

Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2014

Pearson Edexcel GCSE in Chemistry (5CH1H) Paper 01

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Question	Answer		Acceptable answers	Mark
Number				
1(a)	C oxygen other gases	nitrogen		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(b)(i)	Photosynthesis /absorb carbon dioxide and releases oxygen (1)	reject respiration for photosynthesis ignore breathe in carbon dioxide ignore breathe out oxygen	
	• (green) plants (1)		(2)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
1(b)(ii)	A description to include		
	second marking is dependent on the first		
	a glowing splint (1)	smouldering splint reject a blown out splint	
	• relights (1)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
			(2)
		lit splint glows brighter (2)	

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
1(c)(i)	to ensure all the oxygen is removed/to ensure the oxygen is completely removed	ignore ensure all the air is removed	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
1(c)(ii)	 An explanation linking measure the volume of gas in the syringe at the end of experiment (1) 		
	 subtract from {100 cm³/ original volume} to give volume of oxygen (1) 	e.g. 100-79 (= 21 cm ³)	(2)

(Total for question 1 = 8 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(a)(i)	C CaCO ₃		(1)
Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(a)(ii)	making {glass / concrete / cement / quick lime} / aggregates in road making / extracting iron / neutralising {soil / lake} acidity / neutralising acidic gases in power stations	building materials but not buildings	(1)
		ignore statues	(1)
Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(a)(iii)	A description linkingheat (1)		
	• pressure (1)	compressed/squashed/compacte d	(2)
Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(b)(i)	crystals at A small <u>er</u> / crystals at B larger / crystals at A small and crystals at B big (1)	intrusive rocks form larger crystals/extrusive rocks form smaller crystals	(1)
Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(b)(ii)	A cooled faster /B cooled slower / A cooled fast and B cooled slowly (1)		(1)
Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
2(c)	CaO + $H_2O \rightarrow Ca(OH)_2$ (2) LHS (1) RHS (1)	correct multiples ignore state symbols Allow (1) for correct formulae in unbalanced equation	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(a)	B the ease of ignition decreases		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(b)	A description linking		
	either		
	• {carbon monoxide / CO} (1)		
	• is toxic / poisonous (1)	can kill combines with haemoglobin(in	
	or	place of oxygen)	
	• {carbon / soot / C} (1)		
	causes respiratory problems /particles blocks jets (1)	blackens buildings	(2)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
3(c)(i)	An explanation linking any two of		
	• greenhouse gas (1)	(increased) greenhouse effect	
	traps heat (in atmosphere)(1)	traps infra-red radiation reject references to UV	
	 may lead to increased (global) temperature / global warming (1) 	increased of global warming e.g climate change reject references to ozone layer	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(c)(ii)	 An explanation linking three from (sulfur reacts/combusts/burns) with {oxygen/air} (1) (forms) sulfur dioxide (1) sulfur dioxide {dissolves/reacts} in {rain/water/clouds} / sulfur dioxide forms acid rain (1) (acid rain) causes damage to buildings/plants/kills fish in lakes (1) 		(3)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
3(d)	A description including two of the following		
	 biofuels are renewable / fossil fuels are finite/biofuels are sustainable /biofuels will not run out (1) biofuels are produced from plants (1) 	reject biofuels are reusable	
	 growing plants remove carbon dioxide from the atmosphere (1) reduces demand for fossil fuels (1) biofuels do not contain impurities such as sulfur (1) 	ignore carbon neutral alone	(2)
		ignore references to cost	(-)

(Total for question 3 = 10 marks)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
4(a)(i)	A explanation linking the		
	following		
	 contains carbon (atoms) 	reject carbon molecules and	
	and hydrogen (atoms) (1)	hydrogen molecules	
	• <u>only (1)</u>		
			4-2
	 <u>all</u> single bonds/no double bonds (1) 	ignore no spare bonds	(3)
	Dorius (1)		<u> </u>

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
4(a)(ii)	A remains orange		(1)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
4(b)(i)	cracking		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4(b)(ii)	any two reasons from insufficient petrol / supply (from	not enough petrol	
	crude oil) (1)	That enough petrol	
	higher demand for petrol (1)		
	more fuel oil fraction than needed (1)	too much fuel oil	
	petrol is more useful than fuel oil (1)		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
4(c)	$CH_4 + 2O_2 \rightarrow CO_2 + 2H_2O$ (3) LHS (1) RHS (1) balancing correct formula (1)	correct multiples ignore state symbols	
			(3)

(Total for question 4 = 10 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
5(a)	magnesium nitrate water carbon dioxide all three correct (2) magnesium nitrate + one other	allow correct formulae	(2)
	correct (1)		

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
5(b)(i)	C – neutralisation		(1)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
5(b)(ii)	$ZnO + 2HCI \rightarrow ZnCI_2 + H_2O$ (3)	correct multiples ignore state symbols	
	LHS (1) RHS (1) balancing of correct formula (1)		(3)

Questio		Indicative Content	Mark
QWC	*5(c)	A description including some of the following points experiment set up	
11		Nia waxaadahia aastast	(6)
Level 1	0 1 – 2	No rewardable content	
2	3 – 4	 spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with limited accuracy a simple description e.g. a full description of electrolysis OR test for both gases OR simple description of electrolysis and the test for one of the gases. the answer communicates ideas showing some evidence of clarity and organisation and uses scientific terminology appropriately spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with some accuracy 	
3	5 – 6	 a detailed description e.g. description of electrolysis and to both gases OR a full description of electrolysis and of one The answer communicates ideas clearly and coherently us range of scientific terminology accurately spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with few error 	gas test. es a

(Total for question 5 = 12 marks)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
6(a)	B tin oxide is reduced		(1)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
6(b)(i)	An explanation linking two of the following		
	alloys have different sized atoms	suitable labelled diagrams	
	 {atoms/layers/sheets/particles} {slide/slip/move} over each other (easily) in pure metal 	reject molecules once	
	{structure/layers} disrupted (in alloy)		
	 stop {atoms/layers/sheets/particles} {sliding/slipping/moving} over one another (easily) in 		(2)

Question Number	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
6(b)(ii)	all points plotted correctly (1) best fit line across 4 plotted points (1)	+/- 1 small square	(2)

Question	Answer	Acceptable answers	Mark
Number			
6(b) (iii)	Correct value from their graph +/- one small square (%)		(1)

Number An explanation including some of the following points gold • gold is an unreactive metal/at the bottom of the reactivity series • it does not combine with other elements in the Earth's crust • so is found as uncombined metal • cost of recovery is low iron • iron is a more reactive metal than gold and less reactive than aluminium/middle of reactivity series • found combined with other elements	
gold gold gold gold san unreactive metal/at the bottom of the reactivity series it does not combine with other elements in the Earth's crust so is found as uncombined metal cost of recovery is low iron iron sa more reactive metal than gold and less reactive than aluminium/middle of reactivity series	
 it does not combine with other elements in the Earth's crust so is found as uncombined metal cost of recovery is low iron iron is a more reactive metal than gold and less reactive than aluminium/middle of reactivity series 	
 so is found as uncombined metal cost of recovery is low iron iron is a more reactive metal than gold and less reactive than aluminium/middle of reactivity series 	
iron is a more reactive metal than gold and less reactive than aluminium/middle of reactivity series	
than aluminium/middle of reactivity series	
it is extracted by heating with carbon	
 electrolysis can be used but electrolysis is more expensive (than heating with carbon) 	
aluminium	
aluminium is a very reactive metal/near to top of the reactivity series	
found combined with other elements	
it is extracted by electrolysis began it is very difficult to reduce	
because it is very difficult to reduceelectrolysis is a powerful method of reduction	
	6)
Level 0 No rewardable content	
1 1 - 2 • a limited description e.g. a simple justification in terms of	
reactivity or cost for how one of the metals is extracted OR an indication of how two of the metals are extracted	
the answer communicates ideas using simple language and uses	
limited scientific terminologyspelling, punctuation and grammar are used with limited accuracy	·v
2 3 - 4 • a simple description e.g. a simple indication of how all three	<i>.</i> .y
metals are extracted OR an indication of how two of the metals a	
 extracted with a justification in terms of reactivity or cost for one the answer communicates ideas showing some evidence of clarit 	
and organisation and uses scientific terminology appropriately	
 spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with some accuracy 5 - 6 a detailed description e.g. indicates how all three metals are 	<u>'</u>
• a detailed description e.g. indicates how all three metals are extracted with a justification for at least two in terms of reactivi	tv
and a reference to cost	,
 the answer communicates ideas clearly and coherently uses a range of scientific terminology accurately 	
 spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with few errors 	ļ

