

**HISTORY
HIGHER LEVEL
PAPER 3 – EUROPE**

Friday 8 November 2002 (morning)

2 hours 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- Answer three questions.

1. Why was Louis XVI executed in 1793?
2. “When one thinks of Napoleon, one thinks of war.” Discuss Napoleon’s use of war as a means of achieving his goals outside France between 1800 and 1815.
3. Why did the Congress System collapse after 1822?
4. How successful were the foreign policies followed by Palmerston both as Foreign Secretary and Prime Minister?
5. How united was Italy by 1871?
6. Analyse the effects of the 1848 Revolution in Prussia on the eventual unification of Germany in 1871.
7. “The most dangerous moment for a bad government is usually when it begins to reform itself.” How far do you agree with this assessment of Russia under Alexander II?
8. In what ways can the 1878 Congress of Berlin be seen as a turning point in the Eastern Question?
9. Assess the impact upon Germany and Europe, between 1888 and 1914, of Kaiser Wilhelm II’s accession to power.
10. How successful, economically and politically, was European imperialism between 1885 and 1910?
11. Assess the effects of any **one** of the following on nineteenth-century social and political thought: romanticism; the arts; scientific development.
12. “He was out of touch with reality.” How far do you agree with this assessment of Louis Napoleon?
13. Assess the political and economic developments in any **one** Scandinavian country in **either** the nineteenth **or** the twentieth century.

14. Assess the effects of the creation of the Bolshevik Party on Russia up to 1921.
 15. How effectively did Stalin deal with domestic opposition between 1924 and 1953?
 16. “The Treaty of Versailles was fatally flawed.” To what extent do you agree with this statement?
 17. How far do you agree that the principles upon which the League of Nations was based were unsuitable for the political and economic realities of the 1920s?
 18. How far do you agree that the Spanish Civil War was really an ideological struggle between fascism and communism?
 19. In what ways did Fascism in Italy and Nazism in Germany differ ideologically?
 20. Why, and with what effects on Europe, was the Nazi-Soviet Pact signed in August 1939?
 21. Assess the impact of Nikita Khrushchev on **both** the Soviet Union **and** Europe between 1953 and 1964.
 22. Why did it take so long for Great Britain to become a member of the European Economic Community?
 23. Why was the relationship between western and eastern Europe so hostile between 1946 and 1961?
 24. Assess the influence of Tito on internal Yugoslav affairs between 1946 and 1970.
 25. “The impetus behind the movement for social and political equality between men and women has gone.” How far do you agree with this statement when analysing the role of the feminist movement in Europe between 1975 and 1990?
-