Surname	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Other Names		0



#### **New GCSE**

4471/01

## ADDITIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION TIER BIOLOGY 2

A.M. WEDNESDAY, 9 January 2013

l hour

For Examiner's use only						
Question	Maximum Mark	Mark Awarded				
1	5					
2	7					
3	7					
4	11					
5	6					
6	2					
7	3					
8	5					
9	8					
10	6					
Total	60					

#### ADDITIONAL MATERIALS

In addition to this paper you may require a calculator and a ruler.

#### INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Use black ink or black ball-point pen.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page.

Answer all questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet.

#### INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.

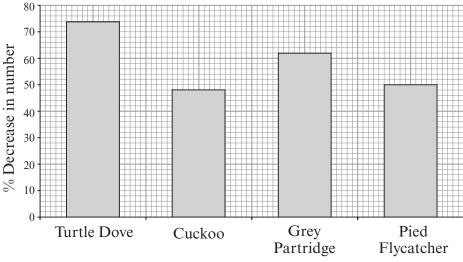
You are reminded that assessment will take into account the quality of written communication used in your answer to question 10.

#### Answer all questions.

- 1. Read the information below about bird species which are at risk of becoming endangered.
  - Conservation scientists investigated the numbers of the four species of birds, shown below, in an area of the UK.
  - They counted in 1999 and again in 2009. Numbers had decreased.

Species	Habitat
Pied Flycatcher	Oak trees
Turtle Dove	Farmland
Cuckoo	Woodland
Grey Partridge	Farmland

Drawings not to scale



(Data from British Trust for Ornithology)

Answer the questions below using the information opposite and above.

Which species is most at risk of becoming endangered? (a)

[1]

Species .....

[1]

The number of Pied Flycatchers in 2009 was 520. *(b)* Calculate the number that would have been present in 1999.

Answer .....

(c) Bird numbers can decrease because of human activities. Name **one** species which could be affected by each of the following:

building houses on fields previously used for growing crops;

[1]

[1]

cutting down trees for agriculture. (ii)

If the numbers of these birds continue to decline in future years how will biodiversity in the (*d*) area be affected? <u>Underline</u> your answer and give a reason.

increase

decrease

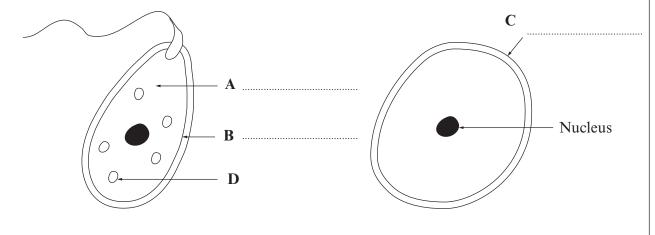
no change

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[3]

- **2.** (a) The diagrams below show two micro-organisms.
  - (i) Label A, B and C on the diagrams below.



Algal Cell Yeast Cell

(ii) Structure **D** contains chlorophyll. Name this structure and state its function. [2]

Name .....

Function

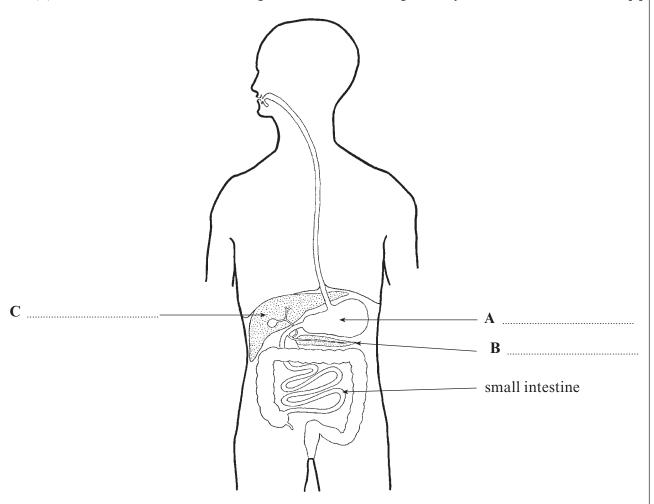
(iii) Name **one** structure shown on the diagrams above, which would *not* be present in a bacterial cell. [1]

(b) Scientists use light microscopes to study living cells. Why is an electron microscope unsuitable for this task? [1]

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[3] or

3. (a) Label A, B and C on the diagram of the human digestive system shown below.



(b) Complete the table below by writing your answers on the dotted lines [3]

### Digestion in the small intestine

Substance digested	Enzyme	Digested product(s)
	carbohydrase	glucose
fats		fatty acids and

(c) Which solution would be used to identify protein in a sample of food? <u>Underline</u> the correct answer below.

Benedict's solution

Biuret solution

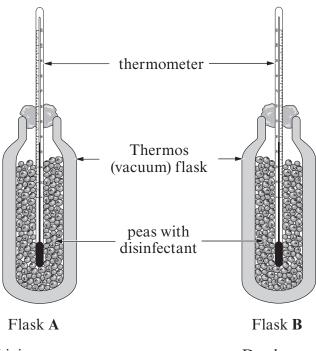
bicarbonate solution

7

Turn over.

4. Complete the word equation below which shows respiration, the process which releases (a) energy in living cells.

Some students investigated the release of energy during respiration in living peas. They (b) used the apparatus shown in the diagram below and measured the temperature over a period of 11 days.



Living peas Dead peas

### **Investigation results**

	Tempera	ture (°C)
Time (days)	Flask A	Flask <b>B</b>
1	18	18
3	20	18
5	23	18
7	35	18
9	38	18
11	38	18

- Complete a line graph of the results for flask A on the grid opposite by: (i)
  - I. Choosing the scale on the time axis

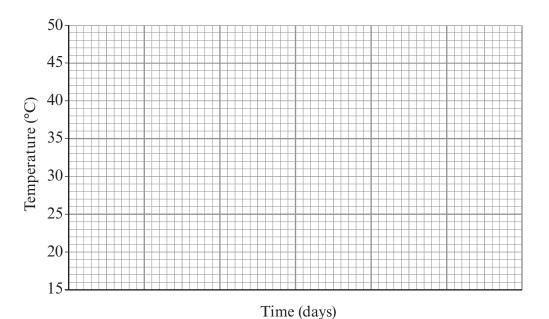
[1] [2] [1]

Plotting the points II.

III. Joining the plots with a ruler

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(ii) Use the graph to answer the following questions.

I.	Describe how the temperature changed in flask <b>A</b> from day 3 to day 11.	[1]

II. During which time period did the temperature change most rapidly? Place a tick (✓) by your answer.

(iii) In what form was energy released in the living peas? [1]

Give the reason for the results obtained in flask **B**. [1]

(d) (i) Why were Thermos (vacuum) flasks used rather than ordinary glass flasks? [1]

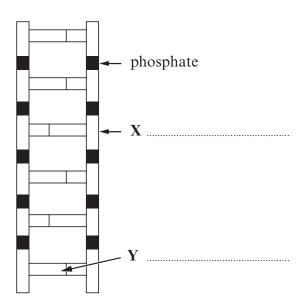
(ii) Why did the students use disinfectant in the flasks? [1]

11

(c)

5. (a) (i) Using some of the words in the list given below, label X and Y on the diagram of DNA. [2]

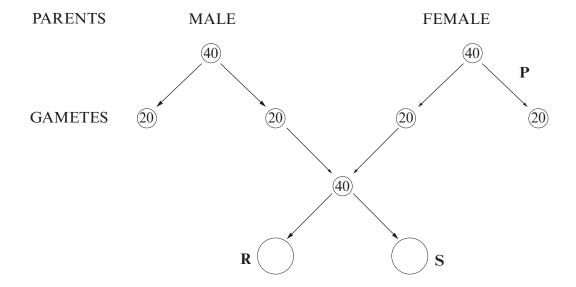
amino acid sugar base



	(ii)	Structure Y occurs	n four forms.	Two are G and C	. State the other two.	[1]
		and				
	(iii)	The diagram shows different in DNA in		raight ladder-like	e structure. How is the	shape [1]
(b)	Con	nplete the following se	ntence using s	ome of the words	below.	[2]
		amino acids	sugars	proteins	salts	
	DNA	A contains a code wh	nich enables		to be joined toget	ther to

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6. The following diagram represents the stages in the life cycle of a mammal. The numbers of chromosomes in cells at different stages in the life cycle are shown.

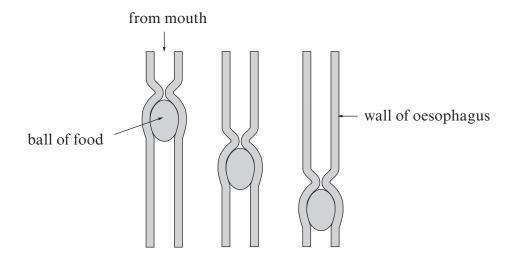


(a) Name the type of cell division taking place at letter **P**. [1]

(b) Complete the diagram above by writing in the number of chromosomes found in **each** of the cells labelled **R** and **S** produced during growth. [1]

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7. The diagram shows a ball of food moving along the oesophagus (gullet).

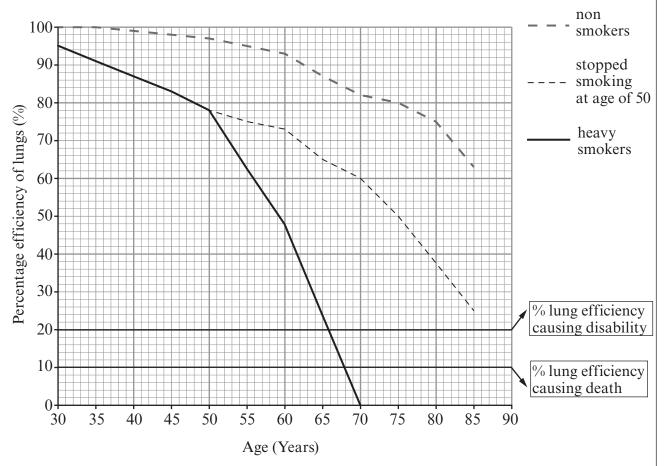


(a)	What name is given to this process?	[1]
(b)	Explain how the ball of food is moved along the oesophagus.	[2]

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**8.** The graph below shows the efficiency of the lungs (how well they work) in three different groups of people: non-smokers, smokers who stopped smoking at the age of 50 and heavy smokers.



(a) What is the difference in percentage efficiency of a 60 year old non-smoker and a 60 year old heavy smoker?

07
 70

(b) (i) Continuing to smoke heavily can damage the lungs and lead to disability. At what age does the graph above show this disability occurring? [1]

(ii) Suggest what the lung damage mentioned in (i) could be. [1]

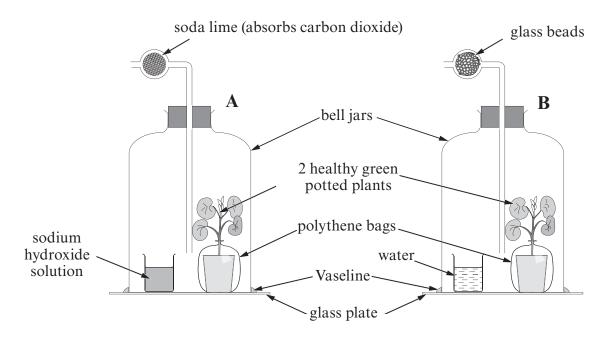
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(c) Susan is a 50 year old heavy smoker.



	the g	oppo	osite	to sı	aggest	what	Susan	might	expect	to	happen	11 S.	he	gives	up [2]
 		 					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •								

**9.** The experiment was set up in a school laboratory using the apparatus shown below and left near a window for 4 days.

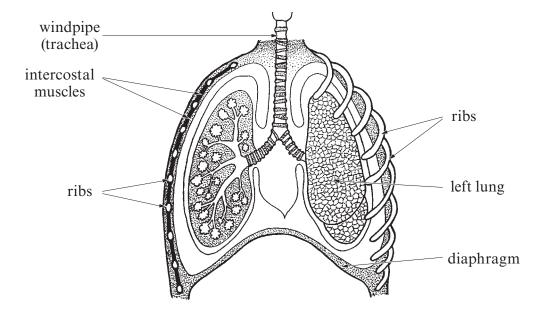


a)	State	e the purpose of the experiment.	[1]
<i>b)</i>	State	e the function of	
	(i)	the polythene bag	[1]
	(ii)	the sodium hydroxide solution	[1]
	(iii)	the apparatus labelled $f B$ .	[1]
	(iv)	the Vaseline.	[1]

(c)	Expl	ain why the plants were placed in the dark for 48 hours prior to the experiment.		xamin only
(d)		ne end of the experiment a leaf was taken from each plant and tested for starch. e the colour observed for each leaf and the reason.		
	(i)	Apparatus A	[1]	
		colour observed		
		reason		
	(ii)	Apparatus B	[1]	
		colour observed		
		reason		

# **TURN OVER**

**10.** The diagram below shows a section through the chest.



Use the above diagram and your own knowledge to explain how air is drawn into during inspiration (breathing in).	[6 QWC]
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