

<b>Candidate Forename</b>						<b>Candidate Surname</b>				
<b>Centre Number</b>						<b>Candidate Number</b>				

**OXFORD CAMBRIDGE AND RSA EXAMINATIONS  
GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION**

**B278B**

**MATHEMATICS C  
(GRADUATED ASSESSMENT)**

**MODULE M8 – SECTION B**

**MONDAY 21 JUNE 2010: Afternoon  
DURATION: 30 minutes**

**SUITABLE FOR VISUALLY IMPAIRED CANDIDATES**

**Candidates answer on the Question Paper**

**OCR SUPPLIED MATERIALS:**

**None**

**OTHER MATERIALS REQUIRED:**

**Geometrical instruments**

**Tracing paper (optional)**

**Scientific or graphical calculator**

**READ INSTRUCTIONS OVERLEAF**

## **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

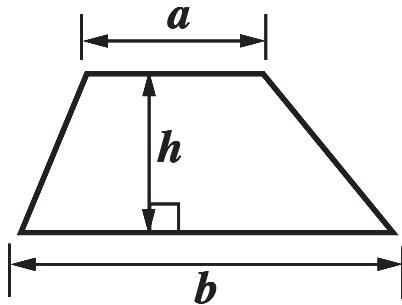
- **Write your name clearly in capital letters, your Centre Number and Candidate Number in the boxes on the first page.**
- **Use black ink. Pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.**
- **Read each question carefully and make sure that you know what you have to do before starting your answer.**
- **Show your working. Marks may be given for a correct method even if the answer is incorrect.**
- **Answer ALL the questions.**
- **Write your answer to each question in the space provided. Additional paper may be used if necessary but you must clearly show your Candidate Number, Centre Number and question number(s).**

## **INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES**

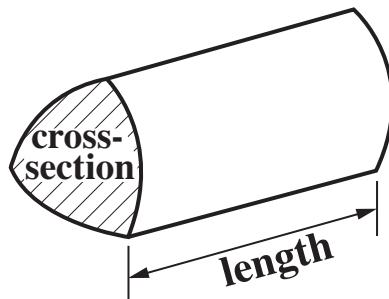
- **The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.**
- **Section B starts with question 7.**
- **You are expected to use a calculator in Section B of this paper.**
- **Use the  $\pi$  button on your calculator or take  $\pi$  to be 3.142 unless the question says otherwise.**
- **The total number of marks for this Section is 25.**

## FORMULAE SHEET

**Area of trapezium** =  $\frac{1}{2} (a + b)h$



**Volume of prism** = (area of cross-section)  $\times$  length

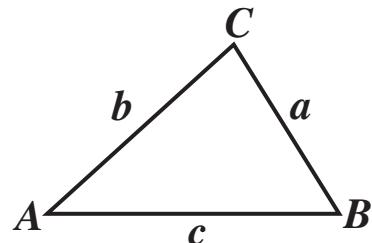


In any triangle  $ABC$

**Sine rule**       $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$

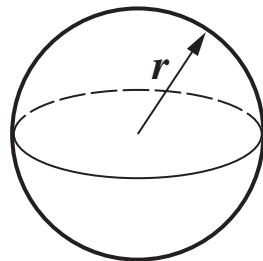
**Cosine rule**     $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$

**Area of triangle** =  $\frac{1}{2} ab \sin C$



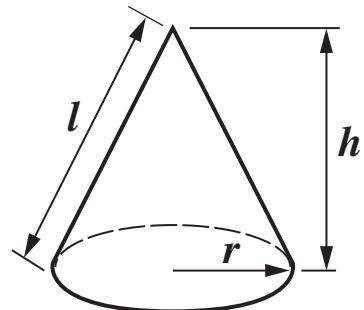
**Volume of sphere** =  $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

**Surface area of sphere** =  $4\pi r^2$



**Volume of cone** =  $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$

**Curved surface area of cone** =  $\pi r l$



### The Quadratic Equation

The solutions of  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ , where  $a \neq 0$ , are given by

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a}$$

- 7 (a) The Norfolk Wildlife Trust visitor centre at Cley collects 75 560 litres of rainwater from its roof in a year.

This is 65% of the total amount of water needed at the visitor centre.

Calculate the total amount of water needed for a year.  
[3 marks]

(a) \_\_\_\_\_ litres

- (b) In 2007, there were 8500 pink-footed geese seen at a nature reserve.

Each year this number has increased by 4% of its value the previous year.

How many pink-footed geese are expected to be seen at this reserve in 2010?

[3 marks]

(b) \_\_\_\_\_

- 8** This table shows the number of customers attending a cinema over a four-week period.

		Day						
		Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
Week	1	201	132	181	292	307	513	602
	2	298	176	192	257	309	590	647
	3	257	211	184	292	401	612	718
	4	301	177	201	265	386	629	690

Calculate the 7-day moving average for Friday of week 3 to Thursday of week 4.

[2 marks]

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**9 Solve algebraically these simultaneous equations.**

$$3x - 2y = 4$$

$$2x - 3y = 0$$

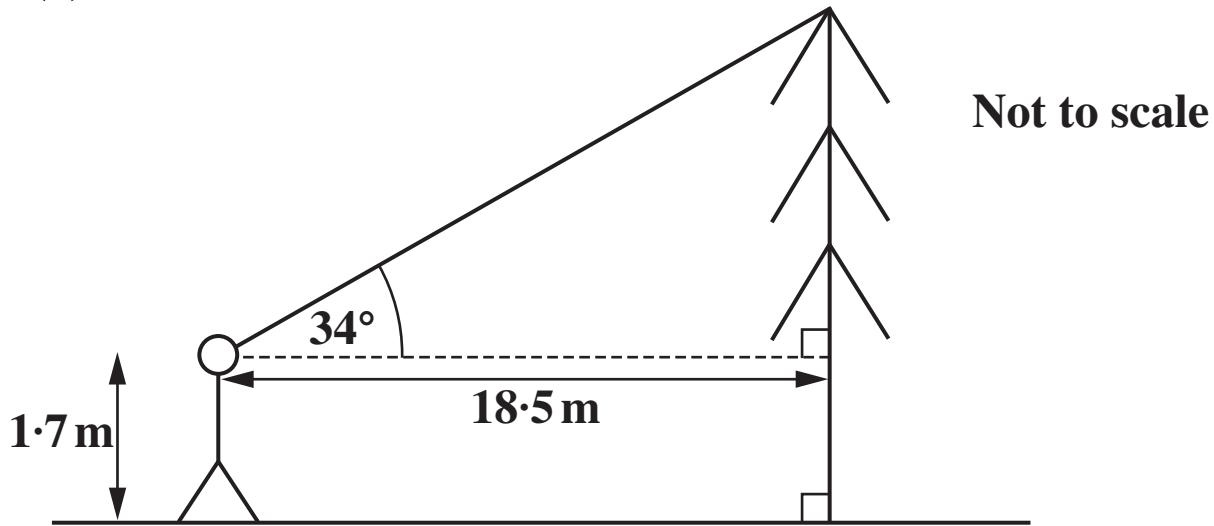
[4 marks]

$$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

**10 Class 10P uses angles to find the heights of trees in the grounds of Riverside School.**

**(a)**



**Hassan stands 18·5 m from a tree.**

**He measures the angle of elevation to the top of the tree as  $34^\circ$ , as shown.**

**His eyes are 1·7 m above the ground.**

**Calculate the height of this tree.**

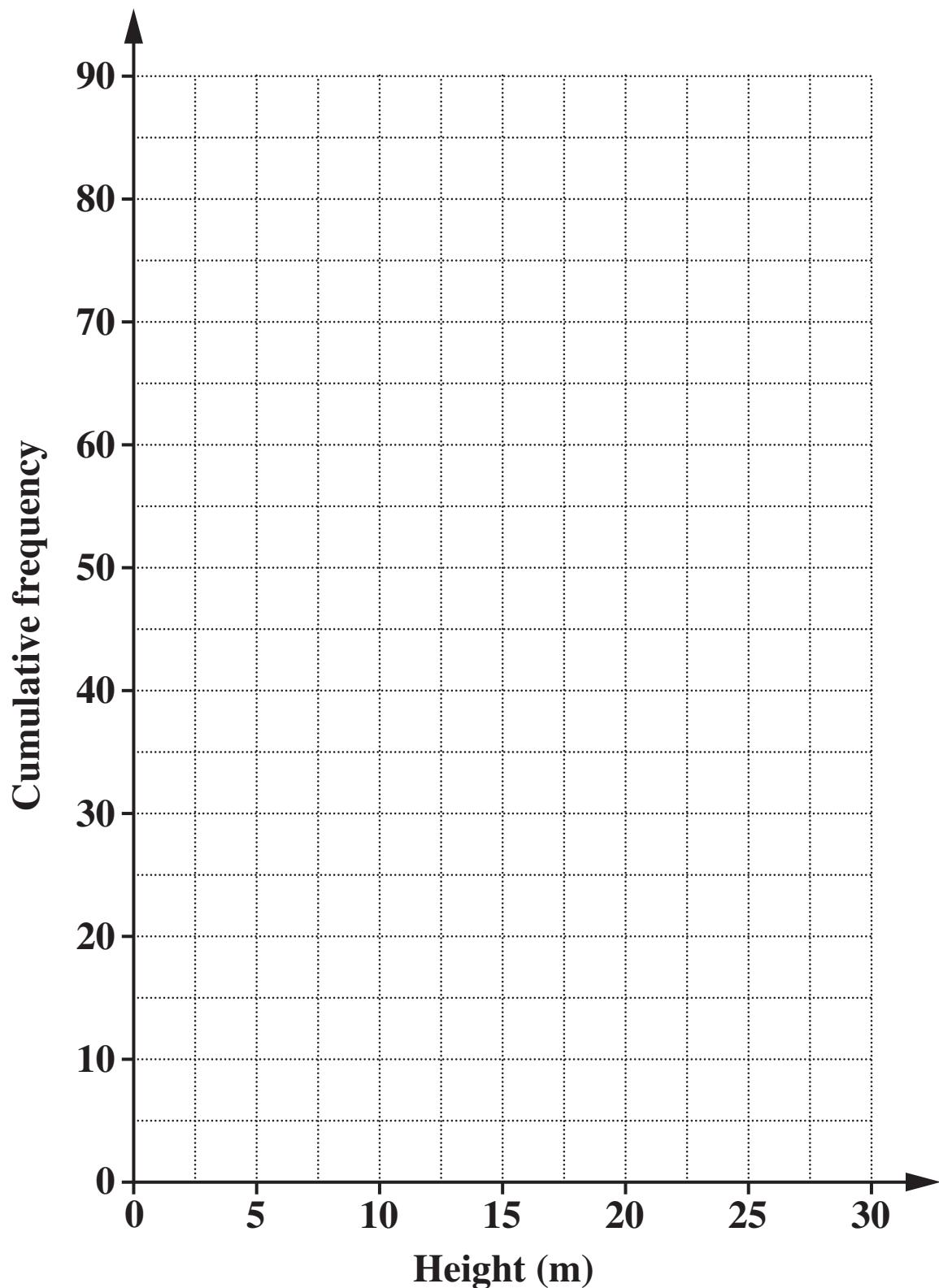
**[4 marks]**

**(a) \_\_\_\_\_ m**

- (b) This cumulative frequency table summarises the heights of the 90 trees in Riverside School grounds.**

Height ( $h$ m)	$h \leq 5$	$h \leq 10$	$h \leq 15$	$h \leq 20$	$h \leq 25$	$h \leq 30$
Cumulative frequency	12	35	62	78	86	90

- (i) Draw the cumulative frequency graph for this distribution.  
[2 marks]**



- (ii) Use your graph to estimate the median height of these trees.  
[1 mark]

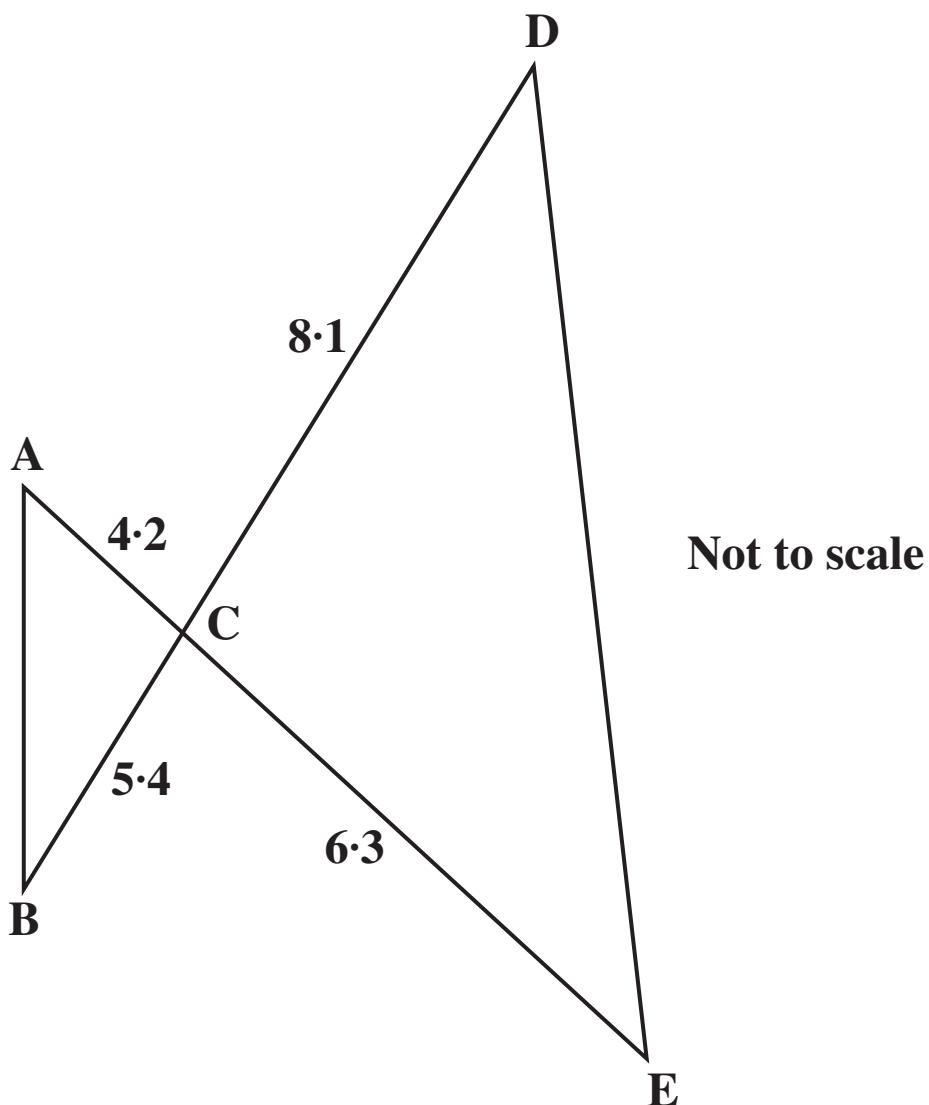
(b)(ii) \_\_\_\_\_ m

- (iii) Find an estimate of the percentage of the trees that are between 10 m and 18 m high.  
[3 marks]

(iii) \_\_\_\_\_ %

**11 ACE and BCD are straight lines.**

**The lengths on this diagram are in centimetres.**



Gemma says that triangles ABC and EDC are similar.

Show that Gemma is correct, giving your reasons.

[3 marks]

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