	Centre Number	Number
Candidate Name		

International General Certificate of Secondary Education UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE LOCAL EXAMINATIONS SYNDICATE BIOLOGY 0610/6

PAPER 6 Alternative to Practical

Tuesday 2 NOVEMBER 1999 Morning 1 hour

Candidates answer on the question paper. No additional materials are required.

TIME 1 hour

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page. Answer **all** questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided on the question paper.

Use a sharp pencil for your drawings. Coloured pencils or crayons should not be used.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

FOR EXAM	NER'S USE
1	
2	
3	
4	
TOTAL	

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1	(a)	(i)	Describe how you would carry out a test to show the presence of fat in a biscuit. What observation would indicate the presence of fat?
			Test
			Observation
			[3]
		(ii)	Describe how you would use this test to compare the fat content of two different types of biscuit.
			[2]
	(b)	Con	nplete the equation below to summarise the process of fat digestion.
		fat -	- water ————————————————————————————————————

0610/6 W99

[Turn over

[Total : 8]

2 Fig. 1 shows an experiment to investigate the rate of cooling of water in two glass containers, **A** and **B**.

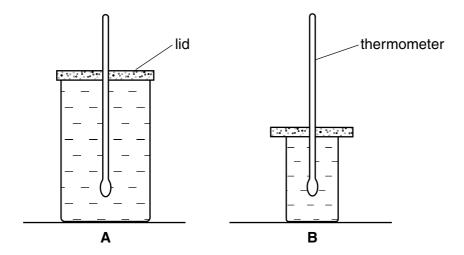


Fig. 1

Table 1 shows the surface areas and volumes of containers A and B.

Table 1

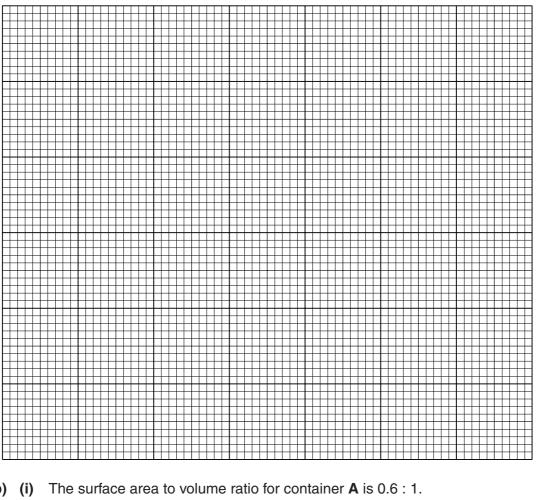
	container A	container B
surface area/ cm ²	300	102
volume/cm ³	500	100

The results of this investigation are shown in Table 2.

Table 2

time/min	temperature/°C						
	container A	container B					
0	66.0	66.0					
1	65.5	64.5					
3	64.5	62.0					
5	63.5	60.0					
7	62.5	58.0					
8	62.0	57.0					
9	60.0	54.0					
10	59.5	53.0					

(a) Plot the results in Table 2 as two curves on one set of axes. The two curves should be distinct and clearly labelled.



do not remain the same.

Calculate the ratio for container **B**. Show your working.

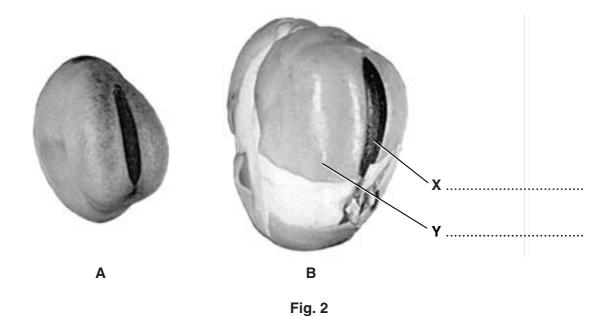
(ii) Using the graph and the information in (b) (i), describe the relationship between the rate of cooling and the surface area to volume ratio.	
[2]	
) The fall in temperature between 8 and 9 minutes is faster than between any other pair of readings. What might have happened to cause this more rapid fall in temperature?	(c)
[1]	
) Explain how, at the north pole, a large polar bear and her small cub are able to maintain the same internal temperatures but the temperatures of the large and small containers	(d)

[Total : 13]

[6]

Ratio[2]

3 Fig. 2 is a photograph of a dry broad bean seed, **A**, and a broad bean seed that has been soaked in water, **B**.



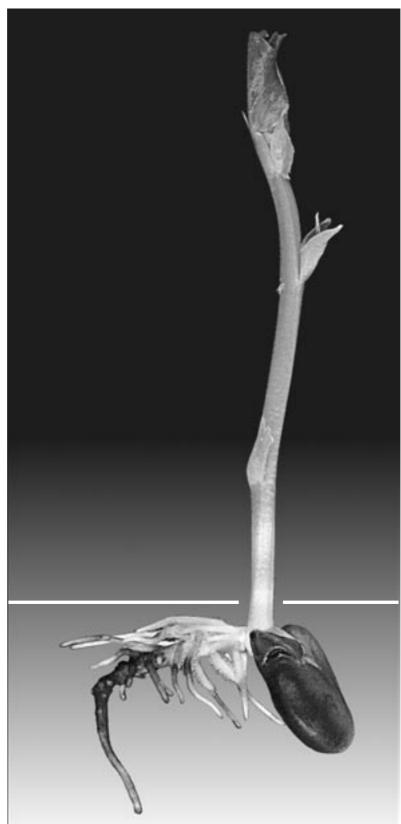
(a) Name X and Y on Fig. 2.

[2]

Fig. 3 opposite, is a photograph of a broad bean seedling.

(b) (i) Make a large labelled drawing of Fig. 3 in the space below.

[7]



soil level

broad bean seedling

Fig. 3

(ii)	Make	а	simple	drawing	to	show	the	appearance	of	the	seedling	between	the
	stages	S	hown in	Fig. 2B	anc	l Fig. 3	. La	bels are not r	eq	uired	l.		

[1]

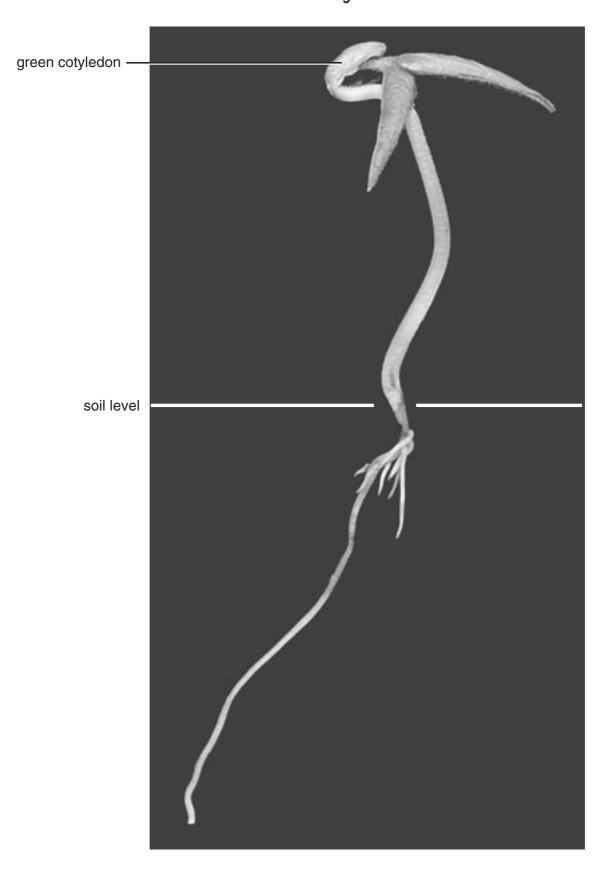
Fig. 4 opposite, shows a mung bean at approximately the same age as the broad bean in Fig. 3.

(c) Complete the table below to show **three** visible differences, other than size, which you can see between the two bean seedlings.

broad bean	mung bean
1.	
2.	
3.	

[3]

[Total: 13]



mung bean seedling

Fig. 4

4 Fig. 5 shows a food web for a freshwater pond.

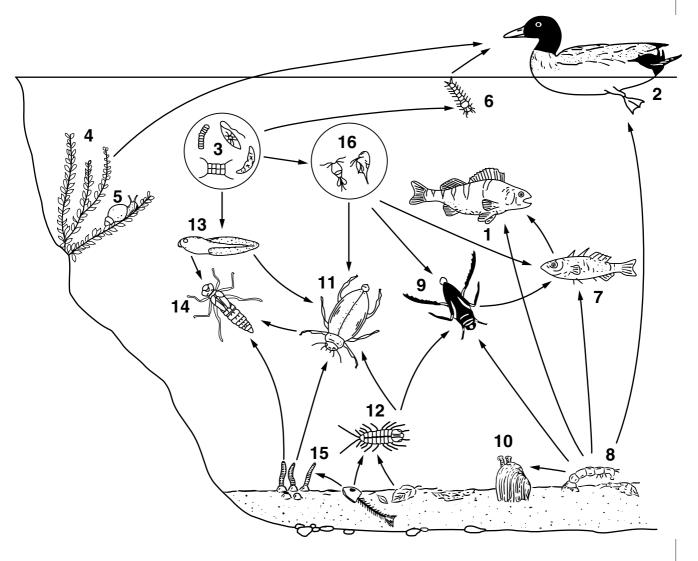


Fig. 5

(organisms 3 and 16 are greatly enlarged)

- (a) Two trophic levels are listed below. For each level, state **two** examples from Fig. 5. Identify them by their **numbers**.

 - (ii) Secondary consumers (carnivores) and [2]

(b)	Using only the numbers in Fig. 5, construct a simple food chain with five stages.
	[2]
(c)	Suggest how you could collect large numbers of the microscopic organisms numbered 3 in Fig. 5.
	[2]
	[Total : 6]

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