

Ihholo ligcwele phama. Kuthule kuthe cwaka lapho eholo. Kudamane kuheleza umoya okhishwa ophephela abaphezulu. Sifike lesi sikhathi. Asukume kancane uMnumzane Mbhamali. Lapho amehlo athe njo kuye. Alikho iso elizimisele nokuthi cwayi. Ababuke abantu behlezi bethe shaye phambi kwakhe. Ezwe inhлизио yakhe ithi gxu-gxu, wena owabona ixoxo libalekela imoto. Athi esuka abethi cotho-cotho eya le nale. Phela wonke umuntu ufunu ukwazi kahle. Naye-ke njengesimenywa esikhulu akumele azibekе phansi. Kufanele ethule umbiko ongaseyikukohlakala.

Aqale ngokubingelela. “*Mphathisihlalo nomphakathi wonke wabalimi ngiyanibingelela. Ngibonga ithuba eningipha lona. Nimeme umaqondana, nimeme uhlaba zihlangane, ugodololula amankankane. Mina ngingubhukuda aphume omile njengedadada.*” Kuthi woklo ihlombe abantu bethakasile ngalolu gubhu oluzibethayo. Aqhubeke, “Ngithanda ukusho ukuthi silimela ukuthola imali bakwethu. Impumelelo yomlimi isemalini. Leli yibhizinisi eldinga okukhulu ukubekezelu. Nazi izinto ezipemqoka ezintathu. Kufanele ube nomhlabo ohamba nezakhiwo, ube nabasebenzi kanye nemali yokuqala umsebenzi. Izinto ezipemqoka ezikhiqizwa ngumlimi yizitshalo, imfuyo kanye nemikhiqizo eyenziwa yimfuyo. Izinto ezipemqoka ezichumisa umlimi isimo sezulu kanye nesimo somnotho.

Ngeke aphumelele umlimi ngaphandle kwezisebenzi. Ezisebenzini kukhona lezo ezisebenza njalonjalo, nezibamba amatrho. Kubalulekile-ke ukuthi umlimi abe nezisebenzi ezisenamandla ezingawuqhuba kahle umsebenzi. Izisebenzi-ke zihambisana namaholo. Kufanele, bathole iholo elithe xaxa ekupheleni konyaka.

Kuhle-ke futhi ukunaka isikhathi somsebenzi. Asize emkhiqizweni. Kumele wazi ukuthi abantu bangakini badingani. Dayisa leyo mikhiqizo-ke. Naka ukuthi udayisa ngamanani afanele. Qikelela ukuthi usemncintiswaneni nabanye abalimi. Lungisa inhlabathi ukuze imikhiqizo yakho ibe miile. Yiba namathuluzi anele futhi afanele nemikhiqizo yakho. Nakelala ukuchelela ukudla ukuze kube sezingeni elifanele.

Kwezezimali-ke xhumana nosaziwayo emabhenki bakufundise ngezindlela zokweboleka imali, ukuyilondoloza, ukuyizalanisa kanye nokuyikhipha. Uma uwalandele kahle la maphuzu uyoba ngumlimi onomehluko. Ngiyabonga mphathisihlalo.

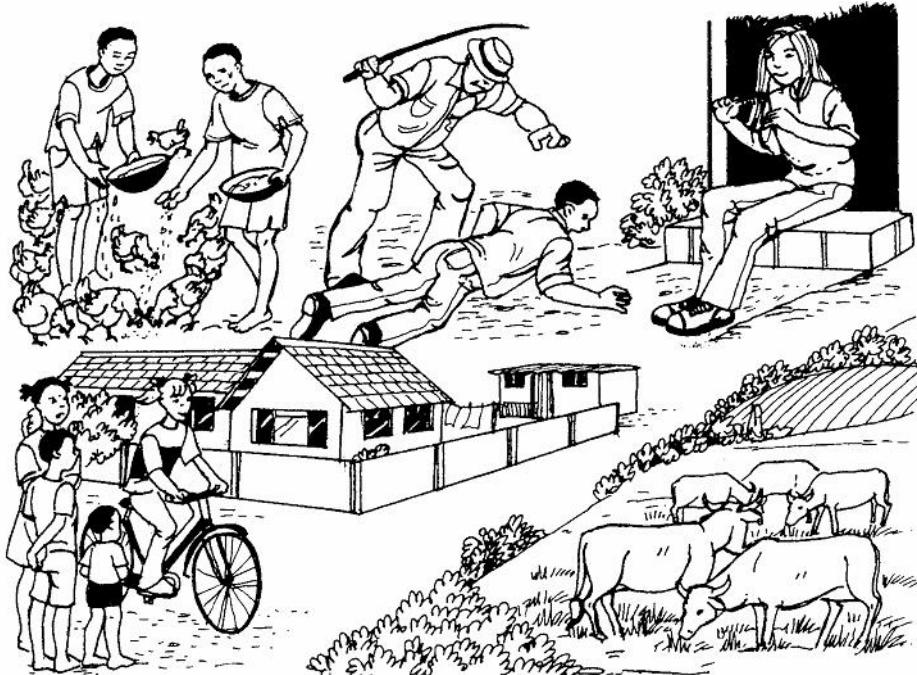
**Amagagasi: T.E Hadebe, T.L Ngema, Z.G Buthelezi.**

- 1.1.1 Ngowani lo mhlangano. Yini inhloso yawo? (2)
- 1.1.2 Ubani isimenywa esiqavile kulo mhlangano? (1)
- 1.1.3 Awuhashe leso simenywa ngezithopho zaso. (3)
- 1.1.4 Yini ekhombisa ukuthi lesi simenywa sesinesipiliyon ezihashweni zaso? (2)
- 1.1.5 Ungathi ungumuntu onjani uma ulandela inkulumo yakhe (2)
- 1.1.6 Nikeza izinto ezipemqoka ezimbili ezichumisa umlimi. (2)
- 1.1.7 Bhala la magama esiNgisi abhale ngesiZulu esihle.  
(a) Chairperson.  
(b) Permanent employee.  
(c) Salary.  
(d) Production. (4)
- 1.1.8 Ake usebenzise lezi zenzukuthi emishweni yakho ubonise ukuthi uyzazi.  
(i) Cotho-cotho. (2)  
(ii) Gxu -gxu. (2)
- 1.1.9 Basuke behkombisani abantu uma bethi woklo ihlombe (2)
- 1.1.10 Ngokuyizwa kwakho indaba impumelelo yomlimi ikuphi? (2)
- 1.1.11 Izisebenzi kumele ziholelw njani ekupheleni konyaka. (1)

**[25]**

- 1.2 Buka lesi sithombe ngokucophelela bese uphendula imibuzo elandelayo.

### A. Afezekile amaphupho



#### AMAGAGASI

- 1.2.1 Isihloko esithi afezekile amaphupho singayifanela yini le ndaba? Sekela. (2)
- 1.2.2 Wonke umuntu unomsebenzi wakhe kulo muzi. Fakazela okushoyo. (2)
- 1.2.3 Singasho yini ukuthi lo mnumzane ngumlimi onempumelelo? Ukusho ngani lokho. (2)
- 1.2.4 Ngokubona kwakho ingabe isenzo sikababa silungile noma asilungile yini? Sekela umbono wakho. (3)
- 1.2.5 Bhala inani labantu abakulesi sithombe ngamagama. (1)  
(10)

IMIKLOMELO YESIGABA A: [35]

**ISIGABA B**

**UMBUZO 2**

Fingqa lesi siqeshana ngamaphuzu amahlanu. Ungalahli umongo wendaba.

Enye yezingozi ezinyantisayo zomgwaqo ngeyenzeke ngeledlule eVan Reenen Pass okufe kuyo abomdabu abane kwalimala kabi abangu-7. Ngokusho kwasikhulu samaphoyisa eMnambithi bonke laba bantu bebehamba ndawonye ngeloli elincane. Kuthiwa le moto yabo iphume endleleni yanhlanhatha yaze yayophonseka esiweni. Kwesinye isiphihi sengozi esenzakele ngoLwesine kukade kungukhisimusi ngayizolo kufe ujuqu indoda kanye nomkayo, kwalimala kabi ingane yabo esencane eduze kwaseManzimtoti.

Izingqapheli zikhola ukuthi isibalo sabantu abafe ezingozini zemigwaqo kulesi sikhathi sonyaka sizokweqa kwesabafa nyakenye. Baba ngu-15 sebebonke abantu abafa ezingozini zemoto ngonyaka odlule. Njengoba sesenyuke saba ngu-14 isibalo salo nyaka engakapheli la maholide, kusolisa sengathi azothiephela sibe sinyuke kakhulu. Kwesinye isigameko owesifazane waseMgungundlovu usinde nge "Nkosi" ngesikhathi imoto yakhe iphaphalaza kuSweet Waters Road, maqede yaphonseka esiweni esingamamitha angu-20 ukushona phansi.

(IsiZulu Soqobo)

**[10]**

**IMIKLOMELO YESIGABA B:** **[10]**

**ISIGABA C**

**UMBUZO 3**

3.1 Bhala umusho owodwa usebenzise lezi zihlanganiso ezilandelayo.

3.1.1 Ukuba.

3.1.2 Futhi.

**(4)**

3.2 Guqla lezi zenzo ezidwetshelwe kule misho elandelayo zikhombe ukuphika.

3.2.1 UMtshali uphikisana nombono kathishanhloko.

3.2.2 Umama uma esekhulum ngale ndlela uyethusa.

**(4)**

3.3 Ezenzweni ezidwetshelwe sebenzisa isakhi esikhomba ukuthi isenzo sisaqhubeka.

Mina ngeke ngilalele imisakazo ngengane echwensa othisha kodwa ifunda isikole.

**(3)**

3.4 Gcwalisa izikhala ngezingcezu zenkulomo ezifanele ukuze lo musho uzwakale kahle.

3.4.1 "(isabizwana sokukhomba) ngane yoniwa ngabangane (ongumnini)", kusho (inani) othisha. (3)

3.5 Guqula amagama adwetshelwe kule misho abe ngondaweni.

3.5.1 Uzwe indoda ethile ikhulumu umsakazo.

3.5.2 La mazwi ezwakala izindlebe zabalalele. (2)

3.6 Bhala imisho emibili ibe sempambosini yokwenzisa neyokwenzana usebenzise lezi zenzo ezilandelayo emshweni.

3.6.1 Phatha. (2)

3.6.2 Bopha. (2)

3.7 Lungisa amagama akubakaki ukuze kufundeke.

3.7.1 Musa ukuvuma ukuba isigqila (sa + ubugebengu).

3.7.2 Isidingo (sa + inkululeko) angisiboni.

3.7.3 Uyanyonyoba (njenga + unwabu) 1x3=(3)

#### **UMBUZO 4**

4.1 Unikezwe igama kubakaki, lisebenzise uqale ngalo umusho.

4.1.1 Ngifumene umama ehlakula amasimu ommbila (izolo) (2)

4.2 Qondanisa umusho oku- **A** nencazeloyakhona eku- **B**.

<b>A</b>	<b>B</b>
4.2.1 Uyashesha ukuzwa uma ehletshwa	1. Unekhono
4.2.2 Uyaqaphelisa	2. Unenhliziyo
4.2.3 Uwenza kahle umsebenzi wakhe	3. Unethambo
4.2.4 Mude	4. Unodlebe
4.2.5 Uyabekezelwa	5. Uneso

1x5=(5)

4.3 Bhala izenzukuthi ezifanele ezichaza amagama adwetshelwe emshweni olandelayo. Khetha kunazi izenzukuthi: (xaxa, qwa, fahlafahla, bhuqe, mimilithi)

- 4.3.1 Umthengele ihembe elimhlophe \_\_\_\_\_
- 4.3.2 Wagwinya izambane walithi \_\_\_\_\_
- 4.3.3 Kumnyama \_\_\_\_\_
- 4.3.4 Bafanele bathole iholo elithe \_\_\_\_\_ ekupheleni konyaka.
- 4.3.5 Wasukuma wathi \_\_\_\_\_ amazwi wahlala phansi.

1x5=(5)

**IMIKLOMELO YESIGABA C : [35]**

**IMIKLOMELO ISIYONKE 80**