Surname			Oth	er Names			
Centre Number	Number			Candida	te Number		
Candidate Signatur	e						

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General Certificate of Secondary Education June 2004

SOCIAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION TIER

3101/F



Wednesday 30 June 2004 9.00 am to 11.00 am



No additional materials are required.

Time allowed: 2 hours

Instructions

- Use blue or black ink or ball-point pen. Pencil should only be used for drawing.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions in Section A and Section B in the spaces provided.
- Answer one question from Section C. Write your answer on pages 16 to 19.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want marked.

Information

- The maximum mark for this paper is 85.
- Mark allocations are shown in brackets.
- You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers. The chosen question in Section C should be answered in continuous prose. Quality of language will be assessed in the answer.

Advice

- You are advised to spend approximately:
 - 30 minutes on Section A;
 - 60 minutes on Section B;
 - 30 minutes on Section C.

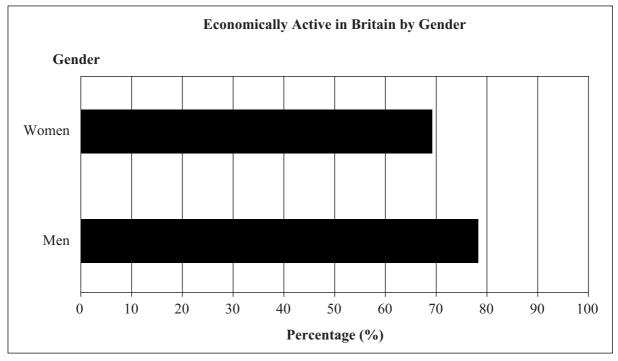
	For Exam	iner's Use		
Number	Mark	Number	Mark	
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				
11				
12				
Total (Column ²	1)	-		
Total (Column 2)				
TOTAL				

G/H130932/S04/3101/F 6/6/6 **3101/F**

SECTION A

Answer **all** questions in this section. You are advised to spend approximately 30 minutes on this section. This section carries 20 marks.

1 Study the graph below and answer parts (a) and (b) which follow.



Source: adapted from Office of National Statistics © Crown Copyright 2001

(a)	What percentage of women were economically active in 2001?
	(1 mark)
(b)	Explain one reason why men are more likely than women to be economically active.



	two reasons why people work.
Reaso	on 1
•••••	
Reaso	on 2
******	(2 marks)
Study	the extract below and answer parts (a), (b) and (c) which follow.
	Gun Control
	nen elected, we will publish a White Paper about our plans to strengthen the law on firearms. e hope this will pass through both Houses of Parliament and be given Royal Assent.
	Source: adapted from a political party leaflet
(a)	What is "a White Paper"?
	(1 mark)
(b)	What is "Royal Assent"?
	What is Royal Assemt :
	what is Royal Assent :
	(1 mark)
(c)	
(c)	(1 mark)
(c)	(1 mark)

 $\binom{}{4}$

Turn over

	itain does not have a written constitution. As a result, the different responsibilities of lividual Ministers and of the Cabinet are not always clear.
(a)	What is meant by the term "Ministers" as used in the extract?
	(1 mark)
(b)	What is meant by the term "Cabinet" as used in the extract?
	(1 mark)
	the extract below and answer parts (a) and (b) which follow. ere are many different family patterns apart from the stereotype often shown on television and
Th in sor	
Th in sor und pro	ere are many different family patterns apart from the stereotype often shown on television and newspapers. The image of a family which is happy, white, nuclear and middle class is netimes known as the "cereal packet family". It is an image which can make some people happy because their families are not as "perfect" as those on television. It can also hide
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The in some unit production (a)	ere are many different family patterns apart from the stereotype often shown on television and newspapers. The image of a family which is happy, white, nuclear and middle class is netimes known as the "cereal packet family". It is an image which can make some people happy because their families are not as "perfect" as those on television. It can also hide oblems within families. What do social scientists mean by the term "stereotype"?
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Th in sor	ere are many different family patterns apart from the stereotype often shown on television and newspapers. The image of a family which is happy, white, nuclear and middle class is netimes known as the "cereal packet family". It is an image which can make some people happy because their families are not as "perfect" as those on television. It can also hide oblems within families. What do social scientists mean by the term "stereotype"? (1 mark)



Describe the attitudes towards marriage of two different ethnic groups in the UK.
First ethnic group's attitudes
(3 marks)
Second ethnic group's attitudes
(3 marks)



TURN OVER FOR SECTION B

6

SECTION B

Answer **all** questions in this section.

You are advised to make references to the Sources and use your own knowledge in answering the questions.

You are advised to spend approximately 60 minutes on this section.

This section carries 40 marks.

7 Total for this question: 20 marks

(a) Study **Source** A and answer parts (i) and (ii) which follow.

Source A

National Daily Newspaper Circulation (July 2001 – July 2002)				
Title	July 2001	July 2002		
The Sun	3 515 845	3 609 269		
Daily Mirror	2 170 181	2 092 034		
Daily Star	728 744	840 915		
Daily Mail	2 387 338	2 350 689		
Daily Express	907 411	936 091		
Daily Telegraph	958 005	946 926		
The Times	651 946	632 638		
The Guardian	381 155	375 432		
The Independent	191 595	191 875		

Source: adapted from Audit Bureau of Circulations 2002

(i)	Which newspaper had the biggest circulation in July 2002?	
(ii)	What was the daily circulation of The Times in July 2001?	(1 mark)
		(1 mark)

(b)	Ident	ify and describe two differences between tabloid newspapers and broadsheet newspapers.
	•••••	(4 marks)
(c)	Study	Source B and answer parts (i) and (ii) which follow.
		Source B
		Crime as Entertainment
is pre	sented	e is not only caused by issues raised by the media, but also by the way information . Television programmes such as Crimewatch and the reconstruction of famous mixed news with entertainment.
		ammes are big business. They make a lot of money. To attract larger audiences, at has become more important.
	(i)	Why have news and entertainment been mixed together?
		(1 mark)
	(ii)	How has this mixing of news and entertainment affected people's fear of crime?
		(1 mark)

QUESTION 7 CONTINUES ON THE NEXT PAGE

(d)	Sugg	est two methods people can use to protect their property from crime.
	Meth	od 1
	Meth	od 2
	•••••	(2 marks)
(e)	Study	Source C and answer parts (i) and (ii) which follow.
		Source C
		New Project Aims to Tackle Community Fears
having	g their	ried out in Leicester show that people fear burglary the most. Being mugged and cars broken into are major concerns. Residents were also worried about a lack of s for young people to use their leisure time constructively.
service	es. The	to the survey findings, Leicester City Council is planning a scheme to improve the aim is to promote a more community-centred approach. This means that the City the police, the health authority, voluntary groups and the private sector will be to work more closely together.
	(i)	Which criminal offence do the people surveyed in Leicester fear the most?
		(1 mark)
	(ii)	Describe one way in which the police and voluntary groups can work together to reduce crime.
		(3 marks)

(f)	Some media "name and shame" those convicted of certain crimes. against naming and shaming criminals.	Discuss arguments for and
		(6 marks)



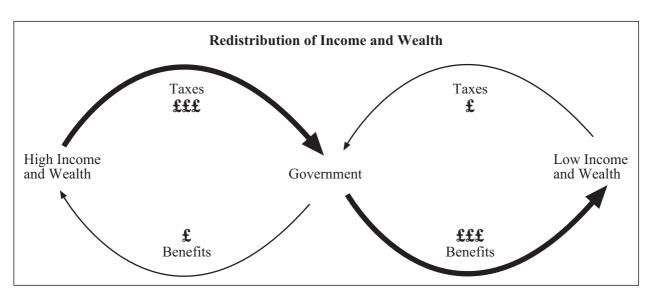
TURN OVER FOR THE NEXT QUESTION

Total for this question: 20 marks

(a) Study **Source D** and answer parts (i) and (ii) which follow.

8

Source D



Source: adapted from Office of National Statistics © Crown Copyright 2001

(i)	What does Source D tell us about how the Government can redistribute income and wealth?
	(2 marks)
(ii)	Identify and describe two reasons why some people have more wealth than others.
	Reason 1
	Reason 2
	(4 marks)

(b) Study Source E and answer parts (i) and (ii) which follow.

Source E

An Economic Balancing Act

Government planning has to take account of many influences, including the factors of production. The Government has to ensure that there is a balance between production and expenditure. There is a danger of increased unemployment if too many goods and services are produced or if not enough are being bought.

(i)	Identify and describe one of the factors of production.
	(2 marks)
(ii)	Explain how unemployment can come about "if too many goods and services are produced".
	(4 marks)

QUESTION 8 CONTINUES ON THE NEXT PAGE

(c) Study Source F and answer parts (i) and (ii) which follow.

Source F

In any democratic society, there is discussion about which individuals and groups influence decision-makers. There are periods when workers seem to be influential. At other times, employers appear to be closer to those with power. These changes in influence are a result of political, social, and economic reasons.

(i)	What is meant by the term "democratic society"?
	(2 marks)
(ii)	Explain why some groups have more influence with decision-makers than others.
	(6 marks)



NO QUESTIONS APPEAR ON THIS PAGE

TURN OVER FOR SECTION C

SECTION C

Answer **one** question from this section, **either** Question 9, **or** 10, **or** 11, **or** 12. You are expected to use appropriate examples and/or evidence when answering the question. Write your answers on pages 16 to 19.

If you need extra space, use the continuation sheet at the end of this book. You are advised to spend approximately 30 minutes on this section.

This section carries 25 marks.

EITHER

9 Total for this question: 25 marks

- (a) Explain **one** reason why the divorce rate has increased in the last 50 years. (5 marks)
- (b) Identify **and** discuss changes in the family.

You may wish to include in your answer:

- changes in family structures, e.g. in the number of generations living together;
- any connections between social change and family change, e.g. how gender equality outside the home affects roles in the family;
- the influences these and other factors can have, e.g. how they might change attitudes towards the family;
- your views on the importance of the factors you mention;
- any other relevant points.

(20 marks)

OR

Total for this question: 25 marks

- (a) Explain **one** reason why primary industries have declined in the last 50 years. (5 marks)
- (b) Discuss whether developments in technology at work have improved people's working lives.

You may wish to include in your answer:

- changes in methods of production, e.g. increased automation;
- changes in people's expectations of work, e.g. job satisfaction;
- the influences these and other factors can have, e.g. how changes in technology affect people's attitude to work;
- your views on the importance of the factors you mention;
- any other relevant points.

(20 marks)

OR

11

Total for this question: 25 marks

- (a) Explain **one** reason for the increase in consumer protection in the last 50 years. (5 marks)
- (b) Discuss whether the law gives consumers enough protection.

You may wish to include in your answer:

- the rights of consumers, e.g. the condition of goods purchased;
- how consumers' rights can be enforced, e.g. Trading Standards Office;
- the influences these and other factors can have, e.g. the cost of legal action;
- your views on the importance of the factors you mention;
- any other relevant points.

(20 marks)

OR

12

Total for this question: 25 marks

(a) Explain **one** reason for the decline in voting over the last 50 years.

(5 marks)

(b) Identify **and** discuss the effectiveness of different types of political activity.

You may wish to include in your answer:

- some types of political activity, e.g. pressure groups;
- whether political involvement is important, e.g. what happens if people do not participate;
- the influences these and other factors might have, e.g. why some people appear to be uninterested;
- your views on the importance of the factors you mention;
- any other relevant points.

(20 marks)



END OF QUESTIONS

QUESTION	
NUMBER	

Write the question number in the left-hand margin.

UESTION NUMBER	Write the question number in the left-hand margin.

QUESTION NUMBER

Write the question number in the left-hand margin.

QUESTION NUMBER	Write the question number in the left-hand margin.

QUESTION NUMBER

CONTINUATION SHEET

Write the question number in the left-hand margin.

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