INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL, DAMMAM
UPPER PRIMARY SECTION
SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT – 2 (MARCH– 2014)
SOCIAL STUDIES- CLASS V   Time: 1Hr

Name: _____   Marks: Orals: _____ /5

Roll No: _____   Written: _____/25

Section: _____   Total:_____/30

Instructions:

1. Part A to be done in the Question Paper itself.

2. Part B to be done in the Answer Sheet provided.

3. Read the questions carefully and attempt all.

4. Read your paper thoroughly before submission.

PART- A

I. Circle the correct answer: (½ x5= 2½marks)

1) The Lok Sabha can have a maximum of

   (a) 552 members   (b) 238 members   (c) 543 members

2) The Great Revolt of 1857 started at

   (a) Jhansi   (b) Meerut   (c) Kanpur

3) The Partition of Bengal was in

   (a) 1911   (b)1905   (c) 1811

4) The highest law making body in the country is

   (a) Supreme Court   (b) Rajya Sabha   (c) Lok Sabha

5) Who among the following is not a 'Revolutionary'?

   (a) Maulana Azad   (b) Ajit Singh   (c) Chandrashekhar Azad

2 ½

II. Fill in the blanks: ($\frac{1}{2}$ x 5= 2$\frac{1}{2}$ mar...

1) The English government introduced the policy of _____ to suppress Nationalism.

2) The leader of the Indian National Army was_____

3) Any Indian citizen who is _____ years or above can contest the elections to the Lok Sabha.

4) The _____ of India provides for an independent Judiciary.

5) Lala Lajpat Rai was a popular _____ leader.

III. Name the following: ($\frac{1}{2}$ x 5= 2$\frac{1}{2}$ marks)

1) The chairman of the Rajya Sabha   _____

2) Name a moderate leader   _____

3) The leader of the First War of Independence   _____

4) The highest court in a state   _____

5) The first President of India   _____

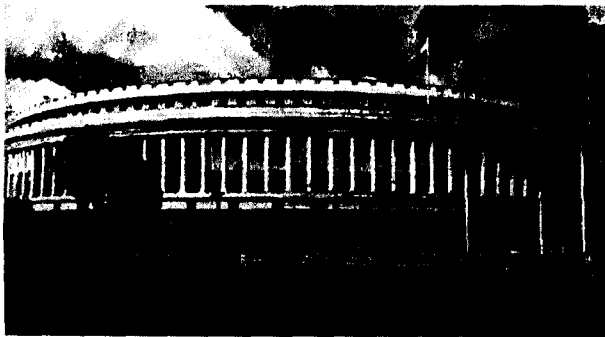**IV. Write True or False:**   ($\frac{1}{2}$ x 4= 2marks)

1) In 1915, Gandhiji launched the Civil Disobedience Movement. _____

2) Division of people into groups of different social status is known as racist policy.   _____

3) The members of the upper house of parliament are not elected directly by the people.   _____

4) Indian National Army is also called Azad Hind Fauj.   _____

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V. Match the following: (½ x 4= 2 ma..)

1	Dandi	Amritsar	
2	Chauri Chaura	Surat	
3	Sabarmati	Uttar Pradesh	
4	Jallianwala Bagh	Ahmedabad	

VI. Identify the following pictures and fill in the blanks: (½ x 3= 1½marks)

1. _____   2. _____

in New Delhi.   led the Great Revolt of 1857

                                     at _____ .

VII. Write the event or the year in which it took place: (½ x 2= 1mark)

1. 1920   : _____

2. _____ : Quit India Movement

VIII. Who said the following quotes: (½ x 2= 1mark)

1. _____said "At the stroke of the midnight
hour, when the world sleeps, India will awake to life and freedom."

2. _____asked the people to "Do or Die" during the
Quit India Movement.

PART- B

I   Answer the following questions in one or two sentences: (1 x 3= 3marks)

1) Who elects the President of India?

2) How did the English exploit Indian traders?

3) Explain the term Satyagraha.

II Give Reasons: (1½ x 2= 3marks)

1) The Indian National Congress had limited success during its early years.

2) The English Government appointed the Simon Commission.

III Answer <u>any two</u> of the following questions: (2 x 2= 4marks)

1) How is the government formed?

2) What factors helped the English to suppress the First War of Independence?

3) Write a short note on Jallianwala Bagh Massacre.

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