Science Paper A

Mark Scheme

2006

0 min 0 marks

1.	(a)	Award TWO marks for all four statements correctly classified:	2
		The pictures show that as the corn pops, it	
		True False	
		gets bigger.	
	or	changes to a darker colour	
		changes shape.	
		gets smoother.	
		If you are unable to award two marks, award ONE mark for any two or three statements correctly classified.	1
	(b)	Award ONE mark for:	1
		Sasha should measure the	
		temperature.	
	(c)	Award ONE mark for:	1
		heat 🗸	
	(d)	Award ONE mark for identifying/ describing a non-reversible change where a new material is produced, eg:	1
		 (wood/paper/candle) burning; 	
		 egg being boiled; 	
		 mixing vinegar and bicarbonate of soda; 	
		 cooking a cake/biscuits; 	
		 making a cake; 	
		• boiling rice/spaghetti;	
		 making paper from wood/trees. Give credit for a correct response that goes beyond the key stage 2 	

programme of study which names a chemical change:

- combustion;corrosion/rusting;
- respiration/photosynthesis.

ONE mark may be awarded for identifying a biological non-reversible change:

- an apple decaying/going rotten;
- a seed growing into a plant.

ONE mark may be awarded for a response identifying a material and what it changes into:

- changing bread into toast;
- paper to ashes;
- a grape turning into a raisin;
- milk turning into cheese;
- changing sand to glass.

Do not give credit for an insufficient response:

- heating food [heating may not result in an irreversible change];
- boiling.

Do not give credit for an insufficient response explicitly relating to popcorn:

• the popcorn cannot change back to seeds again.

Do not give credit for an insufficient response naming a non-reversible physical process in which the material is not changed:

- breaking a cup/glass;
- dropping an egg;
- ripping paper;
- popping a balloon.

Do not give credit for an insufficient response identifying a new material without identifying the change:

- a cake is non-reversible;
- candle [the wax burns and melts]
- chips;
- toast.

2	(a)	Award ONE made for	1
<i>2</i> .	(a)	Award ONE mark for:	1
		• The force from the water pushing the boat up. ☐	
(b)	(b)	Award ONE mark for recognising that the larger lump of modelling clay makes boat 2 sit lower in the water or that boat 2 is heavier:	
		• boat 2 has more clay;	

[5]

- the lump of clay in boat 2 is bigger/ heavier;
- the clay makes it heavier;
- the heavier the boat, the lower it sinks;
- it is heavier/weighs more;
- there is more force (pulling/pushing) down.

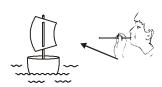
ONE mark may be awarded for an absolute response implying that boat 2 has more modelling clay than boat 1:

- boat 2 has a lot of clay;
- boat 2 is heavy.

Do not give credit for an insufficient response:

- the clay is weighing down the boat;
- boat 2 floats lower because of the modelling clay;
- there is a force.
- (c) Award **ONE** mark for a horizontal arrow pointing left drawn **anywhere** on the picture:

ONE mark may be awarded for an arrow pointing left that is within 45° of the horizontal:



Do not give credit for an insufficient response where a line is drawn from the straw to the sail with no arrowhead.

- (d) Award **ONE** mark for:
 - friction.

ONE mark may be awarded for:

- air resistance;
- water resistance;
- drag.

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Do not give credit for a response that includes incorrect science:

• gravity/weight.

Do not give credit for an insufficient response describing friction:

- (the force from the) air/water/wind.
- (e) Award **ONE** mark for a response indicating that the big sail will have a greater pushing/blowing force on it:
 - the force on the big sail is larger;
 - there is more sail for the blowing force to act on;
 - there is a bigger force because it has more sail to push;
 - the small sail will not get as much pushing force so it will be slower.

ONE mark may be awarded for a response indicating that the big sail catches or traps more air/wind, pushing it along (faster/further):

- the bigger sail catches more wind and is pushed faster;
- more air will collect in the big sail to push it along.

Do not give credit for a response that includes incorrect science:

• air resistance makes the boat go faster.

Do not give credit for an insufficient response where the forces on the sail have not been described:

- the bigger the sail, the faster the boat [this is a consequence of a bigger force, not a description of the force];
- the big sail will catch the wind better;
- a bigger sail will catch more wind;
- the small sail does not get as much wind;
- the wind will blow the bigger sail faster [given].

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3. ((a)	Award ONE	mark for	all four	animals	correctly pl	aced.
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Name	Legs	Wings	Antennae
butterfly	6	4	2
hoverfly	6	2	2
ant	6	0	2
spider	8	0	0

Do not give credit for an insufficient response that replaces 'butterfly' or 'hoverfly' with 'fly'.

	(b)	Award ONE mark for:	1
		in the place where they were found	
	()		1
	(c)	Award ONE mark for correctly naming both animals:	1
		(i) dragonfly; and(ii) housefly;[in that order].	
		Do not give credit for an insufficient	
		response for naming either insect as 'fly'.	
	(d)	Award ONE mark for both boxes ticked:	1
		has a long thin tail	
		has 4 wings	
			[4]
4.	(a)	Award ONE mark for:	1
		a pulling force	
		towards the Earth	
	(b)	Award ONE mark for an indication that Newton needed evidence to support his ideas or so that he could be more certain of his ideas:	1
		• to gather evidence to support (or reject) his ideas;	
		• to see if his ideas were supported by his results/investigations;	
		• to see if his predictions were correct;	
		• to find out if other things fall from the same force;	
		• if he said anything without investigating it, other people may find	
		something different.	

ONE mark may be awarded for a response that implies he would know if his ideas were true:

- to see whether his ideas were right/ wrong;
- to see if it/his idea works/is true;
- to check his ideas;
- to know (for sure) which force causes the apple to fall;
- *if he just guessed he may be wrong;*
- so he could know why the apple fell on his head:
- *if he did not test, he would not know what happened.*

Do not give credit for an insufficient response:

- to test his ideas [given];
- to make sure;
- to see if his results are true;
- to check his results; [these responses imply an investigation has already been carried out];
- to see if he had the right/correct answer [implies results for his ideas have been determined previously];
- to make it a fair test;
- to make it accurate;
- to see if the investigation worked.
- (c) Award **ONE** mark for recognising that gravitational force is responsible for keeping the Earth in orbit:
 - gravity.

ONE mark may be awarded for:

• weight.

Do not give credit for an insufficient response describing gravitational force:

- a pulling force towards the Earth.
- (d) Award **ONE** mark for a response giving a time period equivalent to a year:
 - 1 year;
 - 52 weeks;
 - 365-366 days [inclusive].

Do not give credit for an insufficient response that gives no units or uses inappropriate units:

- *365*;
- 52 days.
- (e) Award **ONE** mark for a response that clearly describes the Earth spinning

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on its axis to cause day and night:

- it rotates;
- it spins (on its axis);
- it turns on its axis.

ONE mark may be awarded for:

- it revolves;
- (it moves) on its axis.

Do not give credit for an insufficient response implying night and day are caused by the Earth orbiting the Sun:

- it turns around the Sun;
- it orbits.

Do not give credit for an insufficient response:

- it turns;
- it goes (a)round;
- during the day, the Earth is facing the Sun, at night the Earth is facing away from the Sun/facing the Moon.

[5]

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- **5.** (a) Award **ONE** mark for an indication **either** that the trunk transports water/nutrients or that the trunk supports the tree:
 - the trunk carries/moves water and nutrients (from the roots to the leaves);
 - the trunk supports the tree/leaves/ branches;
 - the trunk holds the tree upright.
 - Give credit for a correct response that goes beyond the key stage 2 programme of study:
 - it carries food to the roots/parts of the plant that are growing;
 - the trunk/it stores water.

ONE mark may be awarded for a response indicating a supporting function of the trunk/stem which works in conjunction with the roots:

- to keep/hold it up;
- to stand up (straight);
- to keep it stable/steady;
- to stop the tree blowing over.

Do not give credit for a response that includes incorrect science:

- it absorbs/takes in/sucks up water/ nutrients from the soil;
- to anchor the tree; [these responses refer to functions of the roots];
- it feeds the tree.
- (b) Award **ONE** mark for naming leaves:
 - (the) leaf.

ONE mark may be awarded for a response indicating a green part:

• green twig/branch/stalk.

Do not give credit for a response that includes incorrect science:

- roots:
- flowers.

Do not give credit for an insufficient response:

- the stem/stalk/trunk [the stem can only photosynthesise if it is green].
- (c) Award **ONE** mark for a response indicating that less light is available or that the tree may not have leaves (for the production of new materials for growth) **or** that water and/or nutrients may be less accessible to the tree (as the ground is more likely to be frozen):
 - (the hours of daylight are shorter so) there is less light/sunshine;
 - the (sun)light is not as intense/strong;
 - the tree has lost its leaves (so it cannot make new material for growth);
 - trees cannot get the nutrients (out of the ground);
 - there is less water because it is frozen;
 - the tree cannot make enough food (to grow).
 - ◆ **Give** credit for a correct response that goes beyond the key stage 2 programme of study:
 - there is less photosynthesis;
 - there is less light/water taken in (by the tree) for photosynthesis.

ONE mark may be awarded for a response referring to the Sun rather than to light:

- the Sun does not get so high in the sky;
- there is less Sun (in winter).

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Do not give credit for a response that includes incorrect science:

- trees die in winter;
- trees get less food from the Sun.

Do not give credit for an insufficient response implying there is complete darkness during winter:

- there is no sunlight/Sun;
- trees need light to grow.

Do not give credit for an insufficient response:

- there is less heat;
- it is cold; [given];
- there is less water/nutrients;
- (trees get) less food.
- (d) (i) Award **ONE** mark for:

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• Norway maple.

ONE mark may be awarded for an unambiguous indication of the correct tree:

- Norway/maple.
- (ii) Award ONE mark for:

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• Alder buckthorn.

ONE mark may be awarded for an unambiguous indication of the correct tree:

• Alder/buckthorn.

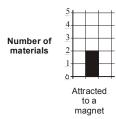
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6. (a) (i) Award **ONE** mark for 1 to 5 marked on the vertical or y axis:

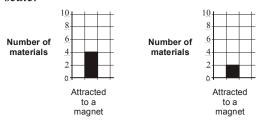


ONE mark may be awarded for a sequence of 1, 2, 3, or 1, 2, 3, 4 correctly placed:





ONE mark may be awarded for 2 squares shaded if the scale is incorrect/missing or for a bar drawn consistently with an incorrect scale:



- (b) Award **ONE** mark for a response recognising that the results are not referred to or interpreted:
 - she has not talked about what she has found out/what happened/her results;
 - it does not give reasons/an explanation.

ONE mark may be awarded for a response which implies that there is not enough information **or** recognises that 'good' is not defined:

- it does not tell you anything;
- it needs to tell you more about the results;
- it has not got enough detail;
- we need more information;
- it does not tell us why it is good;
- she needs to explain 'good'.

Do not give credit for an insufficient response which refers to a prediction or method, or which presents a conclusion:

- she does not say what was supposed to happen;
- *she has not talked about what she did;*
- it does not describe the investigation;
- metals were attracted to the magnet.

Do not give credit for an insufficient response:

- it does not tell you her conclusion;
- she is just saying it is good;
- she does not use scientific words;
- it does not say why it is attracted to the materials.
- (c) Award **TWO** marks for all five observations correctly classified:

Observation	Supports	Supports	Does not
	Ali's and	only Jane's	support
	Jane's ideas	idea	either idea
The iron nail is attracted	√		
to the magnet.			
The steel clip is attracted	✓		
to the magnet.			
The metal coin is not		✓	
attracted to the magnet			
The modelling clay is not			✓
attracted to the magnet.			
The chocolate is not			✓
attracted to the magnet			

or

If you are unable to award two marks, award **ONE** mark for **any three** or **four** correct observations.

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- (d) Award **ONE** mark for an indication that the suggested change would give a different investigation:
- they only want to know if the material is attracted or not;
- they were not testing the strength of the magnets;
- it was not what they were testing.

ONE mark may be awarded for a response suggesting measurement is not needed for their investigation:

- how far it moves does not matter;
- it would not make any difference;
- it has nothing to do with the test.

ONE mark may be awarded for a response recognising that only some of the materials are magnetic:

- if it is not attracted to the magnet it will not move;
- only steel/iron will attract the magnet;
- chocolate would never move;
- some materials were not magnetic.

Do not give credit for a response that includes incorrect science which is not supported by the results of the investigation:

- the materials all move the same distance;
- all the materials attract so it will not work:
- some metals repel magnets.

Do not give credit for an insufficient response:

- measuring would not help;
- it is easier to see.

[6[

- 7. (a) (i) Award **ONE** mark for a response that names or describes **evaporation**:
 - 1:

- the (hot) water evaporates;
- it changes into water vapour;
- it evaporates.
- (ii) Award **ONE** mark for a response that names or describes **condensation**:

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- the water vapour condenses into liquid;
- the (cold) plate causes the evaporated water to condense;
- the water vapour turns back into liquid;
- it condenses.

ONE mark may be awarded for:

• it evaporates/changes into steam.

ONE mark may be awarded if evaporation is the only process named or described.

ONE mark may be awarded for:

• the steam condenses/changes into water.

ONE mark may be awarded if condensation is the only process named or described.

Do not give credit in **both** a)i) **and** a)ii) for a response that includes incorrect science indicating that the water comes from the melting ice:

• water from the melting ice cubes drips through/underneath the plate.

Do not give credit in **either** a)i) **or** a)ii) for a response that includes incorrect science despite using the words evaporation and/or condensation:

- the gas evaporates and then condenses so that liquid forms under the plate [mark for a)i) only cannot be awarded];
- the water condenses because of the heat and turns into water vapour [mark for a)ii) cannot be awarded];
- the heat touches the cold plate and condenses [mark for a)ii) cannot be awarded].

Do not give credit in **either** a)i) **or** a)ii) for a response that includes incorrect science where steam is referred to as a liquid:

- the steam evaporates [mark for a)i) cannot be awarded];
- the gas cools and changes into steam on the bottom of the plate [mark for a)ii) cannot be awarded].

Do not give credit for an insufficient response:

- hot air condenses on the plate [there is likely to be water vapour in the air, but this needs to be explicit].
- (b) Award **ONE** mark for labelling the horizontal axis with time **and** giving minutes as the unit of measurement:
 - time (in) mins.

ONE mark may be awarded for:

- minutes:
- how long it takes in minutes.

Do not give credit for a response that includes incorrect science giving the units of time as anything other than minutes:

- time (seconds);
- hours:
- seconds:
- time (m) ['m' is the unit of measurement for metres].

Do not give credit for an insufficient response:

- time [does not give units];
- how long [does not give units and could refer to length].

(c) Award ONE mark for an explan	ation that salt increases the rate of melting
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- salt makes ice melt quicker;
- ice melts more quickly when salt is added.

ONE mark may be awarded for:

- the water comes through the funnel faster when he adds salt;
- salt melts the ice better;
- ice melts easier with salt.

Do not give credit for an insufficient response:

- water melts quicker with salt;
- the salt melts the ice quickly [the ice melts without salt as well];
- ice melts without salt;
- salt affects the rate at which ice melts; [these responses do not describe the effect of adding salt].

(d) Award ONE mark for	(d)	Award	ONE	mark	for
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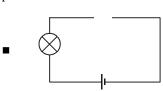
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He did not try different amounts of salt.

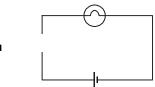


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8. (a) (i) Award **ONE** mark for a correctly drawn symbol for a light bulb in either position in the circuit:



ONE mark may be awarded for an obsolete symbol for the bulb:



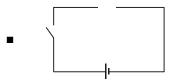
Do not give credit for a response that includes incorrect science where a bulb symbol has been incorrectly drawn in the circuit:



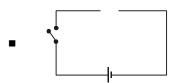


(ii) Award **ONE** mark for a correctly drawn symbol for a switch in either position in the circuit:

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ONE mark may be awarded for an obsolete symbol for the switch:



Do not give credit for a response that includes incorrect science where a switch symbol has been incorrectly drawn in the circuit:





(b) Award **ONE** mark for naming **one** of the following properties:

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- (electrical) conductor;
- flexible.

ONE mark may be awarded for a description of a property:

- it is easy to cut;
- electricity goes through metal.

ONE mark may be awarded for a response indicating that the foil needs to be rigid enough to stay against the roof of the tunnel:

• it is a bit rigid so that it can stand up (to touch the tunnel).

Do not give credit for an insufficient response:

- it is metal/aluminium;
- the foil is rigid [implies no flexibility and offers no explanation].
- (c) Award **ONE** mark for an understanding that the bulb does not light up because there is a break in the circuit:

- *The circuit* is not complete;
- The circuit has a gap in it.

- ◆ **Give credit** for a correct response that goes beyond the key stage 2 programme of study:
- The circuit is open;
- The circuit has no current flowing.

ONE mark may be awarded for:

- The circuit is broken;
- The circuit is not completely joined up;
- The circuit is not connected (properly);
- The circuit is switched off.

Do not give credit for an insufficient response:

- The circuit does not have enough electricity/energy;
- The circuit needs both foil strips to touch;
- The circuit has only one foil strip touching; [given].

