SCHEME OF WORK APPLICATION FORM

For each ITEC qualification, the lecturer/centre must complete a Scheme of Work for each unit indicating how the lecturer is planning to cover the ITEC syllabus throughout the course.

Student Bounts, com Set out the planned sessions in terms of Learning Outcomes to be achieved. These should match those stated within the ITEC syllabus for each unit. Include all units of each course offered. Hours should meet the minimum guided learning hours listed within the syllabus.

Unit Title: Unit 803 - Apply Make-Up Lecturer(s) responsible:

Total contact tuition hours proposed: 41

Learning Outcomes	Lecture Content	Suggested Resources	Approx Hours
Introductory session	College rules and regulations College mission statement ITEC rules and regulations Health & Safety Timetable Dates . holidays etc. Syllabus Recommended books Uniform	Lecture Q&A Using all the documents listed to ensure the students understand the college expectations and their commitment to the course	
Be able to prepare for make-up			
Prepare themselves, client and work area for make-up	"Preparation of working area "Equipment "Products "Work wear "Personal appearance and behaviour "Hygiene e.g. sterilising /sanitising tools and equipment "Procedures used to prepare client for treatment "Client care and modesty	OHP/Whiteboard Lecture Q&A Homework Test:	10
Use suitable consultation techniques to identify treatment objectives	An example of a consultation form can be downloaded from www.itecworld.co.uk " Consulting in a suitable area " Positive body language " Positioning of the client " Good communication skills (asking open and/or closed questions where appropriate) " Professionalism " Contraindications and contra-actions " Treatment plan " Make up chart " Products used " Consent " Confidentiality " Clientos signature		
Carry out a skin analysis	"Overall skin type" Skin condition "Pigmentation and colour" Skin texture "Skin imperfections" Skin tone "Skin temperature" Muscle tone "Skin elasticity "UV damage		
Provide clear	"The outcome of the skin analysis "Diet		

recommendations to the client	"Smoking "Alcohol "Central heating "Air conditioning "Stress "Sleep "Exercise "Fresh air "Occupation "Lifestyle "Current regime and products used "Make- up specification	
Select products, tools and equipment to suit client treatment needs, skin types and conditions	"Couch or chair "Trolley "Stool "Towels "Blanket "Additional support if appropriate "Headband "Bedroll "Robe "Disposable slippers "Disinfecting fluid "Magnifying lamp "Tissues "Cotton wool "Sponges "Gloves "Spatulas "Bowls "Cosmetic sponges "Make-up brushes "Disposable applicators "Make-up palette "Mirror "Sterilising solution "Brush cleanser "UV cabinet "Waste disposal Products for the following make-up: "Corrective "Day "Evening "Bridal "Special Occasion	
Describe workplace requirements for preparing themselves, the client and work area	"Any particular rights, restrictions and Acts applicable to make-up treatments" Code of practice/ethics" Insurance and professional association membership" Record keeping "Professional appearance	
State the environmental conditions suitable for make-up	"Lighting "Heating "Ventilation "Noise levels "Available space "Music "General hygiene "Waste disposal "Décor "Equipment e.g. workstation/ trolley "Privacy "Reception areas "General use/treatment areas	
Describe different consultation techniques used to identify treatment objectives	"The importance of positive body language "Positioning of themselves and client (no barriers) "Good communication skills (asking open and/or closed questions where appropriate) "Verbal and non-verbal communication	
Describe the importance of carrying out a detailed skin analysis	"Skin type and conditions "Contraindications "Scope of treatment(s) "Home care advice "Aftercare advice "Product advice	
Describe how to select products, tools and equipment to suit client treatment needs, skin types and conditions	"The importance of selecting the correct products, tools and equipment based upon client consultation, skin analysis and make-up specification "Couch or chair "Trolley "Stool "Towels	

Blanket "Additional support if appropriate "Headband "Bedroll "Robe "Disposable slippers "Disinfecting fluid "Magnifying lamp "Tissues "Cotton wool "Sponges "Gloves "Spatulas "Bowls "Cosmetic sponges "Make-up brushes "Disposable applicators "Make-up palette "Mirror "Sterilising solution "Brush cleanser "UV cabinet "Waste disposal "Eye make-up remover "Cleansing lotions, milks, creams, foams, oils and gels "Skin toners, fresheners, astringents and tonics "Moisturising creams "Eye creams and gels "Serums" Pre-base products (mattifying, light reflective, anti-ageing) Colour corrective products (lilac, green, orange) "Foundations (cream, liquid, mousse, gel, blocks, compacts, cakes, light reflecting, all-in-one, mineral, matt) Concealers (cream, stick, liquid) Face powders (loose, compact, mineral, lightreflecting, shimmer) "Bronzing products (powder, gel, liquid) "Shaders "Highlighters Cheek products (cream, powder, liquid tints, mineral-based) "Eyebrow products (pencils, powders, gels) "Eye shadow (powders, cream, water colours, mineral, pigment) "Eyeliner products (liquid, gel, kohl pencil, pencil, cake) "Mascara (waterproof and nonwaterproof) "Lip Liner "Lipstick "Lip gloss "Lip balm Make up techniques to include the use of: Pre-base "Colour corrective base products "Foundation "Concealer "Powder "Blusher "Shader "Highlighter "Eyeshadow "Eyeliner "Mascara "Lip liner "Lipstick for the following make up: "Corrective " Day "Evening "Bridal "Special Occasion The methods, hygiene and safety precautions, effects and benefits of all makeup application techniques

Identify skin types, conditions and characteristics

Skin types: "White "Black "Asian type skin "Mixed "Dry "Oily "Combination Skin conditions/characteristics: "Mature skin "Young skin "Sensitive "Dehydrated "Lack of elasticity "Lack of muscle tone "Blemishes "Age "Crows feet "Broken capillaries "Open pores "Milia "Comedones "Pustules "Papules "Hyper pigmentation "Hypo pigmentation "Dermatosis papulosa nigra "Psuedo folliculitis "Keloids "Ingrowing hairs "Vitiligo "Albinism "Chloasma "Ephilides "Lentigo "Naevae "Port wine stain "Leucoderma "Scarring "Thin skin "Small moles "Dark

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		circles Skin tones: "Fair "Medium "Dark "Olive		
		Skin tones: Fair Medium Dark Olive		
		Contraindications requiring medical		
		permission – in circumstances where		
		medical permission cannot be obtained		
	5 " "	clients must sign an informed consent		
	Describe the	form stating that the treatment and its		
	contraindications	effects have been fully explained to them		
	which prevent or restrict make-up	and confirm that they are willing to proceed without permission from their GP:		
	application	"Medical oedema" Nervous/Psychotic		
	apphoanon	conditions "Epilepsy "Recent facial surgery		
		affecting the area " Diabetes " Skin cancer		
		"Slipped disc "Undiagnosed pain "When		
		taking prescribed medication "Whiplash		
		Contraindications that restrict treatment:		
		"Fever "Contagious or infectious diseases		
		"Under the influence of recreational drugs or		
		alcohol "Diarrhoea and vomiting "Any known		
		allergies "Eczema "Undiagnosed lumps and		
		bumps "Localised swelling "Inflammation " Cuts " Bruises " Abrasions " Scar tissue (2		
		years for major operations and 6 months for a		
		small scar) "Sunburn "Hormonal implants		
		"Urticaria" Recent fractures (minimum 3		
		months) "Sinusitis "Neuralgia "Migraine/		
		Headache "Hypersensitive skin "Botox/		
		dermal fillers (1 week following treatment)		
		"Hyperkeratosis "Skin allergies		
		"Trapped/pinched nerve affecting the		
		treatment area "Inflamed nerve		
		"Conjunctivitis" Styes "Hay fever "Watery eyes" Blepharitis		
2.	Be able to apply make-	eyes biephanus		
	ир			
	Communicate and	" Explanation of treatment " Benefits,	OHP/Whiteboard	31
	behave in a	limitations and co-operation required "Client	Lecture	
	professional manner	care, modesty and support "Communication	Q&A	
	•	"Correct posture, hygiene and a professional	Handout:	
		approach to the client throughout treatment	Homework	
			Test:	
		"Fire Precautions Act "Health & Safety at		
	Follow health and	Work Act "Health and Safety (First Aid)		
	safety working	Regulations "The Management of Health &		
	practices	Safety at Work Regulations "The Workplace		
		(Health, Safety & Welfare) Regulations "The		
		Manual Handling Operations Regulations		
		"The Personal Protective Equipment at Work		
		Regulations "The Provision and Use of Work		
		Equipment Regulations "The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations		
		(COSHH) "The Electricity at Work		
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Regulations "Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations (RIDDOR) "Disability Discrimination Act "Data Protection Act "Adhere to all product safety precautions and manufacturersq instructions

Legislation which relates to the work being carried out, the environment and the client with whom the make-up artist is working

Position themselves and client correctly throughout the treatment

"Ensuring the client is comfortable and correctly supported "Make-up artist maintaining correct working posture throughout treatment "Make-up artist selfcare

Use products, tools, equipment and techniques to suit client treatment needs, skin type and conditions

Equipment

- "Couch or chair "Trolley "Stool "Towels "Blanket "Additional support if appropriate
- "Headband "Bedroll "Robe" Disposable slippers "Disinfecting fluid "Magnifying lamp
- "Tissues "Cotton wool "Sponges "Gloves
- "Spatulas "Bowls "Cosmetic sponges "Make-up brushes "Disposable applicators
- "Make-up palette "Mirror "Sterilising solution
- "Brush cleanser "UV cabinet "Waste disposal

Products

"Eye make-up remover "Cleansing lotions, milks, creams, foams, oils and gels "Skin toners, fresheners, astringents and tonics "Moisturising creams "Eye creams and gels "Serums" Pre-base products (mattifying, light reflective, anti-ageing) "Colour corrective products (lilac, green, orange) "Foundations (cream, liquid, mousse, gel, blocks, compacts, cakes, light reflecting, allin-one, mineral, matt) "Concealers (cream, stick, liquid) "Face powders (loose, compact, mineral, light-reflecting, shimmer) "Bronzing products (powder, gel, liquid) "Shaders "Highlighters "Cheek products (cream, powder, liquid tints, mineral-based) " Evebrow products (pencils, powders, gels) "Eye shadow (powders, cream, water colours, mineral, pigment) "Eyeliner products (liquid, gel, kohl pencil, pencil, cake) "Mascara (waterproof and non-waterproof) "Lip Liner Lipstick "Lip gloss "Lip balm " A cleanse and day make-up should take a maximum of 30 minutes Techniques used for the following make-up

application: "Corrective "Day "Evening

"Bridal "Special Occasion

Complete the treatment
to the satisfaction of
the client to suit a
range of occasions

"Conclusion of treatment in appropriate manner to meet clients needs, manufacturersqinstructions and make-up specification" Check treatment results with client using mirror

Record the results of the treatment

"Client response to treatment and feedback "Note benefits of the treatment "Product advice "Home care advice "Store records demonstrating knowledge of confidentiality requirements

Provide suitable aftercare advice

"Recommendations for immediate aftercare "Product recommendations" Colour recommendations "Avoid touching excessively "Remove make-up immediately if skin irritation occurs

State how to communicate and behave in a professional manner

"Consultation "Treatment explanation "Client care "Hygiene "Good communication skills

Describe health and safety working practices

The importance of:

Fire Precautions Act "Health & Safety at Work Act "Health and Safety (First Aid) Regulations "The Management of Health & Safety at Work Regulations "The Workplace (Health, Safety & Welfare) Regulations "The Manual Handling Operations Regulations "The Personal Protective Equipment at Work Regulations "The Provision and Use of Work Equipment Regulations "The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) "The Electricity at Work Regulations "Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations (RIDDOR) "Disability Discrimination Act "Data Protection Act

State the importance of positioning themselves and the client correctly throughout the treatment

"Ensuring the client is comfortable and correctly supported "Make-up artist maintaining correct posture throughout treatment "Make-up artist self-care

State the importance of using products, tools,

"Couch or chair "Trolley "Stool "Towels "Blanket "Additional support if appropriate

equipment and techniques to suit client treatment needs, skin type and conditions	"Headband "Bedroll "Robe "Disposable slippers "Disinfecting fluid "Magnifying lamp "Tissues "Cotton wool "Sponges "Gloves "Spatulas "Bowls "Cosmetic sponges "Make-up brushes "Disposable applicators "Make-up palette "Mirror "Sterilising solution "Brush cleanser "UV cabinet "Waste disposal Products and techniques used for the following make-up: "Corrective "Day "Evening "Bridal "Special Occasion	
Describe how to use corrective methods to suit client treatment needs, skin types and conditions	Face shapes: "Oval "Square "Heart "Round "Long "Diamond "Pear Eye shapes: "Hooded "Large "Small "Close set "Prominent "Drooping "Deep set "Wide apart Nose shapes: "Long "Wide "Short "Nasolabial folds Lip shapes: "Large/full "Thin "Asymmetrical mouth Flaws and blemishes: "Dark circles under the eyes "Spots "Blemishes "Uneven pigmentation "Broken capillaries "Puffy eyes Skin tones: "Fair "Medium "Dark "Olive Lighting "Blue/fluorescent "Yellow/filament "Daylight Products "Shaders "Highlighters "Colour corrective products	
State the contra- actions that may occur during and following treatments and how to respond	"Adverse skin reaction "Watery eyes "Excessive erythema" Skin irritation "Itching "Immediate removal of cosmetic products "Application of cool compress Referral procedures	
State the importance of completing the treatment to the satisfaction of the client	Concluding the treatment in the correct manner to meet clients needs, make-up specification and manufacturersqinstructions "Check application with client using mirror	
State the importance of completing treatment records	Maintaining records Aftercare Home care Product advice Compliance with Data Protection	
State the aftercare advice that should be provided	"Recommendations for immediate aftercare "Product recommendations "Colour recommendations "Avoid touching excessively "Remove make-up immediately if skin irritation occurs "Lifestyle" Recommendation for further salon treatments	

Describe the structure and functions of the skin	Skin structure: Epidermis: "Stratum Corneum "Stratum Lucidum "Stratum Granulosum "Stratum Spinosum/Malphigian "Stratum Germinativum/Basal Layer Dermis: "Blood supply "Lymphatic supply "Hair follicle "Hair shaft "Sebaceous gland "Sweat gland: Eccrine and Apocrine "Sensory nerve endings "Dermal papilla "Collagen "Elastin "Histiocytes "Mast cells "Fibroblasts "Erector pili muscle "Melanocytes Subcutaneous/Adipose Layer: "The structure and function of the fatty layer underneath the Dermis Skin functions: "Secretion "Heat regulation "Absorption "Protection/Acid Mantle (composition and formation) "Elimination/excretion "Sensation "Vitamin D formation (7-dehydro-cholesterol)	
Describe diseases and disorders of the skin	General: "Broken capillaries "Crowos feet "UV damage "Urticaria "Allergic reaction "Comedones "Milia "Hyperkeratosis "Keloids "Ingrowing hairs "Psuedo folliculitis Infestations: "Scabies "Pediculosis Congenital: "Atopic eczema "Atopic dermatitis "Psoriasis Bacterial: "Acne vulgaris "Acne rosacea "Impetigo "Folliculitis "Boils Viral: "Herpes simplex "Herpes zoster "Warts Fungal: "Tinea corporis Pigmentation disorders: "Hyper pigmentation "Hypo pigmentation "Dermatosis papulosa nigra "Vitiligo "Albinism "Chloasma "Ephilides "Lentigo "Naevae "Port wine stain "Leucoderma "Papilloma Skin cancers: "Basal Cell Carcinoma "Squamous Cell Carcinoma "Malignant Melanoma	
Explain how natural ageing, lifestyle and environmental factors affect the condition of the skin and muscle tone	"Intrinsic ageing . physiological factors "Extrinsic ageing . environmental factors	
	" Orbicularis Oculi " Orbicularis Oris	

State the position and action of the muscles of the head, neck and shoulders State the names and position of the bones of the head, neck and shoulders	"Masseter "Buccinator "Risorius "Levator Anguli Oris "Levator Labii Superioris "Depressor Anguli Oris (Triangularis) "Depressor Labii Inferioris "Mentalis "Zygomaticus "Temporalis "Nasalis "Procerus "Corrugator "Frontalis "Occipitalis "Pterygoids "Trapezius "Platysma "Sternocleido mastoid "Deltoid "Pectoralis major and minor Cranium: "Parietal "Frontal "Ethmoid "Sphenoid "Occipital "Temporal Facial: "Nasal "Zygomatic "Maxilla "Lacrimal "Turbinate "Palatine "Mandible "Vomer Shoulder: "Clavicle "Scapula "Humerus Chest: "Sternum Neck: "Cervical vertebrae Circulatory system: "Blood plasma "Erythrocytes "Leucocytes	
Describe the structure and function of the blood and lymphatic system for the head, neck and shoulders	"Platelets "Thrombocytes "Arteries "Arterioles "Veins "Venules "Capillaries Main Arteries of the head and neck: "Thyroid "Facial "Temporal "Lingual "Occipital "Maxillary Main veins of the head and neck: "Middle Temporal "Superficial Temporal "Maxillary "Anterior Facial "Common Facial "Internal Jugular "External Jugular Lymphatic system: The content of lymph and its function: "Transportation "Detoxification "Antibodies, antitoxins and lymphocytes "Immune system "Secondary circulation "Lymphocytes "Lymph Node "Lymphatic Duct Main lymph nodes of the head and neck: "Superficial and deep cervical "Submandibular "Anterior and Posterior Auricular "Occipital "Buccal "Sub-mental Interrelationship: "The way in which the 2 systems support each other	
Mock Practical	To include full treatment	
Mock Theory	To include all the theory	Mock theory paper