

INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL, DAMMAM**GULF SAHODAYA EXAMINATION- FEBRUARY 2014****SUBJECT: PSYCHOLOGY****SET-A****CLASS XI****Max. Marks-70****Time: 3Hrs.****General Instructions:**

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Answers should be brief and to the point.
3. Questions from 1-10 in Part A carry 1 mark each. Answer them as directed.
4. Questions from 11-16 in **Part B** carry 2 mark each. They should not exceed 30 words.
5. Questions from 17- 20 in **Part C** carry 3 marks each. They should not exceed 60 words.
6. Questions from 21-26 in **Part D** carry 4 marks each. They should not exceed 100 words.
7. Questions from 27- 28 in **Part E** carry 6 marks each. They should not exceed 200 words.

PART-A

1. _____ established the first experimental laboratory in Leipzig, Germany.
2. _____ is the tentative answer to a problem.
3. The _____ or the cell body is the main body of the nerve cell.
4. _____ are environmental agents that cause deviations in normal development.

5. _____ theory was developed by Johnston & Heinz.
6. The simplest kind of learning is called _____.
7. VMH stands for _____.
8. Category that is used to refer to the number of objects & events is known as _____.
9. _____ is thinking that is goal directed.
10. _____ is a study of the soul & mind.

PART-B

11. Name the three eating disorders of adolescents. Explain any one.
12. What is learning? Mention three features of learning.
13. Differentiate between declarative & procedural memories.
14. Differentiate between convergent & divergent thinking.
15. What is episodic memory? Explain.
16. Mention any four strategies for enhancing creative thinking.

PART-C

17. How can you distinguish scientific psychology from the popular notions about the discipline of psychology?
18. Differentiate between an interview and a questionnaire.
19. Describe media as a socialisation agent.
20. Why do illusions occur?

PART-D

21. Describe some of the areas of everyday life where understanding of psychology can be put to practice.
22. Name the five goals of psychological enquiry. Explain any two.

23. Describe the acculturative strategies adopted by individuals during the course of acculturation.

24. Define identity. What are the factors influencing the formation of identity during adolescence.

OR

'Environment of the child has a major role in the development of the child'. Support your answer with examples.

25. What are illusions? Explain geometrical illusions.

26. How can we identify students with learning disabilities?

PART-E

27. Define Mnemonics. Explain the strategies for improving one's memory.

OR

Define forgetting. How is retrieval related forgetting different from forgetting due to interference?

28. Define motivation. Describe psychosocial motives.

OR

Why is it important to manage negative emotions? Suggest ways to manage negative emotions.