

**UMNYANGO WEZEFUNDO GAUTENG
SENIOR CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION**

**ISINDEBELE ILIMI LOKUTHOMA
IZINGA ELIPHEZULU
(Iphepha Lokuthoma)**

**Possible Answers
Feb / Mar 2006**

ISIGABA A

UMBUZO 1

- | | | |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| 1.1 | 1.1.1 Kubangwa isikhundla sobutitjherehloko. | (2) |
| | 1.1.2 Bawubhulelwa nguMarikiriki. | (1) |
| | 1.1.3 Ngokuyeletisa abafundi nangokubuyisela amatijhere emaklasini. | (2) |
| | 1.1.4 Izinto zatjharagana kwamanikelela abantwana bebangasafundiswa. | (2) |
| | 1.1.5 NguMabusa. | (1) |
| | 1.1.6 Bararwe kukuthi bayokufundiswa njani. | (1) |
| | 1.1.7 Babuthana haya e-ofisini. | (1) |
| | 1.1.8 (a) Kufanele barhuluphele iimfundo zabo.
(b) Nguye utitjherehloko | (1) |
| | | (1) |
| 1.2 | 1.2.1 Warhagala / wajama ngeenyawo walwa. | (1) |
| | 1.2.2 Lokho akutjhoko / akuvezako / akuphawulako. | (1) |
| | 1.2.3 Isikolo sahlangahlangana. | (1) |
| | 1.2.4 Ahlezi / Atjhimalele ngaphakathi. | (1) |
| | 1.2.5 Okufanele bakutjheje / baqalane nakho. | (1) |
| 1.3 | Isibabazo. | (1) |
| 1.4 | 1.4.1 Sobutitjherehlokvana.
1.4.2 kwasikhatjhana. | (1)
(1) |
| 1.5 | 1.5.1 Angabonakali.
1.5.2 Ayisiyo. | (1)
(1) |
| | | [22] |
| 1.6 | NguNomhlekhabo. | (1) |
| 1.7 | Mabili. | (1) |
| 1.8 | Kuyinto embi. Kunamalwelwe akhona. | (2) |
| 1.9.1 | Unekoloyi. | (1) |
| 1.9.2 | Unemali | (1) |
| 1.10.1 | Akezi njalo nje. | (1) |
| 1.10.2 | Akatjho bona uyokuthatha nini. | (1) |
| | | [8] |
| | | [30] |

AMAMAKSI WESIGABA A: [30]

ISIGABA B**UMBUZO 2**

- 2.1 Umona / ihliziyo embi. (2)
- 2.2 - Kwehlukaniswa hlangana nomuntu onomona kanye naloyo onganawo.
 - Imibono ehlukeneko yabantu ngomuntu onomona.
 - Abanye bathi boke abantu banomona akekho onganawo.
 - Umona useengazini umuntu belethwa nawo.
 - Uvezwa ngeendlela ezihlukileko. (8)

AMAMAKSI WESIGABA B: [10]**ISIGABA C****UMBUZO 3**

- | | | |
|-----|----------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| 3.1 | 3.1.1 (a) Godu. | (1) |
| | (b) Nanyana. | (1) |
| | 3.1.2 ilampi. | (1) |
| | 3.1.3 ihlabathi, ipata, indaba. | (1) |
| | 3.1.4 (a) Yona. | (1) |
| | (b) Khona. | (1) |
| | 3.1.5 (a) Emarharhakazi. | (1) |
| | (b) Kwamahlabathikazi. | (1) |
| | 3.1.6 lintolwana. | (1) |
| 3.2 | 3.2.1 Iyajikajika. | (1) |
| | 3.2.2 Selisalisa. | (1) |
| | 3.2.3 Sengikhumbulisia. | (1) |
| | 3.2.4 Kuzakufuneka. | (1) |
| | 3.2.5 ngizakuthiyela. | (1) |
| 3.3 | Mabizomvango. | (1) |
| | 3.3.1 Mkhaba + uyelela = Mkhabuyehlela. – ibizo + isenzo | (2) |
| | 3.3.2 intaba + ukujika = Yintabakujika. – ibizo + isenzo | (2) |
| 3.4 | 3.4.1 Isandiso sendawo. | (1) |
| | 3.4.2 Isabizwana sokukhomba kudana. | (1) |
| | 3.4.3 Isibanjalo. | (1) |
| | 3.4.4 Ubumnini. | (1) |
| | 3.4.5 Inani. | (1) |
| | 3.4.6 Isibanjalo. | (1) |
| 3.5 | 3.5.1 Ipata. | (1) |
| | 3.5.2 ngitike. | (1) |
| | 3.5.3 kwanjesi. | (1) |
| | 3.5.4 ihlabathi. | (1) |
| | 3.5.5 ukudonda. | (1) |

3.6	3.6.1 -hlabath-	(1)
	3.6.2 -lamp-	(1)
	3.6.3 -zukul-	(1)
3.7	3.7.1 ipatana.	(1)
	3.7.2 kuhlana.	(1)
	3.7.3 umbunjwana.	(1)
	3.7.4 umrarwana	(1)
3.8	3.8.1 Indabakazi.	(1)
	3.8.2 Ihlabathikazi	(1)
	3.8.3 Eengazinikazi	(1)
		[7]

UMBUZO 4

4.1	Kade (1) kwakukhona umalwelwe afana nomungu, (1) amabura, (1) isithuthwani, (1) amatsinini, (1) ilelemama, (1) umkhohlokhohlo namanye, <u>Namhlanje</u> (1) kunobulwelwe be <u>AIDS</u> kanye ne <u>HIV</u> .	(10)
4.2	4.2.1 Ongunobangela. 4.2.2 Ezinesilungelelo. 4.2.3 Ukuhlukaniswa. 4.2.4 Kungebangalani. 4.2.5 Siyokubhudabhudana.	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) [5]
4.3	Indlwami yihle kwamanikelela begodu ikarisa tle njenganje ngihlalelana nayo.	(5) [20]

AMAMAKSI WESIGABA D: [60]

INANI LOKE: 100