# An Roinn Oideachais agus Eolaíochta

**M.22** 

**Leaving Certificate Examination, 2002** 

## **HISTORY - HIGHER LEVEL**

(400 marks)

# TUESDAY 11 JUNE - AFTERNOON, 2.00 - 5.20

Answer from ONE COURSE ONLY (Course I or Course II). All questions are of equal value.

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# **COURSE I**

## **Renaissance Civilisation**

# (Irish History, 1477-1625; European History, 1453-1618)

Answer FIVE QUESTIONS, taking only ONE question from each of the sections A,B,C,D,E.

			A		
A.1.	· ·	or (80)	A.4.	Henry VIII, 1509 – 1547 Treat of the Reformation policy of Henry VIII, 1509 – 1547, in Ireland.	(80)
A.2.	The House of Kildare Treat of the fortunes of the House of Kildare during the reign of Henry VIII, 1509 – 1547.	g 80)	A.5.	Mary Tudor, 1553 – 1558 Discuss the policies of Queen Mary Tudor, 1553 – 1558, towards Ireland.	
A.3.	Gaelic Lordships Describe the main political and social structures of Gaelic Lordships in the early sixteenth century.	ĺ			(80)
		,	В		
B.1.	The Elizabethan Church Settlement	-	B.4.	The Nine Years War, 1594 – 1603	
Б.1.	Treat of the Elizabethan Church Settlement in Irela		D.4.	Account for the early failures and the final victor of Elizabethan armies in Ireland during the Nine	<sup>z</sup> y
B.2.	Shane O'Neill Assess the career of Shane O'Neill.	80)		Years War, 1594 – 1603.	80)
B.3.	Munster Discuss the motives and methods of those who opposed Elizabethan rule in Munster.	80)	B.5.	The Flight of the Earls "The Flight of the Earls presented a golden opportunity to the Crown." Discuss.	80)
		(	L		
C.1.	The Fall of Constantinople, 1453 Discuss the importance of the Fall of Constantinople, 1453, and explain the subsequent expansion of the Ottoman (Turkish) Empire.	80)	C.3.	Voyages of Discovery Explain why Spain and Portugal engaged in voya of discovery and assess their impact on Europe.	(80)
C.2.	The Renaissance in Italy Treat of the origins and main features of the	80)	C.4.	Charles V Discuss the career of Charles V from 1516 to 155	55.
	Renaissance in Italy.	8W)			(80)
	(8	80)	C.5.	Erasmus It has been said that Desiderius Erasmus had an influence on both the Renaissance and the Reformation. Discuss.	(80)

#### **D.1.** The Reformation

"The Reformation was a revolution." Discuss.

(80)

#### D.2. Jean Calvin

Treat of Jean Calvin, his ideas and the spread of Calvinism in sixteenth-century Europe.

(80)

#### **D.3.** The Counter-Reformation

Consider the Counter-Reformation in sixteenthcentury Europe in terms of its aims, impact and achievements.

(80)

#### D.4. Elizabeth I, 1558 – 1603

The reign of Elizabeth I, 1558 – 1603, is often referred to as a "Golden Age" in English history. Discuss.

(80)

## D.5. The Revolt of the Netherlands, 1566 – 1609

Discuss the origins and causes of the Revolt of the Netherlands, 1566 – 1609, and explain why it was successful.

(80)

E

## E.1. Ireland, 1477 – 1625 Research Topic

(i) Write an account of the research topic in Irish history, 1477 – 1625, of which you have made a special study but which **you** have not used in your answering of Sections A and B.

(56)

(ii) Name **TWO** sources you consulted in your research and briefly evaluate **ONE** of them.

(14)

(iii) In what way or ways did the research you carried out for your topic enhance your knowledge of that part of the history course?

(10)

#### E.2. Essay

Write an essay on **ONE** of the following:

- (i) The Anglicisation of Ireland, 1477 1625.
- (ii) The policy of "Surrender and Regrant".
- (iii) "Black Tom" Butler, 10<sup>th</sup> Earl of Ormond.
- (iv) The Spanish Armada and Ireland.
- (v) Commerce and trade in sixteenth-century Ireland.

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## E.3. Europe, 1453 - 1618 Research Topic

(i) Write an account of the research topic in European history, 1453 – 1618, of which you have made a special study but which **you have not used** in your answering of Sections C and D.

(56)

(ii) Name **TWO** sources you consulted in your research and briefly evaluate **ONE** of them.

(14)

(iii) In what way or ways did the research you carried out for your topic enhance your knowledge of that part of the history course?

(10)

#### E.4. Essay

Write an essay on **ONE** of the following:

- (i) Ferdinand and Isabella of Spain.
- (ii) The "Northern" Renaissance.
- (iii) Henry IV of France.
- (iv) Scientific advances, 1453 1618.
- (v) The origins of the Thirty Years War.

(80)

## **COURSE II**

## **Contemporary Civilisation**

## (Irish History, 1868-1966; European History, 1870-1966)

Answer FIVE QUESTIONS, taking only ONE question from each of the sections A,B,C,D,E.

#### A.1. Isaac Butt

Discuss the origins, aims and evolution of the Home Rule movement under Isaac Butt.

(80)

#### A.2. Michael Davitt

Discuss the part played by Michael Davitt in Irish affairs.

(80)

#### **A.3.** Constructive Unionism

Assess the benefits which Constructive Unionism ("killing home rule by kindness") brought to Ireland in the years, 1885 – 1905.

(80)

## A.4. The Irish Parliamentary Party

Treat of the history of the Irish Parliamentary Party from the death of Parnell (1891) to the General Election in 1918.

(80)

#### A.5. The establishment of Northern Ireland

Discuss the developments up to 1920 which led to the establishment of Northern Ireland.

(80)

## **B.1.** The War of Independence, 1919 – 1921

Treat of the origins, course and consequences of the War of Independence.

(80)

#### **B.2.** Cumann na nGaedheal, 1922 – 1932

Discuss the view that Cumann na nGaedheal initially faced enormous challenges but had achieved much by 1932.

(80)

## **B.3.** Anglo-Irish Relations, 1922 – 1949

Assess the development of Anglo-Irish relations in the period, 1922 – 1949.

(80)

## **B.4.** Northern Ireland, 1920 – 1966

Describe the problems facing Northern Ireland during the period, 1920 – 1966, and assess the attempts made to solve them.

(80)

#### **B.5.** Seán Lemass

Evaluate the contribution of Seán Lemass to Irish history up to 1966.

(80)

#### C.1. Bismarck

How far was Bismarck successful in maintaining the peace, at home and abroad, during the period, 1871 – 1890?

(80)

## C.2. Russia, 1870 – 1917

"Russia under Czarist rule from 1870 – 1917 was dominated by reform, reaction and revolution." Discuss.

(80)

## **C.3.** The Eastern Question

"From the Congress of Berlin, 1878, to the assassination at Sarajevo, 1914, recurring crises in the Balkans threatened the peace of Europe." Discuss.

(80)

#### C.4. Anglo-German Relations, 1890 – 1914

Treat of the growing rivalry between Germany and Great Britain in the period, 1890 – 1914.

(80)

## **C.5.** Peace Settlement

Discuss the strengths and weaknesses of the peace settlement following World War I.

## D.1. Hitler and Mussolini: foreign policy

To what extent were the foreign policies pursued by Hitler and Mussolini responsible for the outbreak of World War II?

(80)

## D.2. The Spanish Civil War, 1936 - 39

Explain why a civil war broke out in Spain in 1936 and discuss international reaction to that war.

(80)

#### D.3. Stalin

How far had Stalin succeeded in his policy of "Socialism in one country" by the time the U.S.S.R. was invaded in 1941?

(80)

## D.4. World War II: consequences

What were the principal consequences, for Europe, of World War II?

(80)

#### D.5. Charles de Gaulle

Describe the part played by Charles de Gaulle in the history of France in the years 1939 to 1966.

(80)

E

## E.1. Ireland, 1868 – 1966 Research Topic

(i) Write an account of the research topic in Irish history, 1868 – 1966, of which you have made a special study but which **you** have not used in your answering of Sections A and B.

(56)

(ii) Name **TWO** sources you consulted in your research and briefly evaluate **ONE** of them.

(14)

(iii) In what way or ways did the research you carried out for your topic enhance your knowledge of that part of the history course?

(10)

#### E.2. Essay

Write an essay on **ONE** of the following:

- (i) Cultural nationalism in the late nineteenth century.
- (ii) The 1913 Strike and Lock-out.
- (iii) Countess Constance Markievicz.
- (iv) The Blueshirts.
- (v) Noel Browne.

(80)

## E.3. Europe, 1870 – 1966 Research Topic

(i) Write an account of the research topic in European history, 1870 - 1966, of which you have made a special study but which you have not used in your answering of Sections C and D.

(56)

(ii) Name **TWO** sources you consulted in your research and briefly evaluate **ONE** of them.

(14)

(iii) In what way or ways did the research you carried out for your topic enhance your knowledge of that part of the history course?

(10)

#### E.4. Essay

Write an essay on **ONE** of the following:

- (i) The Dreyfus Affair.
- (ii) Weimar Germany, 1919 33.
- (iii) The Suffragette movement in Britain.
- (iv) Nikita Khrushchev.
- (v) Moves towards European unity from the end of World War II to 1966.

## **M.22 LYB**

# An Roinn Oideachais agus Eolaíochta Leaving Certificate Examination, 2002

# **HISTORY - HIGHER LEVEL**

(400 marks)

TUESDAY, 11 JUNE - AFTERNOON, 2.00 - 5.20

## **COURSE II**

## **Contemporary Civilisation**

(Libyan History, 600 B.C.-1969; European History, 1870-1966)

Answer FIVE QUESTIONS, taking only ONE question from each of the sections A,B,C,D,E.

#### ALL QUESTIONS ARE OF EQUAL VALUE.

## A

#### A.1. The Vandals and Libya

Treat of the experiences of Libya during the period of Vandal invasion and conquest in the 5<sup>th</sup> and 6<sup>th</sup> centuries A.D.

(80)

## A.2. The Arab Conquest of Libya

The Arab conquest of Libya in the 7<sup>th</sup> century A.D. had a profound and lasting influence. Discuss.

(80)

# A.3. The Almuwahidoun Dynasty and the Hafsiyoun

Examine developments in Libya during the period of the Almuwahidoun Dynasty and the Hafsiyoun between 1158 and 1510.

(80)

## A.4. The Karamanli Dynasty

Outline the political and administrative system in Libya during the period of Karamanli rule, 1711-1835.

(80)

## A.5. Tripoli

Account for the rise and decline of Tripoli as a centre of trade and commerce.

(80)

В

## B.1. Libya, 1835 – 1911

Between 1835 and 1911 Turkish rule over Libya had little impact. Discuss.

(80)

## B.2. Libya under Italian Rule, 1911 – 1939

What economic developments took place in Libya during the period of Italian rule, 1911 – 1939?

(80)

## **B.3.** The United Nations and Libya

Assess the part played by the United Nations in preparing the way for Libyan independence in 1951.

(80)

## **B.4.** The Bedouin Community

Treat of life and culture within the Bedouin community up to 1969.

(80)

## **B.5.** Independent Libya, 1951 – 1969

What problems faced Independent Libya during the years, 1951 – 1969?

#### C.1. Bismarck

How far was Bismarck successful in maintaining the peace, at home and abroad, during the period, 1871 – 1890?

(80)

## C.2. Russia, 1870 – 1917

Russia under Czarist Rule from 1870 – 1917 was dominated by reform, reaction and revolution. Discuss.

(80)

## **C.3.** The Eastern Question

From the Congress of Berlin, 1878, to the assassination at Sarajevo, 1914, recurring crises in the Balkans threatened the peace of Europe. Discuss.

(80)

## C.4. Anglo – German Relations, 1890 – 1914

Treat of the growing rivalry between Germany and Great Britain in the period, 1890 – 1914.

(80)

## C.5. Peace Settlement

Discuss the strengths and weaknesses of the peace settlement following World War I.

(80)

D

## D.1. Hitler and Mussolini: Foreign Policy

To what extent were the foreign policies pursued by Hitler and Mussolini responsible for the outbreak of World War II?

(80)

## **D.2.** The Spanish Civil War, 1936 – 1939

Explain why a civil war broke out in Spain in 1936 and discuss international reaction to that war.

(80)

#### D.3. Stalin

How far had Stalin succeeded in his policy of "Socialism in one Country" by the time the U.S.S.R. was invaded in 1941?

(80)

## **D.4.** World War II: Consequences

What were the principal consequences, for Europe, of World War II?

(80)

## D.5. Charles de Gaulle

Describe the part played by Charles de Gaulle in the history of France in the years 1939 to 1966.

# E.1. Libya 600 B.C. – 1969

## **Research Topic**

(i) Write an account of the research topic in Libyan history, 600 B.C. – 1969, of which you have made a special study but which **you have not used** in your answering of Sections **A** and **B**.

(56)

(ii) Name **TWO** sources you consulted in your research and evaluate **ONE** of them.

(14)

(iii) In what way or ways did the research you carried out for your topic enhance your knowledge of that part of the history course?

(10)

## E.2. Essay

Write an essay on **ONE** of the following:

- (i) The legacy of early settlers.
- (ii) The Fatimides and Zairites, 910 1145.
- (iii) The Italian conquest of Libya, 1911 1912.
- (iv) The place of women in Libyan society before 1969.
- (v) The history of trade unions in Libya before 1969.

(80)

## E.3. Europe 1870 - 1966 Research Topic

(i) Write an account of the research topic in European history, 1870 – 1966, of which you have made a special study but which **you have not used** in your answering of Sections C and D.

(56)

(ii) Name **TWO** sources you consulted in your research and evaluate **ONE** of them

(14)

(iii) In what way or ways did the research you carried out for your topic enhance your knowledge of that part of the history course?

(10)

## E.4. Essay

Write an essay on **ONE** of the following:

- (i) The Dreyfus Affair.
- (ii) Weimar Germany, 1919 1933.
- (iii) The Suffragette movement in Britain.
- (iv) Nikita Khrushchev.
- (v) Moves towards European unity from the end of World War II to 1966.