

Time: 3 Hours

**JUNE 2013**

Max. Marks: 100

**PLEASE WRITE YOUR ROLL NO. AT THE SPACE PROVIDED ON EACH PAGE IMMEDIATELY AFTER RECEIVING THE QUESTION PAPER.**

**NOTE: There are 9 Questions in all.**

- Question 1 is compulsory and carries 20 marks. Answer to Q. 1 must be written in the space provided for it in the answer book supplied and nowhere else.
- The answer sheet for the Q.1 will be collected by the invigilator after 45 minutes of the commencement of the examination.
- Out of the remaining EIGHT Questions answer any FIVE Questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part, each question carries 16 marks.
- Any required data not explicitly given, may be suitably assumed and stated.

**Q.1 Choose the correct or the best alternative in the following: (2×10)**

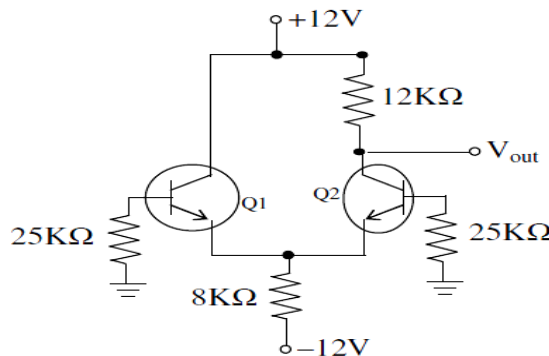
- a. An Op-amp act as a voltage follower has a voltage gain of
- (A) Infinity (B) Zero  
(C) Unity (D) Less than unity
- b. A bistable multivibrator is a
- (A) Free running oscillator (B) Triggered oscillator  
(C) Saw tooth wave generator (D) Crystal oscillator
- c. A virtual ground
- (A) is a ground for voltage  
(B) is a ground for both voltage and current  
(C) is ground for current  
(D) is a ground for voltage but not for current
- d. An ideal differential amplifier has CMRR equaling
- (A) Unity (B) – 1 (minus unity)  
(C) Infinity (D) Zero
- e. When a sinusoidal voltage wave is fed to a Schmitt trigger, the output will be
- (A) triangular wave (B) square wave  
(C) d.c. (D) trapezoidal wave
- f. The large signal bandwidth of an opamp is limited by its
- (A) Loop gain (B) slew rate  
(C) output impedance (D) input frequency
- g. A 'literal' in Boolean Algebra means
- (A) a variable in its uncomplemented form only  
(B) a variable ORed with its complement  
(C) a variable in its complemented form only  
(D) a variable in its complemented or uncomplemented form

- h. Simplified expression of  $xy + xyz + \bar{x}y + x\bar{y}z$  is
- (A)  $\bar{y} + x\bar{z}$  (B)  $\bar{x} + \bar{y}z$   
 (C)  $y + xz$  (D)  $y + \bar{x}z$
- i. In an SR flip flop  $S = 1$  and  $R = 1$  gives
- (A) Set state (B) Reset state  
 (C) Indeterminate state (D) None of these
- j. The logic gate which detects equality of two bits is
- (A) EX-OR (B) Ex-NOR  
 (C) NOR (D) NAND

**PART (A)**

**Answer At least TWO questions. Each question carries 16 marks.**

- Q.2** a. Classify ICs on the basis of applications, devices used and chip complexity. (8)
- b. In the differential amplifier circuit shown below, the transistors have identical characteristics and their  $\beta = 100$ . Determine the (8)
- (i) output voltage  
 (ii) the base currents and  
 (iii) the base voltages taking into account the effect of the  $R_B$  and  $V_{BE}$ .  
 Assume  $V_{BE} = 0.7$  Volts,  $R_B = 25K\Omega$ ,  $R_C = 12K\Omega$  and  $R_E = 8K\Omega$ .  
 $V_{EE} = -12V$ ,  $V_{CC} = +12V$

**Fig.1**

- Q.3** a. Explain what you understand by 'offset voltage' and 'offset current' of op-amp. Discuss with a neat circuit diagram the technique used for minimizing offset voltage and offset current in an inverting amplifier. (10)
- b. Calculate the output voltage ' $V_0$ ' for the following non-inverting op-amp summer with  $V_1 = 2V$  and  $V_2 = -1V$  (6)

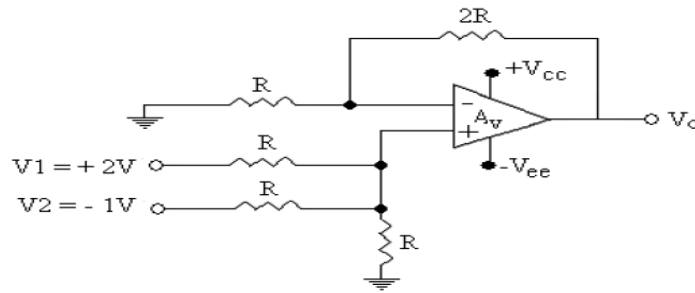


Fig.2

- Q.4** a. Explain Schmitt trigger with the help of transfer characteristics. Also obtain the expression of hysteresis voltage  $V_H$  and output waveform for sinusoidal input signal. (8)
- b. The input to an op-amp differentiator circuit is a sinusoidal voltage of peak value  $10\mu V$  and frequency of 2 kHz. If the values of differentiating components are given as  $R = 40\text{ k}\Omega$  and  $C = 3\mu F$ , determine the output voltage of differentiator circuit. (8)
- Q.5** a. Explain the working of R-2R Ladder Digital to Analog Converter. (6)
- b. Explain Monostable multivibrator circuit operation using 555 timers. Also, determine the frequency of output signal. (6)
- c. Explain the working of Series Op-Amp Regulator. (4)

**PART (B)**

**Answer At least TWO questions. Each question carries 16 marks.**

- Q.6** a. Differentiate between analog and digital signals. (4)
- b. Explain the concept of Parity bits with reference to error detection. (6)
- c. Convert the following: (6)
- $(5A34F)_{16}$  to binary
  - $(56)_{10}$  to Gray Code
  - $(93)_{10}$  to Excess-3 Code
- Q.7** a. Simplify the Boolean function 'F' together with don't care conditions 'd' in sum of Products  
 $F(w, x, y, z) = \sum(0, 1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 10)$   
 $d(w, x, y, z) = \sum(5, 6, 11, 15)$  (6)
- b. State and prove De Morgan's theorem using truth table. (6)
- c. Show that NAND gate is a Universal gate. (4)
- Q.8** a. Explain the 4-bit parallel binary adder. (8)
- b. Write a short note on 8: 1 Multiplexers. (8)
- Q.9** a. Draw and explain the working of NAND-gate latch. (6)
- b. Distinguish between synchronous and asynchronous counters. Design a 3-bit UP-DOWN synchronous counter. (10)