

**OXFORD CAMBRIDGE AND RSA EXAMINATIONS**  
**GCSE**  
**J567/03**  
**MATHEMATICS B**  
**Paper 3 (Higher Tier)**

**THURSDAY 28 FEBRUARY 2013: Afternoon**

**DURATION: 1 hour 45 minutes**  
**plus your additional time allowance**

**MODIFIED ENLARGED 18pt**

<b>Candidate forename</b>						<b>Candidate surname</b>				
<b>Centre number</b>						<b>Candidate number</b>				

**Candidates answer on the Question Paper.**

**OCR SUPPLIED MATERIALS:**

**None**

**OTHER MATERIALS REQUIRED:**

**Geometrical instruments**  
**Tracing paper (optional)**

**WARNING**

**No calculator can be used for this paper.**

**READ INSTRUCTIONS OVERLEAF**

## **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

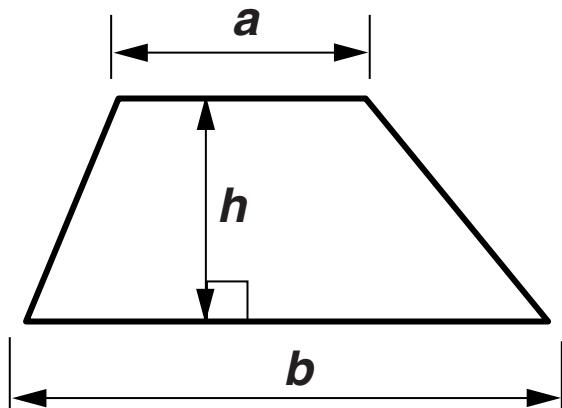
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes on the first page. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink. HB pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Answer ALL the questions.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Your answers should be supported with appropriate working. Marks may be given for a correct method even if the answer is incorrect.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. Additional paper may be used if necessary but you must clearly show your candidate number, centre number and question number(s).

## **INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES**

- The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.
- Your Quality of Written Communication is assessed in questions marked with an asterisk (\*).
- The total number of marks for this paper is 100.

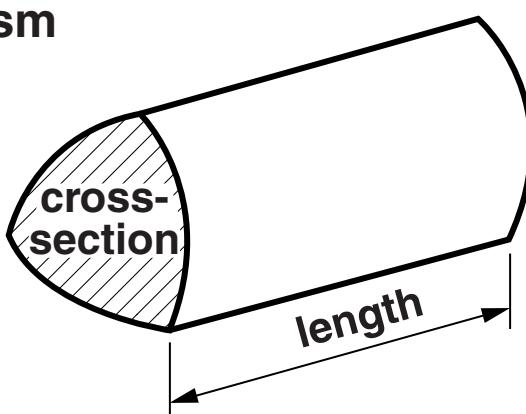
# FORMULAE SHEET: HIGHER TIER

## Trapezium



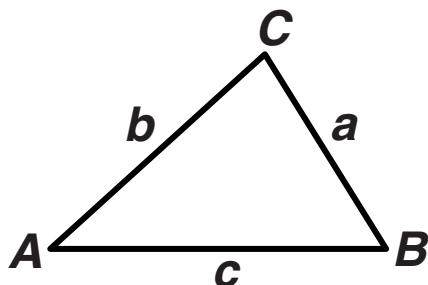
$$\text{Area of trapezium} = \frac{1}{2}(a + b)h$$

## Prism



$$\text{Volume of prism} = (\text{area of cross-section}) \times \text{length}$$

In any triangle  $ABC$

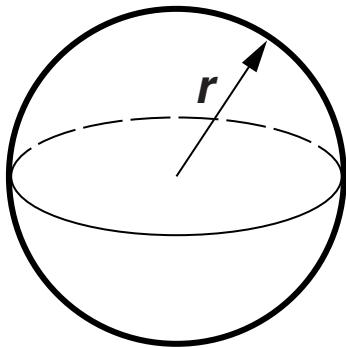


$$\text{Sine rule } \frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$\text{Cosine rule } a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

$$\text{Area of triangle} = \frac{1}{2} ab \sin C$$

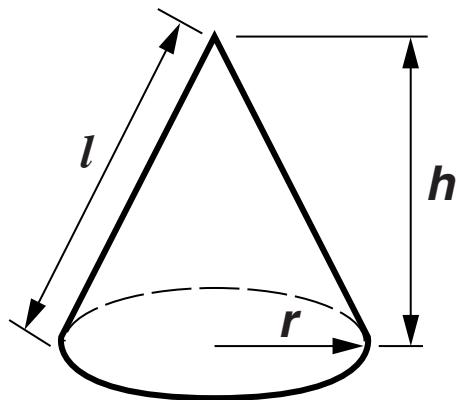
## Sphere



$$\text{Volume of sphere} = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

$$\text{Surface area of sphere} = 4\pi r^2$$

## Cone



$$\text{Volume of cone} = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

$$\text{Curved surface area of cone} = \pi r l$$

## The Quadratic Equation

The solutions of  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ ,  
where  $a \neq 0$ , are given by

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a}$$

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**1 One day 300 people visit a museum.  
The ratio of adults to children is 2 : 3.**

**(a) Work out the number of adults and the number of children.**

**(a) Adults \_\_\_\_\_ Children \_\_\_\_\_ [2]**

**(b) The following two-way table summarises some information about the visitors to the museum.**

**(i) Complete the table.**

	<b>Adults</b>	<b>Children</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Male</b>			<b>132</b>
<b>Female</b>		<b>100</b>	
<b>Total</b>			<b>300</b>

**[1]**

**(ii) One of the adults is chosen at random.**

**Find the probability that the adult is a male.**

**(b)(ii) \_\_\_\_\_ [2]**

**(iii) Find the ratio of male to female visitors.  
Write the ratio in its simplest form.**

**(iii) \_\_\_\_\_ : \_\_\_\_\_ [2]**

**2 FRESH CLEAN and CLEANUP are two home cleaning companies.**

- (a) FRESH CLEAN charges £3.50 for each room they clean and an extra £15 call out charge.  
Write down a formula for the total charge, £ $F$ , for cleaning a house with  $n$  rooms.**

**(a) \_\_\_\_\_ [2]**

- (b) CLEANUP uses the formula below to work out the total charge to clean a house.**

$$C = 25h + 10$$

**$C$  is the total charge in £ for a clean taking  $h$  hours.**

**Pete's house has 8 rooms and will take  $1\frac{1}{2}$  hours to clean.**

**Which of the two cleaning companies, FRESH CLEAN or CLEANUP, will be cheaper and by how much?**

**(b) \_\_\_\_\_ by £ \_\_\_\_\_ [3]**

**3 (a) Multiply out.**

$$a(3 + a)$$

(a) \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

**(b) Factorise.**

$$4b - 12$$

(b) \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

**(c) Rearrange this formula to make  $p$  the subject.**

$$T = 4p + 5$$

(c)  $p =$  \_\_\_\_\_ [2]

**(d) Solve this inequality.**

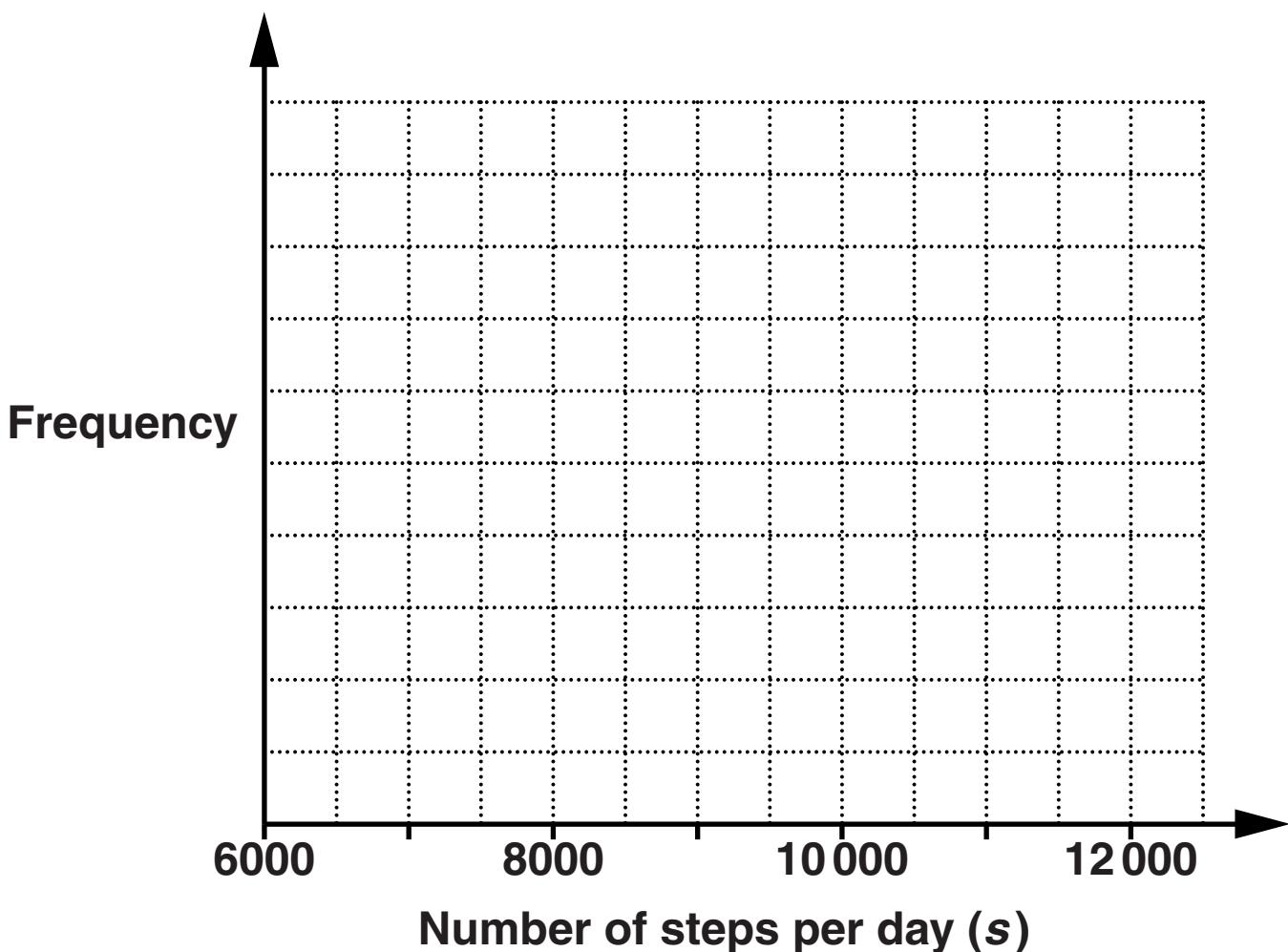
$$3x - 6 < x + 4$$

**(d)** \_\_\_\_\_ [3]

- 4 Sofia uses a pedometer to record the number of steps she takes each day for one month. Her results are summarised in the table below.

Steps per day (s)	Frequency
$6000 \leq s < 7000$	3
$7000 \leq s < 8000$	4
$8000 \leq s < 9000$	6
$9000 \leq s < 10000$	8
$10000 \leq s < 11000$	7
$11000 \leq s < 12000$	2

- (a) On the following grid, draw a frequency polygon to display this information.



[3]

- (b) Write down the modal class of the number of steps per day.**

**(b)** \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

- (c) Sofia reads that taking at least 10 000 steps per day is an important part of a healthy lifestyle.**

**For what percentage of the month did she meet this target?**

**(c)** \_\_\_\_\_ % [2]

- (d) One day Sofia goes for a walk in the hills. The length of the walk is 7 km, correct to the nearest kilometre.**

**What is the longest possible length of Sofia's walk?**

**(d)** \_\_\_\_\_ km [1]

**5 Kate thinks of a number.  
She multiplies it by 3 and then adds 3.**

**Leo thinks of the same number as Kate.  
He subtracts 5 and then multiplies the result by 6.**

**Kate and Leo both end up with the same number.**

**Find the numbers that they start and end with.**

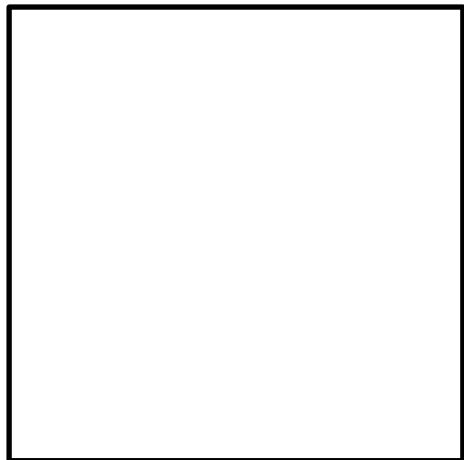
**Start** \_\_\_\_\_

**End** \_\_\_\_\_ [4]

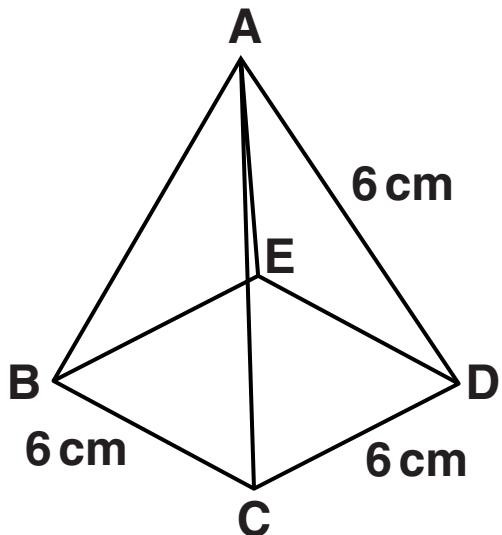
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**6 ABCDE, shown opposite, is a square-based pyramid.  
The length of each edge is 6 cm.**

- (a) In the space below, construct a full-size net of the pyramid.  
The base is drawn for you.**



**[2]**



(b) Use measurements from your diagram to calculate the total surface area of the pyramid.

(b) \_\_\_\_\_  $\text{cm}^2$  [4]

**7 (a) The price of a printer is £64.50 excluding VAT.**

**Calculate the price of the printer including VAT at 20%.**

**(a) £ \_\_\_\_\_ [3]**

**(b) The price of a season ticket is increased by 10% in January 2012 and then by another 10% in January 2013.**

**Calculate the overall percentage increase in the price of the season ticket.**

**(b) \_\_\_\_\_ % [3]**

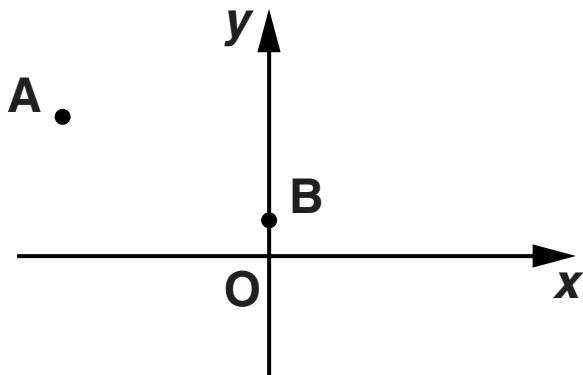
**8 (a) Find the size of the exterior angle of a regular 12-sided polygon.**

(a) \_\_\_\_\_ ° [2]

**(b) Hence find the size of the interior angle of a regular 12-sided polygon.**

(b) \_\_\_\_\_ ° [1]

- 9 In the sketch below, A is the point (-10, 8) and B is the point (0, 3).



- (a) Find the coordinates of the midpoint of the line AB.

(a) ( \_\_\_\_\_ , \_\_\_\_\_ ) [2]

- (b) Find the equation of the line AB.

(b) \_\_\_\_\_ [3]

**10 (a) Work out.**

$$2\frac{2}{5} \div 2\frac{1}{4}$$

**Give your answer as a mixed number in its simplest form.**

**(a)** \_\_\_\_\_ [3]

**(b) Write down the reciprocal of 5.**

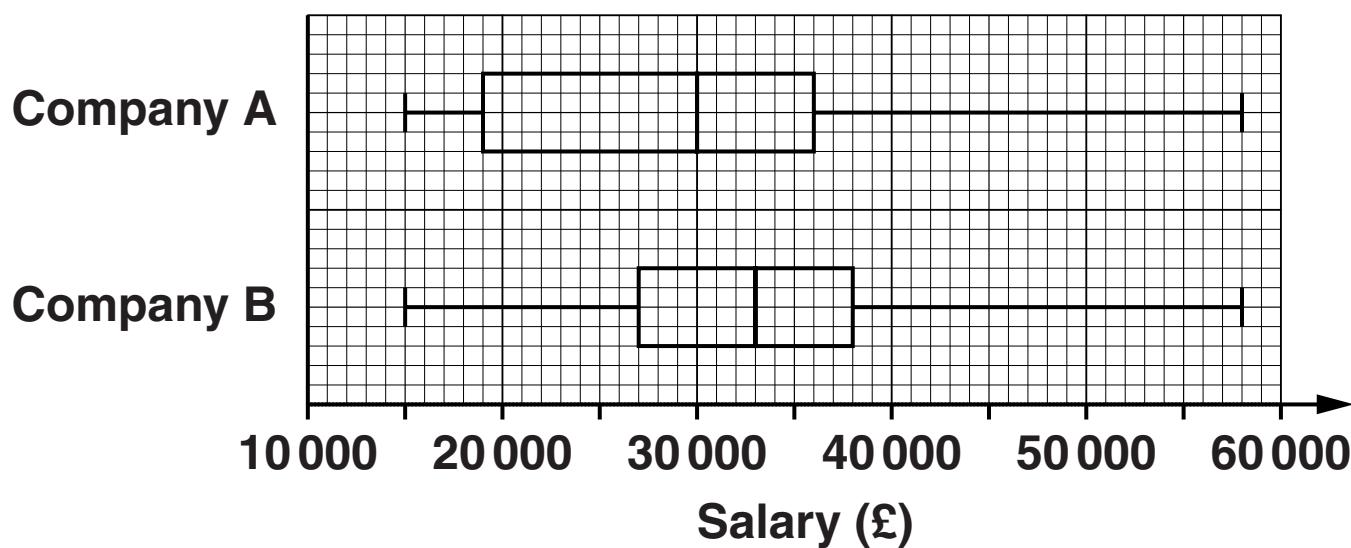
**(b)** \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

**(c) Write as a single power of 5.**

$$5^6 \div 5^{-3}$$

**(c)** \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

11 The box plots below represent data for the salaries of the employees working in two companies.



(a) Find the median for company A.

(a) £ \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

(b) Find the interquartile range for company B.

(b) £ \_\_\_\_\_ [2]

**(c) Make two different comparisons between the salaries in the two companies.**

**1** \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**2** \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**[2]**

- 12 State which calculation, in each of the following pairs, has an incorrect answer.  
Explain how you can tell without giving the correct answer.**

**(a)**

**A**  $300 \times 4000 = 12\ 000$

**B**  $0.003 \times 0.04 = 0.00012$

**Calculation \_\_\_\_\_ has an incorrect answer because \_\_\_\_\_**

**[1]**

**(b)**

**C**  $6497 \times 1.08 = 7016.76$

**D**  $5684 \div 0.96 = 5456.64$

**Calculation \_\_\_\_\_ has an incorrect answer because \_\_\_\_\_**

**[1]**

(c)

E	$5.8 \times 10^{-3} \times 1.2 \times 10^{-2} = 6.96 \times 10^{-5}$
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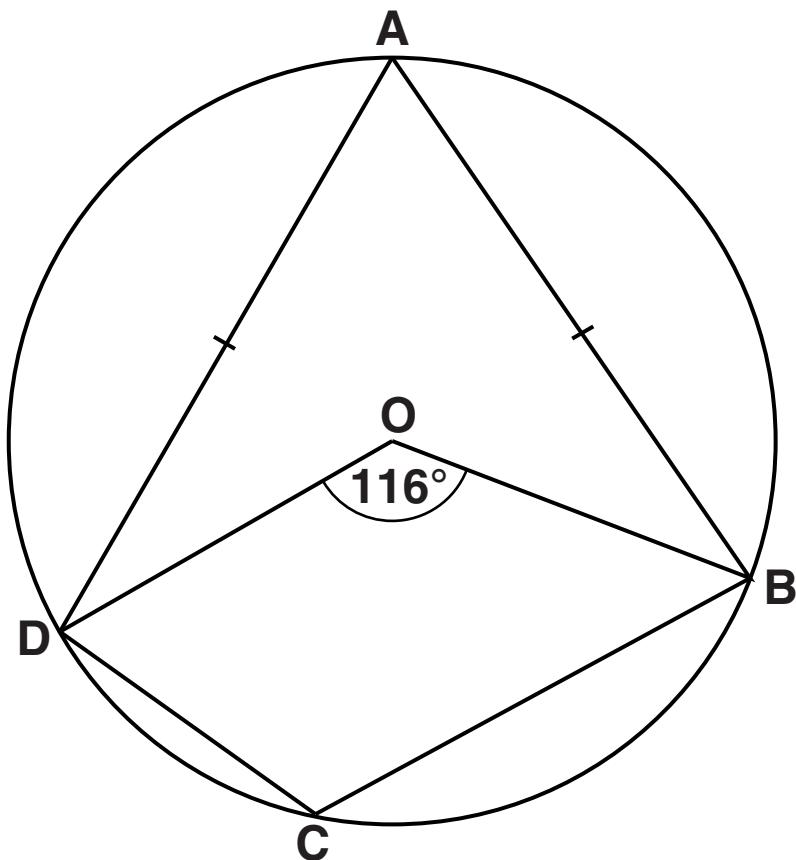
F	$4.6 \times 10^8 \div 3.7 \times 10^2 = 1.24 \times 10^4$
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Calculation \_\_\_\_\_ has an incorrect

answer because \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ [1]

- 13 In the diagram below, A, B, C and D are points on the circle centre O.  
 $AB = AD$  and angle  $BOD = 116^\circ$ .



Not to scale

Calculate

(a) angle BAD,

(a) \_\_\_\_\_ $^\circ$  [1]

(b) angle BCD,

(b) \_\_\_\_\_ $^\circ$  [1]

**(c) angle ABO.**

**(c)** \_\_\_\_\_ ° [2]

**14 (a) Solve algebraically these simultaneous equations.**

$$6x + 2y = 5$$

$$4x - 5y = 16$$

(a)  $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} [4]$

**(b) Factorise and solve.**

$$6x^2 + 11x - 10 = 0$$

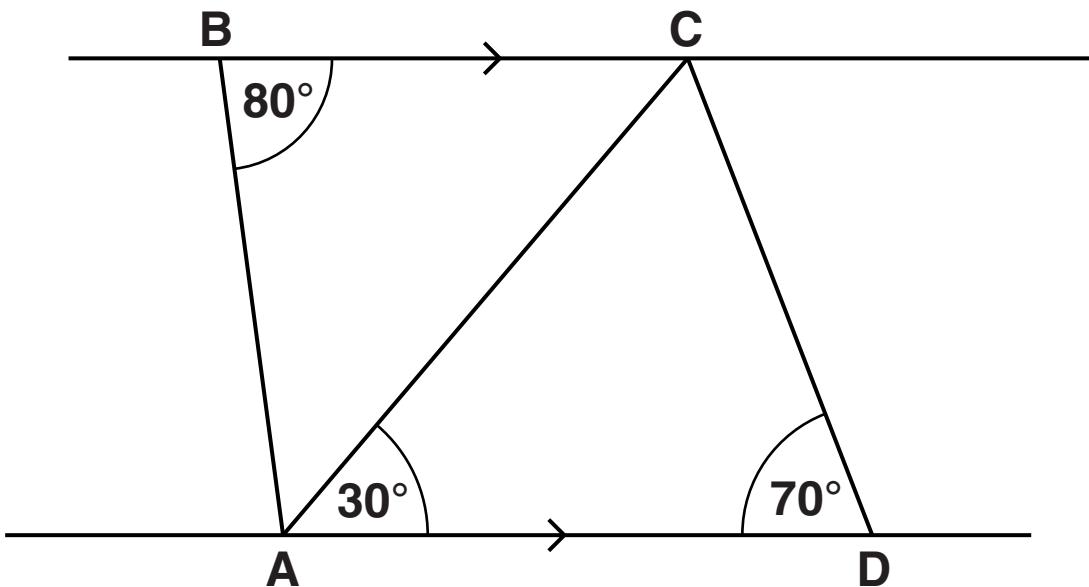
**(b)  $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  and  $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  [3]**

**15 (a) A photo is 12 cm wide by 10 cm high.  
An enlargement of the photo is 15 cm wide.**

**Calculate the height of the enlargement.**

**(a) \_\_\_\_\_ cm [3]**

- (b) In the diagram below, AD is parallel to BC.  
Angle ABC =  $80^\circ$ , angle CAD =  $30^\circ$  and  
angle ADC =  $70^\circ$ .



Not to scale

Show that triangles ABC and DCA are similar.

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[3]

16 Vector  $\mathbf{p} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$  and vector  $\mathbf{q} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$ .

**Calculate.**

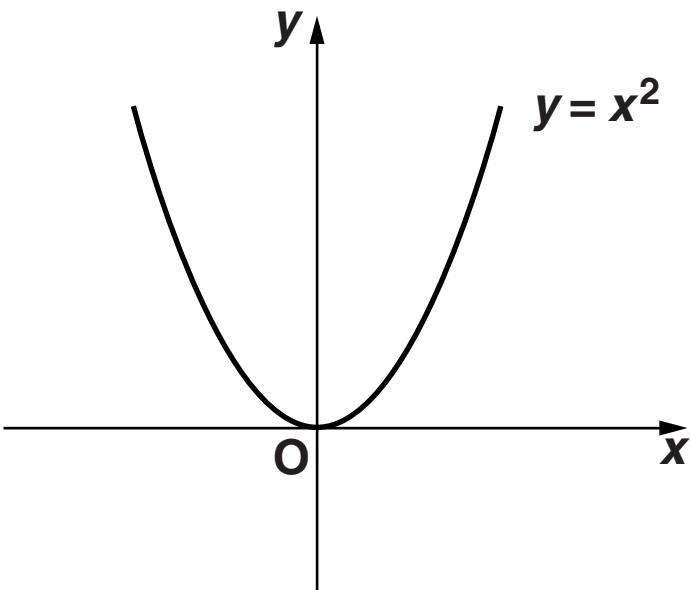
(a)  $\mathbf{p} + \mathbf{q}$

(a) 
$$\begin{pmatrix} & \end{pmatrix}$$
 [1]

(b)  $3\mathbf{p} - \mathbf{q}$

(b) 
$$\begin{pmatrix} & \end{pmatrix}$$
 [2]

**17** The following sketch shows the graph of  $y = x^2$ .



- (a) On the same axes, sketch the graph of  $y = 2x^2$ . [1]
- (b) Describe the transformation that maps the graph of  $y = x^2$  onto  $y = x^2 - 3$ .

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[2]

**18 Simplify.**

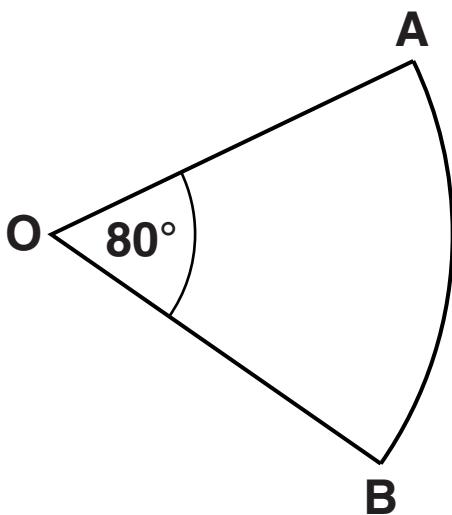
$$\frac{6 + \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

**Give your answer in the form  $a\sqrt{2} + b$ .**

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[3]

- 19 OAB is a sector of a circle.  
Angle AOB =  $80^\circ$ . This is shown on the following diagram.



Not to scale

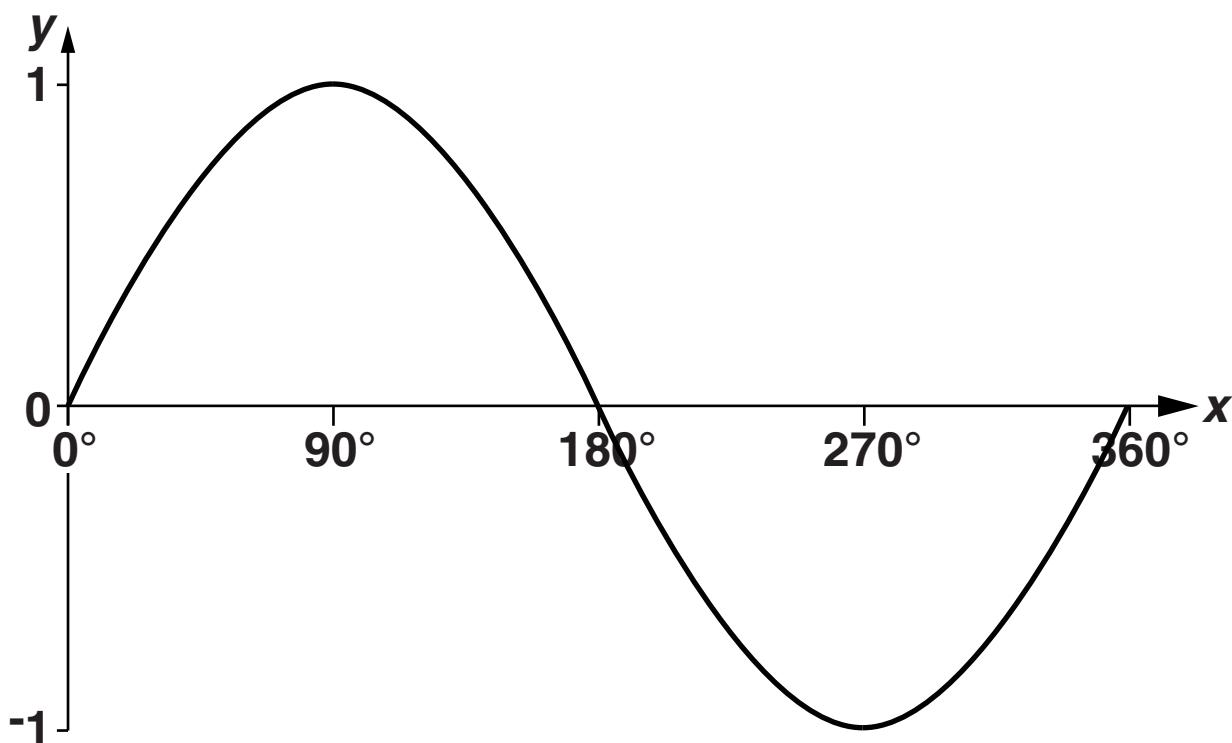
The length of arc AB is  $12\pi$  cm.

Find the perimeter of the sector.  
Give your answer in the form  $a + b\pi$ .

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[4]

- 20 The diagram below shows the graph of  $y = \sin x$  for  $0^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ$ .



One solution to the equation  $\sin x = 0.8$  is  $x = 53^\circ$ , correct to the nearest degree.

Find the values of  $x$  which satisfy  $\sin x = -0.8$  in the range  $0^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ$ .

$x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  [2]

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**21\* Jamie organises a game to raise money for charity.**

### **Number Generator Game**

**£1 per go**

**Pick 2 cards**

**Win £5 for a number  
greater than 55**

**He shuffles these six cards and places them face down on a table.**



**Players pick a card at random and place it in the FIRST CARD position on the grid below.**

**They then pick a second card at random and place it in the SECOND CARD position on the grid.**

<b>FIRST CARD</b>	<b>SECOND CARD</b>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

**Explain why £5 may not be an appropriate prize for this game.**

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[5]

**END OF QUESTION PAPER**



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