

**GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION  
TWENTY FIRST CENTURY SCIENCE  
PHYSICS A**

Unit 1: Modules P1 P2 P3 (Higher Tier)

**A331/02**



Candidates answer on the question paper.  
A calculator may be used for this paper.

**OCR supplied materials:**  
None

**Other materials required:**  
• Pencil  
• Ruler (cm/mm)

**Friday 24 June 2011  
Afternoon**

**Duration:** 40 minutes



Candidate forename					Candidate surname				
--------------------	--	--	--	--	-------------------	--	--	--	--

Centre number						Candidate number			
---------------	--	--	--	--	--	------------------	--	--	--

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes above. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink. Pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. Additional paper may be used if necessary but you must clearly show your candidate number, centre number and question number(s).
- Answer **all** the questions.
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.

**INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES**

- The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is **42**.
- This document consists of **12** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

Answer **all** the questions.

- 1 Read this news report.

### Youths warned over radiation risk

Teenagers have been putting themselves at risk by breaking into a recently closed cancer treatment hospital which still contains radioactive material.

What are the risks from the radioactive materials and what factors affect these risks?

Your answer should include

- effects of the radiation
- factors that affect the risks.

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....

[4]

**[Total: 4]**

- 2** Here is information about some atoms.

atom	number of protons	number of neutrons	number of electrons
<b>A</b>	6	6	6
<b>B</b>	92	143	92
<b>C</b>	38	52	38
<b>D</b>	6	6	5
<b>E</b>	52	78	52
<b>F</b>	92	146	92

- (a)** Which two atoms are different isotopes of the same element?

atoms ..... and ..... [1]

- (b)** Which atom has formed an ion by losing an electron?

atom ..... [1]

- (c)** Uranium-235 has a total of 235 protons and neutrons in its nucleus.

Which two atoms are likely products of the fission of uranium-235 in a nuclear reactor?

atoms ..... and ..... [1]

- (d)** An alpha particle is made up of 2 protons and 2 neutrons.

Which atom will be the product of xenon-134 emitting an alpha particle?

atom ..... [1]

[Total: 4]

- 3 (a) Describe how fission in a nuclear reactor is controlled.

You should include in your answer the terms

- chain reaction
- fuel rod
- control rod
- coolant.

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
..... [3]

- (b) The radioactive isotope of uranium used in a nuclear reactor has a half-life of about 700 million years.

How long will it take for the activity of the isotope of uranium to drop to an eighth of its activity?

time = ..... years [1]

- (c) Put **alpha**, **beta** and **gamma** radiation in order of penetrating power.

most penetrating 

--	--	--

 least penetrating [1]

[Total: 5]

- 4 (a) Most scientists think carbon dioxide produced by human activity is the main factor contributing to global warming.

Other people agree that carbon dioxide is produced by human activity but think that global warming has very little to do with human activity.

Explain how both groups can agree that human activity is producing more carbon dioxide and that global warming is happening, but still disagree overall.

You should use the words **correlation** and **cause** in your answer.

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....

[2]

- (b) Global warming could have many effects on our planet.

Which effects of global warming are we likely to see in the next ten years?

Put ticks (✓) in the boxes next to the **three** best answers.

expansion of water in the oceans

volcanoes erupting

some places getting colder winters

oceans shrinking as water evaporates

melting of the icecaps

[2]

[Total: 4]

- 5 Read the news articles.

**Ultraviolet causes skin cancer!**

Evidence shows ultraviolet light can lead to skin cancers. Ultraviolet is an ionising radiation.

**Boy gets badly burnt by sunbed**

A boy was burnt by the ultraviolet radiation used for producing a tan in a sunbed. The boy ignored the instructions in the unmanned tanning salon.

- (a) Ultraviolet radiation can be harmful because it can ionise atoms in cells.

Which other types of **electromagnetic** radiation cause damage to cells by ionisation?

..... and ..... [2]

- (b) Ultraviolet radiation is emitted by the Sun.

- (i) Explain why the intensity of ultraviolet radiation changes with the distance from the Sun.

You should use ideas about photons in your answer.

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....

[3]

- (ii) Complete the statements about ultraviolet radiation photons.

Put a **ring** around the correct words.

Ultraviolet radiation photons have **more / the same / less** energy compared to X-ray photons.

Ultraviolet radiation photons have **more / the same / less** energy compared to microwave photons. [1]

- (iii) Complete the sentences about ultraviolet radiation and the ozone layer.

The ozone layer is found in the .....

Some ultraviolet radiation is ..... by the ozone layer.

The ultraviolet causes ..... chemical changes in the ozone layer.

This protects ..... from ultraviolet radiation.

[4]

- (c) In the last few years a number of teenagers have been badly burnt by using unsupervised sunbeds. Ultraviolet radiation, which sunbeds emit, also has long-term risks of vision problems and cancer.

Some newspapers have said that the Government should ban unsupervised sunbeds. The owners point out that sunbeds have clear signs warning about the risk of overuse and the teenagers who were burnt knew it was hazardous.

The Government wants to write new regulations for unsupervised sunbeds.

Suggest **two** factors the Government should take into account before writing the new regulations.

.....

.....

.....

.....

[2]

**[Total: 12]**

- 6 There are many different types of object in the solar system.

Use a straight line to connect each **object in the solar system** to its correct **description**.

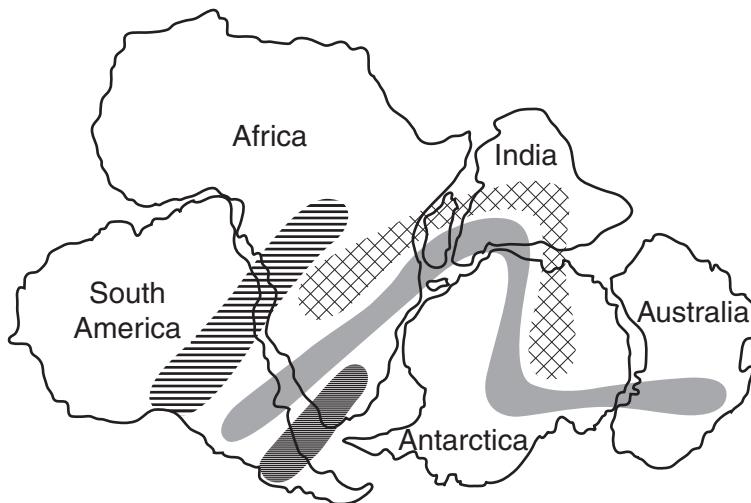
<b>object in the solar system</b>	<b>description</b>
asteroids	can be large or small, but always orbit planets
comets	are usually made of rocks and ice, spend most of their time outside the orbit of Neptune, some visit the inner solar system
moons	are large and orbit the Sun
planets	are very large and produce their own light
	are usually made of rock, most of them are found between the orbits of Mars and Jupiter

[4]

[Total: 4]

- 7 Alfred Wegener proposed the idea that the continents drift on the Earth's surface.

- (a) The map shows how Wegener thought the continents were arranged in the past.



The map shows how Wegener presented some of his evidence for continental drift.

- (i) The labels for the shaded areas have been left off.

What types of thing might the shaded areas be?

Put ticks (✓) in the boxes next to the correct answers.

different times in the past

types of plant and animal fossils

where modern day rivers are

mountain chains

human settlements

rock types

[2]

- (ii) What other piece of evidence, shown on the map, supports Wegener's theory?

.....

[1]

**10**

(b) When Wegener first presented his evidence it was rejected by geologists.

They did not agree with the theory of continental drift.

Why were Wegener's ideas rejected?

Put ticks (✓) in the boxes next to the correct answers.

Wegener could not explain how mountains formed.

Wegener could not measure the movement of the continents.

Wegener had no evidence of land bridges between continents.

Wegener's idea was too big from limited evidence.

Wegener's explanation of magnetic patterns on the sea floor was wrong.

Wegener was not a geologist.

[2]

[Total: 5]

- 8 Our understanding of the Universe has grown immensely in the last 100 years.

Complete the following sentences about the Universe.

Everything we know about the Universe outside our solar system comes from

..... detected by telescopes.

Edwin Hubble showed there is a correlation between the .....

and the ..... of galaxies.

This is evidence that the Universe is .....

We think the Universe began with the big bang approximately 14 ..... years ago.

[4]

[Total: 4]

**END OF QUESTION PAPER**

**PLEASE DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE**



RECOGNISING ACHIEVEMENT

**Copyright Information**

OCR is committed to seeking permission to reproduce all third-party content that it uses in its assessment materials. OCR has attempted to identify and contact all copyright holders whose work is used in this paper. To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced in the OCR Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations and is freely available to download from our public website ([www.ocr.org.uk](http://www.ocr.org.uk)) after the live examination series.

If OCR has unwittingly failed to correctly acknowledge or clear any third-party content in this assessment material, OCR will be happy to correct its mistake at the earliest possible opportunity.

For queries or further information please contact the Copyright Team, First Floor, 9 Hills Road, Cambridge CB2 1GE.

OCR is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group; Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.