Surname	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Other Names		0



GCSE

4781/01



SCIENCE B

UNIT 1: Space, Energy and Life FOUNDATION TIER

P.M. THURSDAY, 15 January 2015

1 hour 15 minutes

	For Examiner's use only			
	Question	Maximum Mark	Mark Awarded	
Section A	1.	8		
	2.	6		
	3.	9		
	4.	8		
	5.	9		
	6.	6		
Section B	7.	24		
	Total	70		

ADDITIONAL MATERIALS

In addition to this paper you may require a calculator and a ruler.

You will also need a copy of the **Resource Folder** (Pre-Release Article) to answer **Section B**.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Use black ink or black ball-point pen.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page. Answer **all** questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.

You are reminded that assessment will take into account the quality of written communication used in your answer to question **7**(*e*).

Section B is based upon the **Pre-Release Article**.

SECTION A

Answer all questions in the spaces provided.

1.	the s	ame tii	last 100 years, the percentageme, there has been a rapid incorease in captive breeding pro	rease in the Earth's		
	(a)	Give	two reasons why more land i	s needed as the po	pulation increases	. [2]
		1.				
		2.				
	(b)	(i)	Describe what is meant by the	ne term <i>captive bre</i>	eding programmes	z. [2]
		(ii)	State one reason why these	programmes are in	nportant.	[1]
	(c)		y people believe that intensivule prefer their food to be produced			ugh food. Other
			e table below, tick (/) to show ganic farming. <i>One row has b</i>			ntensive farming [3]
		0. 0.	ga			7
				Intensive farming	Organic farming	
		Uses	s pesticides	1		
		Proc	luces more food			
		Proc	luces cheaper food			
		Doe	s not use caged animals			

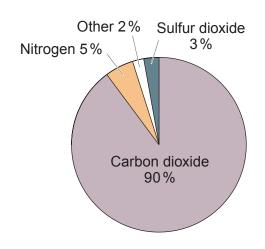
2.	(a)	Com	plete the sentences below. [5	5]
		(i)	The Universe began as the result of anknown as the Big Ban	g.
		(ii)	The Universe continues to away from the Big Bang.	
		(iii)	The evidence for the Big Bang is provided by shift measurements.	
		(iv)	Cosmic Background radiation is the remains of energy produced by the Big Bang.	
		(v)	The Universe is estimated to be 13.5 thousandyears old.	
	(b)	Ligh	t years are used when measuring the Universe. What is a light year?	1]
		•••••		

6

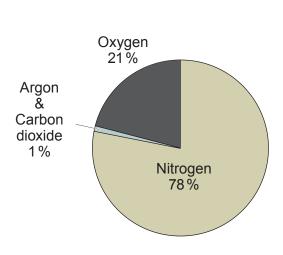
[3]

3. The pie charts below show how the present day atmosphere on Earth compares with the (a) early atmosphere millions of years ago.

Early atmosphere



Today's atmosphere

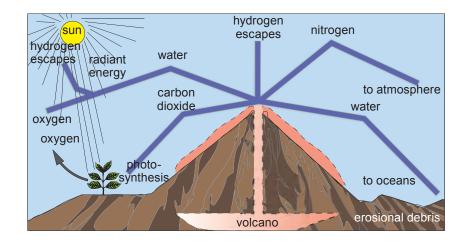


State **three** ways today's atmosphere is different from the early atmosphere.

|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|

2.	

Use the information in the diagram below to give two ways volcanoes helped the (ii) atmosphere of the Earth to change.



(b) The table below shows information about gases found in the atmosphere on Venus, Earth and Mars.

Atmospheric gas	Venus	Earth	Mars
CO ₂	98%	0.03%	90%
N_2	1 %	78 %	2.5%
O ₂	0.0%	21 %	2.5%

(i)	Name the planet that has the biggest greenhouse effect and give one reason for your answer.	or <u>?]</u>
	Planet	
	Reason	
(ii)	Scientists claim that the global warming on Earth is increasing. State two effects of global warming.	2]
	1.	
	2.	
		- 11

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4. (a) (i) Complete the table of the electromagnetic (em) spectrum to show the positions of **visible**, **ultra-violet** and **infra-red** radiation. [2]

Gamma rays	X rays		Microwaves	Radio waves

(ii) Complete the sentences below by **underlining** the correct word in the brackets. [3]

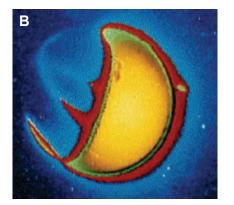
The wavelength (decreases / stays the same / increases) from gamma rays to radio waves.

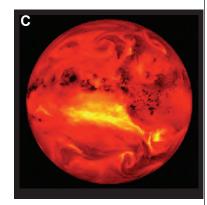
The frequency (decreases / stays the same / increases) from gamma rays to radio waves.

The wave energy (decreases / stays the same / increases) from gamma rays to radio waves.

(b) These pictures of the Earth were taken using different parts of the em spectrum.







Complete the table below.

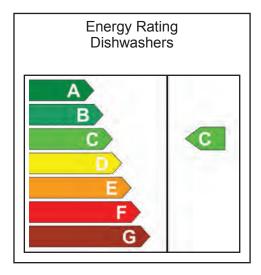
[3]

Picture	Features	Type of em wave used to take the picture
A	Land, clouds and sea clearly seen.	
В	One side appears than the other.	ultra-violet
С	Shows patterns of water vapour in the atmosphere that has trapped heat.	

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Dishwashers are rated by the amount of energy they use. Dishwashers rated A use less energy and are cheaper to run than those rated G.



The following table gives information about dishwashers rated A, B and D.

Dishwasher energy rating	Voltage (V)	Current (A)	Units of energy used per year (kWh)
Α	230	4	210
В	230	6	315
D	230	8	420

(a) Calculate the power of dishwashers rated **D** using the equation: [2]

power = voltage x current

Power = kW

(b) Circle, from the list below, the energy used per year by a dishwasher rated **C**. [1]

200 310 350 430

- (c) A homeowner buys a dishwasher rated **D**.
 - (i) Find the cost of using this dishwasher for a year using the equation:

[2]

cost = units used x cost per unit

One unit of electricity costs 20p.

Cost = £

(ii) Complete the following sentence by **underlining** the correct words in the brackets.

The dishwasher rated **A** costs (half as much as / the same as / more than) the dishwasher rated **D** to run.

(iii) The homeowner could have bought a dishwasher rated **A** that cost £35 more than the one rated **D**. State **one** reason why the dishwasher rated **A** would have been more cost effective. [1]

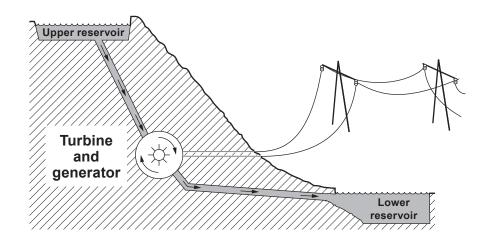
(d) Use the information in the table opposite, and your answer to part (a), to calculate the time that the dishwasher rated **D** was used during a year. [2]

Use the equation:

time (h) =
$$\frac{\text{units used}}{\text{power (kW)}}$$

Time = h

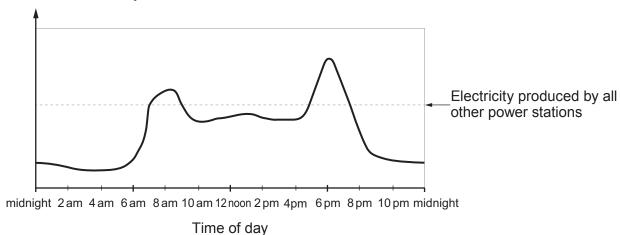
6. The diagram shows how electricity is generated in a hydroelectric power station.



The hydroelectric power station is only used when we need more electricity than the rest of the power stations around the country can supply.

- (a) (i) State **one** reason why a hydroelectric power station is quicker to start up than a coal or gas power station. [1]
 - (ii) State **one** disadvantage to wildlife of using hydroelectric power. [1]
- (b) The need for electricity changes in the way shown below.

Demand for electricity



Examine
only

(i)	Demand for electricity is greater than supply from 'all other power stations' between 7.00 a.m. and 9.00 a.m. State one <i>other</i> part of day where demand for electricity is greater than supply. [2]		
	Between p.m. andp.m.		
(ii)	<u>Underline</u> the best time to use electricity to pump water from the lower reservoir to the upper reservoir. [1]		
	Midnight – 6 a.m.		
	6 a.m. — 10 a.m.		
	10 a.m. – 4 p.m.		
	4 p.m. – 8 p.m.		
(iii)	Give one reason for your answer. [1]		

SECTION B

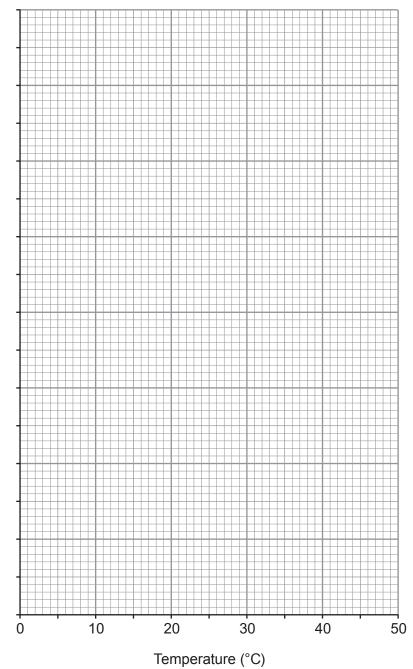
Answer all questions in the spaces provided.

Use the information in the separate Resource Folder to answer the following questions.

7.	(a)	(i)	Give one reason why phytoplankton and plants only increase the oxygen concentration during sunlight hours.	[1]
		(ii)	Give one reason why living phytoplankton and other plants are only found in epilimnion layer of water.	the [1]
	(b)		e the process by which phytoplankton and plants will decrease the oxygen centration at night.	[1]
	(c)	(i)	Use the information in Table 1 to complete the table below and then plot a grap	h to

Temperature (°C)	Dissolved oxygen concentration (DO) (mg/l)
0	
6	
10	
14	
20	
26	
30	
40	

Dissolved oxygen concentration (DO) (mg/l)



(ii)	Describe the pattern shown by your graph.	[2]	

(iii) Continue your graph to estimate the temperature at which oxygen levels become low enough to cause stress to fish. [1]

.....

Examine
only

(d)	(i)	Use Graph 2 and your answer to <i>(c)</i> (ii) to describe how the dissolved oxygen concentration will vary in the epilimnion between May and November.	
	(ii)	Use the information in Diagram 1 and Graph 1 to complete the table below for year 2006 .	the [4]

Month	Dissolved oxygen concentration (DO) (mg/l)	Condition of fish
May	9	OK
June		
July		
August		
September		

(e)	The dissolved oxygen concentration drops enough to decrease the number of a Describe how this will affect the other living things in the food web.	nchovies. [QWC 6]
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END OF PAPER