

## **GCSE**

# **Mathematics B**

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Unit J567/02: Paper 2 (Foundation Tier)

## **Mark Scheme for November 2012**

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

OCR will not enter into any discussion or correspondence in connection with this mark scheme.

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Annotations used in the detailed Mark Scheme.

Annotation	Meaning
✓	Correct
×	Incorrect
BOD	Benefit of doubt
FT	Follow through
ISW	Ignore subsequent working (after correct answer obtained), provided method has been completed
MO	Method mark awarded 0
M1	Method mark awarded 1
M2	Method mark awarded 2
A1	Accuracy mark awarded 1
B1	Independent mark awarded 1
B2	Independent mark awarded 2
MR	Misread
SC	Special case
^	Omission sign

These should be used whenever appropriate during your marking.

The **M**, **A**, **B**, etc annotations must be used on your standardisation scripts for responses that are not awarded either 0 or full marks. It is vital that you annotate these scripts to show how the marks have been awarded.

It is not mandatory to use annotations for any other marking, though you may wish to use them in some circumstances.

### **Subject-Specific Marking Instructions**

- 1. **M** marks are for using a correct method and are not lost for purely numerical errors.
  - A marks are for an accurate answer and depend on preceding M (method) marks. Therefore MO A1 cannot be awarded.
  - **B** marks are <u>independent</u> of **M** (method) marks and are for a correct final answer, a partially correct answer, or a correct intermediate stage. **SC** marks are for special cases that are worthy of some credit.
- 2. Unless the answer and marks columns of the mark scheme specify **M** and **A** marks etc, or the mark scheme is 'banded', then if the correct answer is clearly given and is <u>not from wrong working</u> **full marks** should be awarded.
  - Do <u>not</u> award the marks if the answer was obtained from an incorrect method, ie incorrect working is seen <u>and</u> the correct answer clearly follows from it.
- 3. Where follow through (**FT**) is indicated in the mark scheme, marks can be awarded where the candidate's work follows correctly from a previous answer whether or not it was correct.
  - Figures or expressions that are being followed through are sometimes encompassed by single quotation marks after the word *their* for clarity, eg FT 180 × (*their* '37' + 16), or FT 300  $\sqrt{(their '5^2 + 7^{2})}$ . Answers to part questions which are being followed through are indicated by eg FT 3 × *their* (a).
  - For questions with FT available you must ensure that you refer back to the relevant previous answer. You may find it easier to mark these questions candidate by candidate rather than question by question.
- 4. Where dependent (**dep**) marks are indicated in the mark scheme, you must check that the candidate has met all the criteria specified for the mark to be awarded.
- 5. The following abbreviations are commonly found in GCSE Mathematics mark schemes.
  - **figs 237**, for example, means any answer with only these digits. You should ignore leading or trailing zeros and any decimal point eg 237000, 2.37, 2.370, 0.00237 would be acceptable but 23070 or 2374 would not.
  - **isw** means **ignore subsequent working** after correct answer obtained and applies as a default.
  - **nfww** means **not from wrong working**.
  - **oe** means **or equivalent**.
  - rot means rounded or truncated.
  - **seen** means that you should award the mark if that number/expression is seen anywhere in the answer space, including the answer line, even if it is not in the method leading to the final answer.
  - soi means seen or implied.

- 6. In questions with no final answer line, make no deductions for wrong work after an acceptable answer (ie **isw**) unless the mark scheme says otherwise, indicated for example by the instruction 'mark final answer'.
- 7. In questions with a final answer line following working space,
  - (i) if the correct answer is seen in the body of working and the answer given on the answer line is a clear transcription error allow full marks unless the mark scheme says 'mark final answer'. Place the annotation ✓ next to the correct answer.
  - (ii) if the correct answer is seen in the body of working but the answer line is blank, allow full marks. Place the annotation ✓ next to the correct answer.
  - (iii) if the correct answer is seen in the body of working but a completely different answer is seen on the answer line, then accuracy marks for the answer are lost. Method marks could still be awarded. Use the M0, M1, M2 annotations as appropriate and place the annotation \* next to the wrong answer.
- 8. As a general principle, if two or more methods are offered, mark only the method that leads to the answer on the answer line. If two (or more) answers are offered, mark the poorer (poorest).
- 9. When the data of a question is consistently misread in such a way as not to alter the nature or difficulty of the question, please follow the candidate's work and allow follow through for **A** and **B** marks. Deduct 1 mark from any **A** or **B** marks earned and record this by using the MR annotation. **M** marks are not deducted for misreads.
- 10. Unless the question asks for an answer to a specific degree of accuracy, always mark at the greatest number of significant figures even if this is rounded or truncated on the answer line. For example, an answer in the mark scheme is 15.75, which is seen in the working. The candidate then rounds or truncates this to 15.8, 15 or 16 on the answer line. Allow full marks for the 15.75.
- 11. Ranges of answers given in the mark scheme are always inclusive.
- 12. For methods not provided for in the mark scheme give as far as possible equivalent marks for equivalent work. If in doubt, consult your Team Leader.
- 13. Anything in the mark scheme which is in square brackets [...] is not required for the mark to be earned, but if present it must be correct.

Q	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Par	t Marks and Guidance
1			$\frac{5}{8}$ , $\frac{6}{18}$ <b>oe</b>	2	B1 for each	Ignore incorrect cancelling
2	(a)		unlikely	1		
	(b)		evens	1		
	(c)		impossible	1		
3	(a)		(3,4)	1		
	(b)		(-4, -2)	1		
	(c)	(i)	C plotted at (3, <sup>-</sup> 2)	1		Accept C not labelled if clearly their intended point
		(ii)	Right angled or scalene	1		
4	(a)		Hexagon	1		Be generous with spelling, but do not accept hectagon
	(b)		Cuboid	1		Be generous with spelling
	(c)		2.8 to 3.2	1		If answer line blank accept answer on diagram if clear

## J567/02 Mark Scheme November 2012

Q	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Part Marks and Guidance
5	(a)		Bar height 5 drawn	1	Must be correct width sides and top drawn
	(b)	(i)	Football	1	
		(ii)	10	1	
		(iii)	2	1	
	(c)		46	2	M1 for attempt to add all <i>their</i> 6 numbers (allow 1 error in heights) OR SC1 for answer of 41 IF no bar drawn for netball.
6	(a)		84 270	1	
	(b)		84 000	1	
	(c)		80 000	1	

Q	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Part Marks and Guidance	
7			4.072, 4.079, 4.17, 4.7, 4.712	2	B1 if 1 error OR SC1 for all correct order but reversed	
8	(a)		2 4 6 3 4 2 3 3 1	2	M1 for 1 error or omission in frequencies or all tallies correct OR SC1 for all correct frequencies in tally column	
	(b)		3	1		
9	(a)	(i)	(4+3) × 8 - 13 = 43	1		Ignore superfluous brackets
		(ii)	$(5+3)^2 \times 2 \div 8 = 16$	1		Ignore superfluous brackets
	(b)	(i)	338.56	1		
		(ii)	56	1		
		(iii)	0.591	2	<b>M1</b> for 0.59(0)	

Q	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Part Marks and Guidance		
10	(a)	(i)	D4	1		Condone 4D	
		(ii)	N (orth) E (ast)	1			
		(iii)	Anticlockwise arrow marked	1			
		(iv)	330 - 335	1			
	(v) 9		92 - 124	2	M1 for 23 – 31 or <i>their</i> number of squares × 4	Look on diagram for evidence of 23 – 31. Number of squares ≤ 49	
	(b)	(i)	10.35	2	<b>M1</b> for 1.86 x 5 or 15 × 0.07 <b>oe</b> implied by 9.3 or 1.05 or 186 x 5 or 15 × 7 implied by 930 or 105		
		(ii)	260	4	M1 for $\frac{3}{4}$ of 2l implied by 1500 or 1.5 M1 for 62% of 2l implied by 1240 or 1.24 M1 for subtraction of <i>their</i> values OR M1 for 75(%) or 0.75 and 0.62 M1 for 75 – 62 can be implied by 13 M1 for (0).13 x 2 or 2000	0.26 <b>nfww</b> scores 3	
	(c)		<sup>-</sup> 4, <sup>-</sup> 2, 0 5 7	1			

Q	uesti	on	Answer	Marks	Part Marks	and Guidance
11	(a)	(i)	392	1		
		(ii)	40	2	<b>M1</b> for 104 – 32 <b>soi</b> (72)	
	(b)	(i)	8	1		Penalise embedded answers once
		(ii)	3	2	<b>M1</b> for $4x = 12$	
		(iii)	12	2	<b>M1</b> for $\frac{x}{2} = 6$	
12	(a)		3 20	1		In all parts accept fractions, decimals and percentages. If choice, mark worst, but only penalise incorrect form first time eg 3 out of 20, 3:20, 3 in 20, 3 to 20 etc Ignore additional words if not contradictory.
	(b)		7 20	1		
	(c)		4/5	2	<b>M1</b> for $\frac{16}{20}$ <b>oe</b>	

Q	uestic	on	Answer	Marks	Part Marks and Guidance		
	13 (a)		1072.5(0)	2	M1 for 650 × 1.65		
.0	(4)		1012.0(0)	_	1.30		
	(b)		86.92	2	<b>M1</b> for 0.06 × 82 <b>oe</b> implied by 4.92	Accept complete correct non-calculator methods, allow 1 error for <b>M1</b>	
	(c)	(i)	127 – 130	1			
		(ii)	look at £50 and x 5 the \$ value <b>oe</b>	1		Pound values used must not exceed 112	
14	(a)	(i)	7r final answer	1			
		(ii)	13s - 2t final answer	2	<b>B1</b> for 13s or – 2t		
	(b)	(i)	5	1			
		(ii)	7	1		Do not accept 6 <sup>7</sup>	
15			(38) 38 104 (38) 71 71	3	B2 for 1 correct set of angles If 0 scored B1 for any 2 angles the same in one triangle	Do not accept all 3 angles of 38	
16	(a)		7134 or 7130	2	<b>M1</b> for $\frac{1}{2}$ × 164 × 87 or 82 × 87	May be done in stages	
	(b)		281.6 or 282	2	<b>M1</b> for $\frac{1}{2}$ (14.8 + 20.4) × 16	May be done in stages	

Q	uestio	n Answer	Marks	Part Marks and Guidance		
17	(a)	0.14 <b>oe</b>	2	<b>M1</b> for 1 – (0.38 + 0.17 + 0.31) implied by 14 and [0].14	0.24 is <b>BOD</b> for <b>M1</b>	
	(b)	2.48[] or 2.5	3	<b>M1</b> for attempt at $\Sigma pf$ or 278 <b>soi</b> by eg 3 of these 26, 76, 72, 64, 40 with an attempt to add or answer of 238.3[5]	Look for the correct answer in working if the answer has been rounded too much	
				<b>M1dep</b> for <i>their</i> '278' $\div$ ( <i>their</i> ' $\Sigma f$ or 112)	Σf implied by a number at the base of the frequency column not 5 or 15	
18		Angle bisector of A correct and with two correct pairs of arcs and at least one line parallel to canal at a distance of 2 cm and at least one 5 cm horizontal line within a correct region	4	B2 for ruled angle bisector of A correct and with two correct pairs of arcs OR B1 for correct line but no construction or correct arcs with no correct line AND B1 for straight line parallel to canal at a distance of 2 cm either to the right or left AND B1 for straight 5 cm horizontal line within correct region	Tolerance is ± 2 mm for lengths and ± 2° for angles Overlay: angle bisector needs to lie on or within the red lines Mark best parallel line on or within the green lines  Ignore semicircles at the ends of the canal Mark best runway use end circles as tolerance by eye	

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
19*	This needs to be the correct answer of 24 with all correct unit conversions seen and all operations clearly communicated and with no errors.	5	Calculation: $\frac{\text{figs 60}}{(80 \times 500 \times \text{figs 210} \times \text{figs 297}) \div (10^6 \times 10^3)} = 24.0500240$
	This could be an answer of 24.05[] or incorrectly rounded with fully correct supporting working. or We need to see all 4 correct operations or 3 of the 4 correct operations <b>and</b> a correct unit conversion, eg $80 \times 500 \times [0].21[0] \times [0].297$ scores 4 marks as there are 3 correct operations and they have changed the mm² to m² by changing the two lengths correctly or $[0].08[0] \times 500 \times 210 \times 297$ also scores 4 marks as they have correctly converted the g to kg and there are 3 of the 4 operations correct.	4 - 3	We need to see 3 of the 4 correct operations or 2 of the 4 correct operations <b>and</b> a correct unit conversion, eg 500 × [0].21[0] × [0].297 scores 3 marks because there are 2 correct operations and 1 correct unit conversion. or A final answer of 24 with insufficient correct working or no working.
	We need to see 2 of the 4 correct operations or 1 of the 4 correct operations <b>and</b> a correct unit conversion, eg [0].21[0] × [0].297 scores 2 marks because there is 1 correct operation and 1 correct unit conversion.	2 - 1	We need to see 1 of the 4 correct operations or a correct unit conversion, eg [0].210 <b>and</b> [0].297 seen scores 1 mark because there is 1 correct unit conversion, or 60 000 seen scores the mark or 80 × 500 scores 1 mark.
	No worthwhile work attempted.	0	Answer 24 from completely wrong work scores 0

Q	Question		Answer Ma		Part Marks and Guidance		
20	(a)		28	1			
	(b)		6n – 2 <b>oe</b> final answer	2	<b>B1</b> for 6 <i>n</i> seen eg 6( <i>n</i> – 1)	Equivalents include $6(n-1)+4$ Condone other letters and $n$ 6 and $n \times 6$ for $6n$	
	(c)		118	1	Correct or <b>FT</b> their linear expression in (b)		
21			3 nfww	4	M1 for 6 ÷ (1 + 3) or can be implied by 1.5 or 1500 M1 for <i>their</i> '1.5' × 3 or 4.5 or 4500 seen M1 for <i>their</i> '4.5' – <i>their</i> '1.5' can be implied	6l could be 6000 (ml) accept any correct method Allow 3000 ml as answer	

0	oction	Answor	Marks	Part Marks and Guid	danco
Qu 22	estion	No with a complete argument eg (66 ÷ 12) = 5.5 leading to 100×5.5 = 550 which is compared to 520	Marks 3	M1 for working out a valid scale factor between the two triangles or a ratio within one triangle (which can be implied) M1dep for working out another relevant scale factor or ratio, or using their first sf/ratio to find a comparable relevant length. A1dep on M2 for stating "No" eg M1 for (gradient = ) 12 ÷ 100 (= 0.12) M1 for 66 ÷ 520 (= 0.126 to 0.127 or 0.13) A1 for No OR eg scale factor M1 for 520 ÷ 100 (= 5.2) M1 for 5.2 × 12 (= 62.4) A1 for No OR eg common height M1 for 100 × 11 (= 1100) M1 for 520 × 2 (= 1040) A1 for No OR any other correct method eg use of angle M1 for (angle = ) tan-1 (12 ÷ 100) (= 6.8[4]) M1 for tan-1 (66 ÷ 520)(= 7.2[3]) A1 for No	Mark to the candidate's advantage  Allow equivalents such as percentages or fractions with a common denominator, also allow any correct method such as use of similar triangles or comparison of scale factors (eg 5.2 and 5.5)

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