AN ROINN OIDEACHAIS AGUS EOLAÍOCHTA

LEAVING CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION, 2001

TECHNICAL DRAWING – ORDINARY LEVEL – PAPER II (B) BUILDING APPLICATIONS

FRIDAY, 15 JUNE — AFTERNOON 2.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.

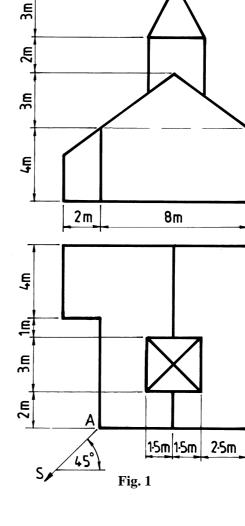
(200 MARKS)

INSTRUCTIONS

- (a) Answer **four** questions.
- **(b)** All questions carry equal marks.
- (c) Construction lines must be shown on all solutions.
- (d) Write the number of the question, distinctly, on the answer paper.
- (e) First or third angle projection may be used.
- (f) All dimensions are given in metres or millimetres.

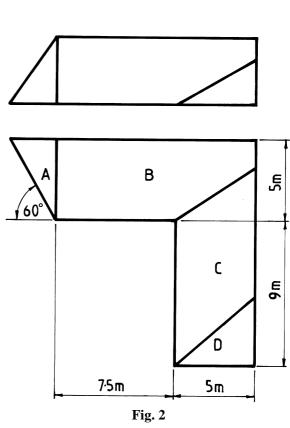
1. Fig. 1 shows the outline plan and elevation of a building. Draw the given plan and make a perspective drawing of the building when the position of the spectator is 9 m from the corner A, the picture plane is touching corner A and the horizon line is 8m above the ground line.

Scale 1:100



- 2. Fig. 2 shows the outline plan and elevation of a roof. Surface B has a pitch of 40°, surface C has a pitch of 30°, and surface D has a pitch of 35°.
 - (a) Draw the given plan and elevation of the roof.
 - **(b)** Determine the pitch of surface A.
 - (c) Develop the surface D.
 - (d) Find the dihedral angle between the surfaces C and D.

Scale 1:100



3. Fig. 3 shows the plan and elevation of a structure. A pictorial view of the structure is also shown. Draw the given plan and elevation and determine the shadows cast in plan when the direction of light is as shown.

Scale 1:200

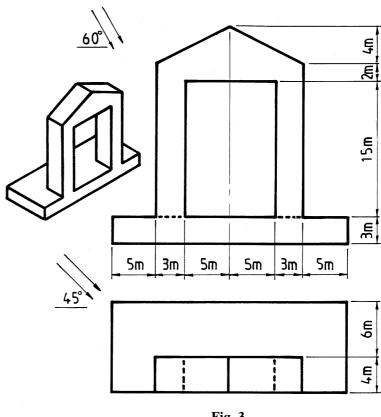


Fig. 3

- 4. Fig. 4 shows the outline plan of a hyperbolic paraboloid roof surface ABCD. The roof perimeter is a square in plan. The corners B and D are at ground level, corner A is 7 m above ground level, and corner C is 11 m above ground level.
 - Draw the given plan of the roof and (a) project an elevation.
 - **(b)** Determine the curvature of the roof along a line joining B and D.
 - (c) Draw a new elevation of the roof which will show the true length of the edge AB.

Scale 1:100

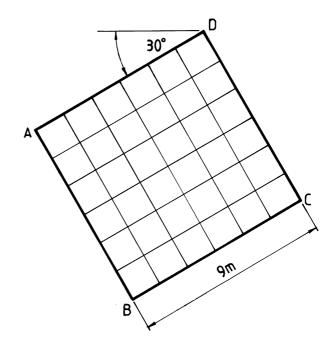
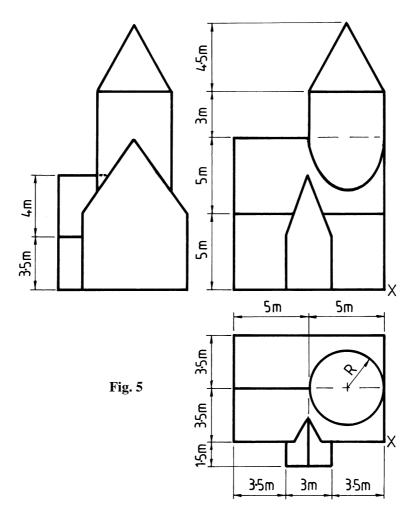


Fig. 4

5. Fig. 5 shows the plan, elevation and end elevation of a building. Draw an isometric view of the building having corner X as its lowest point.

Scale 1:100



6. Fig. 6 shows the outline plan and elevation of a structure. It is in the form of a hyperboloid of revolution surmounted by a hemispherical dome. The joint lines are also shown.

Draw the given plan and elevation.

Scale 1:200

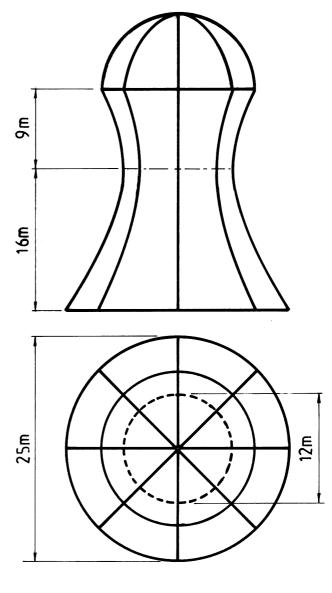


Fig. 6

- 7. The accompanying drawing shows ground contours at ten-metre vertical intervals on a map.
 - (a) On the drawing supplied, draw a vertical section (profile) on the line DE.
 - **(b)** A, B and C are outcrop points on the surface of a stratum of ore. Determine the dip and strike of the stratum.
 - (c) Draw the complete outline of the outcrop.

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