

Candidate forename						Candidate surname					
Centre number						Candidate number					

OXFORD CAMBRIDGE AND RSA EXAMINATIONS
GCSE
A401/01
LATIN

Latin Language 1 (Mythology and domestic life)
(Foundation Tier)

FRIDAY 25 MAY 2012: Morning
DURATION: 1 hour
plus your additional time allowance

MODIFIED ENLARGED

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

OCR SUPPLIED MATERIALS:

None

OTHER MATERIALS REQUIRED:

None

READ INSTRUCTIONS OVERLEAF

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- You should answer this paper only if you have entered for the Foundation Tier.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes on the first page. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink.
- Answer ALL the questions.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If additional space is required, you should use the lined pages at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is 60.

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Answer ALL the questions.

There are three passages, which form a complete story.

Read Passage A and answer the questions.

Passage A

Neptune and Apollo offer to help Laomedon, but he cheats them.

Laomedon erat rex Troiae. olim rex muros urbis aedificabat. Apollo eum vidit et ‘si nobis pecuniam dabis,’ inquit, ‘Neptunus muros aedificabit et ego in agris tuis laborabo.’ Neptunus muros aedificavit, sed Laomedon deis pecuniam non dedit. itaque Neptunus iratus anguem ingentem Troiam misit ut puellas consumeret. Laomedon perterritus Iovem rogavit quid facere deberet. Iuppiter ei suasit ut filiam eius, Hesionem nomine, quam maxime amabat, angui sacrificaret. sed quod rex hoc facere nolebat, Neptunus aquam multam in terram Troiae misit.

NAMES

Laomedon, Laomedontis (m)

Troia, Troiae (f)

Apollo, Apollinis (m)

Neptunus, Neptuni (m)

Iuppiter, Iovis (m)

Hesione, Hesionis (f)

Laomedon

Troy (a city)

Apollo (a god)

Neptune (god of the sea)

Jupiter (king of the gods)

Hesione (a princess)

VOCABULARY

murus, muri (m)

ager, agri (m)

anguis, anguis (m)

debeo, debere, debui, debitus

**suadeo, suadere, suasi, suasus
(+ dative)**

maxime

sacrifico, sacrificare,

sacrificavi, sacrificatus

wall

field

snake

I must, I should

I advise

very greatly

I sacrifice

1 **Laomedon erat rex Troiae (line 1): who was Laomedon?**

_____ [2]

2 **olim rex muros urbis aedificabat (lines 1–2): what was Laomedon doing?**

_____ [2]

3 **‘ego in agris tuis laborabo.’ (line 4): what does Apollo say he will do?**

_____ [3]

- 4 Neptunus muros aedificavit, sed Laomedon deis pecuniam non dedit (lines 5–6): Neptune kept his promise and built the walls; how did Laomedon fail to keep his promise?

[3]

- 5 itaque Neptunus iratus anguem ingentem Troiam misit ut puellas consumeret (lines 6–8): what did Neptune send a snake to do?

[2]

- 6 Laomedon perterritus Iovem rogavit quid facere deberet (lines 8–9): what did Laomedon ask Jupiter?

[2]

- 7 Iuppiter ei suasit ut filiam eius, Hesionem nomine, quam maxime amabat, angui sacrificaret (lines 9–11).

(a) filiam eius: who was Hesione?

Put a tick (✓) in the correct box.

A Laomedon's daughter ☐

B Laomedon's father ☐

C Laomedon's mother ☐

D Laomedon's son ☐

[1]

(b) quam maxime amabat: what did Laomedon feel about Hesione?

_____ [2]

- 8 sed quod rex hoc facere nolebat, Neptunus aquam multam in terram Troiae misit (lines 11–13): complete the following sentence.

But because the king did not want to do this, Neptune sent _____

_____ [3]

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TURN OVER FOR QUESTION 9.

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Passage B

Laomedon agrees to the sacrifice, but Hercules comes to the rescue.

tandem Laomedon constituit filiam sacrificare.
itaque territam puellam prope mare reliquit.
forte Hercules ad urbem Troiam ambulabat.
puellam vidit et eam ab angue servavit. tum
rex Herculi duos equos pulchros promisit.
eos tamen non dedit, quamquam filius eius,
Priamus nomine, nolebat Herculem decipere.

NAMES

Laomedon, Laomedontis (m)	Laomedon
Hercules, Herculis (m)	Hercules
Troia, Troiae (f)	Troy (a city)
Priamus, Priami (m)	Priam

VOCABULARY

sacrifico, sacrificare, sacrificavi, sacrificatus	I sacrifice
mare, maris (n)	sea
relinquo, relinquere, reliqui, relictus	I leave behind
forte	by chance
anguis, anguis (m)	snake
equus, equi (m)	horse
promitto, promittere, promisi, promissus	I promise
decipio, decipere, decepi, deceptus	I deceive

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[20

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TURN OVER FOR QUESTION 10.
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Read Passage C and answer the questions.

Passage C

Hercules and Telamon attack Troy.

Hercules iratus paravit Troiam oppugnare. itaque rogavit amicum suum, Telamonem nomine, ut se iuvaret. cum paucos milites collegissent, Hercules et Telamon Troiam venerunt. Telamon primus portam urbis intravit et mox urbem cepit. Hercules ad regiam Laomedontis adiit, ubi regem et paene omnes filios eius necavit. Priamus solus mortem effugit. Hercules Priamum regem fecit et Hesionem amico suo dedit. Priamus tamen, quamquam multos annos vixit, miser erat. nam, cum senex esset, Troiam a Graecis captam vidit.

NAMES

Hercules, Herculis (m)
Troia, Troiae (f)
Telamon, Telamonis (m)

Laomedon, Laomedontis (m)
Priamus, Priami (m)
Hesione, Hesionis (f)
Graeci, Graecorum (m)

Hercules
Troy (a city)
**Telamon (a friend of
Hercules)**
Laomedon
Priam
Hesione (a princess)
the Greeks

VOCABULARY

**oppugno, oppugnare,
oppugnavi, oppugnatus**
iuvo, iuvare, iuvi, iutus
**colligo, colligere, collegi,
collectus**
regia, regiae (f)
**effugio, effugere, effugi,
effugitus**
vivo, vivere, vixi, victus
miser, misera, miserum

I attack
I help

I collect
palace

I escape
I live
sad, miserable

10 Hercules iratus paravit Troiam oppugnare (line 1):
Hercules was angry. What did he do?

_____ [2]

11 cum paucos milites collegissent, Hercules et Telamon
Troiam venerunt (lines 3–5): whom did Hercules and
Telamon collect before going to Troy?

_____ [2]

12 Telamon primus portam urbis intravit et mox urbem
cepit (lines 5–6).

(a) What was Telamon the first to do?

_____ [2]

(b) Pick out and translate the word which tells us that
it did not take him long to capture the city.

LATIN WORD	ENGLISH TRANSLATION

[2]

**13 regem et paene omnes filios eius necavit (lines 7–8):
ONE of the following statements is true.**

Put a tick (✓) in the correct box.

- A Hercules killed nearly all the king's sons.** ☐
- B Hercules nearly killed the king.** ☐
- C Hercules only killed the king.** ☐ **[1]**

**14 Hercules Priamum regem fecit (line 9): how did
Hercules reward Priam?**

_____ **[2]**

**15 Priamus ... multos annos vixit (lines 10–11): how long
did Priam live?**

_____ **[2]**

- 16 miser erat. nam, cum senex esset, Troiam a Graecis captam vidit (lines 11–13): why was he miserable when he was old?

_____ [3]

- 17 For each of the Latin words in the table below, give ONE English word which has been derived from the Latin word AND give the meaning of the ENGLISH word.

Write your answers in the boxes. One has been done for you.

LATIN WORD	ENGLISH WORD	MEANING OF THE ENGLISH WORD
multos	multitude	a crowd of people
milites		
captam		

[4]

Paper Total [60]

ADDITIONAL PAGE

If you use the following lined pages to complete the answer to any question, the question number must be clearly shown.

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ADDITIONAL PAGE



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