

INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL-DAMMAM**SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT-I-2013-2014****CLASS-VI-ENGLISH****Maximum Marks-70****Time: 3 hours****SET-B**

The question paper is divided into four sections.

Section A: Literature 25 marks

Section B: Grammar 15 marks

Section C: Writing 15 marks

Section D: Reading 15 marks

Instructions:

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Do not write anything in the question paper.
3. All the answers must be correctly numbered as in the question paper and written in the answer sheet provided to you.
4. Attempt all questions in each section before going on to the next section.
5. Read each question carefully and follow the instructions.
6. Strictly adhere to the word limit given with each question. Marks will be deducted for exceeding the word limit.

SECTION-A**(LITERATURE-25 MARKS)**

Q1. Read the extracts given below and answer the questions that follow. (3x3=9)

1. The stars too were visible and I saw a shooting star shrieking through the heavens.

- (a) Who do the "I" refer to in these lines?
- (b) What did that person remember when he saw the shooting star?
- (c) What did he do immediately after that?

2. He cried over his fate for he could not find an opportunity to dance- his greatest passion in life.

- (a) Who does the "he" refer to here?

- (b) What happened in his life?
- (c) How did he become successful later?

3. She awakened in us a desire to overcome all hurdles. We never felt the hardships and we gained tremendous confidence.
- (a) Who is the speaker?
 - (b) Who does the “she” refer to here and how was she helpful to speaker?
 - (c) What does the speaker achieve in his/ her life?

Q2. For the following questions choose the correct option and write the answer.

(1x3=3)

1. The lesson “The Selfish Giant” is written by -----
(a) Ruskin Bond (b) Gowri Ramnarayan (c) Oscar Wilde (d) Charles Dickens
2. The first and the only woman in the world to have climbed the Everest twice is-----
(a) Dicky Dolma (b) Wangchuk Sherpa (c) Sange Sherpa (d) Santhosh Yadav
3. Granny surrounded her house with-----
(a) Rose (b) marigold (c) lilies (d) fountain

Q3. Answer any three of the following in 30-40 words.

(2x3=6)

1. What is Santhosh Yadav’s advice to the young?
2. How can you tell that Ayah was fond of the boy?
3. Who was the little boy and why did he take the giant to his garden?
4. Who was Kelu’s second dance teacher and what dance form did he teach Kelu?

Q4. Quote lines from the poem “Lotus” and write the poet’s name. (3 marks)

Love came to Flora asking for a flower

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

But is the lily lovelier? Thus between

Poet:

Q5. Answer any one of the following in about 120 words.

(1x4=4)

“The giant saw the most wonderful sight in his garden.” What was the wonderful sight he had seen and how did it change his life? Explain.

OR

How did the frogs enter the fountain and the house? What happened to the frogs after that? Explain.

SECTION-C

(GRAMMAR-15 MARKS)

Q6. Change the following sentences into indirect speech.

(1x2=2)

1. Sita said, “I am unwell”.
2. He said, “Ravi came in the morning.”

Q7. Answer the following questions.

(1x2=2)

1. How many times do you take bath every day?
2. How far is Mumbai from here?

Q8. Use present perfect continuous tense form of the verbs given in brackets.

(1/2x2=1)

1. He -----his homework the whole morning. (do)
2. She ----- her time since morning. (waste)

Q9. Fill in the blanks using reflexive pronouns.

(1/2x2=1)

1. He hurt -----.
2. They enjoyed ----- there.

Q10. Choose the right travel word from the brackets and fill in the blanks.

(trip, expedition, voyage, journey)

(1/2x2=1)

1. Three members of Everest----- were killed..
2. The Titanic sank on its maiden-----.

Q11. Identify the type of questions.

(1/2x4=2)

1. She is singing a song, isn't she?

2. Did she win a scholarship?
3. When do you have your lunch?
4. Has Nisha gone to Khobar or Jubail?

Q12. Frame questions for the following.

(1/2x2=1)

1. India has won the match.
2. You can drive a bus.

Q13. Give reasons for the following by using "because"

(1x2=2)

1. People do exercise every morning.
2. He thanked me.

Q14. For the following questions do as directed.

(1/2x6=3)

1. All his relatives ----- to welcome him. (use phrasal verb with "turn")
2. None of the passengers and ----- were injured. (choose a suitable **collective noun** -crew/staff)
3. We expected good news. (Change into **present continuous tense**)
4. The bath oil comes in various ----- . (choose the correct smell word—**fragrances / odours**)
5. He is ----- for today's party. (use suitable **compound adjective**)
6. These threats are not to be ----- lightly.(Use the right form of **take / do**)

SECTION-C

(WRITING-15 MARKS)

Q15. You are Vijay or Vijayashree. You came to know that one of your friends has failed in the examination and plan to run away from home. Write a letter to your friend consoling and encouraging him to continue his studies and your willingness to help him whenever it is needed.
(5 marks)

Q16. Construct a readable story from the following outlines given below. Word limit 120-150.
(5 marks)

(A son born to a king----- the mother died-----a young mother with a baby chosen to nurse-----both babies together----- enemies plot to kill king's son-----nurse came to know----- changes the children's dresses----- leaves her own child there----- flies with real prince----- enemies kill the child----- prince saved----- king offers reward----- --nurse refuses and kills herself-----king erects a tomb-----)

Q17. Write a paragraph on the topic "An ideal Teacher" with the help of the hints given below.
Word limit 120-150 (5 marks)

(An ideal teacher ----- a good teacher----- role model-----dedicated----- vast knowledge-----comes to the level of his students-----simple living-----students seek help -----)

SECTION-D
(READING-15 MARKS)

Q18. Read the following passage carefully:

(5 marks)

Florence Nightingale laid the foundation of modern nursing by organizing it on a scientific basis. She is better known throughout the world as “The Lady with the Lamp”. Florence Nightingale was a wonderful personality who rejecting the comforts and luxuries of homely life dedicated herself to the selfless service of the sick and wounded with a missionary zeal. During the Crimean War (1854-1856), she came to British army hospital at Scutari in Turkey from Italy as a member of the 40 member nursing team. She did a commendable job at this hospital and improved the condition of the hospital, spending her own money. She cared more about the wounded than her own comforts. Being busy in the service of others she also had to take much trouble. By her dedication to the service of the patients in the hospital, she brought a new ray of hope to them. While visiting patients at night, she used to hold a lamp in her hand and so she came to be known as “The Lady with the Lamp”. She founded a nursing school at London’s St. Thomas’s Hospital and also encouraged the British women to join the medical profession.

Florence Nightingale was born in Florence (Italy) in 1820. Her parents wanted her to lead a happy, comfortable domestic life but she made it known that instead she wanted to serve mankind. Her parents had ultimately to bow before the indomitable will of their daughter. Florence Nightingale received training in Nursing in Germany and France. She is known for her reforms in British hospitals which lacked in even basic facilities. Florence Nightingale died in London in 1910, at the ripe age of 90.

Florence Nightingale was an embodiment of sacrifice and compassion and her noble life will always inspire the people of the world of selfless service.

A. Answer the following questions briefly:

(4 marks)

1. How was Florence Nightingale a wonderful personality?
2. What was her chief concern as a nurse? What did she do for the British army hospital?
3. Why is she better known as “The Lady with the Lamp”?
4. What did her parents want? What did she want?

B. Find words from the above passage which mean the same as the following: (1/2x2=1)

1. feeling of pity (para-3)
2. worthy of praise (para -1)

Q19. Read the following passage carefully:

(5 marks)

Nainital is a glorious hill station for tourism in Uttaranchal. It is 336kms from Delhi which was discovered by Lord Barron, a Britisher in 1841. It is surrounded by mountains on three sides. The first one is Naina (2615 metres), the second is Deopatha (2438 metres) and the third is Ayarpatha (2278 metres). Naina is the highest mountain among the three.

From the sea-level, Nainital hill station is located at a height of 6,350 feet. In winter Nainital has freezing cold temperature falling below zero degrees centigrade. Every year during December to February Nainital hill station gets its annual snowfall. Summer season is also very cool in Nainital. The highest temperature is not more than 26 degrees centigrade. So the most tourists prefer to come at summer to explore Nainital tourism.

Nainital is named after its beautiful lake Naini and it is the base for tourism here. This lake is called Naini because it looks like eye shape. This Lake is famed among the visitors, tourists and nature lovers for yatching and boating.

The southern end area of the lake is called Tallital and the northern end area is called Mallital. Both the areas have pretty cottages, luxuries hotels, villas, restaurants, food zones, shopping centres, game parlours and luxury shops.

Naina peak, which is also known as Cheena Peak is the most favourite picnic spot of Nainital. It's height is 2615 metres. It is 6 km far from Nainital. We can easily view the snow garbing Himalayas, plane areas, Nainital city and its locality. Naina Devi Temple is situated on the northern shore of Naini lake. The presiding goddess of this temple is "Maa Naina Devi".

Now answer the following questions by choosing the correct option given below: (1x5=5)

1. Naina is the highest mountains among the three mountains that surround Nainital from three sides. The height of this mountain is
 - (a) 2438 metres
 - (b) 2615 metres
 - (c) 2278 metres
 - (d) 2805 metres
2. Nainital hill station gets its annual snowfall during
 - (a) November to January
 - (b) December to February
 - (c) December to January
 - (d) January to March
3. The base for tourism in Nainital is
 - (a) Naina peak
 - (b) Cheena peak
 - (c) Naina Devi Temple
 - (d) Naini lake

4. Which one of the following statements is not correct?
- (a) Naina peak is the most favourite picnic spot of Nainital.
 - (b) Tourists visit Naini lake for Yatching and boating.
 - (c) Naina Devi Temple is situated on the southern shore of Naini lake.
 - (d) The southern end area of Nainital is called Tallital.

5. The word **explore** means

- (a) Travel to learn new things
- (b) Enjoy
- (c) Spend
- (d) Praise

20. Read the following poem carefully:

(5 marks)

My age is three hundred and seventy-two
 And I think, with the deepest regret,
 How I used to pick up and voraciously chew
 The dear little boys whom I met.
 I've eaten them raw, in their holiday suits;
 I've eaten them curried with rice;
 I've eaten them baked, in their jackets and boots.
 And found them exceedingly nice.

But now that my jaws are too weak for such fare,
 I think it exceedingly rude
 To do such a thing, when I'm quite well aware
 Little boys do not like to be chewed.

And so I contentedly live upon eels,
 And try to do nothing amiss.
 And I pass all the time I can spare from my meals
 In innocent slumber—like this.

Now answer the following questions by choosing the correct options given below: (1x5=5)

1. Who is the narrator of the poem?
 - (a) An old man
 - (b) An old giant
 - (c) A witch
 - (d) A young giant
2. The word that rhymes with the word "amiss" is
 - (a) eels
 - (b) meals
 - (c) this
 - (d) rice
3. The word in the poem that means "extremely" is
 - (a) voraciously
 - (b) regret
 - (c) exceedingly
 - (d) contentedly
4. The opposite of the word "slumber" is
 - (a) sleep
 - (b) wake
 - (c) walk
 - (d) dream
5. Little boys do not like to be -----
 - (a) curried
 - (b) baked
 - (c) roasted
 - (d) chewed

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