Coimisiún na Scrúduithe Stáit State Examinations Commission JUNIOR CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION, 2003

GREEK — ORDINARY LEVEL

(400 marks)

THURSDAY, 19 JUNE — AFTERNOON 2.00 to 4.30

1. [50] A. Translate into English: (40)'Ο δ' Έρμῆς Διὸς καὶ Μαίας υἱὸς ἦν, ἐν ἀρκαδία, ποιμνῶν τε καὶ ἀγελῶν χώρα, γεγονώς. ἔφ δὲ γεννηθείς, μεσημβρία ἐφόρμιζεν, ἑσπέρα δὲ τοὺς τοῦ Ἀπόλλωνος βοῦς ἔκλεψε. τὴν δὲ λύραν ἐποίησεν ἐκ νώτου χελώνης, ἐπὶ τούτου τὰς ἑπτὰ χορδὰς τανύσας. τοὺς δὲ βοῦς ἔκλεψεν ἐπ΄ όπίσω ἐλάσας, ὥστε τὰ ἴχνη αὐτῶν πρὸς οἶκον τρέπεσθαι δοκεῖν. πρὸς δὲ τῆ λύρα καὶ τὴν σύριγγα έξεῦρε. καὶ μὴν τῶν θεῶν ἄγγελος ὢν τοὺς ἀνθρώπους ἦγε τὴν ἐσχάτην εἰς Αἴδου πορείαν. GREEK THROUGH READING В. (10)Answer *one* of the following questions:: Write a short note on Apollo. (i) (ii) Describe briefly how Hades got a wife. 2. [50] Translate into English: (40)

Ήρακλῆς ἦν Διὸς καὶ ᾿Αλκμήνης νίός, καὶ ἐν σπαργάνοις ἔτι ὤν οὕτως ἰσχυρὸς ἦν ὥστε ὄφεις ἄγχειν δύνασθαι οῦς ἔπεμψεν Ἡρα ὡς διαφθεροῦντας αὐτόν. φιλάνθρωπος δ' ὤν, πολλὰ καὶ ἀγαθὰ ἔργα ἔδρασεν ἵνα οἱ ἄνθρωποι βίον ἔχοιεν εὐδαιμονέστερον. ἐν δὲ τῆ Ἡρακλέους αἵρεσει Ξενοφῶν λέγει ὅτι νεανίᾳ ὄντι τῷ Ἡρακλεῖ δύο γυναῖκες ἠπάντησαν, ὧν ἡ μὲν ἡδονὴν ἡ δὲ ἀρετὴν προύθηκεν. ἀρετὴν δ' ἀνθ' ἡδονῆς ἑλομένῳ φύλαξ ἐγένετο ᾿Αθηνᾶ.

GREEK THROUGH READING

- **B.** Answer *one* of the following questions: (10)
 - (i) Write a short note on Hera.
 - (ii) Describe briefly *any one* of Heracles' twelve labours.

3. Translate into English:

[80]

(After the death of Agamemnon, Orestes is saved by Electra. He later returns to Mycenae with Pylades to avenge his father's death.)

ἐπεὶ δ' ὁ 'Αγαμέμνων οἴκαδε ἐπανέρχεται ἀπὸ τῆς Τροίας, ἡ γυνὴ αὐτοῦ καὶ ὁ Αἴγισθος αὐτὸν ἀποκτείνουσιν. μετὰ δὲ τὸν 'Αγαμέμνονος θάνατον, 'Ηλέκτρα, μία τῶν τοῦ 'Αγαμέμνονος θυγατέρων, τὸν ἀδελφὸν 'Ορέστην ἐκκλέπτει, καὶ δίδωσι αὐτὸν ἀνδρί, Στροφίφ ὀνόματι. ὁ δ' αὐτὸν τρέφει μετὰ Πυλάδου, παιδὸς ἰδίου. ἀνδρωθεῖς δ' 'Ορέστης ἐπανέρχεται εἰς Μυκήνας μετὰ Πυλάδου, καὶ ἀποκτείνει τήν τε μητέρα καὶ τὸν Αἴγισθον, τοὺς ἀποκτείναντας τὸν ἑαυτοῦ πατέρα.

 $\dot{\epsilon}\pi\alpha\nu\dot{\epsilon}\rho\chi o\mu\alpha\iota$: I return. $\mu\epsilon\tau\dot{\alpha}$ (with Accusative case): after; (with Genitive case): with. $\dot{\epsilon}\kappa\kappa\lambda\dot{\epsilon}\pi\tau\omega$: I rescue, steal away. $\delta i\delta\omega\sigma\iota$: (she) gives. $\tau\rho\dot{\epsilon}\phi\omega$: I rear, bring up. $i\delta\iota\sigma\varsigma$: his own. $\dot{\alpha}\nu\delta\rho\omega\theta\epsilon\tilde{\iota}\varsigma$: having grown to manhood. $\tauo\dot{\nu}\varsigma\dot{\alpha}\pi\sigma\kappa\tau\dot{\epsilon}i\nu\alpha\nu\tau\alpha\varsigma$: those who had killed.

4. Read the following passage and then answer *any six* of the questions which follow:

[80]

(Dicaeopolis and his brother take Philip, who has become blind, to the doctor's house.)

τῆ οὖν ὑστεραία ἐπεὶ πρῶτον ἐγένετο ἡ ἡμέρα, τὰς γυναῖκας ἐν τῆ οἰκία λιπόντες ὅ τε Δικαιόπολις καὶ ὁ ἀδελφὸς τὸν Φίλιππον εἰς τὴν ὁδὸν ἤγαγον. ὁ δὲ τῆς τοῦ πατρὸς χειρὸς ἐλάβετο ἀλλ' ὅμως πρὸς τοὺς λίθους πταίων πρὸς τὴν γῆν κατέπεσεν. ὁ οὖν πατὴρ αἴρει αὐτὸν καὶ φέρει. οὕτως οὖν πορευόμενοι δι' ὀλίγου άφίκοντο εἰς τὴν τοῦ ἰατροῦ οἰκίαν. ὁ δ' ἀδελφός, "ἰδού," ἔφη· "εἰς τοῦ ἰατροῦ ἤκομεν. ἐλθὲ δεῦρο καὶ κόπτε τὴν θύραν." τοῦτο εἰπὼν ὁ ἀδελφὸς οἴκαδε ἐπανῆλθεν.

ό οὖν Δικαιόπολις προσελθὼν ἔκοψε τὴν θύραν, ἀλλ' οὐδεὶς ἦλθεν. ἐπεὶ δ' αὖθις ἔκοψεν, δοῦλός τις ἐξελθών, "βάλλ' εἰς κόρακας," ἔφη· "τίς ὢν σὺ κόπτεις τὴν θύραν;"

πταίων: stumbling. εἰς τοῦ ἰατροῦ: to the house of the doctor ἐπανῆλθεν: (he) returned. βάλλὶ εἰς κόρακας: go to the crows! (= go to hell!).

- (a) When do Dicaeopolis and his brother lead Philip to the road?
- (b) What happens to Philip as we walks, even though he is holding his father's hand?
- (c) How does Dicaeopolis then help his son?
- (d) What does Dicaeopolis' brother do when they reach the doctor's house?
- (e) What happens when Dicaeopolis knocks on the door for the first time?
- (f) What does the slave say to Dicaeopolis?
- (g) Write down an English word which is derived from *each* of the following Greek words: $\pi\rho\tilde{\omega}\tau o\nu$ (line 1) and $\gamma\tilde{\eta}\nu$ (line 3).
- (h) Give the Nominative Case, Singular Number of γυναῖκας (line 1) and χειρὸς (line 3).

5. Translate into Greek:

[80]

(<i>a</i>)	The young men are walking slowly into the city.	(16)
(<i>b</i>)	It is possible for us to hear the messenger.	(16)
(c)	This woman saw you in the marketplace.	(16)
(<i>d</i>)	Where are you going to now, Fhilip?	(16)
(<i>e</i>)	During the day we were running on the road.	(16)

6. Answer *one* of the following:

[30]

- (a) Write an account of the battle of Salamis. Remember to tell who fought in this battle, when it was fought, the tactics used, and which side was victorious.
- (b) Write briefly on any two of the following:-

Hippias; Leonidas; the Confederacy of Delos; Pericles.

7. Answer *one* of the following:

[30]

(a) Name the god or goddess associated with each of the following:

the thunderbolt; the sea; hunting; love

Write a paragraph about any one of the gods or goddesses you have named.

(b) Write about the role of women in ancient Athens, and describe the sort of life that they led.

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