

**OXFORD CAMBRIDGE AND RSA EXAMINATIONS  
GCSE**

**J567/04**

**MATHEMATICS B**

**Paper 4 (Higher Tier)**

**FRIDAY 14 JUNE 2013: Morning**  
**DURATION: 1 hour 45 minutes**  
**plus your additional time allowance**

**MODIFIED ENLARGED**

<b>Candidate forename</b>						<b>Candidate surname</b>				
<b>Centre number</b>						<b>Candidate number</b>				

**Candidates answer on the Question Paper.**

**OCR SUPPLIED MATERIALS:**

**Loose sheet for Question 14**

**OTHER MATERIALS REQUIRED:**

**Geometrical instruments**

**Tracing paper (optional)**

**Scientific or graphical calculator**

**YOU ARE PERMITTED TO USE A CALCULATOR FOR  
THIS PAPER**

**READ INSTRUCTIONS OVERLEAF**

## **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

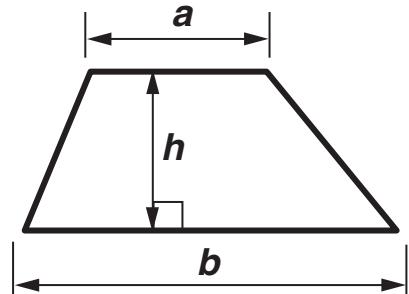
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes on the first page. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink. HB pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Answer ALL the questions.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Your answers should be supported with appropriate working. Marks may be given for a correct method even if the answer is incorrect.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. Additional paper may be used if necessary but you must clearly show your candidate number, centre number and question number(s).

## **INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES**

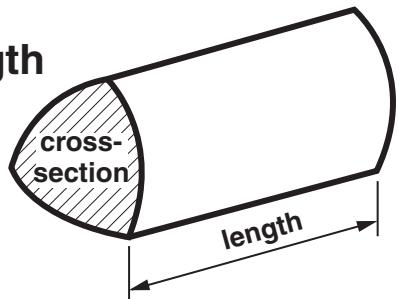
- The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.
- Use the  $\pi$  button on your calculator or take  $\pi$  to be 3.142 unless the question says otherwise.
- Your Quality of Written Communication is assessed in questions marked with an asterisk (\*).
- The total number of marks for this paper is 100.
- Any blank pages are indicated.

# FORMULAE SHEET: HIGHER TIER

**Area of trapezium** =  $\frac{1}{2}(a + b)h$



**Volume of prism** = (area of cross-section) × length

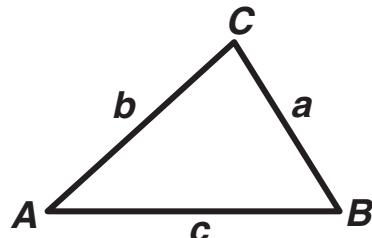


In any triangle  $ABC$

**Sine rule**     $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$

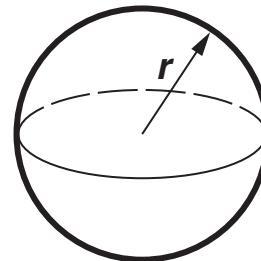
**Cosine rule**  $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$

**Area of triangle** =  $\frac{1}{2} ab \sin C$



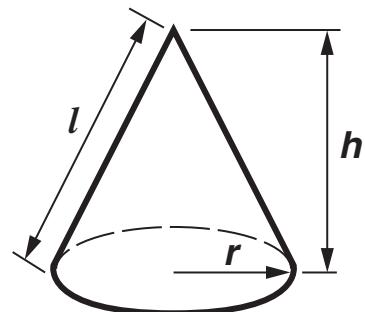
**Volume of sphere** =  $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

**Surface area of sphere** =  $4\pi r^2$



**Volume of cone** =  $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$

**Curved surface area of cone** =  $\pi r l$

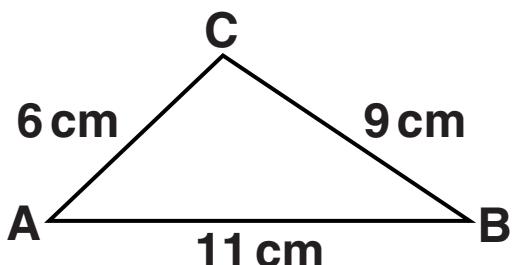


**The Quadratic Equation**

The solutions of  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ ,  
where  $a \neq 0$ , are given by

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a}$$

- 1 (a) ABC is a triangle. The measurements of the triangle are shown on the following diagram.



NOT TO SCALE

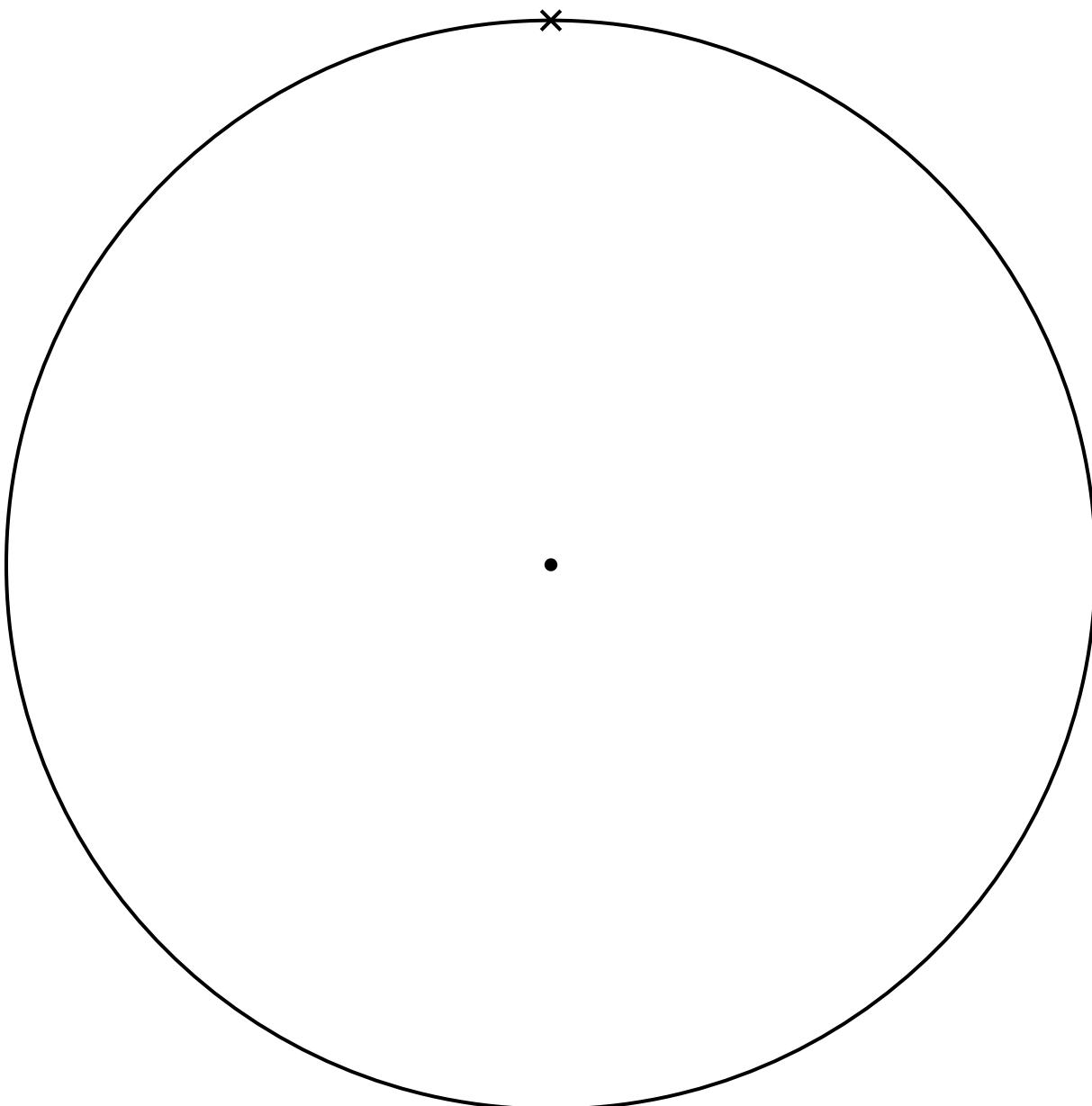
Make a full-size drawing of triangle ABC in the space below.

The line AB has been drawn for you.  
Leave in all your construction lines.



[2]

**(b) Construct a regular pentagon inside this circle.  
Make sure the vertices of the pentagon lie on the  
circumference of the circle.  
One vertex has been marked for you.**



[2]

**2 The price of a car increases from £10 400 to £11 284.**

**Calculate the percentage increase.**

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**% [3]**

**3 (a) Solve.**

$$7x + 6 = 3x - 4$$

(a)  $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  [3]

**(b) Rearrange this formula to make  $W$  the subject.**

$$T = 5W - 8$$

(b)  $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  [2]

- 4 A train completes a journey of 288 miles in 4 hours 30 minutes.**

**Calculate the average speed of the train.**

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**mph [3]**

- 5 A shop sells boxes of a cereal in two sizes. There are two offers:**

**Offer A**

**750 g box**

**Special offer price £4.80**

**Offer B**

**300 g box**

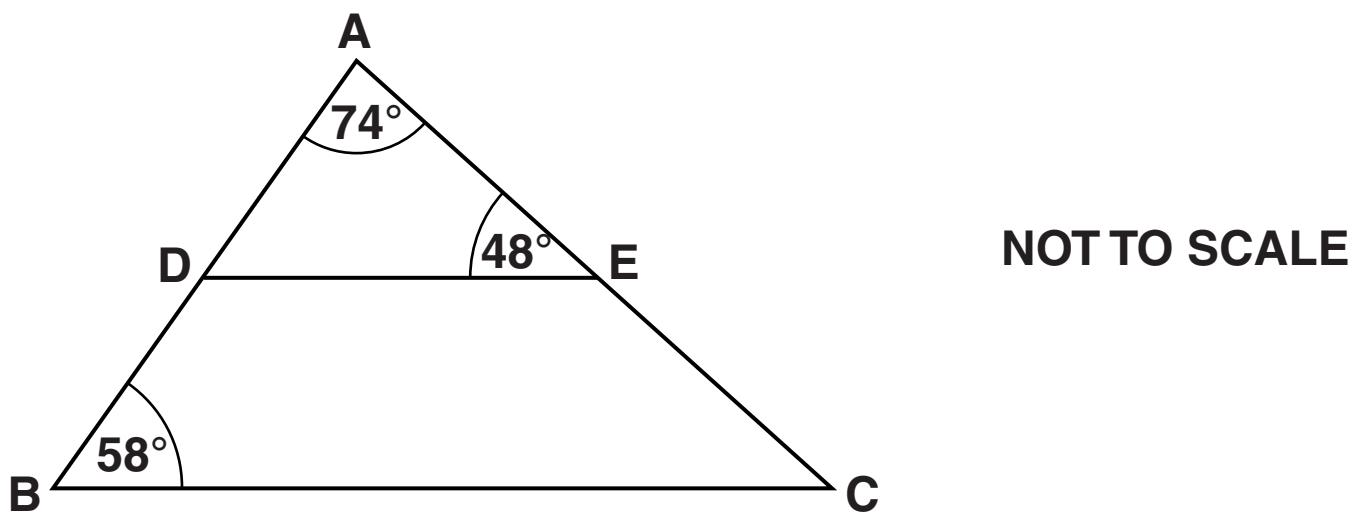
**Two boxes for £3.90**

**Which offer gives the better value?  
Show how you decide.**

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[3]

- 6 ABC is a triangle with point D on AB and point E on AC. This is shown on the following diagram.



Explain why DE is parallel to BC.  
Use angle properties to explain your reasons.

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[3]

- 7 Henry's class is given a test.  
The mean mark for all 20 pupils is 3.3.**

**Henry's test paper is lost.  
Here is a summary of the marks for the rest of his  
class.**

<b>Test mark</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>Number of pupils</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>6</b>

**Work out Henry's mark.  
You must show all your working.**

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**[4]**

- 8 Alice surveys the families in her village about their last holiday.  
The table below shows the probability that one of the families, chosen at random, went to a destination.

Destination	Probability
UK	0.42
Rest of Europe	0.25
USA	$p$
Rest of the World	0.08
No holiday	0.03

- (a) Work out the value of  $p$  in the table.

(a) \_\_\_\_\_ [2]

- (b) Calculate the probability that a family, chosen at random, went to the UK or the Rest of Europe for their last holiday.

(b) \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

- (c) Calculate the probability that a family, chosen at random, did NOT go to the UK for their last holiday.**

**(c)** \_\_\_\_\_ [2]

- (d) There are 842 families in the village.**

**Use the results from Alice's survey to estimate the number of these families who will go to the UK for their next holiday.**

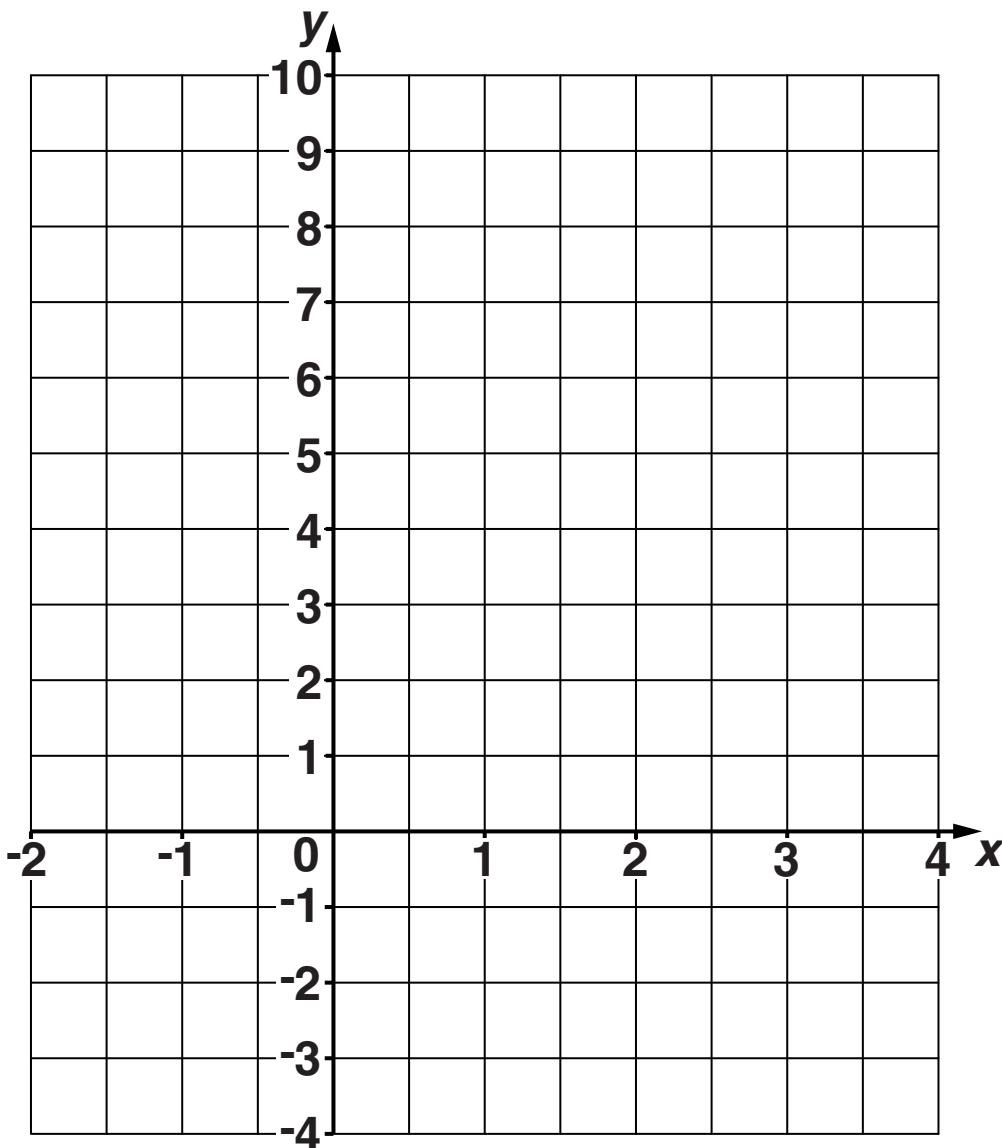
**(d)** \_\_\_\_\_ [2]

**9 (a) Complete the following table for  $y = x^2 - 3x$ . There are two missing values.**

$x$	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4
$y$		4	0	-2		0	4

[2]

**(b) On the grid below draw the graph of  $y = x^2 - 3x$ .**



[2]

**(c) Use your graph to solve the equation  $x^2 - 3x = 2$ .**

**(c)  $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  or  $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  [2]**

**10 (a)\* Webtravel advertise holidays on their website. Some of these holidays, and their prices, are shown in the following table.**

Destination	7 nights	14 nights
Majorca	£380 pp	£600 pp
Cyprus	£620 pp	£980 pp
Madeira	£478 pp	£768 pp
Rhodes	£840 pp	£1400 pp
Portugal	£890 pp	£1380 pp

**Note:  
prices are per person (pp),**

**holidays include flights from London Heathrow airport,**

**flights from other airports have an extra charge of £50 pp per holiday.**

**Webtravel offer an online discount of 8% off the total cost of each booking.**

**Mr Dawe has £1850 for a holiday for himself and his wife.**

**They want to book online and fly from Birmingham airport.**

**Can they afford to go to Cyprus for 14 nights?  
Show all your working clearly.**

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**[5]**

**(b) Alistair paid £1643 for a holiday in 2012.  
This was an increase of 6% on the cost of the  
same holiday in 2011.**

**Calculate the cost of the holiday in 2011.**

**(b) £ \_\_\_\_\_ [3]**

**11 Solve algebraically these simultaneous equations.**

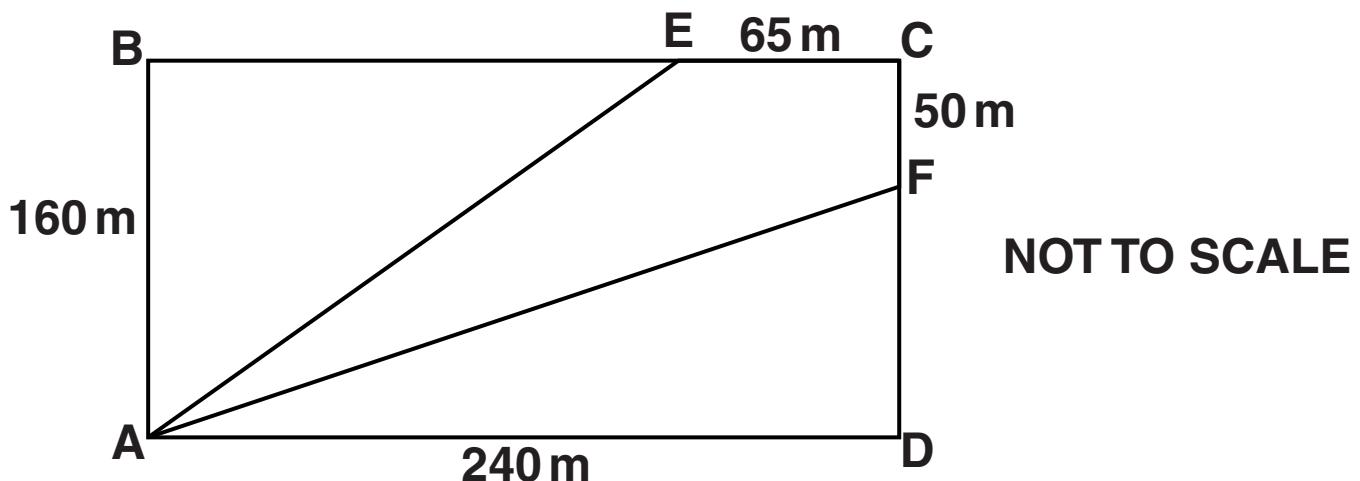
$$5x + 3y = 24$$

$$3x - 4y = 26$$

$$x = \underline{\hspace{5cm}}$$

$$y = \underline{\hspace{5cm}} [4]$$

**12** Here is a diagram of a park, ABCD.



**E** is a point on **BC** and **F** is a point on **CD**.  
**EC** = 65 m and **CF** = 50 m.

The perimeter of the park is a rectangle measuring 160 m by 240 m.

There are straight paths around the perimeter of the park and from A to E and A to F.

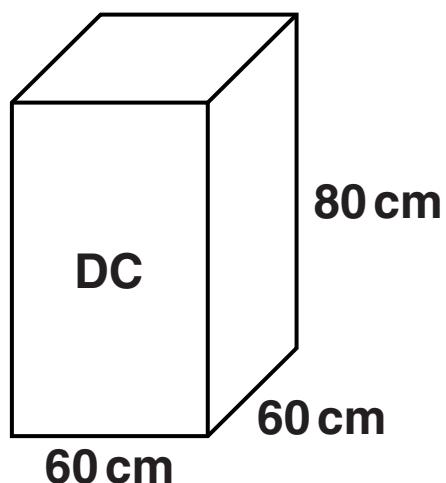
Mary has to use the paths.

Calculate the shortest distance she has to walk to get from A to C.

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**m [5]**

- 13 (a) Darnby Council uses this litter bin in parks.  
It is a cuboid. The dimensions of the bin are  
shown in the diagram below.



Calculate the volume of the bin.  
Write your answer in litres.

(a) \_\_\_\_\_ litres [3]

- (b) Hemby Council's bins have a volume of 120 litres.  
They change to a bin with all dimensions DOUBLE  
those of their original bin.**

**Calculate the volume of the larger bin.**

**(b)** \_\_\_\_\_ litres [2]

- (c) Fairmead Council uses a bin with width 45 cm,  
depth 55 cm and height 60 cm.  
They want a new bin which is mathematically  
similar and has THREE times the volume.**

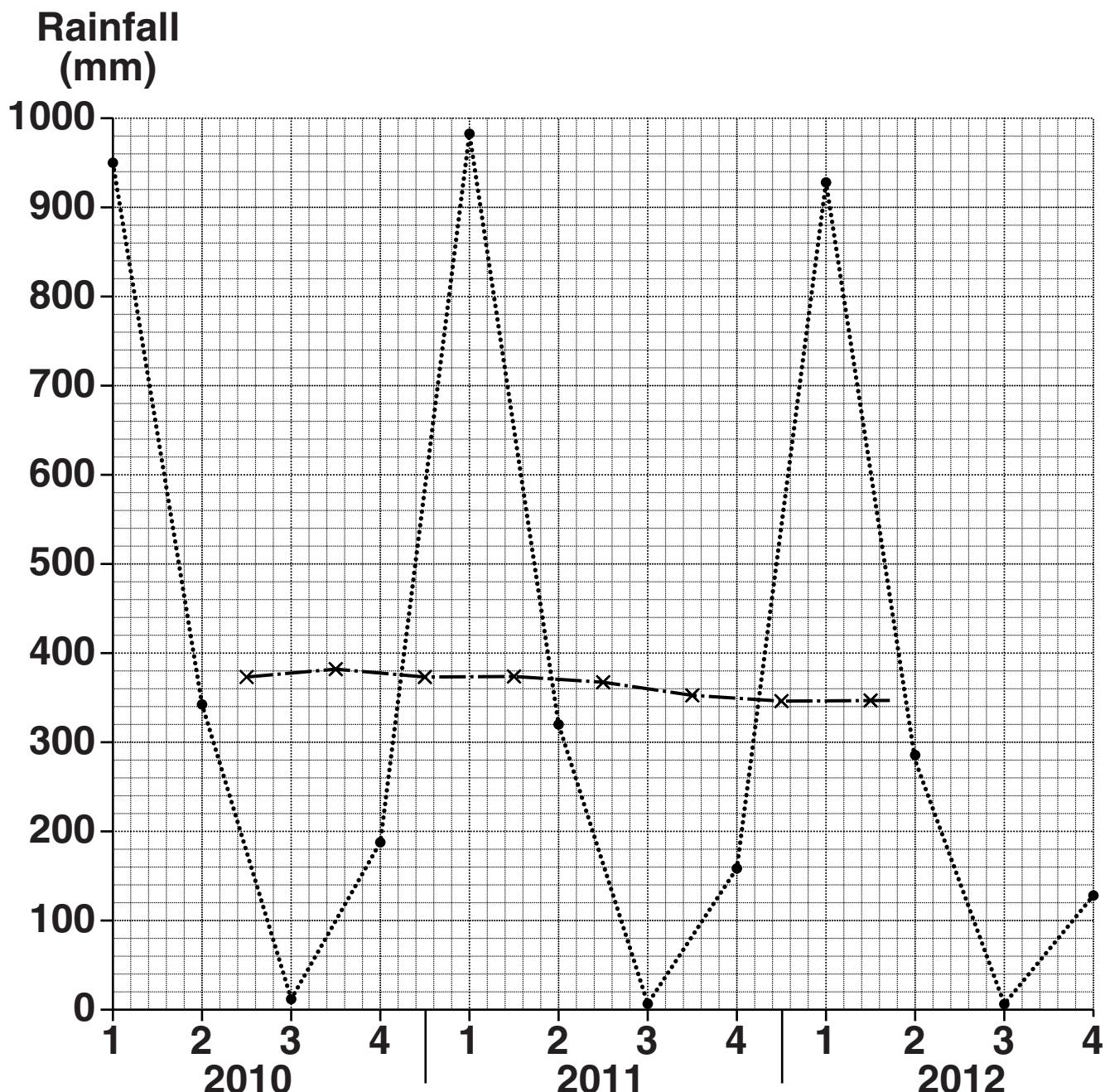
**Calculate the height of the new bin.**

**(c)** \_\_\_\_\_ cm [3]

- 14 The amount of rainfall, in mm, for Moortown is recorded each quarter for 3 years.

The table summarising the rainfall for each quarter, together with the 4-point moving average is provided on the loose sheet.

All of the rainfall figures and some of the 4-point moving averages from the table have been plotted in the graph below.



**(a) (i) Calculate the missing 4-point moving average in 2012, labelled a in the table.**

**(a)(i) \_\_\_\_\_ mm [2]**

**(ii) Plot this 4-point moving average on the graph. [1]**

**(b) (i) Describe the seasonal variation in the rainfall.**

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**[2]**

**(ii) Describe the general trend in the rainfall.**

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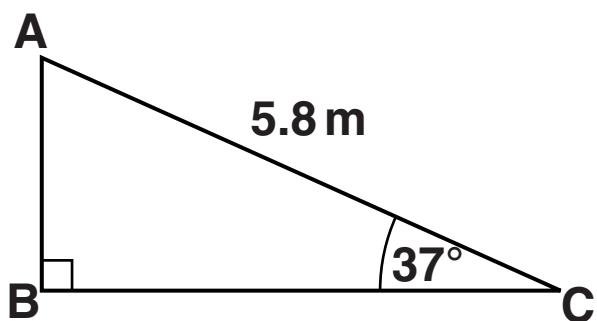
**[1]**

- (c) The final 4-point moving average in the table has been estimated as 330.

Use this figure to estimate the rainfall for the first quarter of 2013.

(c) \_\_\_\_\_ mm [2]

- 15 ABC is a right-angled triangle. The diagram below shows information about triangle ABC.



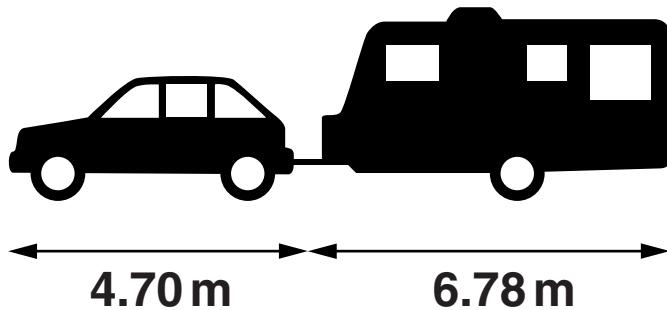
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Calculate AB.

\_\_\_\_\_ m [3]

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**16** The following diagram shows a car towing a caravan.



A car's length is 4.70 m and a caravan's length is 6.78 m, both correct to 2 decimal places.

- (a) Write down the upper bound of the length of the car.

(a) \_\_\_\_\_ m [1]

- (b) Calculate the upper bound of the total length of the car and the caravan.

(b) \_\_\_\_\_ m [2]

- (c) Calculate the lower bound of the difference in the lengths of the caravan and the car.

(c) \_\_\_\_\_ m [2]

- 17 A population of birds decreases at a rate of 5% each year.

On 1st January 2010 the population was 16 800.

The formula for working out  $N$ , the size of the population,  $t$  years after 1st January 2010 is

$$N = 16\,800 \times A^t.$$

- (a) Explain why the value of  $A$  is 0.95.

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[1]

- (b) Calculate the population on 1st January 2016.

(b) \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

**(c) Find the year in which the population will fall below 8000.**

**(c)** \_\_\_\_\_ [3]

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**18 Solve this equation, writing your answers correct to 2 decimal places.**

$$3x^2 + 5x - 1 = 0$$

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[3]

19 (a) The graph of  $y = x^2$  is translated using the vector  $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$ .

Write down the equation of the translated graph.

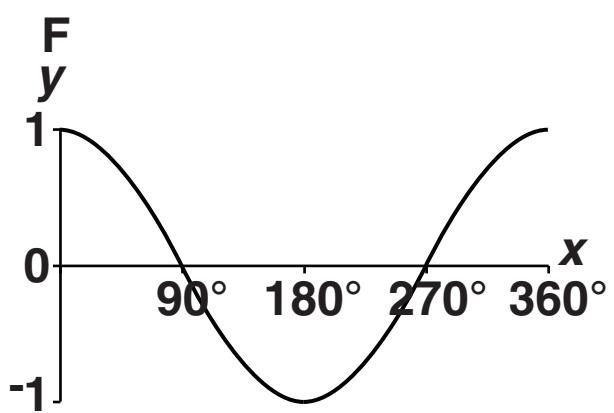
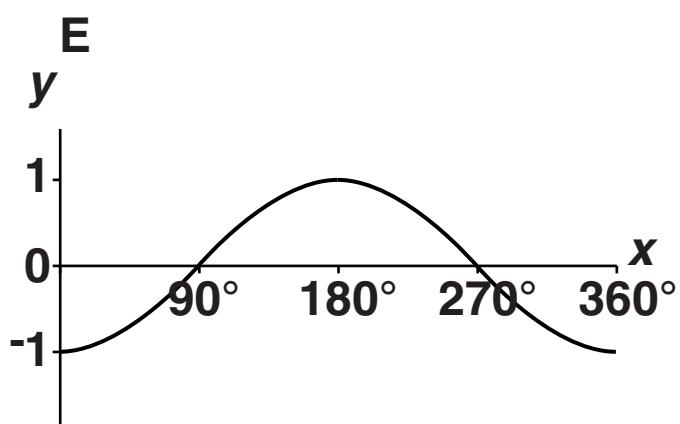
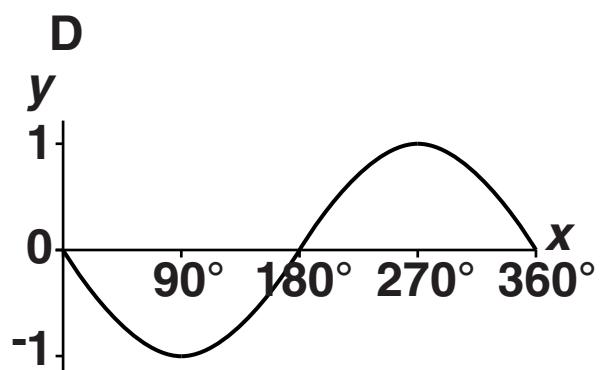
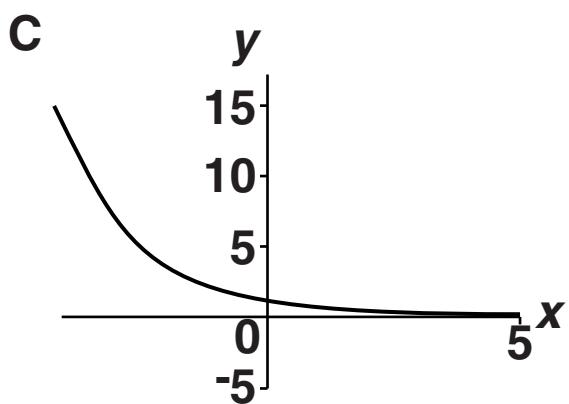
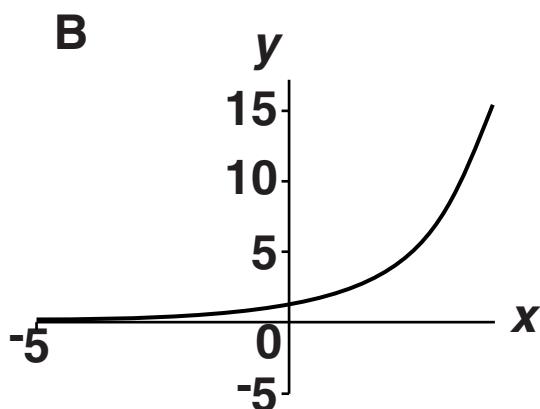
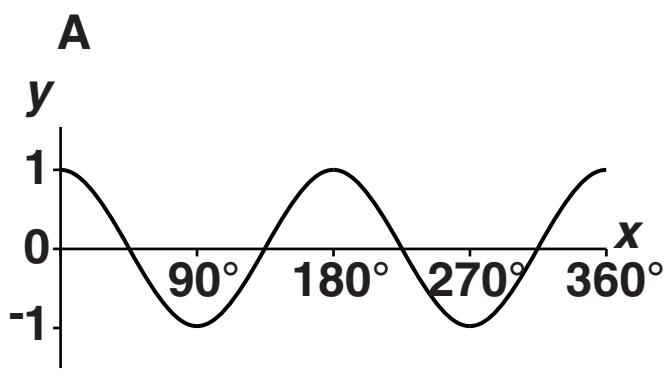
(a) \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

(b) The graph of  $y = x^2$  is translated using the vector  $\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ .

Write down the equation of the translated graph.

(b) \_\_\_\_\_ [1]

20 (a) Here are six graphs.



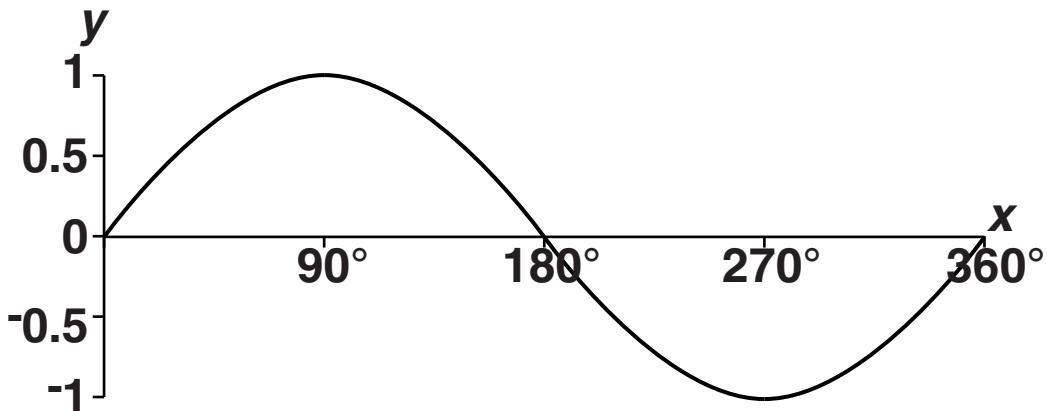
**Choose the correct letter to complete these sentences.**

**The graph of  $y = 2^x$  is graph \_\_\_\_\_.**

**The graph of  $y = \cos x$  is graph \_\_\_\_\_.**  
[2]

**(b) Solve, to the nearest degree,  $\sin x = 0.53$  where  $0^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ$ .**

**Use your calculator and the graph below to help you.**



**(b)** \_\_\_\_\_ [2]

**TURN OVER FOR QUESTION 21**

**21 Solve, algebraically,  $\frac{5}{x+2} + \frac{3}{4x-1} = 5$ .**

$x =$  \_\_\_\_\_ or  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_ [7]

**END OF QUESTION PAPER**



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