

**OXFORD CAMBRIDGE AND RSA EXAMINATIONS
GCSE
B604
RELIGIOUS STUDIES B
(PHILOSOPHY AND/OR APPLIED ETHICS)**

Ethics 2 (Peace and Justice, Equality, Media)

**WEDNESDAY 18 JANUARY 2012: Afternoon
DURATION: 1 hour**

SUITABLE FOR VISUALLY IMPAIRED CANDIDATES

Candidates answer on the Answer Booklet.

OCR SUPPLIED MATERIALS:

**8 page Answer Booklet
(sent with general stationery)**

OTHER MATERIALS REQUIRED:

None

READ INSTRUCTIONS OVERLEAF

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided on the Answer Booklet. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Any additional paper used must be securely fastened to the answer booklet.
- Answer **TWO** questions.
 - You must answer your two questions from **DIFFERENT** Sections.
Section A – Religion, Peace and Justice
Section B – Religion and Equality
Section C – Religion and the Media
 - You must answer all parts (a)–(e) of the questions that you choose.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is 48.
- Quality of written communication is assessed in parts (d) and (e) of all questions.

SECTION A: RELIGION, PEACE AND JUSTICE

If you choose one question from this section you must answer all parts (a)–(e) of the question.

1 BUDDHISM

- (a) What is meant by the term ‘social injustice’? [1]**
- (b) Give TWO ways in which criminals might be punished. [2]**
- (c) State THREE reasons why Buddhists might work for social justice. [3]**
- (d) Explain why some Buddhists might not take part in a war. [6]**
- (e) ‘Justice is more important than peace.’**

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Buddhism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

2 CHRISTIANITY

- (a) What is meant by the term ‘social injustice’? [1]**
- (b) Give TWO ways in which criminals might be punished. [2]**
- (c) State THREE reasons why Christians might work for social justice. [3]**
- (d) Explain why Christians might take part in a war. [6]**
- (e) ‘Justice is more important than peace.’**

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Christianity in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

3 HINDUISM

- (a) What is meant by the term ‘social injustice’? [1]**
- (b) Give TWO ways in which criminals might be punished. [2]**
- (c) State THREE reasons why Hindus might work for social justice. [3]**
- (d) Explain why Hindus might take part in a war. [6]**
- (e) ‘Justice is more important than peace.’**

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Hinduism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

4 ISLAM

- (a) What is meant by the term ‘social injustice’? [1]**
- (b) Give TWO ways in which criminals might be punished. [2]**
- (c) State THREE reasons why Muslims might work for social justice. [3]**
- (d) Explain why Muslims might take part in a war. [6]**
- (e) ‘Justice is more important than peace.’**

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Islam in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

5 JUDAISM

- (a) What is meant by the term ‘social injustice’? [1]**
- (b) Give TWO ways in which criminals might be punished. [2]**
- (c) State THREE reasons why Jews might work for social justice. [3]**
- (d) Explain why Jews might take part in a war. [6]**
- (e) ‘Justice is more important than peace.’**

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Judaism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

6 SIKHISM

- (a) What is meant by the term ‘social injustice’? [1]**
- (b) Give TWO ways in which criminals might be punished. [2]**
- (c) State THREE reasons why Sikhs might work for social justice. [3]**
- (d) Explain why Sikhs might take part in a war. [6]**
- (e) ‘Justice is more important than peace.’**

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Sikhism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

SECTION B: RELIGION AND EQUALITY

If you choose one question from this section you must answer all parts (a)–(e) of the question.

7 BUDDHISM

- (a) What is forgiveness? [1]**
- (b) State TWO reasons why Buddhists might forgive someone who has hurt them. [2]**
- (c) Give THREE reasons why Buddhists might believe racism is wrong. [3]**
- (d) Explain Buddhist attitudes towards other religions. [6]**
- (e) ‘It is always right to forgive.’**

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Buddhism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

8 CHRISTIANITY

- (a) What is forgiveness? [1]**
- (b) State TWO reasons why Christians might forgive someone who has hurt them. [2]**
- (c) Give THREE reasons why Christians might believe racism is wrong. [3]**
- (d) Explain Christian attitudes towards other religions. [6]**
- (e) ‘It is always right to forgive.’**

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Christianity in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

9 HINDUISM

- (a) What is forgiveness? [1]**
- (b) State TWO reasons why Hindus might forgive someone who has hurt them. [2]**
- (c) Give THREE reasons why Hindus might believe racism is wrong. [3]**
- (d) Explain Hindu attitudes towards other religions. [6]**
- (e) ‘It is always right to forgive.’**

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Hinduism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

10 ISLAM

- (a) What is forgiveness? [1]**
- (b) State TWO reasons why Muslims might forgive someone who has hurt them. [2]**
- (c) Give THREE reasons why Muslims might believe racism is wrong. [3]**
- (d) Explain Islamic attitudes towards other religions. [6]**
- (e) ‘It is always right to forgive.’**

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Islam in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

11 JUDAISM

- (a) What is forgiveness? [1]**
- (b) State TWO reasons why Jews might forgive someone who has hurt them. [2]**
- (c) Give THREE reasons why Jews might believe racism is wrong. [3]**
- (d) Explain Jewish attitudes towards other religions. [6]**
- (e) ‘It is always right to forgive.’**

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Judaism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

12 SIKHISM

- (a) What is forgiveness? [1]**
- (b) State TWO reasons why Sikhs might forgive someone who has hurt them. [2]**
- (c) Give THREE reasons why Sikhs might believe racism is wrong. [3]**
- (d) Explain Sikh attitudes towards other religions. [6]**
- (e) ‘It is always right to forgive.’**

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Sikhism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

SECTION C: RELIGION AND THE MEDIA

If you choose one question from this section you must answer all parts (a)–(e) of the question.

13 BUDDHISM

- (a) What is meant by the term freedom of speech? [1]**
- (b) List TWO Buddhist figures that might be shown in the media. [2]**
- (c) Describe why freedom of speech might be important to Buddhists. [3]**
- (d) Explain how Buddhists might respond to the way violence is shown in the media. [6]**
- (e) ‘Sex should never be shown on TV.’**

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Buddhism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

14 CHRISTIANITY

- (a) What is meant by the term freedom of speech? [1]**
- (b) List TWO Christian figures that might be shown in the media. [2]**
- (c) Describe why freedom of speech might be important to Christians. [3]**
- (d) Explain how Christians might respond to the way violence is shown in the media. [6]**
- (e) ‘Sex should never be shown on TV.’**

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Christianity in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

15 HINDUISM

- (a) What is meant by the term freedom of speech? [1]**
- (b) List TWO Hindu figures that might be shown in the media. [2]**
- (c) Describe why freedom of speech might be important to Hindus. [3]**
- (d) Explain how Hindus might respond to the way violence is shown in the media. [6]**
- (e) ‘Sex should never be shown on TV.’**

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Hinduism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

16 ISLAM

- (a) What is meant by the term freedom of speech? [1]**
- (b) List TWO Muslim figures that might be shown in the media. [2]**
- (c) Describe why freedom of speech might be important to Muslims. [3]**
- (d) Explain how Muslims might respond to the way violence is shown in the media. [6]**
- (e) ‘Sex should never be shown on TV.’**

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Islam in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

17 JUDAISM

- (a) What is meant by the term freedom of speech? [1]**
- (b) List TWO Jewish figures that might be shown in the media. [2]**
- (c) Describe why freedom of speech might be important to Jews. [3]**
- (d) Explain how Jews might respond to the way violence is shown in the media. [6]**
- (e) ‘Sex should never be shown on TV.’**

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Judaism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

18 SIKHISM

- (a) What is meant by the term freedom of speech? [1]**

- (b) List TWO Sikh figures that might be shown in the media. [2]**

- (c) Describe why freedom of speech might be important to Sikhs. [3]**

- (d) Explain how Sikhs might respond to the way violence is shown in the media. [6]**

- (e) ‘Sex should never be shown on TV.’**

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of view and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Sikhism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

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