Surname				Othe	r Names			
Centre Numb	er				Candid	ate Number		
Candidate Sig	gnature							

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General Certificate of Secondary Education June 2003

SCIENCE: DOUBLE AWARD (MODULAR) 3468/2F FOUNDATION TIER Paper 2



Monday 9 June 2003 9.00 am to 10.30 am

In addition to this paper you will require:

- the Data Sheet (enclosed);
- a ruler.

You may use a calculator.

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

Instructions

- Use blue or black ink or ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions in the spaces provided.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want marked.

Information

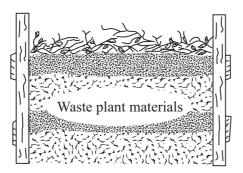
- The maximum mark for this paper is 90.
- Mark allocations are shown in brackets.
- You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.

For Examiner's Use							
Number	Mark	Number	Mark				
1		14					
2		15					
3		16					
4		17					
5		18					
6		19					
7		20					
8							
9							
10							
11							
12							
13							
Total (Column	1)	~					
Total (Column 2)							
TOTAL							
Examiner	Examiner's Initials						

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ENVIRONMENT

1 Compost heaps are used to recycle waste plant materials.



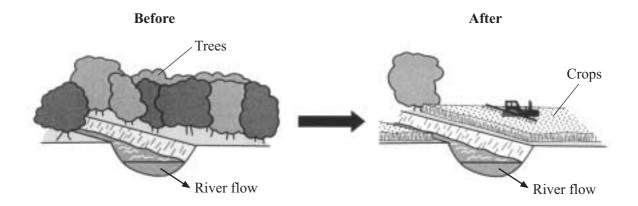
Complete the sentences by choosing the correct words from the box.

cool		decay		dry		grow
	moist		respire		warm	

The waste plant materials because they are broken down by	
nicroorganisms.	
The waste plant materials are broken down faster when the conditions are	
nd	
This process releases substances that can be used by other plants to	
(4 mar.	ks)



2 In many countries, trees are removed so that more land can be used to grow crops.



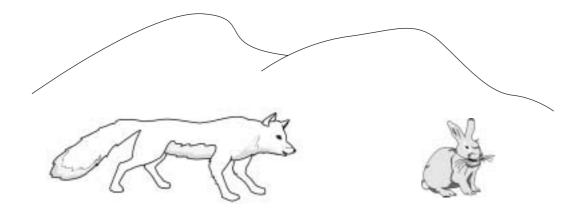
(a)	When trees are removed it becomes more difficult for some plants and animals to survive. Give one reason why.
	(1 mark)
(b)	Farmers often spread chemicals on their fields before growing crops. When the crops are growing, the farmers sometimes spray them with toxic chemicals. These chemicals may be washed from the fields and can pollute the rivers.
	Name two types of these chemicals that might pollute rivers.
	1
	2

/		\
	3	.)

TURN OVER FOR THE NEXT QUESTION

(2 marks)

3 The Arctic fox is a predator that feeds mainly on small mammals. The Arctic fox is adapted to live in the cold conditions of the snow-covered Arctic.



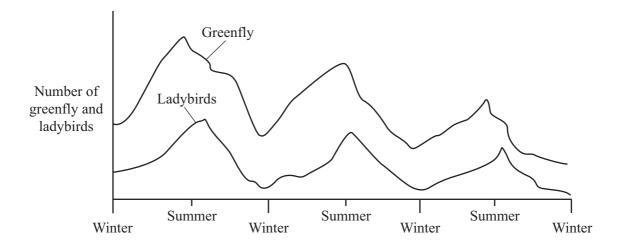
The Arctic fox has thick, white fur.

Give two	wavs in	which	the fur	helps t	he Arctic	fox to	survive.
0110 0110	" " " " III	*******	uic iui	IIOIPD C	110 1 11 0 010	1011 10	DOI TITO.

1	
2	
	(2 marks



4 Greenfly feed on rose bushes. Ladybirds (predators) feed on these greenfly. The graph shows how the population of greenfly and ladybirds in a garden change over a period of three years.



(a) To gain full marks in this question you should write your ideas in good English. Put them into a sensible order and use the correct scientific words.

	Describe what happened to the population of greenfly over the three years.	
		(3 marks)
(b)	Give one factor that limits the number of ladybirds.	(2
		(1 mark)
		(



PATTERNS OF CHEMICAL CHANGE

5 The gas cylinders contain two different gases.





(a)	What does the hazard symbol on the hydrogen cylinder mean?
	(1 mark)

(b) You may find the Data Sheet helpful to complete the word equation.

These two gases react as shown in the balanced symbol equation.

$$2H_2$$
 + O_2 \longrightarrow $2H_2O$

Complete the word equation for this reaction.

hydrogen +
$$\longrightarrow$$
 (2 marks)

(c) Complete this sentence by crossing out the **two** words in the box that are wrong.

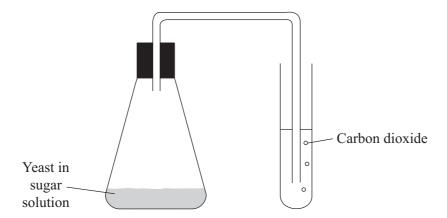
This chemical reaction is much faster if a

catalyst
molecule
solution

is used.

(1 mark)

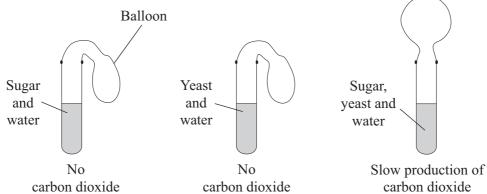
6 We can use yeast to change sugar into alcohol and carbon dioxide. This process is called fermentation.



(a) Complete the sentences by choosing the correct words from the box.

bread	cheese	wine	yoghurt	
Alcohol produced i	n this way is used ir	n making		
Carbon dioxide pro	duced by fermentation	on can be used to 1	nake	rise.
•				(2 marks)

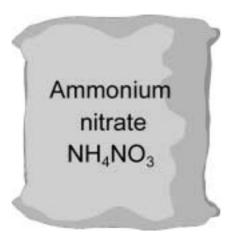
(b) Three test tubes were set up, as shown below. The temperature was kept at 15 °C.



(i)	Give one advantage of using enzymes in chemical reactions.	
	(1 mc	ark)
(ii)	Give one disadvantage of using enzymes in chemical reactions.	

(1 mark)

7 Nitrates, such as ammonium nitrate, are added to soil to help plant growth.



(a)	When rain falls nitrates dissolve and can end up in drinking	water.	
	Nitrates in drinking water can stop respiration in babies. T	his only happens it	there is a lot of
	nitrate in the drinking water.		

Plants use nitrates for growth. Humans need plants. Should large amounts of nitrates be added to soil?

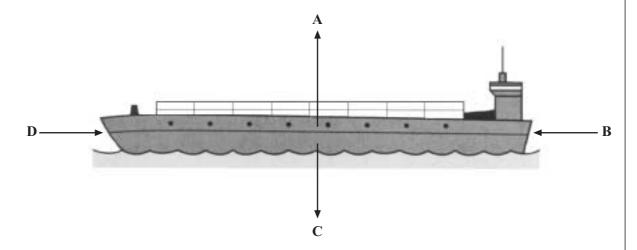
Give **two** reasons for your answer.

	Ansv	ver	•••
	Reas	on 1	
	Reac	on 2	
	reas		••
	•••••	(2 mark	 S)
(b)	The a	amount of nitrogen in a nitrate compound is important.	
	(i)	How many nitrogen atoms are there in the formula of ammonium nitrate, NH ₄ NO ₃ ?	
		(1 mar	 k)
	(ii)	Calculate the percentage of nitrogen in ammonium nitrate, NH ₄ NO ₃ .	
		(Relative atomic masses: $H = 1$; $N = 14$; $O = 16$)	
			••
		Percentage of nitrogen in ammonium nitrate =	%

(3 marks)

FORCES

8 Four of the forces that act on this container ship are shown in the diagram as A, B, C and D.



Complete each sentence by choosing the correct letters, A, B, C or D.

The first one has been done for you.

At the start, the ship is not moving because forces **B** and **D** are balanced.

(3 marks)

TURN OVER FOR THE NEXT QUESTION

Figure 1 shows the thinking distances, braking distances and total stopping distances of a car at three different speeds.

10

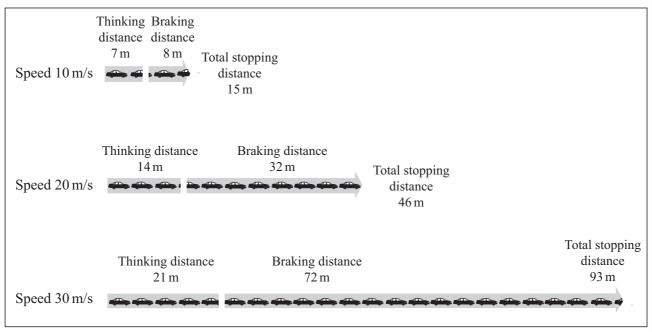


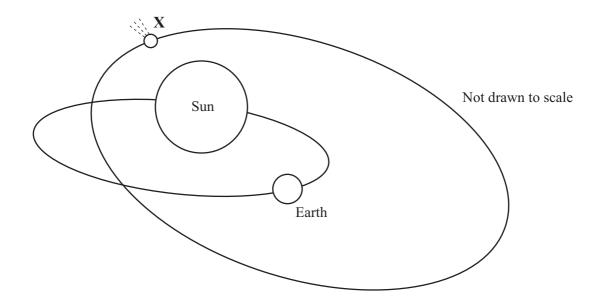
Figure 1

(a) Look at the total stopping distances at each speed.

Complete the sentence by choosing the correct words from the box.

	distance	force	mass	time	
	The total stopping of	listance depends o	n the distance the c	ar travels during the dri	ver's reaction
		ar	nd under the brakin	g	
				<i>5</i>	(2 marks)
(b)	Give three other face. Do not give the face.		cause the total sto	pping distance of a car	to be greater.
	2				
	3				
					(3 marks)

10 The diagram shows part of the solar system.



Complete these sentences by crossing out the **two** words that are wrong in each box.

(a) The object labelled **X** most probably is a

comet	
moon	
planet	

(1 mark)

(b) The orbit of the Earth around the Sun is

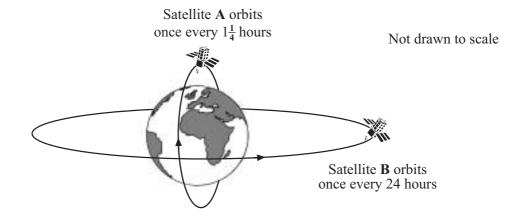
	circular	
5	elliptical	
Ì	spherical	

(1 mark)

 $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$

TURN OVER FOR THE NEXT QUESTION

11 The orbit of a satellite around the Earth depends on the job that the satellite does.



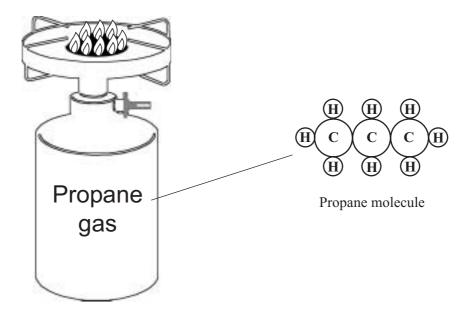
The Earth spins once every 24 hours.

(a) Complete the sentence by choosing the correct word from the box.

equatorial	polar	tropical	
Satellite A is used to	monitor weather bec	ause it has a low	orbit. (1 mark)
Satellite B orbits one Give two reasons when	•	atellite B can be used for	or communications.
1			
2			
			(2 marks)

QUESTIONS RELATING TO PREVIOUSLY TESTED MODULES

12 Propane has a small, hydrocarbon molecule, so it is used as a fuel.



(a) Complete the sentences by choosing the correct words from the box.

carbohydrate	high	hydrogen
hydroxide	low	volatile

	Propane is a hydrocarbon with a boiling point. Prop	ane is a
	hydrocarbon because it is made of	(2 marks)
(b)	Describe, in as much detail as you can, what happens when propane burns.	
		(3 marks)



- 13 Electricity is a useful form of energy.
 - (a) Different energy sources can be used to generate electricity.

Wind is an energy source	Coal, a fossil fuel, is an energy source
Wind ————————————————————————————————————	Coal Electrical energy (containing some sulphur) Power station
This wind turbine generates 1 MW. (1 MW = 1000 kW)	This coal-fired power station generates 1000 MW.
Electricity demand in th	e UK can be 48 000 MW.

Give **one** advantage and **one** disadvantage (other than cost) of using each energy source to generate electricity in the UK.

Advantage	Disadvantage
Using wind	Using wind
Using coal	Using coal

(4 marks)

(b) List **A** shows three electrical devices. List **B** gives the type of useful energy transferred.

Draw a straight line from each electrical device in List ${\bf A}$ to the useful energy it transfers in List ${\bf B}$.

List A

Electrical device

Useful energy transferred

heat

light



Radio

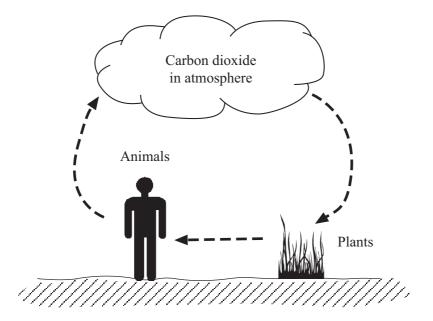
sound

(2 marks)



ENVIRONMENT

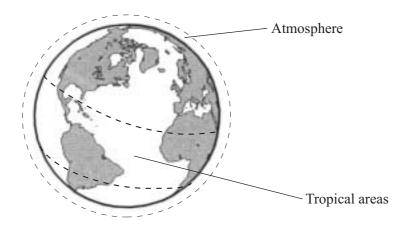
14 The diagram shows part of the carbon cycle.



Describe the processes shown in the diagram above.
(4 marks)



Recently the concentration of carbon dioxide in the Earth's atmosphere has increased slightly. This may be linked to an increase in the 'greenhouse effect'.



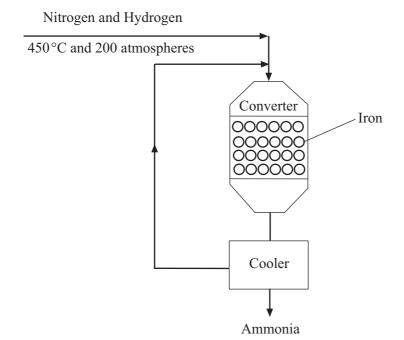
(a)	The human population has grown rapidly. This has caused an increase in the amount of land
	used for agriculture, especially in tropical areas.
	This has helped to increase the carbon dioxide in the atmosphere.



(1 mark)

PATTERNS OF CHEMICAL CHANGE

16 The diagram shows the final stages in the manufacture of ammonia.

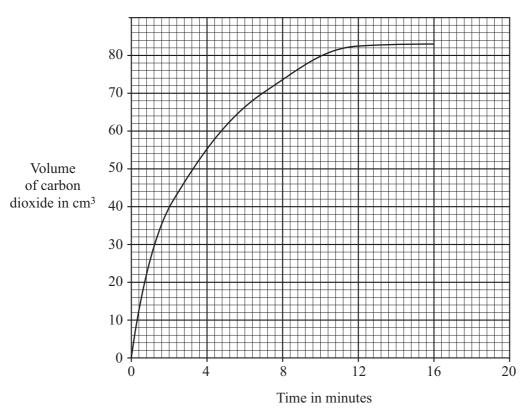


(a)	Why	is iron used in the converter?	
			(1 mark)
(b)	Write	e the word equation for the reaction in the converter.	
		+ +	(1 mark)
(c)	The y	yield of ammonia is only about 15%.	
	(i)	Why can the yield not be 100%?	
			(1 mark)
	(ii)	Describe what happens to the mixture of gases after it leaves the converter.	
			(2 marks)

17 Calcium carbonate reacts with nitric acid to produce carbon dioxide.

$$CaCO_3 + 2HNO_3 \rightarrow Ca(NO_3)_2 + H_2O + CO_2$$

A 10 g lump of calcium carbonate was reacted with 20 cm³ of dilute nitric acid. When the reaction was finished, some of the calcium carbonate was left unreacted. The graph shows the volume of carbon dioxide made in each minute for sixteen minutes.



(a) The volume of carbon dioxide made in each minute decreases until it remains steady at 83 cm³. Explain why.

(2 marks)

(b) Draw a graph line, on the axes above, for an experiment where 20 cm³ of the same dilute nitric

acid was reacted with 10 g of powdered calcium carbonate.

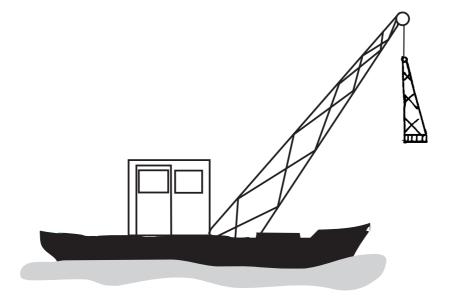
(2 marks)

(c) Give **one** way of changing the rate of this reaction (other than using powdered calcium carbonate).

(1 mark)

FORCES

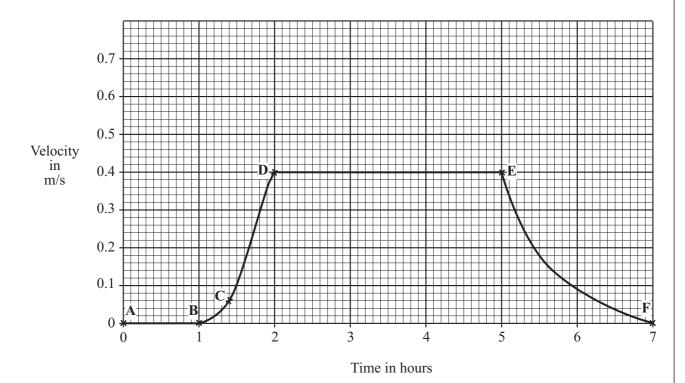
18 A crane on a barge lifts a girder and then carries it along the river.



The girder has a weight of $1\,000\,000\,\mathrm{N}$ and is lifted to a height of $1500\,\mathrm{cm}$.

(a)	Complete the sentence.			
	The weight of the girder is caused by the Earth's gravitational field strength acting on its			
(b)	Calculate the work done in lifting the girder.			
	Write the equation you are going to use.			
	(1 mark)			
	Show clearly how you work out your answer and give the unit.			
	Work done =			
	(3 marks)			

(c) The velocity–time graph represents the motion of the barge after the girder had been lifted.



To gain full marks in this question you should write your ideas in good English. Put them in a sensible order and use the correct scientific words.

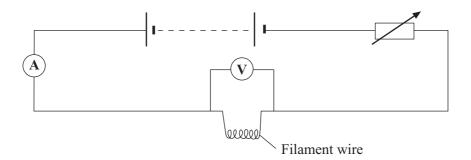
Describe the motion of the barge over this period of seven hours. You must refer to the points

B, C, D, E and F in your description.	
	(5 marks)



QUESTIONS RELATING TO PREVIOUSLY TESTED MODULES

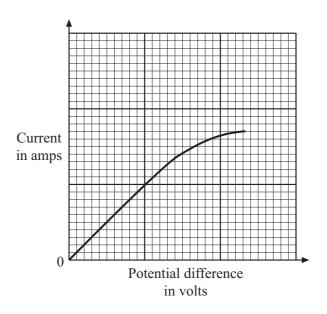
A bulb heats up when an electric current passes through the filament wire. The current was measured when different voltages were applied across the filament wire shown in the diagram below.



(1) Look at the circuit diagram. How was the voltage changed?	t the circuit diag	(1) Look) (1)	(a)
(1 m				
(ii) Write an equation that shows the relationship between <i>current</i> , <i>potential difference</i> resistance.	•	` ′	(ii)	

(1 mark)

(b) The graph shows how the current through the filament wire changed as the potential difference across it changed.

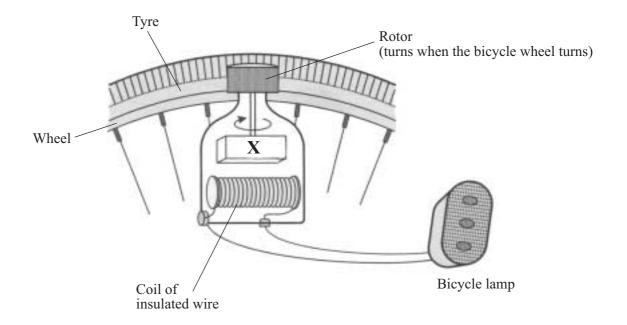


(i)	Describe the effect of increasing the potential difference on the current flowing through the filament wire.
	(2 marks)
(ii)	Explain this effect in terms of the resistance of the filament wire.
	(2 marks)

 $\left(\begin{array}{c} \\ \hline 6 \end{array}\right)$

TURN OVER FOR THE NEXT QUESTION

20 A bicycle can use a dynamo to generate electricity.



(a)	Name part X .
	(1 mark)
(b)	Give three ways of increasing the size of the induced voltage from a dynamo.
	1
	2
	3
	(3 marks)

 $\left(\frac{}{4}\right)$

END OF QUESTIONS