English

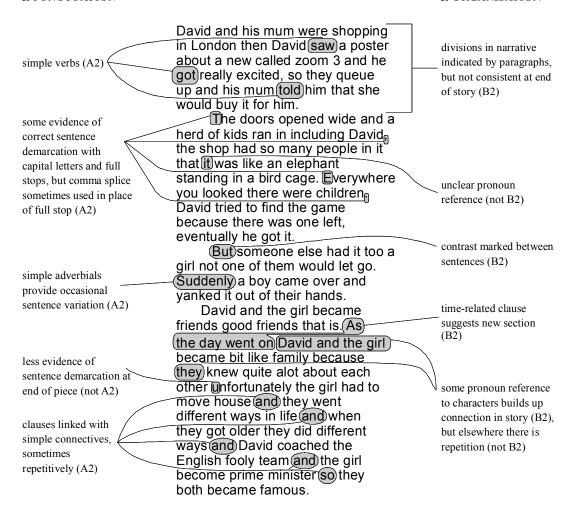
Writing Test Exemplars

2003

1. The Queue: Exemplar 1

SENTENCE STRUCTURE & PUNCTUATION

TEXT STRUCTURE & ORGANISATION



SENTENCE STRUCTURE & PUNCTUATION

Summary

Simple sentence structure with some limited variation (eg adverbials) leads to Band A2. Some weaknesses in sentence punctuation suggest the lower mark in band.

Band A2 - 2 marks

TEXT STRUCTURE & ORGANISATION

Summary

Attempts to divide the story using paragraphs and time references lead to Band B2. Some repetition and lack of clarity in character and pronoun reference suggest the lower mark in band.

Band B2 – 2 marks

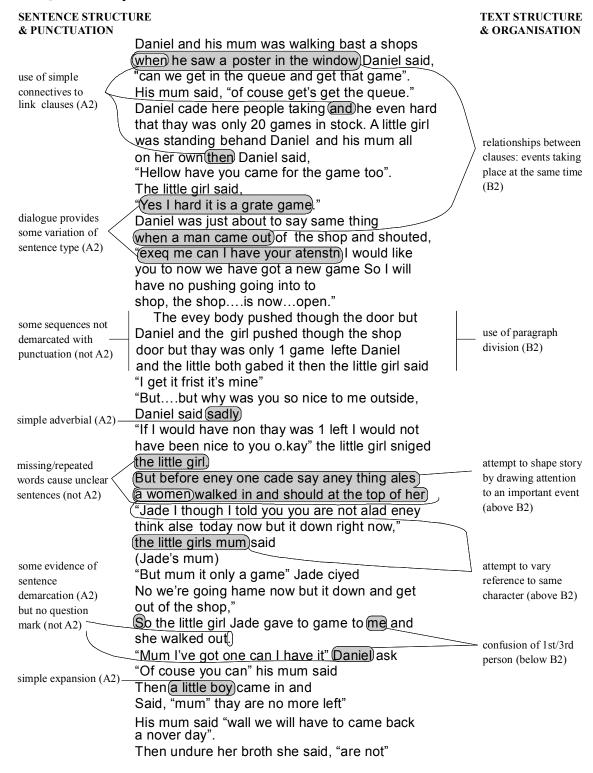
COMPOSITION & EFFECT

- Character development limited as reported speech used rather than dialogue (*his mum told him*); some attempt to develop events (*Suddenly a boy came over*) (C2).
- Viewpoint: some observation of David's feelings (really excited) but not sustained (C2).
- Some attempts at precise vocabulary to describe behaviour (*yanked*) but use of figurative language is not entirely successful (C2).

Summary

Use of story form, some evidence of viewpoint and development of events suggest Band C2. Lack of character development supported by dialogue or description justifies lowest mark in band.

Band C2 - 3 marks



SENTENCE STRUCTURE & PUNCTUATION

Summary

Simple attempts to vary sentence construction through speech suggest Band A2, but some incomplete sentences and inconsistency of demarcation point to lower mark in band.

Band A2 - 2 marks

TEXT STRUCTURE & ORGANISATION

Some evidence of paragraph division and organisation of the story sequence lead to Band B2. Greater clarity of reference to characters would be necessary for award in a higher band.

Band B2 - 3 marks

COMPOSITION & EFFECT

- Some development of events: entry of Jade's mum prepared for by earlier reference in queue (all on her own). Dialogue between characters interests reader but detracts from pace (C2).
- Viewpoint: main outcome suggests moral framework as Jade's disobedience is punished (above C2).
- Vocabulary choices often simple but occasionally apt (*atenstn*) or descriptive (*gabed*). Humorous ending attempted (*are not*) (C2).

Summary

Story form used to present a moral tale with attempts to amuse reader. Some development of characters through direct speech (C2) although more developed use of pace and balance between dialogue and narration would be necessary for mark in higher band.

Band C2 - 5 marks

SENTENCE STRUCTURE & PUNCTUATION

TEXT STRUCTURE & ORGANISATION

Lee and his mum were at the large Shopping Centre buying clothes for the summer. They some variety of stopped to have lunch at Burger King and then subordinating carried on. Lee was moaning because he connectives (A3) detests shopping but his mum dragged him some logical divisions in along anyway. text help shape story, but other transitions are When they were walking the passed the games less meaningful (B3) store. They started to wonder why there was such a long queue. Something cought his ey on the Shop window. "Mum" he yelled (the new) game I have wanted for ages. Can we join the fragmented sentence and end of the queue please?" "No" she replyed firmly, different sentence types "we are shopping for clothes not silly game toys. in dialogue (A3) We will come back later." They will be gone. inverted commas mostly varied reference to same "Ok then if we don't get in in half an hour we used correctly (A3) character links through will carry on" (she) replyed (shaking her head) whole text (B3) "Thanks (Mum), you're the best" he (flipped) into adverbial adds variety the back of the queue. "Stop doing those silly (A3)flips of yours you'll hurt yourself one day". "Stop fussing." tense varies appropriately (A3): The man came to open the shop and everyone present in speech poured in knocking some items off the shelf. past for narration "Carefull" the man shouted but no one herd him as there was so much other noise going on around him. noun phrases mostly simple, with occasional variation (not A3) Lee picked up the last game but some one else got hold of it too, they gave it too Lees mum and the girl got to have it. So they walked away Lee was in a mood and the girl skipped happily. Lee went home and there was a parcel sitting on (the kilien table with his name on), he unwrapped connected events sentence demarcation it. It was the new games from Lucy Smith. He within paragraph not always secure shouted with glee. but how it got here so fast? develop from main (not A3) he didnt know until Dad told him she dropped 'topic' sentence (B3) it off. She had saved it behind the counter of her shop in the shopping centre.

SENTENCE STRUCTURE & PUNCTUATION

Summary

Evidence of sentence variation through adverbials, different sentence types and subordination leads to Band A3. Limited phrasal expansion and some weaknesses in sentence punctuation suggest lower mark in band.

Band A3 - 4 marks

TEXT STRUCTURE & ORGANISATION

Summary

Use of paragraphs to divide groups of related events, and development of events within the paragraph lead to Band B3. More secure use of time and place shifts to shape story would be necessary for higher mark in band.

Band B3 - 4 marks

COMPOSITION & EFFECT

- Adaptation of story events to provide surprise at end of story. Relationship between Lee and Mum built up through dialogue and narration (Lee was moaning) (C3).
- Viewpoint: reader experiences events mostly from Lee's perspective adds interest to ending (how it got here so fast?) (C3).
- Conversational language between characters creates realistic impression although use of speech not sustained. Some vocabulary choices are descriptive (poured) (C3).

Summary

Character development, maintenance of viewpoint and realistic dialogue supporting adaptation of events suggest Band C3. More interaction between characters to support second half of story is needed for higher mark in band.

Band C3 - 7 marks

SENTENCE STRUCTURE & PUNCTUATION

variation in verb use to convey a range of meanings (A4): continuous action · past tense modal present tense < passive construction

full punctuation of direct speech (A4), although some opportunities to use commas within the sentence have been missed (not A4)

phrases expanded to allow additional levels of detail (A4)

constructions used (A4)

combination of (The stand was in sight)(The stand) simple and complex upon which stood: 'zap.

> Oh know there was only one game left. The girl from the gueue was about the same distance away from the game as ed. They both ran forward and grabbed the game. 'It's mine!'

'No mine!'

'What's happening?' Trish rushed forward 'Oh hello Gabby!' 'Hi Aunty Trish!' Gabby said. 'Aunty?' Then he rembered 'Oh your my cousin!' Gabby and Ed share the game.

TEXT STRUCTURE & ORGANISATION

> reference to main characters (Ed, Trish) and the game established in the first paragraph and link through whole text unambiguously (B3)

AGAIN!' After lot's of begging and pleading and whining from Ed, Trish gave up. They got into the queue and waited. Ed recognised a girl near the front of the queue but he couldn't think where he'd seen her before. Half an hour later the doors opened.

'WOW!' Ed was standing infront of the biggist shop in town - the toy store.

There was a huge poster in the window

Ed pressed his nose against the smooth

glass. He could feel the game with his

fingers and he knew he had to buy it.

'Mum! (Mum)! Come look at this!'(Trish)

came over, pushing (her) way through

store. 'Okay(I'm)here, what is it now?'

'Oh yes. Now come on we'll be late!'

'It can be my birthday and christmas

'You've already used up your birthday

on(that games console you never use)

MUM! I'LL NEVER SPEAK TO YOU

'Mum! Please won't you buy it for me?

enjoy hours of fun playing it!'

and christmas presents

PLEASE!'

'No Ed.'

present!'

(anymore).

crowds of people queueing to enter the

'Oh Mum look 'zap' it's been relased) set free, waiting for children to pick it up and

advertising 'zap' the latest computor game.

The crowd forgot about queuing and just ran into the shop.

The people at the front of the gueue got shoved aside. Ed ran in he kicked a few people and elbowed others out of the way. He lost his mum in the big rush.

paragraph boundaries support main changes of location and clarify the shape of the story (above B3)

> within-paragraph organisation: events developed from the introductory sentence about the stand (B3), although control is weakened by the rapid resolution

SENTENCE STRUCTURE & PUNCTUATION

Summary

Evidence of variety and range in sentence construction, expansion and range of punctuation lead to Band A4. Some inconsistency within sentence punctuation suggests lower mark in band.

Band A4 - 6 marks

TEXT STRUCTURE & ORGANISATION

Summary

Support of story shape through paragraph divisions and secure reference and development of ideas within sections lead to the upper mark in Band B3. Further control of overall text structure is necessary for award in higher band.

Band B3 - 5 marks

COMPOSITION & EFFECT

- Differentiation of main characters established through Ed's attempts to persuade his mum. Attempt to prepare for ending (couldn't think where he'd seen her) (C3) but weakened by pacing.
- Viewpoint maintained: Ed's efforts to get game portrayed with humour. Events (He lost his mum in the big rush) do not have serious consequences (C3).
- Detail used to suggest convincing character feeling (pressed his nose against the smooth glass) but little description of inside shop (C3).

Summary

Character development and events supporting chosen viewpoint merit Band C3. More effective use of pace and description is needed for higher mark in band.

Band C3 - 6 marks

SENTENCE STRUCTURE & PUNCTUATION

TEXT STRUCTURE & ORGANISATION

Zac walked quickly along the pavement. He wanted to go to the toy shop. They had been shopping for quite a long time and so far it had been boring and tedious, they had been looking at clothes for Mum. so he wished to go to at least a couple of good shops.

range of punctuation used accurately (A4): speech marks ellipsis varied sentence demarcation comma omission apostrophe

As he approached the shop, his attention was drawn to a bright green poster on the wall. He began to read the poster aloud. "New game, here today... Mum, mum look at this it's a new Simpsons game! Can we buy it? Please!" "Well we'll just see what its like first!"

phrase expanded by, subordinate clause (A4)

The only problem was that the shop didn't open for 15 minutes and there was a huge line of custommers who probably wanted to buy the game too. Zac was feeling anxious, what if there wasn't enough? But, there'll probably be hundreds there! Yes, but there is loads of customers. Zac's head was full of thoughts, he felt like he was going to explode! "How long to go mum?" asked Zac.

"Oh, em, just five more minute's love." replied mum. Zac looked at the poster again to try to pass some time. The game looked exciting and only five pounds and ninety nine pence. internal paragraph organisation: theme of Zac's growing anticipation develops from opening sentence (B3)

comma splice (not A4) additional word gives specific meaning to sentence (A4) Zac noticed a man at the door the shop was now open. Zac was normally a polite boy, but, he really wanted this game so he pushed his way into the building and ran to the board games. He ran as fast as a cheetah, and grabbed the first game he saw. He rushed to find his mum.

At the checkout there wasn't much of a queue and they were out in a flash. They walked back to the bus stop and waited for the bus. As soon as the right bus came Zac leaped into the air, he couldn't wait to get home, his best friend Tom was coming over for tea, they would be able to play it whilst watching tv.

verbs used to express differences in meaning (A4): continuous action

possibility (modal)

When they arrived home, as soon as they got inside the house, Zac grabbed the phone and punched in the numbers of Toms mobile phone number. Ring, ring! Ring, ring! "Hello, Tom is that you?"

"Yes of course its me! It is my mobile!"

"Do you want to come over now!"
"Yes, I'll get my mum to drive me"

attempt to use paragraph boundary – but division does not fully support story developments (B3)

paragraph boundary signals change in location to home (B3) punctuation and sentence construction weaker at end of piece (not A4):

some missing full stops' simple connectives used repetitively

Ding, dong! Zac rushed to answer the door.
"Hi, come on in!" Zac showed Tom his new game and they began to read the instructions. "I'll be the blue one" Shouted Zac "I'll have the red one then!" said Tom

They played it most of the time that Tom was there and Zac was glad he bought it, Buzz lightyear was of the favourite toy shelf and in its place was his new simpson's game. "Sorry Buzz! Your getting old now!" Zac thought to himself.

proper nouns and pronouns clearly link character references throughout the text (B3)

SENTENCE STRUCTURE & PUNCTUATION

Summary

Variety in use of verbs and expanded sentence construction together with punctuation range merit Band A4. Some inconsistency in comma use suggests lower mark in band.

Band A4 - 6 marks

TEXT STRUCTURE & ORGANISATION

Summary

Divisions supporting story shape and evidence of internal paragraph development lead to the higher mark in Band B3. Build-up and inclusion of main story complication is necessary for award in higher band.

Band B3 - 5 marks

COMPOSITION & EFFECT

- Adaptation evident in development of main character's reaction (Zac was normally a polite boy) (C3), but lack of event development precludes full build-up of tension.
- Viewpoint: anticipation in queue given emphasis as wait is portrayed from Zac's perspective (what if there wasn't enough?) (C3).
- Language choices in dialogue are convincing (Can we buy it? Please!) and distinct from style of narration (The only problem was that...) (C3).

Summary

Interesting presentation of main character, consistent style of dialogue and narration and use of viewpoint lead to Band C3. Greater adaptation of events is necessary for award in higher band.

Band C3 – 8 marks

SENTENCE STRUCTURE & PUNCTUATION

TEXT STRUCTURE & ORGANISATION

"Cool!"

"YES!" cried everyone as Jamie and his mother passed the queue "What's all the fuss?" asked Mrs Harper, Jamie's mother,

"Mum!" gasped Jamie, amazed that his own mother didn't know what all the commotion was about, "Only the follow up to 'BAT FLAP' is out today!"

His mum looked blank, "In this shop! The game 'The Bat King' is out.

punctuation is accurate and varied, particularly to enhance meaning in direct speech (A4):

dash
speech marks with concluding comma ellipsis to indicate

unfinished speech

Please can I queue up for it? PLEASE? I've got my money on me!" He gave his mother an innocent look, so innocent she just had to give in. "OK, but afterwards we're going to the groceries understood?" "Yes mum," sighed Jamie as they joined the back of the queue.

As they waited, children were trying to open the doors but they wouldn't budge. People tried to catch a glimpse of the game, but didn't succeed. After half an hour, the store still wasn't open and everyone was getting bored. "If they don't open those doors in five minutes we're going," said Mrs. Harper firmly

"But Mum(.....)" began Jamie,

"No Jamie, I'm sorry. You can get it tommarow." she compromised. Jamie spent the next 4 minutes wishing for the shop to open.

subordinate clause expands phrase (A4)

When the doors finally opened, he cheered and ran inside the shop to the shelf where the games were. As he ran he thought to himself "Cor, they're going quickly, I hope there's one left for me."

relationship between the story opening and resolution contributes to overall structure of narrative (B4)

A few metres away from the shelf. Jamie lept. He reference to events lept for the game and grabbed it. But so did varied to avoid repetition someone else. "Oi! This is my game! Get of it!" shouted the other person. However, when Jamie looked up it was a girl, Kelly from school. He let go of it as his mother was always telling him to be adverbs allow shades nice to girls. She snatched it and held it (tightly) of meaning to be She stuck out her tongue at him and ran off to the changes of mood and described (A4) Counter. Jamie's mum came over and put a gentle focus between arm round him. "Oh well," she sighed "Maybe next characters adds shape to time." the narrative (B4) although structure of final Jamie looked at the shelf and thought of how close paragraph could he had come to the game. He thought for a minute be further developed he could even see it. Wait - he could. "Here," spoke Kelly, "You have it, I don't have enough money," His eyes opened (widely) and hugged her "Just take it. This is so painful." she walked off feeling sad. "YES" shouted Jamie and ran to the till as fast as he could, not believing he actually had it. The game was £29.99. Luckily, he had £30.00 and was able to pay and run home to play As he ran out of the shop, he cheered and punched the air (However) sitting on the bench was Kelly variety of connectives who was crying. He went over to her and sat down (A4) beside her. "You can come and play it with me, if you like, "said Jamie, "They looked at each other relationship between the story opening and until Kelly finally said "Yes." They ran off resolution contributes home and really enjoyed the game. "BUT WHAT to overall structure of ABOUT THE GROCERIES?" called Mrs. Harper, narrative (B4) variation in verb use but found that they(had)already (started)running (A4) down the street and probaly couldn't hear her. "Oh well, guess it's just me," she sighed.

SENTENCE STRUCTURE & PUNCTUATION

Summary

Varied and secure sentence construction together with accurate use of a range of punctuation leads to the higher mark in Band A4. Greater manipulation of word order for emphasis is necessary for highest band.

Band A4 - 7 marks

TEXT STRUCTURE & ORGANISATION

Summary

Organisation of whole story supported by links within text, and use of mood contrast to give internal shape lead to Band B4. Further management of paragraph development is necessary for higher mark in band.

Band B4 - 6 marks

COMPOSITION & EFFECT

- Changes in pace help maintain interest in events slow frustration of queue (but they wouldn't budge). Action in shop (lept...lept...grabbed) and relationship between Jamie and Kelly develop through story (C4).
- Viewpoint: control shown as key events portrayed from Jamie's point of view his increasing awareness of Kelly emerges (the other person...when Jamie looked up it was a girl, Kelly from school) (C4).
- Engaging storytelling style is sustained; interactions between characters supported by narrator's comments (amazed that his own mother didn't know...) (C4).

Summary

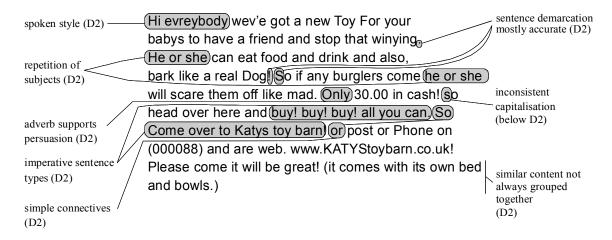
Use of pace, development of character and events, consistency of style and management of viewpoint for effect lead to highest mark in band. Further use of detail for setting would be necessary for award of highest mark.

Band C4 - 11 marks

7. A New Toy: Exemplar 1

SENTENCE STRUCTURE

PUNCTUATION & TEXT ORGANISATION



SENTENCE STRUCTURE, PUNCTUATION & TEXT ORGANISATION

Summary

Use of clauses which are mostly simple or linked with *and* or *or*, repetition of subjects and verbs, simple adjectives and adverbs used to support persuasion along with mostly accurate punctuation lead to a mark just into Band D2.

Band D2 - 2 marks

COMPOSITION & EFFECT

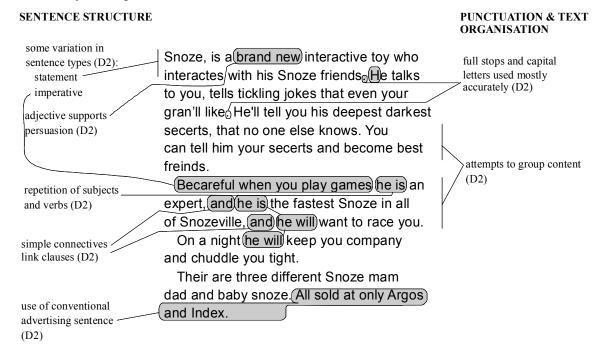
- Some description of toy's features (bark like a real Dog) with explanation of its appeal to the audience (stop that winying) (E2).
- *Viewpoint: content included to impress audience (scare them off like mad) (E2).*
- Stylistic choices focus on persuasive appeal (buy! buy! buy!) (E2).

Summary

Conversational style of address and clear evidence of purpose support the award of a mark in Band E2. There is sufficient, if uneven, coverage of points to merit the higher mark in the band.

Band E2 - 3 marks

8. A New Toy: Exemplar 2



SENTENCE STRUCTURE, PUNCTUATION & TEXT ORGANISATION

Summary

Attempts to vary sentence types and group content in sections support the award of 2 marks. Accurate sentence demarcation adds further evidence for this mark.

Band D2 - 2 marks

- Advertisement form is maintained and some features of the toy are described in detail (tells tickling jokes) (E3).
- Speaker presents friendly relationship with audience, with attempts to create humorous appeal (even your gran'll like) (E3).
- Vocabulary chosen for persuasive effect (brand new / best / fastest) (E3).

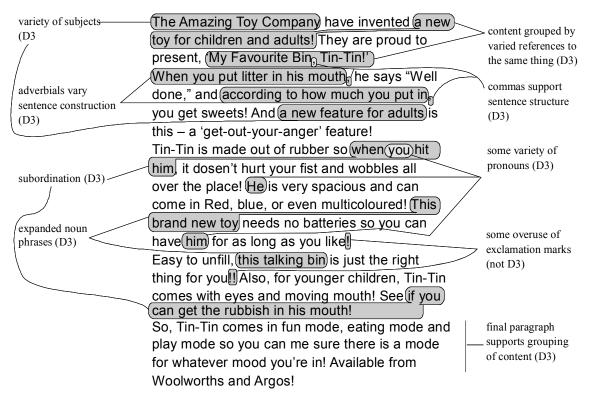
Although coverage is somewhat uneven, the use of humour and the conversational tone lift this advertisement into Band E3. To gain the higher mark in the band the style of address to the implied audience would need to be sustained throughout.

Band E3 - 4 marks

9. A New Toy: Exemplar 3

SENTENCE STRUCTURE

PUNCTUATION & TEXT ORGANISATION



SENTENCE STRUCTURE, PUNCTUATION & TEXT ORGANISATION

Summary

Use of adverbials and expanded noun phrases adds to variation in sentence structures. Punctuation is also accurate and varied, but text organisation is weaker; on balance, the piece merits 3 marks.

Band D3 - 3 marks

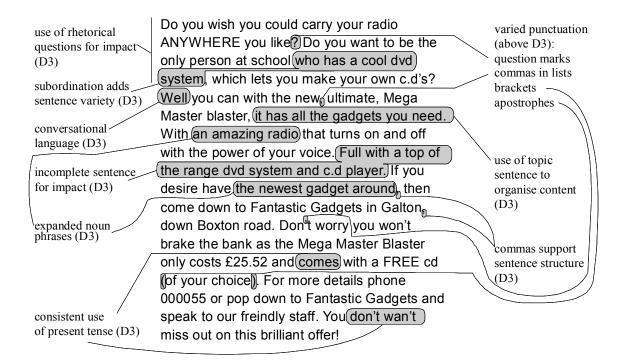
- Content is detailed, with several points being developed to interest the audience (it dosen't hurt your fist) (E3).
- Viewpoint: positive view of the toy is presented; speaker's knowledge is established (E3).
- Persuasive phrases are used throughout the piece, interwoven with more descriptive phrases (the right thing for you / very spacious) (E3).

Balanced coverage of the toy with several features clearly identified, but address to the audience is less assured. Some uncertainty caused by the broad focus on *children and adults*, but the careful combination of description and persuasion pushes the piece to the upper mark in E3.

Band E3 - 5 marks

10. A New Toy: Exemplar 4 SENTENCE STRUCTURE

PUNCTUATION & TEXT ORGANISATION



SENTENCE STRUCTURE, PUNCTUATION & TEXT ORGANISATION

Summary

Use of varied sentence structure, further supported by punctuation including commas to mark phrases, suggests 3 marks. Greater organisation of content would be necessary for highest band.

Band D3 - 3 marks

- Overview of product given (new, ultimate, Mega Master blaster) with appropriate supporting detail (top of the range dvd system); address to audience apparent (you ... the only person at school) but not sustained throughout (E4).
- Viewpoint: writing gives impression of concern for audience's budget (Don't worry you won't brake the bank) (E4).
- Persuasive focus established by choice of positive vocabulary (amazing radio / brilliant offer) (E4).

Thorough coverage of points relating to the product and consistent focus on persuasion point to a mark in band E4. More effective use of stylistic features would be necessary for higher mark in band.

Band E4 - 6 marks

PUNCTUATION & TEXT ORGANISATION

11. A New Toy: Exemplar 5

SENTENCE STRUCTURE

Hey Kids! phrases used for repetitive structures used effect (D4) to link text (D4) (Heard)of(the best thing! The greatest thing! ellipsis (If [you have] connected verbs link text not) used for effect (D4) The most amazing thing! (D4) (If not)than listen (The new robot Rob) is pronoun establishes link ready to stop crime! between sections of text (D4) expanded noun In his super silver armor he's bullet proff phrases (D4) and invinceble! And to defete crime he has his electrifying some variety of sentence demarcation (D4) (laser gun!) But thats not all f you talk to him he'll answer back! subordination (D4) So don't miss this huge offer only £14.99 at all toy shops Rember he's coming to save your town effective closure (D4)

SENTENCE STRUCTURE, PUNCTUATION & TEXT ORGANISATION

Summary

Use of shortened structures and expanded noun phrases varies sentence structure. Less varied punctuation but the sentence structure and organisational features of the text merit the award of 4 marks.

Band D4 - 4 marks

- Some comments and details designed to interest child audience (electrifying laser gun) (E4) but other appeals more relevant to adult audience (ready to stop crime).
- Viewpoint: direct address (Hey Kids!) is sustained by conversational tone; speaker is both knowledgeable and enthusiastic (If not than listen) (E4).
- Vocabulary choices reflect persuasive and descriptive purposes of text (super silver armor / huge offer) (E4).

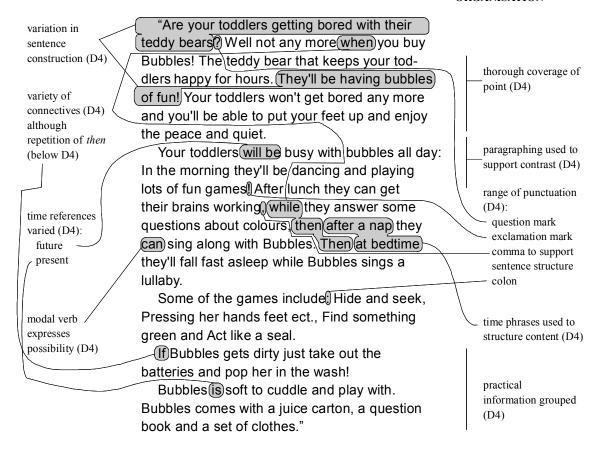
Advertisement form is adapted with the establishment of an implied question and answer scenario. Appeal to audience would need to be clearly controlled in order to gain the higher mark in the band.

Band E4 - 6 marks

12. A New Toy: Exemplar 6

SENTENCE STRUCTURE

PUNCTUATION & TEXT ORGANISATION



SENTENCE STRUCTURE, PUNCTUATION & TEXT ORGANISATION

Summary

Variation and control of sentence structures, accurate punctuation and the organisation of content support the award of 4 marks, even though control of organisation is not sustained throughout.

Band D4 - 4 marks

- Comments and detail consistently addressed to adult audience (Are your toddlers getting bored with their teddy bears?) (E4).
- Viewpoint: knowledge of product establishes speaker as authoritative voice (Your toddlers will be busy ... all day) (E4).
- *Stylistic device engages audience (*Bubbles ... bubbles of fun) *(E4)*.

Opening paragraph establishes persuasive purpose and subsequent content is adapted to the adult audience focusing on educational and social benefits of the toy. More use of stylistic devices appropriate to the genre would be needed for the highest band.

Band E4 – 7 marks