## **Edexcel GCSE**

**Mathematics (Linear) – 1MA0** 

# StudentBounty.com MIXED TRANSFORMATIONS

Materials required for examination

Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser. Tracing paper may be used.

Items included with question papers



#### **Instructions**

Use black ink or ball-point pen.

Fill in the boxes at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number. Answer all questions.

Answer the questions in the spaces provided – there may be more space than you need. Calculators may be used.

#### **Information**

The marks for each question are shown in brackets – use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Questions labelled with an asterisk (\*) are ones where the quality of your written communication will be assessed – you should take particular care on these questions with your spelling, punctuation and grammar, as well as the clarity of expression.

### Advice

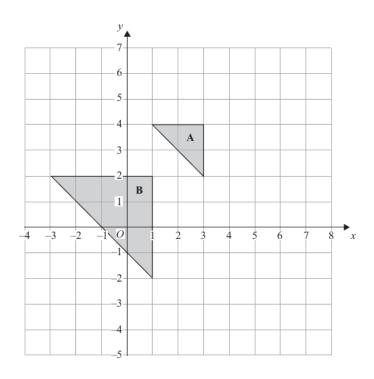
Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.

Keep an eye on the time.

Try to answer every question.

Check your answers if you have time at the end.

1.

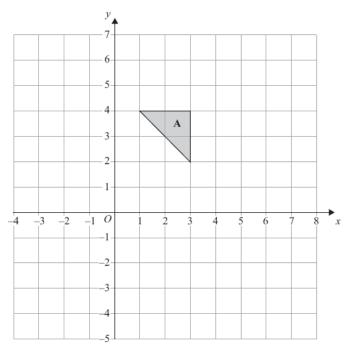


Triangle  ${\bf A}$  and triangle  ${\bf B}$  are drawn on the grid.

(a) Describe fully the single transformation which maps triangle  $\bf A$  onto triangle  $\bf B$ .

.....

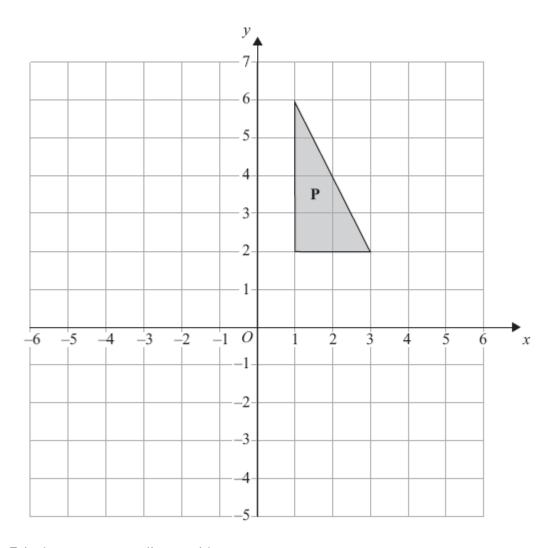
(3)



(b) Reflect triangle **A** in the line x = 4

**(2)** 

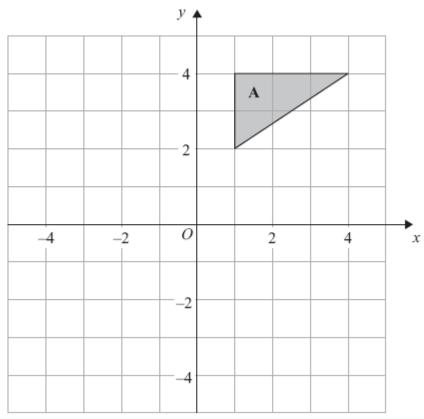
(5 marks)



Triangle  ${\bf P}$  is drawn on a coordinate grid.

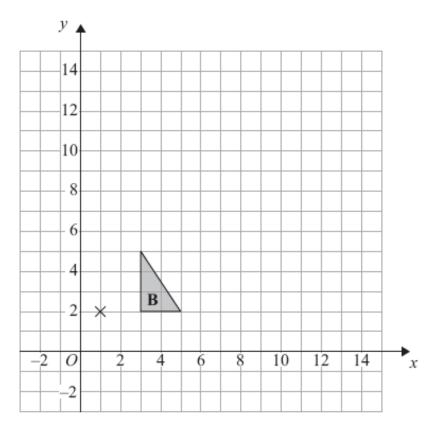
(3 m	arks
	•••
	••
Describe runy the single transformation which maps triangle 1 onto triangle Q.	
Describe fully the single transformation which maps triangle $\bf P$ onto triangle $\bf Q$ .	
	-
The triangle <b>P</b> is reflected in the line $x = -1$ and then reflected in the line $y = 1$ to give triangle <b>Q</b>	<b>)</b> .

**3.** 



(a) Rotate triangle  $\mathbf{A}$  90° clockwise, centre O.

(2)

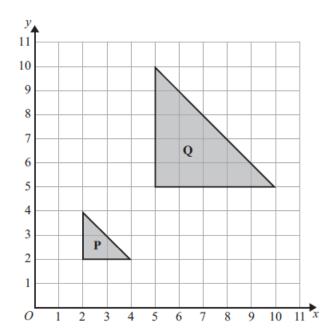


(b) Enlarge triangle  $\bf B$  by scale factor 3, centre (1, 2).

(3)

(5 marks)

4.



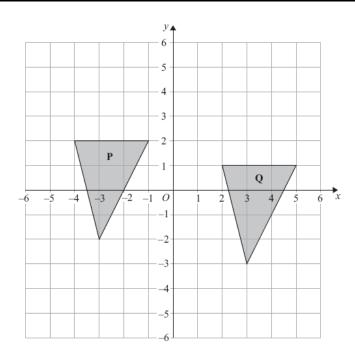
Describe fully the single transformation that maps shape  $\boldsymbol{P}$  onto shape  $\boldsymbol{Q}$ .

.....

.....

(3 marks)

5.

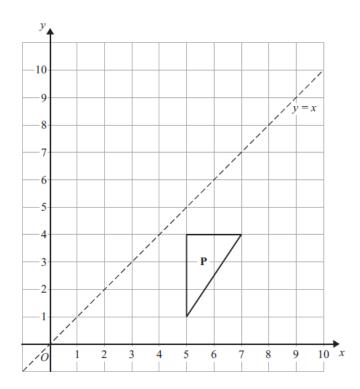


Describe fully the single transformation that maps triangle  ${\bf P}$  onto triangle  ${\bf Q}$ .

.....

(3 marks)

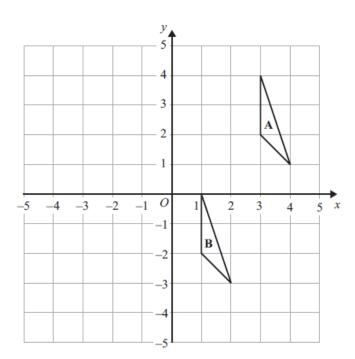
**6.** (a)



Reflect shape **P** in the line y = x

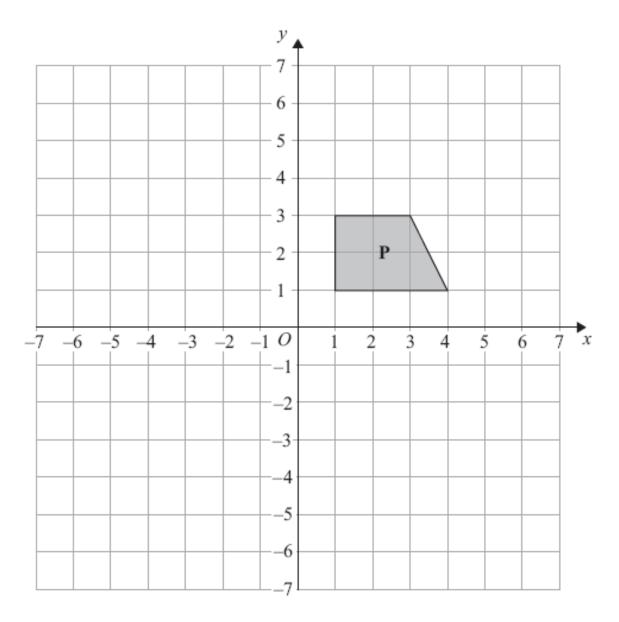
**(2)** 

(b)



Describe fully the single	transformation that maps triangle A onto triangle B.	
		•••••

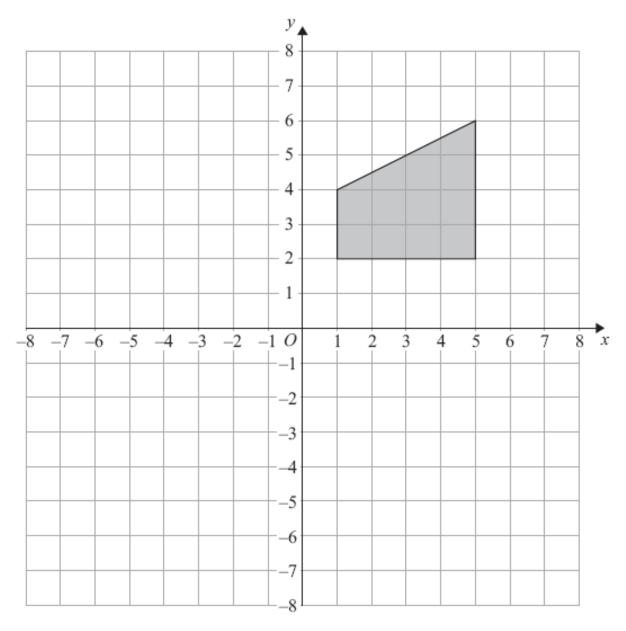
(2) (4 marks)



Shape **P** is reflected in the line x = -1 to give shape **Q**.

Shape <b>Q</b> is reflected in the line $y = 0$ to give shape <b>R</b> .	
--	--

(3	marks)
	•••••
Describe fully the <b>single</b> transformation that maps shape <b>P</b> onto shape <b>R</b> .	



Rotate the shaded shape  $90^{0}$  clockwise about the point (1, -1).

(3 marks)