



General Certificate of Secondary Education
2013

Motor Vehicle and Road User Studies

Unit 1: Motor Vehicle and Road User Theory

Foundation Tier

[GMV11]

THURSDAY 16 MAY, MORNING

MARK SCHEME

General Marking Instructions

Introduction

Mark schemes are published to assist teachers and students in their preparation for examinations. Through the mark schemes teachers and students will be able to see what examiners are looking for in response to questions and exactly where the marks have been awarded. The publishing of the mark schemes may help to show that examiners are not concerned about finding out what a student does not know but rather with rewarding students for what they do know.

The Purpose of Mark Schemes

Examination papers are set and revised by teams of examiners and revisers appointed by the Council. The teams of examiners and revisers include experienced teachers who are familiar with the level and standards expected of students in schools and colleges.

The job of the examiners is to set the questions and the mark schemes; and the job of the revisers is to review the questions and mark schemes commenting on a large range of issues about which they must be satisfied before the question papers and mark schemes are finalised.

The questions and the mark schemes are developed in association with each other so that the issues of differentiation and positive achievement can be addressed right from the start. Mark schemes, therefore, are regarded as part of an integral process which begins with the setting of questions and ends with the marking of the examination.

The main purpose of the mark scheme is to provide a uniform basis for the marking process so that all the markers are following exactly the same instructions and making the same judgements in so far as this is possible. Before marking begins a standardising meeting is held where all the markers are briefed using the mark scheme and samples of the students' work in the form of scripts. Consideration is also given at this stage to any comments on the operational papers received from teachers and their organisations. During this meeting, and up to and including the end of the marking, there is provision for amendments to be made to the mark scheme. What is published represents this final form of the mark scheme.

It is important to recognise that in some cases there may well be other correct responses which are equally acceptable to those published: the mark scheme can only cover those responses which emerged in the examination. There may also be instances where certain judgements may have to be left to the experience of the examiner, for example, where there is no absolute correct response – all teachers will be familiar with making such judgements.

Section A		AVAILABLE MARKS
1	(c).	[1]
2	Toucan.	[1]
3	Coasting/Freewheeling.	[1]
4	Green cross code.	[1]
5	Fatigue.	[1]
6	hazard warning.	[1]
7	Enforcement.	[1]
8	penalty points.	[1]
9	behind/back/rear.	[1]
10	Box junction.	[1]
11	Certificate.	[1]
12	Petrol Receipt.	[1]
13	exhaust gases.	[1]
14	Straight sale.	[1]
15	£180.	[1]
16	shock.	[1]
17	thermostat.	[1]

Section A		AVAILABLE MARKS
18	power.	[1]
19	differential.	[1]
20	silencer.	[1] 20
Section A		20

Section B		AVAILABLE MARKS
21	To channel water away/to provide grip.	[1] 1
22	Licence plate, lights, windscreen.	[1] 1
23	(a) 1. breath 35 micrograms per 100 ml. 2. blood 80 milligrams per 100 ml.	[1] [1]
	(b) Any two from: slows reactions, impairs vision, alters judgement etc.	[2] 4
24	white/green.	[2] 2
25	Any two from: Cyclist – reflective/fluorescent jacket etc. Motorcyclist – gloves, boots, leathers etc.	[2] [2] 4
26	(a) To protect others/property. (b) Any three from: cocky, take risks/dare, show off, more accident prone, drive fast etc.	[1] [3] 4
27	ABS: antilock braking system. SORN: statutory off road notification. PCV: passenger carrying vehicle.	[1] [1] [1] 3
28	(a) When no other vehicles are approaching. (b) When car is fully laden.	[1] [2] 3
29	<u>Rush hour.</u>	[1] 1
30	Any two from: Cannot see road ahead, bend in the road etc.	[2] 2

Section B

		AVAILABLE MARKS
31 (a) Any three from: safety cage, anti-burst locks, air bags, seatbelts, pretensioners, safety glass, side impact bars etc.	[3]	
(b) Any two from: catalytic convertor, unleaded fuel, working exhaust, tax on emissions etc.	[2]	
(c) Any one from: gating, chicane, speed cushion etc.	[1]	6
32 (a) $15,300 \div 36 = 425$	[1]	
(b) 15,300 $20\% = 3,060$ $15,300 - 3,060 = 12,240$ $12,240 \div 36 = 340$	[2]	
(c) $15 \times 55 = 825$ miles	[1]	4
33 (a) 1. Protect the scene. 2. Summon emergency vehicles. 3. Make vehicles safe.	[1] [1] [1]	
(b) 1. Switch off ignition. 2. Put on handbrake.	[1] [1]	5
34 (a) Electric motor/battery.	[1]	
(b) Fuel is compressed to $\frac{1}{12}$ of its volume (or similar).	[1]	
(c) Any two from: to ensure all items such as tyres, lights etc are legal. to reduce costs e.g. fuel consumption. to ensure vehicle has optimum value etc.	[2]	
(d) Any two from: oil, water, tyres etc.	[2]	6

Section B		AVAILABLE MARKS
35	Fig. 35.1 – No through road.	[1]
	Fig. 35.2 – Light signals ahead (at level crossing).	[1]
	Fig. 35.3 – Slippery road.	[1]
	Fig. 35.4 – No overtaking.	[1]
	Fig. 35.5 – No vehicles.	[1]
	Fig. 35.6 – Ahead only.	[1] 6
36	(a) Gives safe separation distance at any speed.	[1]
	(b) In bad weather e.g. rain, snow, fog, ice.	[1] 2
37	(a) Supports the car body, helps smooth out bumps.	[1]
	(b) To close valve.	[1]
	(c) Doesn't suck up dirt, dust or water.	[1] 3
38	(a) Where you cannot see adjacent to your vehicle, or similar.	[1]
	(b) Facing oncoming traffic, or on the right.	[1]
	(c) Muck, dirt, animals, debris, soft verges, etc.	[2] 4
39	(a) 1. Piston.	[1]
	2. Connecting/con rod.	[1]
	3. Crankshaft.	[1]
	(b) Up/down movement changed to circular motion by the crankshaft.	[2]
	(c) 1. Flywheel.	[1]
	2. Friction plate.	[1]
	(d) To engage and disengage the drive.	[1]
	(e) A.	[1] 9

Section B			AVAILABLE MARKS
40	(a) Any two from: plan route/rest stops, book accommodation.	[2]	
	(b) Any two from: check tyres, water, oil, have car serviced, clean vehicle etc.	[2]	
	(c) Any one from: more bends/junctions, hills, hazards etc.	[1]	5
41	(a) 70 mph.	[1]	
	(b) Slip road.	[1]	
	(c) Go on to next exit.	[1]	
	(d) Any two from: bus, LGV, any vehicle towing a trailer.	[2]	5
42	Any two from: joining, leaving, returning to original lane.	[2]	2
43	Stop on hard shoulder/hazard lights on/exit vehicle from passenger side/use motorway phones/wait on grassy bank for assistance Any three correct answers, [2] each.	[6]	6
44	Candidates may refer to: Observation: windows clean and clear; lights clean and working; mirrors adjusted; eyesight OK; observe all road signs; speed limits etc; pay attention at junctions; watch for other road users including pedestrians. Courtesy: consideration for other road users – give way appropriately; show appropriate consideration for others including pedestrians, elderly, horse riders etc; correct use of horn and headlights; reduce radio/CD volume; avoid aggressive driving etc. Anticipation: predicting what may happen; expect the unexpected; reading/observing the road ahead – doors opening; bouncing balls, animals etc.		
	Relevant examples required in each of three categories.		
	[0] a zero mark will be awarded if the response is not worthy of credit.		

Section B

AVAILABLE
MARKS

Level 1 ([1]–[4])

The candidate may focus only on one or two of the required references and give limited or irrelevant detail. Specialist vocabulary will be limited or inappropriately used. The answer may lack clarity and/or cohesion and may also contain significant grammatical, punctuation or spelling errors.

Level 2 ([5]–[8])

The candidate addresses at least two of the required references in some relevant detail. Specialist vocabulary is correctly used. The style of writing is appropriate and the meaning is clear although there may be some errors in spelling, punctuation or grammar.

Level 3 ([9]–[12])

The candidate addresses all of the required references in line with the detail set out above. Specialist vocabulary is used correctly. The answer is well structured and relevant material is presented with a high degree of clarity and coherence. Spelling, punctuation and grammar will generally be correct.

Section B

12

100

Total

120