



**GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION
RELIGIOUS STUDIES B
(PHILOSOPHY AND/OR APPLIED ETHICS)**

Philosophy 1 (Deity, Religious and Spiritual Experience, End of Life)

B601

Candidates answer on the Answer Booklet

OCR Supplied Materials:

- 8 page Answer Booklet

Other Materials Required:

None

Tuesday 18 May 2010

Afternoon

Duration: 1 hour



MODIFIED LANGUAGE

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name clearly in capital letters, your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the spaces provided on the Answer Booklet.
- Use black ink.
- Read each question carefully and make sure that you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Any additional paper used must be securely fastened to the answer booklet.
- Answer **two** questions.
 - You must answer your two questions from **different** Sections.
Section A – Belief about Deity
Section B – Religious and Spiritual Experience
Section C – The End of Life
 - You must answer all parts (a)-(e) of the questions that you choose.
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is **48**.
- Quality of written communication is assessed in parts d and e of all questions.
- This document consists of **8** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

Section A: Belief about Deity

If you choose one question from this section you must answer **all parts** (a)–(e) of the question.

1 Buddhism

- (a) What is a miracle? [1]
- (b) State **two** Buddhist beliefs about the nature of God or the gods. [2]
- (c) What do Buddhists believe about the Buddha? [3]
- (d) Explain Buddhist beliefs about miracles. [6]
- (e) “There is a lot of evidence to prove there are gods”.

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of views and your own point of view. You must refer to Buddhism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

2 Christianity

- (a) What is a miracle? [1]
- (b) State **two** Christian beliefs about the nature of God. [2]
- (c) What do Christians believe about Jesus? [3]
- (d) Explain Christian beliefs about miracles. [6]
- (e) “There is a lot of evidence to prove there is a God”.

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of views and your own point of view. You must refer to Christianity in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

3 Hinduism

- (a) What is a miracle? [1]
- (b) State **two** Hindu beliefs about the nature of God or the gods. [2]
- (c) What do Hindus believe about Krishna? [3]
- (d) Explain Hindu beliefs about miracles. [6]
- (e) “There is a lot of evidence to prove there are gods.”

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of views and your own point of view. You must refer to Hinduism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

4 Islam

- (a) What is a miracle? [1]
- (b) State **two** Muslim beliefs about the nature of Allah. [2]
- (c) What do Muslims believe about Muhammad. ﷺ [3]
- (d) Explain Muslim beliefs about miracles. [6]
- (e) “There is a lot of evidence to prove there is a God”. [6]

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of views and your own point of view. You must refer to Islam in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

5 Judaism

- (a) What is a miracle? [1]
- (b) State **two** Jewish beliefs about the nature of G-d. [2]
- (c) What do Jews believe about Moses? [3]
- (d) Explain Jewish beliefs about miracles. [6]
- (e) “There is a lot of evidence to prove there is a G-d.” [6]

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of views and your own point of view. You must refer to Judaism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

6 Sikhism

- (a) What is a miracle? [1]
- (b) State **two** Sikh beliefs about the nature of Waheguru. [2]
- (c) What do Sikhs believe about Guru Nanak? [3]
- (d) Explain Sikh beliefs about miracles. [6]
- (e) “There is a lot of evidence to prove there is a God.” [6]

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of views and your own point of view. You must refer to Sikhism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

Section B: Religious and Spiritual Experience

If you choose one question from this section you must answer all parts (a)–(e) of the question.

7 Buddhism

- (a) What is fasting? [1]
- (b) List **two** symbols used in worship by Buddhists. [2]
- (c) State **three** ways Buddhists might worship in the home. [3]
- (d) Explain how meditation deepens the faith of a believer. [6]
- (e) “Using symbols helps people to worship.”

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of views and your own point of view. You must refer to Buddhism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

8 Christianity

- (a) What is fasting? [1]
- (b) List **two** symbols used in worship by Christians. [2]
- (c) State **three** ways Christians might worship in the home. [3]
- (d) Explain how prayer deepens the faith of a believer. [6]
- (e) “Art helps people to worship.”

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of views and your own point of view. You must refer to Christianity in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

9 Hinduism

- (a) What is fasting? [1]
- (b) List **two** symbols used in worship by Hindus. [2]
- (c) State **three** ways Hindus might worship in the home. [3]
- (d) Explain how prayer deepens the faith of a believer. [6]
- (e) “Art helps people to worship.”

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of views and your own point of view. You must refer to Hinduism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

10 Islam

- (a) What is fasting? [1]
- (b) List **two** symbols used in worship by Muslims. [2]
- (c) State **three** ways Muslims might worship in the home. [3]
- (d) Explain how prayer deepens the faith of a believer. [6]
- (e) “You should not use symbols in worship.”

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of views and your own point of view. You must refer to Islam in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

11 Judaism

- (a) What is fasting? [1]
- (b) List **two** symbols used in worship by Jews. [2]
- (c) State **three** ways Jews might worship in the home. [3]
- (d) Explain how prayer deepens the faith of a believer. [6]
- (e) “Using symbols helps people to worship.”

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of views and your own point of view. You must refer to Judaism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

12 Sikhism

- (a) What is fasting? [1]
- (b) List **two** symbols used in worship by Sikhs. [2]
- (c) State **three** ways Sikhs might worship in the home. [3]
- (d) Explain how prayer deepens the faith of a believer. [6]
- (e) “Art helps people to worship.”

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of views and your own point of view. You must refer to Sikhism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

Section C: End of Life

If you choose one question from this section you must answer all parts (a)–(e) of the question.

13 Buddhism

- (a) What is meant by rebirth? [1]
- (b) Describe what Buddhists believe about samsara. [2]
- (c) Describe the relationship between the body and the soul for a Buddhist. [3]
- (d) Explain how beliefs about life after death could affect a Buddhist's moral behaviour. [6]
- (e) "We only have one life and it is on earth."

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of views and your own point of view. You must refer to Buddhism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

14 Christianity

- (a) What is the meaning of 'rites'? [1]
- (b) Give **two** examples of Christian funeral rites. [2]
- (c) Describe the relationship between the body and the soul for a Christian. [3]
- (d) Explain how beliefs about life after death could affect a Christian's moral behaviour. [6]
- (e) "We only have one life and it is on earth."

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of views and your own point of view. You must refer to Christianity in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

15 Hinduism

- (a) What is the meaning of 'rites'? [1]
- (b) Give **two** examples of Hindu funeral rites. [2]
- (c) Describe the relationship between the body and the soul for a Hindu. [3]
- (d) Explain how beliefs about life after death could affect a Hindu's moral behaviour. [6]
- (e) "We only have one life and it is on earth."

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of views and your own point of view. You must refer to Hinduism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

16 Islam

- (a) What is the meaning of 'rites'? [1]
- (b) Give **two** examples of Muslim funeral rites. [2]
- (c) Describe the relationship between the body and the soul for a Muslim. [3]
- (d) Explain how beliefs about life after death could affect a Muslim's moral behaviour. [6]
- (e) "We only have one life and it is on earth."

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of views and your own point of view. You must refer to Islam in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

17 Judaism

- (a) What is the meaning of 'rites'? [1]
- (b) Give **two** examples of Jewish funeral rites. [2]
- (c) Describe the relationship between the body and the soul for a Jew. [3]
- (d) Explain how beliefs about life after death could affect a Jew's moral behaviour. [6]
- (e) "We only have one life and it is on earth."

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of views and your own point of view. You must refer to Judaism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]

18 Sikhism

- (a) What is the meaning of 'rites'? [1]
- (b) Give **two** examples of Sikh funeral rites. [2]
- (c) Describe the relationship between the body and the soul for a Sikh. [3]
- (d) Explain how beliefs about life after death could affect a Sikh's moral behaviour. [6]
- (e) "We only have one life and it is on earth."

Discuss this statement. You should include different, supported points of views and your own point of view. You must refer to Sikhism in your answer. [12]

[Total: 24]



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