

# **GCSE MARKING SCHEME**

**SCIENCE-BIOLOGY** 

**SUMMER 2014** 

### INTRODUCTION

The marking schemes which follow were those used by WJEC for the Summer 2014 examination in GCSE Science-Biology. They were finalised after detailed discussion at examiners' conferences by all the examiners involved in the assessment. The conferences were held shortly after the papers were taken so that reference could be made to the full range of candidates' responses, with photocopied scripts forming the basis of discussion. The aim of the conferences was to ensure that the marking schemes were interpreted and applied in the same way by all examiners.

It is hoped that this information will be of assistance to centres but it is recognised at the same time that, without the benefit of participation in the examiners' conferences, teachers may have different views on certain matters of detail or interpretation.

WJEC regrets that it cannot enter into any discussion or correspondence about these marking schemes.

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# **GCSE SCIENCE - BIOLOGY**

# **B**1

# **MARK SCHEME - SUMMER 2014**

Que	estion	Marking details	Marks Available
1	(a)	No {backbone/ vertebral column/ spinal column/ vertebrae}; NOT spinal cord/ bone	1
	(b)	ANY ORDER B C D F;	3
		all four correct = 3	
		three correct = 2 two correct = 1	
		Question 1 total	[4]
		Guestion i total	[4]

Question			Marking details		
2	(a)		Sun/ solar;	1	
			NOT light/ sunlight		
	(b)		Energy;	1	
	(c)	(i)	20;	2	
			Correct answer = 2 marks		
			If incorrect answer allow one mark for (500/2500) x 100		
		(ii)	Respiration/ respiring/ respires;	1	
			Question 2 Total	[5]	

Question		Marking details	Marks Available
3	(a)	2.5;	1
	(b)	0.25;	1
	(c)	Any <b>three</b> from:	3
		light/ sunlight; NOT sun	
		water; NOT moisture/ rain	
		nutrients/ minerals/ salts/ named mineral; NOT food/ salt	
		space; NOT room/ area	
		carbon dioxide/ CO <sub>2</sub> ;	
	(d)	(A and B are) different {types/sorts/species/genes/DNA}/	
		genetically different/genetic variation/ there has been a	
		mutation;	
		NOT different chromosomes	1
		Ougation 2 Tatal	[6]
	Question 3 Total		

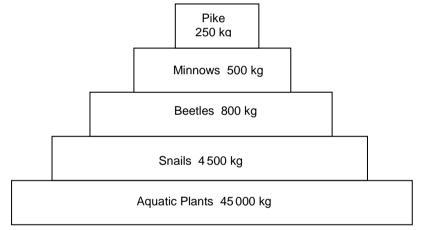
Question			Marking details		
4	(a)	(i)	Soldiers whose wounds had maggots were more likely to survive	1	
			(than soldiers who did not have maggots)/ ORA;		
			(comparison is needed)		
		(ii)	Maggots ate bacteria (and dead flesh around the wound);	1	
		(iii)	Make his findings known widely/ allow reproducibility/ others to		
			test/ to confirm findings; NOT to help more soldiers;	1	
	(b)		Fewer side effects/ drug toxicity/ bacterial resistance/ maggots	1	
			are more widely available (in some parts of the world)/ some		
			people are allergic to antibiotics;		
			NOT some people react to antibiotics (unqualified)/ easier		
			(unqualified)/ no side effects/ safer/ act quicker		
			Question 4 Total	[4]	

Question			Marking details		
5	(a)		Nucleus;	3	
			Gene;		
			Protein;		
	(b)	(i)	I 8;	1	
			II Kangaroo;	2	
			(8 is/ gametes have) {half the body cell number/ half the diploid		
			number}/ 8 is the haploid number/ {reference to fertilisation		
			restoring the body cell chromosome number/OWTTE};		
			NOT half the number of chromosome		
			2 <sup>nd</sup> mark only accessed if 1 <sup>st</sup> mark credited		
		(ii)	36;	1	
			Question 5 total	[7]	

Question	Marking details	Marks Available
6 <i>(a)</i>	(2) 3 4 1 5; one mark for each number correctly positioned	4
(b)	Become extinct/ die out/ wiped out;  NOT die (unqualified)/ become endangered	1
	Question 6 Total	[5]

Question		Marking details			
7	(a)		2.	(Playing) music {increases/slows} reaction time/ slows reactions  OR Reverse answer  Not playing music decreases reaction time/ makes reactions faster/ speeds up reaction time;  NOT worse/better/improved reaction time  With music, reaction times are variable/ reaction time decreases with {trial number/ practice}  OR Reverse answer  Without music reaction time is constant/ steady/ the same;  NOT the longer Bob listens to music the quicker his reaction time	max 2
	(b)	(i) (ii)	•	ses/ <u>electrical</u> signals;	2
				neurones/nerve/ nerve cells;	[5]

Que	stion		Marking details	Marks Available
8/1	(a)	(i)	Pike	1
		(ii)	Pyramid correctly drawn (accept triangle) with correct labels and	2
			biomasses with units = 2 marks	
			Pyramid correctly drawn with names of organisms on own	
			without masses = 1 mark	
			Pyramid correctly drawn with biomasses on own with units	
			without named organisms = 1 mark	
			Incorrect order or level missing = 0 marks	



(iii) Tier above the pike;

1

(b) {Single/one} {plant/ tree / named plant/ producer}; 2

NOT aquatic plant

On which {many organisms/ named organisms} {feed/ live off};

Question 8/1 total [6]

Question			Marking details	Marks Available
9/2	(a)	(i)	The cows are genetically different/have different genes/ show	1
			genetic variation/ different ages/ variation in the milk producing	
			genes;	
			NOT different genetics/ sizes/ inherited it from their parents/	
			mutation	
		(ii)	River field cows' milk production is higher/ ORA;	2
			there are environmental differences/ named environmental	
			difference e.g. temperature/soil/nutrients/water content/	
			{richer/better quality} grass (must be comparative);	
			2 <sup>nd</sup> mark only awarded if 1 <sup>st</sup> is credited	
		(iii)	Sperm (are used)/ two parents/ bull and cow;	1
	(b)		Holstein;	2
			it has the {lowest/least} fat content/ lower fat than the other	
			cows;	
			2 <sup>nd</sup> mark point only accessed if first correct	
			sugar=neutral	
			Question 9/2 Total	[6]

Question		Marking details	Marks Available
10/3	(a)	Erector muscle;	1
	(b)	<ol> <li>Hairs {erect/raised/ stand up/ stick up/ are lifted/ pulled up/ straight up/ up};</li> <li>Trap thicker layer of air/ more air trapped;         NOT trap layer of warm air (can be neutral)</li> <li>Which is {an insulator/ poor conductor} / which lets less heat pass out/ which insulates/ harder for heat to escape;         NOT no heat passes out</li> <li>mark only awarded if 2<sup>nd</sup> awarded</li> <li>ACCEPT REVERSE ARGUMENT</li> </ol>	3
	(c)	<ol> <li>Any two from:         <ol> <li>Vasoconstriction/ {capillaries/ blood vessels} {narrow/ constrict/ thinner}/ diameter gets smaller;</li> <li>NOT contract/ get smaller/ blood vessels moving up and/or down</li> </ol> </li> <li>shivering;         <ol> <li>{reduced/ no} sweating/ less sweat {produced/ secreted};</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	2
		Question10/3 Total	[6]

# Question Marking details Marks Available 11/4 Indicative content: 6

All plants/seedlings/flowers are growing vertically straight up.

{Place plants on a window sill/ in a (blacked out) box with a hole in one side/ any method of one sided illumination}.

Leave plants for specified length of time.

Plants show growth towards light/ tips 'bend' towards light. NOT move

Reference to involvement of hormone e.g. hormone cause shoots to bend.

Reference to control by eliminating the effect of one sided light. This should be uniform illumination. NOT darkness

Shoots/tips don't bend towards light.

#### 5 - 6 marks

The candidate constructs an articulate, integrated account correctly linking relevant points, such as those in the indicative content, which shows sequential reasoning. The answer fully addresses the question with no irrelevant inclusions or significant omissions. The candidate uses appropriate scientific terminology and accurate spelling, punctuation and grammar.

# 3 - 4 marks

The candidate constructs an account correctly linking some relevant points, such as those in the indicative content, showing some reasoning. The answer addresses the question with some omissions. The candidate uses mainly appropriate scientific terminology and some accurate spelling, punctuation and grammar.

### 1 - 2 marks

The candidate makes some relevant points, such as those in the indicative content, showing limited reasoning. The answer addresses the question with significant omissions. The candidate uses limited scientific terminology and inaccuracies in spelling, punctuation and grammar.

# 0 marks

The candidate does not make any attempt or give a relevant answer worthy of credit.

# **Question 11/4 Total**

[6]

Question Ma			Markin	g details			Marks Available
5	(a)		All cor	rect 1 mark	Mouse 2 B Mouse 3 b	BB - black Bb - black B - black b - red	1
	(b)	(i)	12;				1
		(ii)	All cor	rect no errors			1
				Gametes	В	В	
				b	Bb	Bb	
				b	Bb	Bb	
	(c)	(i)	25;				1
		(ii)					1
			All cor	rect no errors			
				Gametes	В	b	
				b	Bb	bb	
				b	Bb	bb	
		(d)	Fertiliz	ation is rando	m/ reference to de	eath of embryos;	1

**Question 5 Total** 

[6]

Que	estion	Marking details	Marks Available
6	(a)	(88/88 000) x 100;	2
		0.1%;	
		Correct answer = 2 marks	
	(b)	Accumulation of pesticides/ bioaccumulation/ increase in	2
		concentration of pesticide;	
		Can reduce fertility/ makes them infertile/ reduce reproductive	
		rate;	
		NOT kills fish before they can reproduce/ less eggs fertilised	
		2 <sup>nd</sup> mark only awarded if 1 <sup>st</sup> awarded	
		Question 6 total	[4]

Questi	ion	Marking details	Marks Available
7 (	(a)	Hormone = insulin in both boxes ;	2
		Organ = pancreas;	1
		Increase = glucose;	1
		Decrease = glucose;	1
(i	(b)	Any <b>two</b> from	2
		Chemical messengers;	
		Carried in blood;	
		Controls {body/a} {function/process};	
		(Insulin) decreases glucose in the blood;	
		Hormones produced by {pancreas/ glands};	
		Question 7 total	[7]

Question	Marking details	Marks Available
8 <i>(a)</i> (i)	Nn;	1
(ii)	Nn;	1
(b)	50(%);	1
<i>(c)</i> (i)	{Genetic/ DNA} {profile/ profiling};	1
	NOT genetic fingerprinting	
(ii)	DNA {has coded information/ codes for protein};	2
	Baby's DNA is different to Mike's/ In the {DNA profiles/ genetic	
	analysis} above, the baby {does not have any (base) A/ has one	
	less G};	
(d)	Family tree only shows the {chance/probability} of having CF;	2
	{Profile/ analysis/it} shows the (presence of)	
	{alleles/mutation/gene};	
	NOT the genotype	
	Question 8 Total	[8]

Question			Marking details	Marks Available
9	(a)	(i)	More {rainfall/ precipitation} therefore more	1
			{slurry/nitrates/manure} could be washed into water;	
		(ii)	{More/ faster} absorption of nitrates (as plants are growing);  NOT Less rainfall in spring	1
	(b)		{Herbicide/ pest/ fungus/ drought/ low temperature/ disease} resistance/ increase rate of photosynthesis/ any correct point; NOT pesticide resistance/ immune to herbicides/ increased yield	1
	(c)		Protein converted to ammonia/ Ammonia is converted to nitrate;  By decomposers/ bacteria/ fungi;  If named, bacteria must be correct.  e.g. <b>Nitrifying</b> bacteria change protein to ammonia = 1 mark	2
			Question 9 Total	[5]

# Question Marking details Marks Available 10 Indicative content 6

A gene mutates.

This resulted in variation.

The variation reduced water loss.

This {was an advantage/ had survival value} (in the desert.) Resulted in natural selection/ survival of the fittest to breed (Advantageous altered) gene was passed on.

# 5 - 6 marks

The candidate constructs an articulate, integrated account correctly linking relevant points, such as those in the indicative content, which shows sequential reasoning. The answer fully addresses the question with no irrelevant inclusions or significant omissions. The candidate uses appropriate scientific terminology and accurate spelling, punctuation and grammar.

# 3 - 4 marks

The candidate constructs an account correctly linking some relevant points, such as those in the indicative content, showing some reasoning. The answer addresses the question with some omissions. The candidate uses mainly appropriate scientific terminology and some accurate spelling, punctuation and grammar.

#### 1 - 2 marks

The candidate makes some relevant points, such as those in the indicative content, showing limited reasoning. The answer addresses the question with significant omissions. The candidate uses limited scientific terminology and inaccuracies in spelling, punctuation and grammar.

#### 0 marks

The candidate does not make any attempt or give a relevant answer worthy of credit.

Question 10 Total [6]

# **GCSE SCIENCE - BIOLOGY**

# **B2**

# **MARK SCHEME - SUMMER 2014**

Question			Marking details	Marks Available
1	(a)	(i)	Any two for one mark Disease; Pests/fungus/mould; Climate change; NOT pod rot	1
		(ii)	Insufficient/ not enough to meet demand (for chocolate)/OWTTE;  NOT decrease unqualified  Accept suitable reference to loss of income/ less money	
	(b)		15%;	1
	(c)	(i)	Microbe;	1
		(ii)	Biological control/ biocontrol;	1
	(d)	(i)	Fewer rotted pods than untreated; Answer must be comparative	1
		(ii)	Does not affect other organisms/ does not damage biodiversity;	1
		(iii)	Very few rotted pods/ more effective at controlling pod rot/ less rotted pods than with {Trichoderma/ biological control}/ better at killing the mould;	1
			Question 1 total	[8]

Que	stion		Marking details	Marks Available
2	(a)	(i)	Bases;	1
		(ii)	T and C in correct positions;	1
	(b)	(i)	Nucleus; Accept chromosome	1
		(ii)	Twisted/ helix; NOT coil	1
			Question 2 total	[4]

Que	estion		Marking details	Marks Available
3	(a)	(i)	On diagram 46 <b>and</b> 46;	1
		(ii)	Replace worn out cells/ repair damages tissue;	1
	(b)	(i)	Four; Identical/ same;	2
		(ii)	Gametes;	1
			Question 3 Total	[5]

Que	estion		Marking de	etails		Marks Available
4	(a)	(i)	Peristalsis	;		1
		(ii)	В;			1
	(b)		Food	Enzyme	Digested food	3
			Starch/ carbohy drate;	carbohydrase	glucose	
			fat	Lipase;	fatty acids and <b>Glycerol</b> ;	
	(c)		Absorbs w	rater;		1
Question 4 Total						[6]

Question			Marking details	Marks Available
5	(a)	(i)	Protein; Chemical;	2
	(b)	(i)	I linear scale; must include number at origin and encompass all readings	1
			II plots;; +/- ½ small square -1 if line taken back to origin	2
			III line;	1
		(ii)	I Increase then decrease; Optimum pH7.5 (from data/ graph);	2
			II Correct readings <b>from their graph</b> = 1 mark  Correct answer <b>from their graph</b> = 1 mark  If answer correct but no calculation = 2 marks	2
		(iii)	Temperature affects enzyme activity; Accept reference to varying more than one variable not being a fair test	1
	(c)		Work at {lower/ low} temp (than non- enzyme powders }; Uses less energy/ more economic/ less costly; NOT cleans better or eq.	2
			Question 5 Total	[13]

Question			Marking details	Marks Available
6/1	(a)	(i)	A line drawn <b>outside</b> cell membrane; Nucleus, vacuole & chloroplasts (not dots) (all needed) correctly drawn; Must be able to distinguish the three different organelles	2
		(ii)	{Controls/regulates/selects} {the movement of substances /what} into and out of cell;  NOT protect cell/maintain shape	1
	(b)	(i)	I Into the cell ✓; II Into the cell ✓; III Cell B ✓;	3
		(ii)	Diffusion;	1
			Question 6/1 Total	[7]

Question			Marking details	Marks Available
7/2	(a)	(i)	Greater;	1
		(ii)	Less;	1
		(iii)	Greater;	1
		(iv)	Less;	1
	(b)		Any <b>two</b> from	2
			Answers must compare bell jar and human	
			The {diaphragm/rubber sheet} in bell jar model is pulled down	
			during inspiration, whereas in the thorax the diaphragm is	
			flattened. (OWTTE);	
			The (wall of the) bell jar is {rigid/does not move}, whereas (the	
			wall of the) {thorax/chest/ribs/ribcage} is {flexible/moves} (and	
			moves during breathing). (OWTTE);	
			Accept {thorax/ ribcage} expands NOT ribs expand	
			The bell jar cavity is filled with air, whereas the thoracic wall is	
			filled with body fluid. (OWTTE);	
			In the bell jar there's a large space around the 'lungs'/balloons in	
			the thorax the space is very small. (OWTTE);	

[6]

Question 7/2 total

Question			Marking details	
8/3	(a)		Place the quadrats randomly within the sample area;	1
	(b)	(i)	Mean = 6.2;	1
		(ii)	Estimated no of lugworms = 6.2 x 3200; = 19 840; Allow ECF from (b)(i) (If answer is correct award 2 marks directly)	2
	(c)		Any ref to evidence not available on surface (to count)/hidden by grass/ {casts/holes/burrows} are hidden by the grass/ earthworms move/ earthworms do not stay in one burrow/ Accept ref to 3D aspect of population of earthworms ie there can be many earthworms at the same vertical point in the soil;	1
			Question 8/3 total	[5]

Question	Marking details	Marks Available
9/4	Indicative content:	6

Drop leaf in boiling <u>water</u> to {kill the leaf/ burst the chloroplasts/ {burst/destroy} cell membranes/ to get rid of waxy cuticle} Boil the leaf in ethanol/alcohol/methanol to remove the chlorophyll

Place the leaf in water to soften it

Spread the leaf on a white tile (or any suitable surface)
Add iodine solution to the leaf surface to test for starch
If leaf turns {blue-black/ black} starch is present

#### 5 - 6 marks

The candidate constructs an articulate, integrated account correctly linking relevant points, such as those in the indicative content, which shows sequential reasoning. The answer fully addresses the question with no irrelevant inclusions or significant omissions. The candidate uses appropriate scientific terminology and accurate spelling, punctuation and grammar.

#### 3 - 4 marks

The candidate constructs an account correctly linking some relevant points, such as those in the indicative content, showing some reasoning. The answer addresses the question with some omissions. The candidate uses mainly appropriate scientific terminology and some accurate spelling, punctuation and grammar.

#### 1 - 2 marks

The candidate makes some relevant points, such as those in the indicative content, showing limited reasoning. The answer addresses the question with significant omissions. The candidate uses limited scientific terminology and inaccuracies in spelling, punctuation and grammar.

#### 0 marks

The candidate does not make any attempt or give a relevant answer worthy of credit.

Question 9/4 Total [6]

Question			Marking details	Marks Available
5	(a)		Lipase {digests/ breaks down/hydrolyses} fat (in milk) to fatty acids (and glycerol); Fatty acids {decrease pH/ cause it to become acid};  2 <sup>nd</sup> mark only given if 1 <sup>st</sup> mark awarded	2
	(b)	(i)	0.135;	1
		(ii)	Bile breaks large globules of fat into smaller globules/ bile emulsifies fat; (accept 'pieces', 'chunks', lumps' of fat but <i>NOT molecules</i> ) Increasing the surface area for (the action of) {lipase/ enzyme}; More fatty acids produced/ fatty acids produced faster; 3 <sup>rd</sup> mark only awarded if 2 <sup>nd</sup> mark awarded	3
			Question 5 Total	[6]

Marks Marking details Question Available (a) 1 6 (i) 2; (ii) 4; 1 (iii) 3; 1 (b) F Max 4 1st 2<sup>nd</sup> Е 3rd D 4th С 5th Α 6th В 4 or 5 correct = 4 marks 3 correct = 3 marks 2 correct = 2 marks 1 correct = 1 mark (c) (i) 22; 1 (ii) 9; 1

Question 6 total [9]

Question			Marking details	Marks Available
7	(a)	(i)	(Rate of) uptake of iodine decreased; to zero; No effect on uptake of water;	3
		(ii)	(Process of) {active transport/ active uptake}; Requires energy; Energy release from respiration is stopped (by chemical);	3
	(b)		Osmosis;	1
			Question 7 total	[7]

Question			Marking details	Marks Available	
8 (a)		(i)	Adenine	2	
			Thymine		
			Cytosine		
			Guanine		
			-1 for each error		
		(ii)	Amino acids;	1	
	(b)		Mitosis;	2	
			results in genetically identical cells/ same {chromosome/		
			genes};		
			NOT similar		
	(c)		Liver because it has the most active genes;	3	
			Genes control protein production;		
			Enzymes are proteins;		
			3 <sup>rd</sup> mark only awarded if 2 <sup>nd</sup> mark awarded		
			Question 8 Total	[8]	

# Question

# Marking details

Marks Available

9 Indicative content

Correct explanation for concentrations e.g.

- 0.0% water passes in from where it is in high concentration/ water potential to where it is in low concentration/ water potential via Semi Permeable Membrane
- 0.9% water passes in and out at the same rate.
- 3.0% correct explanation for decrease in size i.e. opposite to explanation for 0.0%.
- A correct comment on bursting or shrivelling i.e. at extremes of concentration range - membrane is affected.

Top band must have correct explanation for the three concentrations.

#### 5 - 6 marks

The candidate constructs an articulate, integrated account correctly linking relevant points, such as those in the indicative content, which shows sequential reasoning. The answer fully addresses the question with no irrelevant inclusions or significant omissions. The candidate uses appropriate scientific terminology and accurate spelling, punctuation and grammar.

# 3 - 4 marks

The candidate constructs an account correctly linking some relevant points, such as those in the indicative content, showing some reasoning. The answer addresses the question with some omissions. The candidate uses mainly appropriate scientific terminology and some accurate spelling, punctuation and grammar.

# 1 - 2 marks

The candidate makes some relevant points, such as those in the indicative content, showing limited reasoning. The answer addresses the question with significant omissions. The candidate uses limited scientific terminology and inaccuracies in spelling, punctuation and grammar.

# 0 marks

The candidate does not make any attempt or give a relevant answer worthy of credit.

**Question 9 Total** 

[6]

# **GCSE SCIENCE - BIOLOGY**

# **B3**

# **MARK SCHEME - SUMMER 2014**

Question			Marking details	Marks Available
1	(a)	(i)	Cell drawn , irregular outline with inclusion;	2
			Nucleus and cell membrane correctly labelled;	
		(ii)	(For red blood cell) carries oxygen;	2
			(For platelets) clotting;	
	(b)		Any <b>two</b> from	2
			urea;	
			carbon dioxide;	
			soluble foods/ glucose/ amino acids/ sugar;	
			protein;	
			salts;	
			hormones;	
			antibodies;	
			(reject- references to heat distribution)	
			NOT waste/ drugs/ named drugs/nutrients	
	(c)	(i)	I A;	2
			II D;	
		(ii)	Harvey;	1
			Question 1 total	[9]

Question			Marking details	Marks Available
2	(a)	(i)	A Cornea;	2
			B Lens;	
		(ii)	This is where the optic nerve {leaves the eye/is} /there are no	Max 2
			{light sensitive/receptor} cells here (so no image);	
			NOT attached to optic nerve	
			No impulse {generated/made};	
			NOT retina	
			2 <sup>nd</sup> mark only awarded if 1 <sup>st</sup> mark awarded	
	(b)		Sclera;	2
			Choroid;	
			Question 2 total	[6]

Question			Marking details		Marks Available
3	(a)		Either order		2
			Brain;		
			Spinal cord; NOT spine		
	(b)	(i)	Automatic/ involuntary/ without	thought;	1
			NOT choose to do it/ protective	)	
		(ii)	Name	Purpose	2
			Blink;	protection of eye;	
			Pupil diameter change;	Regulating/admitting (appropriate level) of light to the eye;	
			Withdrawal/ pulling away (in context);	prevents damage/ harm to body part;	
			Sneezing;	Expel/ remove substances from nose	

[5]

NOT cough/ choke

**Question 3 Total** 

Question			Marking details	Marks Available
4	(a)	(i)	Excretion;	1
			NOT filtration	
	(b)	(i)	28 and 39;	1
		(ii)	4 bars each correct height with label – 3 marks	3
			3bars each correct height with label – 2 marks	
			2 bars each correct height with label – 1 mark	
			½ small square tolerance in plotting height	
			Correct order (either way)	
			Kidney (family donor)	
			Kidney (non-family donor)	
			Lung	
			Heart	
			Liver	
			Allow <u>all</u> bars correct height and <b>in sequence</b> but <u>no</u> labels = 1	
			mark	
		(iii)	They have been done for different lengths of time/ some have	1
			been done for longer (time than others);	
		(iv)	Less likely to be rejected; NOT fail	2
			Because same/ similar/compatible tissue type; NOT same cells	

[8]

**Question 4 Total** 

Question			Marking details	Marks Available
5	(a)	(i)	Increase then {plateau/steady/ OWTTE};	2
			NOT stops	
			Doubles up to 40 hrs/ 300 per mm <sup>3</sup> ;	
		(ii)	270 - 220;	2
			(allow ecf)	
			50;	
			(2 correct readings but incorrect subtraction – allow 1mark)	
			Correct answer = 2 marks	
		(iii)	{Initial increase in temperature / at 37} gives greater numbers;	2
			{Further increase in temperature /at 45} gives decreased	
			numbers;	
			Accept suitable alternative wording if clearly expressed	
			NOT 'increase' unqualified	
	(b)		Reproducibility;	1
			Accept to have increased confidence in results	
			NOT fair test	
	(c)	(i)	Slows {bacterial/E.coli} {growth/reproduction};	1
			NOT bacteria cannot grow	
			Question 5 Total	[8]

Question			Marking details	Marks Available
6/1	(a)	(i)	Phloem; (accept phonetic spelling)	1
		(ii)	phloem clearly identified on the diagram (letter A);	1
	(b)		Starch;	1
	(c)	(i)	Fermentation/ fermenting;	1
		(ii)	Less food crops/OWTTE;  More chemicals/ fertilisers/ pesticides needed;  Habitat destruction/ reduce biodiversity;  NOT deforestation/ disrupts {ecosystems/ environment}/  destroys wildlife	2
			Question 6/1 Total	[6]

Question			Marking details	Marks Available
7/2	(a)	(i)	Lymphocyte/ B cells;	1
		(ii)	{Lymphocyte/cell} has {reproduced/cloned/produced/ divided into} (identical) copies; Many times;	2
		(iii)	{Lots of/more}antibodies produced/ memory cells produced/ so there will be a rapid response;	1
	(b)		Different antigens; So different antibodies needed;	2
	(c)		Jenner;	1
	(d)		Prevent {blood loss/bleeding}; Prevents {pathogens/microbes} entering/ prevents <u>bacterial</u> infection;	2
			Question 7/2 total	[9]

Question		Marking details	Marks Available
8/3	(a)	Transpiration;	1
	(b)	Indicative content  Set bubble to zero/start Reference to use of tap Correct ref to time (i.e. time taken or set period of time) Correct ref to distance (i.e. set distance or distance travelled) Record results Repeat but now with the fan Repeat experiment for both conditions Compare results  5 – 6 marks The candidate constructs an articulate, integrated account correctly linking relevant points, such as those in the indicative content, which shows sequential reasoning. The answer fully addresses the question with no irrelevant inclusions or significant omissions. The candidate uses appropriate scientific terminology and accurate spelling, punctuation and grammar.  3 – 4 marks The candidate constructs an account correctly linking some relevant points, such as those in the indicative content, showing some reasoning. The answer addresses the question with some omissions. The candidate uses mainly appropriate scientific terminology and some accurate spelling, punctuation and grammar.  1 – 2 marks The candidate makes some relevant points, such as those in the indicative content, showing limited reasoning. The answer addresses the question with significant omissions. The candidate uses limited scientific terminology and inaccuracies in spelling, punctuation and grammar.  0 marks  The candidate does not make any attempt or give a relevant	6
	(c)	answer worthy of credit.  Any two from: (air) temperature; NOT heat humidity; light intensity; water availability; NOT amount	2

Question 8/3 Total

[9]

Que	estion		Marking details	Marks Available
4	(a)		Removal of waste;	1
	(b)	(i)	68;	1
		(ii)	I The salts enter urine/ excreted/ some are reabsorbed;	1
			II Concentration increases;	2
			Because water intake lower and percentage of intake that	
			passes into urine is lower'/ because the volume of urine is	
			lower;	
		(iii)	Restore (normal) levels/ return to normal/ replenish salts;	1
			Question 4 Total	[6]

Question			Marking details	Marks Available
5	(a)	(i)	To show that the presence of protein is due to nephrotic	1
			syndrome/ to show that healthy rats do not have protein in their	
			urine/ as a fair test/ comparison;	
		(ii)	Protein (molecules) too big to pass through {filter/capillaries/	1
			glomerulus/ Bowmans capsule};	
	(b)		Any <b>three</b> from:	3
			number in each group;	
			age;	
			gender;	
			period of time of treatment;	
			diet (food or water); NOT amount	
			species;	
			type;	
			{dose/mass/volume} of {endaravone/drug}	
	(c)		Repeat/ larger sample;	1
	(d)		Endaravone reduces protein in urine;	2
			Some protein in urine after treatment;	
			Question 5 Total	[8]

Question			Marking details	Marks Available
6	(a)	(i)	B; D;	2
	(b)	(i)	B knee jerk/ withdrawal/OWTTE;	1
		(ii)	D blinking/opening and closing the eyelid quickly;	1
			Question 6 total	[4]

Question			Marking details	Marks Available
7	(a)	(i)	Coronary <u>artery</u> ;	1
		(ii)	Clotting;	2
			{Stopping/ blocking/ reducing} blood flow to heart muscle;	
		(iii)	Capillaries;	1
	(b)	(i)	14 (au);	1
		(ii)	Glucose/ oxygen;	1
			Question 7 total	[6]

Question			Marking details	Marks Available
8	(a)		(An overall trend of) increasing bacterial resistance with increasing use;	1
	(b)		If the antibiotics enter the human food chain; they may cause bacteria to become resistant;	2
	(c)	(i)	Tetracycline; correct spelling	1
		(ii)	150 x 100 = 60 (%) 250 Method; Answer; Correct answer = 2 marks	2
			Question 8 Total	[6]

Question Marking details Marks
Available

9 Indicative content

6

Aseptic collection of milk samples.

Flame loop.

Inoculating and plating samples on separate plates.

Sealing Petri dishes.

Incubation at stated correct temperature (20-25°C)

Stated time (12-24 hours).

Count colonies on plate with stale milk.

{No/fewer} {colonies/bacteria} in boiled milk.

## 5 - 6 marks

The candidate constructs an articulate, integrated account correctly linking relevant points, such as those in the indicative content, which shows sequential reasoning. The answer fully addresses the question with no irrelevant inclusions or significant omissions. The candidate uses appropriate scientific terminology and accurate spelling, punctuation and grammar.

## 3 - 4 marks

The candidate constructs an account correctly linking some relevant points, such as those in the indicative content, showing some reasoning. The answer addresses the question with some omissions. The candidate uses mainly appropriate scientific terminology and some accurate spelling, punctuation and grammar.

## 1 - 2 marks

The candidate makes some relevant points, such as those in the indicative content, showing limited reasoning. The answer addresses the question with significant omissions. The candidate uses limited scientific terminology and inaccuracies in spelling, punctuation and grammar.

## 0 marks

The candidate does not make any attempt or give a relevant answer worthy of credit.

Question 9 Total [6]

GCSE Science - Biology MS/Summer 2014



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