Surname	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Other Names		0



#### **GCSE**

185/10

# MATHEMATICS HIGHER TIER PAPER 2

A.M. THURSDAY, 17 November 2011 2 hours

#### ADDITIONAL MATERIALS

A calculator will be required for this paper.

#### INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Use black ink or black ball-point pen.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page.

Answer all the questions in the spaces provided.

Take  $\pi$  as 3·14 or use the  $\pi$  button on your calculator.

#### INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

You should give details of your method of solution especially when a calculator is used.

Unless stated, diagrams are not drawn to scale.

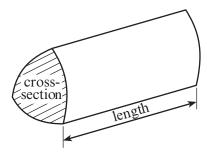
Scale drawing solutions will not be acceptable where you are asked to calculate.

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.

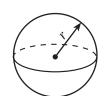
For Examiner's use only		
Question	Maximum Mark	Mark Awarded
1	5	
2	9	
3	9	
4	6	
5	6	
6	8	
7	6	
8	8	
9	4	
10	11	
11	3	
12	5	
13	7	
14	6	
15	7	
TOTAL	MARK	

#### Formula List

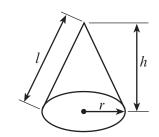
**Volume of prism** = area of cross-section  $\times$  length



Volume of sphere =  $\frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$ Surface area of sphere =  $4\pi r^2$ 



Volume of cone =  $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$ Curved surface area of cone =  $\pi rl$ 

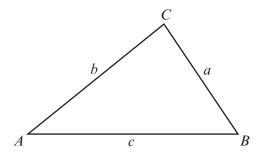


In any triangle ABC

Sine rule 
$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

Cosine rule 
$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

**Area of triangle** = 
$$\frac{1}{2} ab \sin C$$



#### The Quadratic Equation

The solutions of 
$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$
  
where  $a \neq 0$  are given by

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a}$$

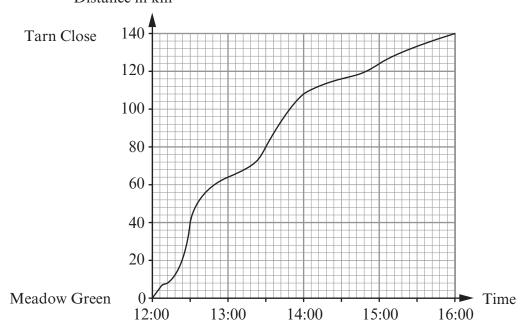
#### **Standard Deviation**

Standard deviation for a set of numbers 
$$x_1, x_2, \ldots, x_n$$
, having a mean of  $\bar{x}$  is given by (185-10)

$$s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x - \bar{x})^2}{n}} \text{ or } s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum x^2}{n} - \left\{\frac{\sum x}{n}\right\}^2}$$

1. The distance-time graph shows a 140 km journey from Meadow Green to Tarn Close.

Distance in km



(a) (i) What is the distance travelled between 13:00 and 14:30?

(ii) Find the average speed for this part of the journey.

[4]

(b) Explain how you can tell from the graph that it took less time to travel the first 70 km of the journey than it took to travel the final 70 km of the journey.

[1]

(a)	The <i>n</i> th term of a sequence is $n^2 - 6$ . Write down the first three terms of the sequence.	
(b)	Factorise $x^2 - 5x$ .	
(c)	Factorise 240 <i>y</i> – 360.	
(d)	Solve $4(3x - 11) = 40$ .	
(e)	Solve $\frac{45}{x} = 5$ .	
(a)	Find $\frac{14.5 \times 33.4}{710.7 - 35.9}$ correct to two decimal places.	

(b)	A trader sells a table for £45, excluding tax. Given that tax is charged at a rate of 18%, calculate the price charged for the table.
	[3
(c)	Kim bought a scooter for £1600 on 1 <sup>st</sup> January 2010. Every year the value of the scooter depreciates by 8% of its value at the start of the year. Find the value of the scooter on 1 <sup>st</sup> January 2012.
•••••	
	[4

0185 100005

4.	The exchange rate for buying Canadian dollars (\$) at an exchange bureau is \$1.64 for £1. Carys only has £700 to exchange into Canadian dollars.  The lowest Canadian dollar notes the exchange bureau has are \$50 notes.
	How many Canadian dollars can Carys buy and how much will this cost her? You must give the units of your answer.
	اما الما
	[6]

0185

## **BLANK PAGE**

**5.** (a) The lengths of 100 fish were recorded. The results are summarised in the table below.

Length, l cm	Frequency
$0 < l \leqslant 8$	15
8 < <i>l</i> ≤ 16	67
16 < <i>l</i> ≤ 24	18

Find an estimate for the mean length of these fish.
[4]

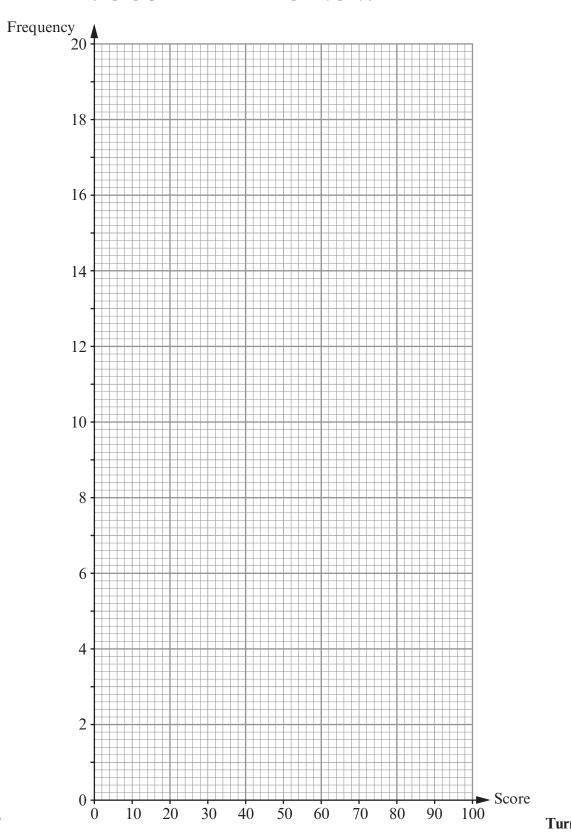
0185

(b) The points scored by 40 fishermen in a competition were recorded. The table shows a grouped frequency distribution of the results.

Score	1 to 20	21 to 40	41 to 60	61 to 80	81 to 100
Frequency	4	16	12	6	2

On the graph paper below, draw a frequency polygon to show the data.

[2]



(185-10)

Turn over.

(a)	Calculate the circumference of a circle with a radius of 7·2 cm, giving appropriate degree of accuracy.	your answer to
(b)	Calculate the area of a semicircle with a diameter of 44·8 cm.	
(c)	8-2 cm	
	7·6 cm	
	12·8 cm  Diagram not drawn to scale	
	Calculate the area of the trapezium.	
	<u>^</u>	

7.	(a)	Make $k$ the subject of the formula
		6(3k-q) = dk + 7.

 	••••	 	 	• • • • •	 														

(b) (i)	Write 76 million in standard form.

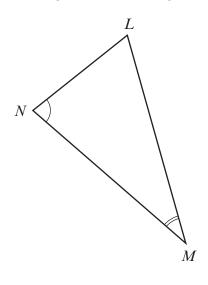
Find, in standard form, the value of $(4 \times 10^{13}) \times (2 \times 10^{-5})$ .

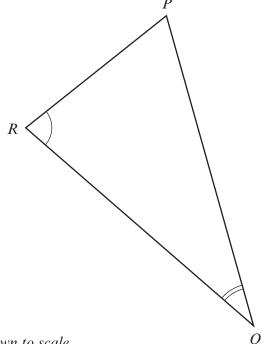
[2]

[4]

(a)	A solution to the equation $2x^3 + x - 100 = 0$ lies between 3 and 4. Use the method of trial and improvement to find this solution correct to 1 dec place.
<i>(b)</i>	Solve the following simultaneous equations by an algebraic (not graphical) method Show all your working. $7x + 2y = 2$
<i>(b)</i>	Show all your working.
<i>(b)</i>	Show all your working. $7x + 2y = 2$
(b)	Show all your working. $7x + 2y = 2$
(b)	Show all your working. $7x + 2y = 2$
(b)	Show all your working. $7x + 2y = 2$
(b)	Show all your working. $7x + 2y = 2$
	Show all your working. $7x + 2y = 2$
	Show all your working. $7x + 2y = 2$ $2x - 5y = 34$
	Show all your working. $7x + 2y = 2$ $2x - 5y = 34$
	Show all your working. $7x + 2y = 2$ $2x - 5y = 34$
	Show all your working. $7x + 2y = 2$ $2x - 5y = 34$
	Show all your working. $7x + 2y = 2$ $2x - 5y = 34$
	Show all your working. $7x + 2y = 2$ $2x - 5y = 34$
	Show all your working. $7x + 2y = 2$ $2x - 5y = 34$
	Show all your working. $7x + 2y = 2$ $2x - 5y = 34$
	Show all your working. $7x + 2y = 2$ $2x - 5y = 34$

9. Triangles LMN and PQR are similar.





Diagrams not drawn to scale

 $LM = 3 \,\text{cm}$ ,  $MN = 2.5 \,\text{cm}$ ,  $PR = 3.6 \,\text{cm}$  and  $PQ = 5.4 \,\text{cm}$ . Showing all your working, find the length of

(a)	RQ,

(b) LN.

[2]

[2]

10. The points A, B, C and D all lie on the circumference of a circle with centre O.

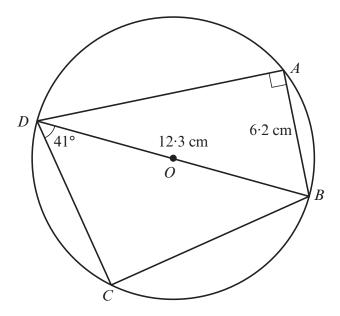


Diagram not drawn to scale

Given that $BD = 12.3$ cm, $AB = 6.2$ cm, $\overrightarrow{BDC} = 41^{\circ}$ and $\overrightarrow{DAB} = 90^{\circ}$ , calculate
(a) the length $AD$ ,
[3]

<i>(b)</i>	the area of triangle <i>BCD</i> .
	[8]

11. There are 100 pupils in year 8.

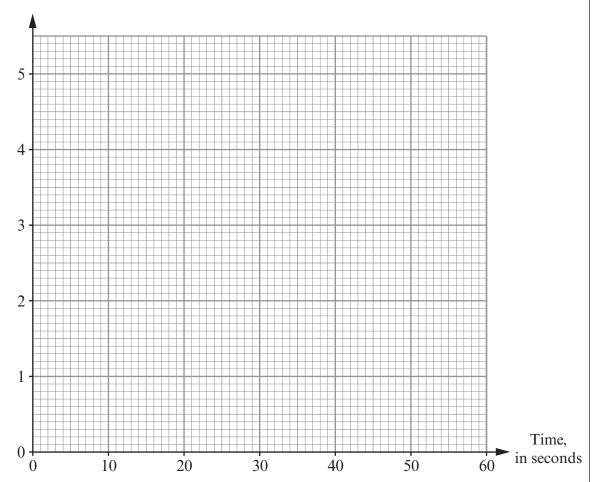
The time taken by each pupil to answer a question was recorded. The following grouped frequency distribution was obtained.

Time, t seconds	$0 < t \leqslant 10$	$10 < t \leqslant 20$	$20 < t \leqslant 30$	$30 < t \leqslant 40$	$40 < t \leqslant 60$
Number of pupils	10	16	24	42	8

(a)	Find an estimate for the median of this distribution.	
(b)	Draw a histogram to illustrate the distribution on the graph paper opposite.	[]
	[2	2]

#### Time taken to answer in seconds

### Frequency density



[2]

b) use the expressi	ion you found in (a) to	complete the following	ing table.
(b) use the expression $(x)$	ion you found in $(a)$ to $0.5$	complete the following	ing table.
	1		ing table. 6400

(a)	Show that x satisfies the equation $2x^2 + 42x - 57 = 0$ .	
•••••		
(1-)	Here the formula method to calculate equation $2x^2 + 42x = 57 = 0$ giving cal	1
<i>(b)</i>	Use the formula method to solve the equation $2x^2 + 42x - 57 = 0$ , giving sol correct to two decimal places.	lu
(b)	Use the formula method to solve the equation $2x^2 + 42x - 57 = 0$ , giving sol correct to two decimal places.	lu
(b) 	Use the formula method to solve the equation $2x^2 + 42x - 57 = 0$ , giving sol correct to two decimal places.	
(b) 	Use the formula method to solve the equation $2x^2 + 42x - 57 = 0$ , giving sol correct to two decimal places.	
(b)	Use the formula method to solve the equation $2x^2 + 42x - 57 = 0$ , giving sol correct to two decimal places.	
(b)	Use the formula method to solve the equation $2x^2 + 42x - 57 = 0$ , giving sol correct to two decimal places.	
(b)	Use the formula method to solve the equation $2x^2 + 42x - 57 = 0$ , giving sol correct to two decimal places.	
(b)	Use the formula method to solve the equation $2x^2 + 42x - 57 = 0$ , giving sol correct to two decimal places.	lu
(b)	Use the formula method to solve the equation $2x^2 + 42x - 57 = 0$ , giving sol correct to two decimal places.	
(b)	Use the formula method to solve the equation $2x^2 + 42x - 57 = 0$ , giving sol correct to two decimal places.	
(b)	Use the formula method to solve the equation $2x^2 + 42x - 57 = 0$ , giving sol correct to two decimal places.	
(b)	Use the formula method to solve the equation $2x^2 + 42x - 57 = 0$ , giving sol correct to two decimal places.	
(b)	Use the formula method to solve the equation $2x^2 + 42x - 57 = 0$ , giving sol correct to two decimal places.	
(b)	Use the formula method to solve the equation $2x^2 + 42x - 57 = 0$ , giving sol correct to two decimal places.	
(b)	Use the formula method to solve the equation $2x^2 + 42x - 57 = 0$ , giving sol correct to two decimal places.	lu
(b)	Use the formula method to solve the equation $2x^2 + 42x - 57 = 0$ , giving sol correct to two decimal places.	
	correct to two decimal places.	
(b)	Use the formula method to solve the equation $2x^2 + 42x - 57 = 0$ , giving solve correct to two decimal places.  Hence write down the dimensions of the cuboid.	

<i>(a)</i>	The marks scored by 10 pupils in a test were as follows:										
4	8	26	82	34	56	86	56	24	72	63	
	Calculate the mean and standard deviation of the 10 test marks.										
<i>(b)</i>	(b) Marks are added for the standard of presentation of work. In this case, two marks were added to each pupil's test mark. State the new mean and standard deviation for the test results. Give a reason for your answer.										

**15.** 

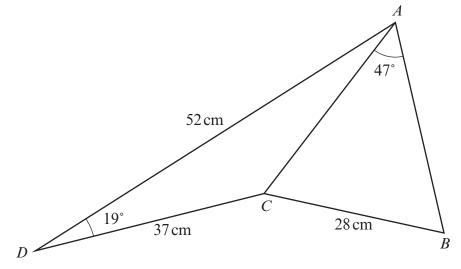


Diagram not drawn to scale

Calculate the size of $\widehat{ABC}$ .	
	[7]