

Centre Number	
71	

Candidate	Number

General Certificate of Secondary Education 2011–2012

Science: Single Award (Modular)

Electricity, Waves and Communication Module 5

Higher Tier

[GSC52]

MONDAY 14 NOVEMBER 2011 1.30 pm-2.15 pm



TIME

45 minutes.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided at the top of this page.

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this question paper. Answer **all six** questions.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The total mark for this paper is 45.

Figures in brackets printed down the right-hand side of pages indicate the marks awarded to each question or part question.

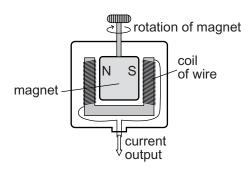
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Question Number	Marks
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	

Total	
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N / I	
Marks	



1 An investigation was carried out using a bicycle dynamo to find how the amount of current produced depends on the speed of rotation of a magnet.

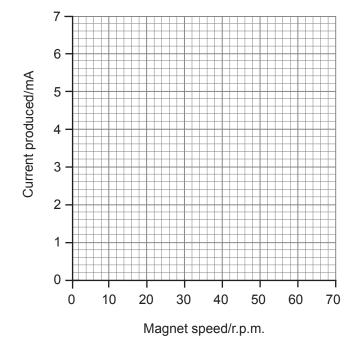




The investigation results are given below.

Magnet speed/r.p.m.	Current produced/mA
0	0
20	2.2
30	3.4
40	4.4
50	5
60	5
70	5

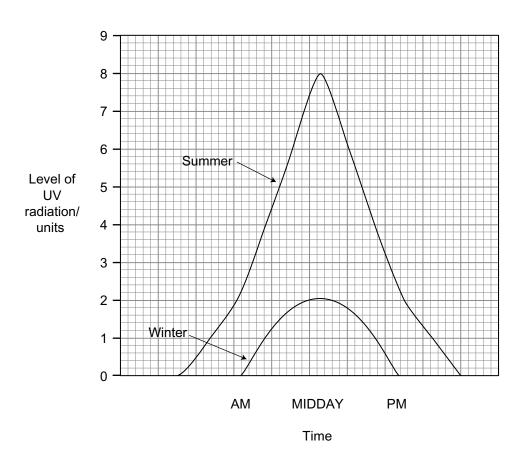
(a) Plot the points and draw a line graph on the grid below.



[3]

(b)	(i)	State fully the conclusion that can be drawn from these results.	Exa Mari	miner Only ks Remark
			[2]	
	(ii)	Suggest the effect on the amount of current produced if:		
		a weaker magnet is used.	[1]	
		more coils of wire are used.		
			[1]	
(c)		ty years ago bicycles were fitted with dynamo powered lights ilar to the one used in this investigation.		
		gest and explain why battery powered lights replaced dynamo vered lights.		
			_	
			[2]	

2 The graph below shows how the level of ultraviolet (UV) radiation changed during typical summer and winter days. Skin needs protection above 3 units of UV.



(a)	Use the information to suggest why sunscreen (sun protection) sale	эs
	are greater in summer.	

_____[1]

(i)	Describe fully the movement of the particles in a transverse wave.		
(ii)	Apart from being transverse waves state two features that all electromagnetic waves have in common.	[2]	
(iii)	Apart from transverse waves name another type of wave.	_ [2]	
		[1]	



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It produces ultrasound waves and times how long it takes the wave to travel to a wall and back again.

(a)	Describe fully why we cannot hear the waves produced by thi	is
	measuring device.	

_____[2]

(b) A signal takes 0.04s to travel from one wall of a room to another wall and back. The speed of sound in air is 330 m/s.

Use the equation:

$$\mathsf{distance} = \mathsf{speed} \times \mathsf{time}$$

to calculate the distance between these two walls.

Distance ______m [3]

(c)	Ultrasound and X-rays are both used for scanning the human body. Explain fully why ultrasound is used to scan pregnant women rather than X-rays. Examiner On Marks Rem
	[2]
The stat	diagram below shows some component parts of a fossil fuel power ion.
© CCE	boiler turbine generator A GCSE Single Award in Science Foundation Tier by A McFarland, C Murphy & J Napier, published by Hodder Education, 2009. ISBN 9780340974728 Reproduced by permission of Hodder Education.
(a)	Describe fully the main energy change that takes place within each named component part.
	[3]
(b)	Some people suggest that any new power stations should be nuclear rather than fossil fuel power stations.
	Describe fully the environmental advantages of this suggestion.
	[2]

5	The picture below shows a volume control switch found on an electric
	guitar. The switch controls how much current flows to the amplifier
	producing the sound.

Examiner Only	
Marks	Remark



© Tone Deaf Music

(a)	(i)	Use your knowledge of variable resistors to explain how the current going to an amplifier is controlled by the length of wire inside this component.	
			 [3]
	(ii)	Apart from length of wire give two other factors that affect the resistance.	

(b) Calculate the current flowing to a 30 W amplifier connected to the 230 V mains.

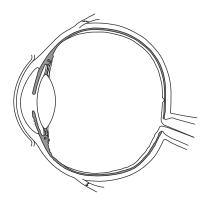
Use the equation:

 $power = voltage \times current$

Current _____ A [2]

6 The diagram below shows the human ey	6	The diagram	below	shows	the	human	eve
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Examiner Only				
Marks	Remark			



Two common eyesight problems are long sight and astigmatism.

(a) (i) Describe the cause and explain fully the effect of long sight.

_____[3]

(ii) Explain fully how long sight can be corrected.

_____[3]

(b) (i) What is the cause of astigmatism?

_____[1]

(ii) Suggest how an optician might check for astigmatism.

(c) The diagram below shows an endoscope being used in keyhole surgery. Endoscopes use optical fibres.

Examiner Only				
Marks	Remark			

light source optical fib	image on monitor
endoscope ———	optical fibres
small openir	ng in body

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Describe fully how optical fibres transmit light.	
	[2

THIS IS THE END OF THE QUESTION PAPER

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