

**Monday 12 May 2014 – Morning**

**GCSE**

**RELIGIOUS STUDIES B (PHILOSOPHY AND/OR APPLIED ETHICS)**

**B603/01 Ethics 1 (Relationships, Medical Ethics, Poverty and Wealth)**



Candidates answer on the Answer Booklet.

**OCR supplied materials:**

- 12 page Answer Booklet  
(sent with general stationery)

**Other materials required:**

None

**Duration: 1 hour**



**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided on the Answer Booklet. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink.
- Any additional paper used must be securely fastened to the answer booklet.
- Answer **two** questions.  
You must answer your two questions from **different** sections.  
Section A – Religion and Human Relationships  
Section B – Religion and Medical Ethics  
Section C – Religion, Poverty and Wealth
- You must answer **all** parts (a)–(e) of the questions that you choose.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.

**INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES**

- The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is **51**.
- You will be assessed on the quality of written communication in your answer to the following: parts d and e of all questions. Questions marked with a pencil (✍) will carry 3 additional marks for spelling, punctuation and grammar. Where there is more than 1 question assessing spelling, punctuation and grammar the highest mark will count.
- This document consists of **8** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

## SECTION A – Religion and Human Relationships

If you choose **one** question from this section you must answer **all** parts (a–e) of the question.

### 1 Buddhism

- (a) What word means the ‘legal ending of a marriage’? [1]
- (b) State **two** reasons which a Buddhist might give for getting married. [2]
- (c) Describe the attitude of some Buddhists towards the role of women in the family. [3]
- (d) Explain why sexual relationships are important to some Buddhists. [6]
-  (e) ‘A marriage will **not** fail if the couple share a religious faith.’

Discuss this statement.

You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Buddhism in your answer. [12]

 Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

### 2 Christianity

- (a) What word means the ‘legal ending of a marriage’? [1]
- (b) State **two** reasons which a Christian might give for getting married. [2]
- (c) Describe the attitude of some Christians towards the role of women in the family. [3]
- (d) Explain why sexual relationships are important to some Christians. [6]
-  (e) ‘A marriage will **not** fail if the couple share a religious faith.’

Discuss this statement.

You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Christianity in your answer. [12]

 Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

### 3 Hinduism

- (a) What word means the ‘legal ending of a marriage’? [1]
- (b) State **two** reasons which a Hindu might give for getting married. [2]
- (c) Describe the attitude of some Hindus towards the role of women in the family. [3]
- (d) Explain why sexual relationships are important to some Hindus. [6]
-  (e) ‘A marriage will **not** fail if the couple share a religious faith.’

Discuss this statement.

You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Hinduism in your answer. [12]

 Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

#### 4 Islam

- (a) What word means the ‘legal ending of a marriage’? [1]
- (b) State **two** reasons which a Muslim might give for getting married. [2]
- (c) Describe the attitude of some Muslims towards the role of women in the family. [3]
- (d) Explain why sexual relationships are important to some Muslims. [6]
-  (e) ‘A marriage will **not** fail if the couple share a religious faith.’

Discuss this statement.

You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Islam in your answer. [12]

 Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

#### 5 Judaism

- (a) What word means the ‘legal ending of a marriage’? [1]
- (b) State **two** reasons which a Jew might give for getting married. [2]
- (c) Describe the attitude of some Jews towards the role of women in the family. [3]
- (d) Explain why sexual relationships are important to some Jews. [6]
-  (e) ‘A marriage will **not** fail if the couple share a religious faith.’

Discuss this statement.

You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Judaism in your answer. [12]

 Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

#### 6 Sikhism

- (a) What word means the ‘legal ending of a marriage’? [1]
- (b) State **two** reasons which a Sikh might give for getting married. [2]
- (c) Describe the attitude of some Sikhs towards the role of women in the family. [3]
- (d) Explain why sexual relationships are important to some Sikhs. [6]
-  (e) ‘A marriage will **not** fail if the couple share a religious faith.’

Discuss this statement.

You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Sikhism in your answer. [12]

 Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

## SECTION B – Religion and Medical Ethics

If you choose **one** question from this section you must answer **all** parts (a–e) of the question.

### 7 Buddhism

- (a) What word means ‘to take your own life’? [1]
- (b) State **two** beliefs Buddhists might have about cloning. [2]
- (c) Describe **one** attitude some Buddhists have towards abortion. [3]
- (d) Explain why Buddhists have different attitudes towards fertility treatment. [6]
-  (e) ‘People should be allowed to choose when to die.’

Discuss this statement.

You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Buddhism in your answer. [12]

 Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

### 8 Christianity

- (a) What word means ‘to take your own life’? [1]
- (b) State **two** beliefs Christians might have about cloning. [2]
- (c) Describe **one** attitude some Christians have towards abortion. [3]
- (d) Explain why Christians have different attitudes towards fertility treatment. [6]
-  (e) ‘People should be allowed to choose when to die.’

Discuss this statement.

You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Christianity in your answer. [12]

 Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

### 9 Hinduism

- (a) What word means ‘to take your own life’? [1]
- (b) State **two** beliefs Hindus might have about cloning. [2]
- (c) Describe **one** attitude some Hindus have towards abortion. [3]
- (d) Explain why Hindus have different attitudes towards fertility treatment. [6]
-  (e) ‘People should be allowed to choose when to die.’

Discuss this statement.

You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Hinduism in your answer. [12]

 Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

## 10 Islam

- (a) What word means ‘to take your own life’? [1]
- (b) State **two** beliefs Muslims might have about cloning. [2]
- (c) Describe **one** attitude some Muslims have towards abortion. [3]
- (d) Explain why Muslims have different attitudes towards fertility treatment. [6]
-  (e) ‘People should be allowed to choose when to die.’

Discuss this statement.

You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Islam in your answer. [12]

 Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

## 11 Judaism

- (a) What word means ‘to take your own life’? [1]
- (b) State **two** beliefs Jews might have about cloning. [2]
- (c) Describe **one** attitude some Jews have towards abortion. [3]
- (d) Explain why Jews have different attitudes towards fertility treatment. [6]
-  (e) ‘People should be allowed to choose when to die.’

Discuss this statement.

You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Judaism in your answer. [12]

 Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

## 12 Sikhism

- (a) What word means ‘to take your own life’? [1]
- (b) State **two** beliefs Sikhs might have about cloning. [2]
- (c) Describe **one** attitude some Sikhs have towards abortion. [3]
- (d) Explain why Sikhs have different attitudes towards fertility treatment. [6]
-  (e) ‘People should be allowed to choose when to die.’

Discuss this statement.

You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Sikhism in your answer. [12]

 Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

## SECTION C – Religion, Poverty and Wealth

If you choose **one** question from this section you must answer **all** parts (a–e) of the question.

### 13 Buddhism

- (a) Give **one** way in which a Buddhist might support a charity. [1]
- (b) State **two** Buddhist teachings about being wealthy. [2]
- (c) Describe **one** Buddhist belief about immoral occupations. [3]
- (d) Explain why, according to Buddhist teachings, there is so much poverty in the world. [6]
-  (e) ‘Religion can’t help the poor.’

Discuss this statement.

You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Buddhism in your answer. [12]

 Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

### 14 Christianity

- (a) Give **one** way in which a Christian might support a charity. [1]
- (b) State **two** Christian teachings about being wealthy. [2]
- (c) Describe **one** Christian belief about immoral occupations. [3]
- (d) Explain why, according to Christian teachings, there is so much poverty in the world. [6]
-  (e) ‘Religion can’t help the poor.’

Discuss this statement.

You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Christianity in your answer. [12]

 Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

### 15 Hinduism

- (a) Give **one** way in which a Hindu might support a charity. [1]
- (b) State **two** Hindu teachings about being wealthy. [2]
- (c) Describe **one** Hindu belief about immoral occupations. [3]
- (d) Explain why, according to Hindu teachings, there is so much poverty in the world. [6]
-  (e) ‘Religion can’t help the poor.’

Discuss this statement.

You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Hinduism in your answer. [12]

 Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

## 16 Islam

- (a) Give **one** way in which a Muslim might support a charity. [1]
- (b) State **two** Muslim teachings about being wealthy. [2]
- (c) Describe **one** Muslim belief about immoral occupations. [3]
- (d) Explain why, according to Muslim teachings, there is so much poverty in the world. [6]
-  (e) ‘Religion can’t help the poor.’

Discuss this statement.

You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Islam in your answer. [12]

 Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

## 17 Judaism

- (a) Give **one** way in which a Jew might support a charity. [1]
- (b) State **two** Jewish teachings about being wealthy. [2]
- (c) Describe **one** Jewish belief about immoral occupations. [3]
- (d) Explain why, according to Jewish teachings, there is so much poverty in the world. [6]
-  (e) ‘Religion can’t help the poor.’

Discuss this statement.

You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Judaism in your answer. [12]

 Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

## 18 Sikhism

- (a) Give **one** way in which a Sikh might support a charity. [1]
- (b) State **two** Sikh teachings about being wealthy. [2]
- (c) Describe **one** Sikh belief about immoral occupations. [3]
- (d) Explain why, according to Sikh teachings, there is so much poverty in the world. [6]
-  (e) ‘Religion can’t help the poor.’

Discuss this statement.

You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Sikhism in your answer. [12]

 Spelling, punctuation and grammar [3]

**END OF QUESTION PAPER**

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