

**OXFORD CAMBRIDGE AND RSA EXAMINATIONS
GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION**

B601

RELIGIOUS STUDIES B

(PHILOSOPHY AND/OR APPLIED ETHICS)

**Philosophy 1 (Deity, Religious and Spiritual Experience,
End of Life)**

TUESDAY 18 MAY 2010: Afternoon
DURATION: 1 hour

SUITABLE FOR VISUALLY IMPAIRED CANDIDATES

Candidates answer on the Answer Booklet

OCR SUPPLIED MATERIALS:
8 page Answer Booklet

OTHER MATERIALS REQUIRED:
None

READ INSTRUCTIONS OVERLEAF

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name clearly in capital letters, your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided on the Answer Booklet.
- Use black ink.
- Read each question carefully and make sure that you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Any additional paper used must be securely fastened to the answer booklet.
- Answer **TWO** questions.
 - You must answer your two questions from **DIFFERENT** Sections.

Section A – Belief about Deity

Section B – Religious and Spiritual Experience

Section C – The End of Life

- You must answer all parts (a)–(e) of the questions that you choose.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- **The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.**
- **The total number of marks for this paper is 48.**
- **Quality of written communication is assessed in parts d and e of all questions.**

SECTION A: BELIEF ABOUT DEITY

If you choose one question from this section you must answer all parts (a)–(e) of the question.

1 BUDDHISM

- (a) What is a miracle? [1]**
- (b) State TWO Buddhist beliefs about the nature of God or the gods. [2]**
- (c) What do Buddhists believe about the Buddha? [3]**
- (d) Explain Buddhist beliefs about miracles. [6]**
- (e) “There is a lot of evidence to prove there are gods”.**

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of views and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Buddhism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

2 CHRISTIANITY

- (a) What is a miracle? [1]**
- (b) State TWO Christian beliefs about the nature of God. [2]**
- (c) What do Christians believe about Jesus? [3]**
- (d) Explain Christian beliefs about miracles. [6]**
- (e) “There is a lot of evidence to prove there is a God”.**

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of views and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Christianity in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

3 HINDUISM

- (a) What is a miracle? [1]**
- (b) State TWO Hindu beliefs about the nature of God or the gods. [2]**
- (c) What do Hindus believe about Krishna? [3]**
- (d) Explain Hindu beliefs about miracles. [6]**
- (e) “There is a lot of evidence to prove there are gods.”**

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of views and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Hinduism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

4 ISLAM

- (a) **What is a miracle?** [1]
- (b) **State TWO Muslim beliefs about the nature of Allah.** [2]
- (c) **What do Muslims believe about Muhammad.** صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ [3]
- (d) **Explain Muslim beliefs about miracles.** [6]
- (e) **“There is a lot of evidence to prove there is a God”.**

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of views and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Islam in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

5 JUDAISM

- (a) What is a miracle? [1]**
- (b) State TWO Jewish beliefs about the nature of G-d. [2]**
- (c) What do Jews believe about Moses? [3]**
- (d) Explain Jewish beliefs about miracles. [6]**
- (e) “There is a lot of evidence to prove there is a G-d.”**

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of views and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Judaism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

6 SIKHISM

- (a) What is a miracle? [1]**
- (b) State TWO Sikh beliefs about the nature of Waheguru. [2]**
- (c) What do Sikhs believe about Guru Nanak? [3]**
- (d) Explain Sikh beliefs about miracles. [6]**
- (e) “There is a lot of evidence to prove there is a God.”**

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of views and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Sikhism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

SECTION B: RELIGIOUS AND SPIRITUAL EXPERIENCE

If you choose one question from this section you must answer all parts (a)–(e) of the question.

7 BUDDHISM

- (a) What is fasting? [1]**
- (b) List TWO symbols used in worship by Buddhists. [2]**
- (c) State THREE ways Buddhists might worship in the home. [3]**
- (d) Explain how meditation deepens the faith of a believer. [6]**
- (e) “Using symbols helps people to worship.”**

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of views and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Buddhism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

8 CHRISTIANITY

- (a) **What is fasting?** [1]
- (b) **List TWO symbols used in worship by Christians.** [2]
- (c) **State THREE ways Christians might worship in the home.** [3]
- (d) **Explain how prayer deepens the faith of a believer.** [6]
- (e) **“Art helps people to worship.”**

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of views and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Christianity in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

9 HINDUISM

- (a) What is fasting? [1]**
- (b) List TWO symbols used in worship by Hindus. [2]**
- (c) State THREE ways Hindus might worship in the home. [3]**
- (d) Explain how prayer deepens the faith of a believer. [6]**
- (e) “Art helps people to worship.”**

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of views and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Hinduism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

10 ISLAM

- (a) What is fasting? [1]**
- (b) List TWO symbols used in worship by Muslims. [2]**
- (c) State THREE ways Muslims might worship in the home. [3]**
- (d) Explain how prayer deepens the faith of a believer. [6]**
- (e) “You should not use symbols in worship.”**

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of views and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Islam in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

11 JUDAISM

- (a) What is fasting? [1]**
- (b) List TWO symbols used in worship by Jews. [2]**
- (c) State THREE ways Jews might worship in the home. [3]**
- (d) Explain how prayer deepens the faith of a believer. [6]**
- (e) “Using symbols helps people to worship.”**

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of views and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Judaism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

12 SIKHISM

- (a) What is fasting? [1]**
- (b) List TWO symbols used in worship by Sikhs. [2]**
- (c) State THREE ways Sikhs might worship in the home. [3]**
- (d) Explain how prayer deepens the faith of a believer. [6]**
- (e) “Art helps people to worship.”**

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of views and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Sikhism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

SECTION C: END OF LIFE

If you choose one question from this section you must answer all parts (a)–(e) of the question.

13 BUDDHISM

- (a) What is meant by rebirth? [1]**
- (b) Describe what Buddhists believe about samsara. [2]**
- (c) Describe the relationship between the body and the soul for a Buddhist. [3]**
- (d) Explain how beliefs about life after death could affect a Buddhist's moral behaviour. [6]**
- (e) "We only have one life and it is on earth."**

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of views and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Buddhism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

14 CHRISTIANITY

- (a) What is the meaning of ‘rites’? [1]**
- (b) Give TWO examples of Christian funeral rites. [2]**
- (c) Describe the relationship between the body and the soul for a Christian. [3]**
- (d) Explain how beliefs about life after death could affect a Christian’s moral behaviour. [6]**
- (e) “We only have one life and it is on earth.”**

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of views and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Christianity in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

15 HINDUISM

- (a) What is the meaning of 'rites'? [1]**
- (b) Give TWO examples of Hindu funeral rites. [2]**
- (c) Describe the relationship between the body and the soul for a Hindu. [3]**
- (d) Explain how beliefs about life after death could affect a Hindu's moral behaviour. [6]**
- (e) "We only have one life and it is on earth."**

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of views and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Hinduism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

16 ISLAM

- (a) What is the meaning of ‘rites’? [1]**
- (b) Give TWO examples of Muslim funeral rites. [2]**
- (c) Describe the relationship between the body and the soul for a Muslim. [3]**
- (d) Explain how beliefs about life after death could affect a Muslim’s moral behaviour. [6]**
- (e) “We only have one life and it is on earth.”**

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of views and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Islam in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

17 JUDAISM

- (a) What is the meaning of 'rites'? [1]**
- (b) Give TWO examples of Jewish funeral rites. [2]**
- (c) Describe the relationship between the body and the soul for a Jew. [3]**
- (d) Explain how beliefs about life after death could affect a Jew's moral behaviour. [6]**
- (e) "We only have one life and it is on earth."**

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of views and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Judaism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

18 SIKHISM

- (a) What is the meaning of ‘rites’? [1]**
- (b) Give TWO examples of Sikh funeral rites. [2]**
- (c) Describe the relationship between the body and the soul for a Sikh. [3]**
- (d) Explain how beliefs about life after death could affect a Sikh’s moral behaviour. [6]**
- (e) “We only have one life and it is on earth.”**

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of views and a personal viewpoint. You must refer to Sikhism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

BLANK PAGE

BLANK PAGE



Copyright Information

OCR is committed to seeking permission to reproduce all third-party content that it uses in its assessment materials. OCR has attempted to identify and contact all copyright holders whose work is used in this paper. To avoid the issue of disclosure of answer-related information to candidates, all copyright acknowledgements are reproduced in the OCR Copyright Acknowledgements Booklet. This is produced for each series of examinations, is given to all schools that receive assessment material and is freely available to download from our public website (www.ocr.org.uk) after the live examination series.

If OCR has unwittingly failed to correctly acknowledge or clear any third-party content in this assessment material, OCR will be happy to correct its mistake at the earliest possible opportunity.

For queries or further information please contact the Copyright Team, First Floor, 9 Hills Road, Cambridge CB2 1GE.

OCR is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group; Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.