

NOVEMBER 2002

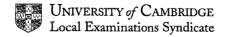
INTERNATIONAL GCSE

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 100

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 0452/03

ACCOUNTING



Page 1 of 11	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
<u> </u>	IGCSE Examinations - November 2002	0452	3

Question One Part (a)

Journal

	JO	urnai	
		Debit	Credit
		\$	\$
1.	Stationery	50 (1)	
	Suspense	. ,	50 (1)
İ			, ,
2.	Suspense	1 000 (1)	٠. ,
	Sales		1 000 (1)
3.	Abdulla Ahmed	240 (1)	·
	Abdul Ahmed		240 (1)
4.	Suspense	28 (1)	
	Discount Allowed		14 (1)
	Discount Received		14 (1)
1			
5.	Joe Jones	190 (1)	
	Suspense		190 (1)

[11]

Part (b)

Suspense Account

	Daop v.	ind i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	•
	\$		\$
Sales	1 000 (1)	Difference on Trial Balance	788 (1)
Discount allowed	14 (1)	Stationery	50 (1)
Discount received	<u>14 (1)</u>	Joe Jones	<u>190 (1)</u>
	1 028		1 028
			_

Page 2 of 11	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE Examinations - November 2002	0452	3

Question One Continued Part (b) Alternative Presentation

Suspense Account

	Debit	Credit	Balance
	\$	\$	\$
Difference on Trial Balance		788 (1)	788 Cr
Stationery		50 (1)	838 Cr
Sales	1 000 (1)		162 Dr
Discount allowed	14 (1)		176 Dr
Discount received	14 (1)		190 Dr
Joe Jones		190 (1)	0

[6]

Part (c)

Error 2 – Increase of \$1 000 (1) 3 – No effect (1)

4 – Increase of \$28 (1)

5 - No effect (1)

[4]

[Total 21]

age 3 of 11	Ma	ark Scheme	Syllabus	Pape
	IGCSE Examin	nations - November 2002	0452	3
Question Two	. ' n			
Part (a)	,			
` '	nt totals of debtors/cre	editors		
		he ledgers they control		
	lance Sheet to be prepared	-		
		hich there are errors when		
•	ance does not agree	their there are errors when		
		ons relating to debtors/creditors	,	
for the peri	-	ons relating to debtors/creditors	•	
•		propriate ledgers - may reduce	fraud	
11071005 411 111	position of the up	propriate reagers may reduce	11444	
Or other releva	ant points			
	F			
		Any 2 points (1) each		[2]
Part (b)				
Part (b) (i) Sales Journ	nal (Sales Day Book)	(1)		
(i) Sales Journ	nal (Sales Day Book) k			
(i) Sales Journ (ii) Cash Book	k	(1)		•
(i) Sales Journ (ii) Cash Book	• • •			[3

Part (c)
Debtor overpaid the amount owed
Debtor paid his account and later returned goods

Or other suitable reason

Any 1 point (2) [2]

Page 4 of 11	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE Examinations - November 2002	0452	3

Question Two Part (d)

Purchases Ledger Control Account

2002	\$	2002	\$
Oct 31 Purchases returns	135 (1)	Oct 1 Balance b/d	2 950 (1)
Bank	4 120 (1)	31 Purchases	5 050 (1)
Discount received	85 (1)	Cash	100 (1)
Balance c/d	<u>3 760 (1)</u>		. ,
	<u>8 100</u>		8 100
		Nov 1 Balance b/d	3 760 (1) O/F
			. ,

+ (1) Dates

[9]

Alternative Presentation -

Purchases Ledger Control Account

	Debit	Credit	Balance
2002	\$	\$	\$
Oct 1 Balance		2 950 (1)	2 950 Cr
31 Purchases		5 050 (1)	8 000 Cr
Cash		100 (1)	8 100 Cr
Purchases returns	135 (1)		7 965 Cr
Bank	4 120 (1)		3 845 Сг
Discount received	85 (1)		3 760 Cr (2)C/F
			(1)O/F

[9]

[Total 16]

Page 5 of 11	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE Examinations - November 2002	0452	3

Question Three Part (a)

Receipts and Payments Account for the year ended 30 September 2002

2001	\$	2002	\$
Oct 1 Balance	4 750 (1)	Sept 30 Insurance	660 (1)
2002		Rent	1 040 (1)
Sept 30 Snack bar sales	3 000 (1)	Snack bar purchases	2 600 (1)
Subscriptions	3 250 (1)	General expenses	1 210}
Sale of equipment	50 (1)	Printing & stationery	210} (1)
		Equipment	2 050 (1)
·		Balance c/d	<u>3 280</u> (1)
	<u>11 050</u>		<u>11 050</u>
2002 Oct 1 Balance b/d	3 280		

[10]

Part (b)

Income & Expenditure A/c similar to Profit and Loss – Receipts & Payments A/c summary of Cash Book

Income & Expenditure A/c used to calculate surplus/deficit – Receipts & Payments A/c used to calculate bank balance

Income & Expenditure A/c includes adjustments for accruals and prepayments

Income & Expenditure A/c includes non-monetary items

Income & Expenditure A/c does not include capital receipts and capital payments

Or other relevant points

Any 2 points up to (2) each -[4]

Page 6 of 11	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE Examinations - November 2002	0452	3

Question Three Part (c)

Snack Bar Trading Account for the year ended 30 September 2002

	\$	\$	\$
Sales			3 000 (1)
Less Cost of Sales			
Stock 1 October 2001		260 (1)	_
Purchases		2 600 (1)	-
		2 860	
Less Stock 30 September 2002			
Stock stolen	235 (1)O/F		
Stock remaining	<u>125 (1)</u>	360	<u>2 500</u> (2)
Gross Profit			500 (1)O/F

[8]

Horizontal presentation acceptable

[Total 22]

Page 7 of 11	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE Examinations - November 2002	0452	3

Question Four

Part (a)

Will have a share in the profits
Can take part in decision-making
Prospects for future (especially as Gideon is retiring)

Or other relevant points

Any 2 points (1) each

[2]

Part (b)

Will be personally liable for the debts of the firm Will have greater responsibilities

Will probably be required to invest capital

Or other relevant points

Any 2 points (1) each

[2]

Part (c)(i)

Goodwill Account

2002	\$	2002	\$
Oct 1 Capital Gideon	8 000 (1)	Oct 1 Capital Gideon	4 800 (1)
Mary	4 000 (1)	Mary	4 800 (1)
		John	<u>2 400</u> (1)
	<u>12 000</u>		<u>12 000</u>

[5]

Alternative presentation -

Goodwill Account

	Debit	Credit	Balance
2002	\$	\$	\$
Oct 1 Capital Gideon	8 000 (1)		8 000 Dr
Mary	4 000 (1)		12 000 Dr
Capital Gideon		4 800 (1)	7 200 Dr
Mary		4 800 (1)	2 400 Dr
John		2 400 (1)	0

Page 8 of 11	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
, age	IGCSE Examinations - November 2002	0452	3

Question Four Continued Part (c)(ii)

Capital Accounts

			Jupitui 2	Accounts			
	Gideon	Mary	John		Gideon	Mary	John
2002	\$	\$	\$	2002	\$	\$	\$
	(1)O/F	(1)0/1	F(1)O/	F	(1)	(1)	• .
Oct 1 Goodwill	4800	4800	2400	Oct 1 Balance	40000	30000	-
				Cash			20000 (1)
Balance c/d	43200	29200	22600	Motor			5000 (1)
					(1)0/	F (1)O/	F
- William Control of the Control of		_		Goodwill	8000	4000	
	48000	34000	25000		<u>48000</u>	34000	25000
				Oct 1 Balance b/d	43200	29200	22600
					(1)O/F	(1)O/F	(1) O /F

[12]

Alternative presentation - three separate Capital Accounts in 'T' account format

Alternative presentation - three separate Capital Accounts in three column running balance format. See next page.

Page 9 of 11	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE Examinations - November 2002	0452	3

Question Four Continued Part (c)(ii) Alternative presentation

Gideon Capital Account

	Gideoii Gu	Jital 1 koodant	
	Debit	Credit	Balance
2002	\$	\$	\$
Oct 1 Balance		40 000 (1)	40 000 Cr
Goodwill		8 000 (1)O/F	48 000 Cr
Goodwill	4 800 (1)O/F		43 200 Cr (1) O/F
			, ,

Mary Capital Account

That y depited 1 to to the				
	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2002	\$	\$	\$	
Oct 1 Balance		30 000 (1)	30 000 Cr	
Goodwill		4 000 (1)O/F	34 000 Cr	
Goodwill	4 800 (1)O/F		29 200 Cr (1) O/F	

John Capital Account

2002	Debit	Credit	Balance
	\$	\$	\$
Oct 1 Cash Motor Goodwill	2 400 (1)O/F	20 000 (1) 5 000 (1)	20 000 Cr 25 000 Cr 22 600 Cr (1)O/F

[12]

Part (d)

Location of business
Reputation of business
Possession of trademarks and brand names
Number of regular customers
Experienced and reliable staff
Contacts with regular suppliers

Or other relevant points

Any 2 points (1) each

[2]

[Total 23]

Page 10 of 11	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE Examinations - November 2002	0452	3

Question Five

Part (a)

Khalid Ahmed

(i) Gross Profit/Sales
$$\frac{13750}{55000} \times \frac{100}{1} = 25\%$$
 (1)

(ii) Net Profit/Sales
$$\frac{4675}{55000} \times \frac{100}{1} = 8.5\%$$
 (1)

(iii) Collection period for debtors
$$\frac{2870 \times 365}{(1)30000} = 34.92 \text{ days (1)}$$

(iv) Payment period for creditors
$$\frac{4850}{(1)42300}$$
 x $\frac{365}{1}$ = 41.85 days (1)

Omar and Sara Moussa

(i) Gross Profit/Sales
$$\frac{32400}{108000} \times \frac{100}{1} = 30\%$$
 (1)

(ii) Net Profit/Sales
$$\frac{19440 \times 100}{108000} = 18\%$$
 (1)

(iii) Collection period for debtors
$$\frac{16750}{108000} \times \frac{365}{1} = 56.61 \text{ days (1)}$$

(iv) Payment period for creditors
$$\frac{12500}{72800}$$
 x $\frac{365}{1}$ = 62.67 days (1)

[10]

Page 11 of 11	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	IGCSE Examinations - November 2002	0452	3

Question Five Continued

Part (b)

Different type of business (sole trader/partnership)

Different type of trade (food store/furniture store)

One run by manager one run by owners

One is a new business one is 5 years old

Different types of expenses – one has rent other has costs of premises

one has no delivery costs other has motor expenses

Different volume of sales

Or other relevant points

Any 4 points (2) each

[8]

[Total 18]